CSE/EE 461: Introduction to Computer Communications Networks Autumn 2007

Module 3 Direct Link Networks – Part C

John Zahorjan zahorjan@cs.washington.edu 534 Allen Center

This Module's Topic: RFIDs

- RFIDs are passive, wireless devices
 - Power is harvested from the RF emitted by a reader
 - Communication/sensing is possible only from a few inches to perhaps a few meters





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What Are They For?





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What Are They For?

The New York Times

Technology

In Texas, 28,000 Students Test an Electronic Eye

Published: November 17, 2004

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But on the morning Felipe and Christopher shared a seat on bus No. 38, the district experienced one of the early technology hiccups. When the bus arrived at school, the system had not worked. On the Web site that includes the log of student movements, there was no record that any of the students on the bus had arrived.

It was just one of many headaches; the system had also made double entities for some students, and got arrival times and addresses wrong for others. "It's early glitches," said Brian Weisinger, the head of transportation for the Spring district, adding that he expected to work out the problems.



Michael Stravato for The New York Times Sandra Martinez, 10, uses her ID card to indicate that she is getting off her school bus in Spring, Tex.

ARTICLE TOOLS

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What Are They For?



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High Tech, Under the Skin By ANNA BAINEY Published: February 2, 2006 WILLIAM DONELSON'S left hand gripped the paper-covered arm of an antique barber chair at a tattoo and piercing shop in Cambridge, Ontario. His feet bounced gently on the chrome footrest as he waited for his implant. At last he would be able to do what he had long imagined: enhance his body's powers through technology. Implanting the chip was a relatively simple procedure but highly symbolic to Mr. Donelson, a 21-year-old computer networking student so enthrailed with the link between technology and the body that he has tattoos of data-input jacks running down his spine. They are an allusion to an imagined future when people might be plugged directly into computers. His new chip, complete with a miniature antenna and enclosed in a glass ampoule no bigger than a piece of long-grain rice, has a small memory where he has stored the words "Embrace Technology." Mr. Donelson and three are part of a small group, about 30 people around the world, who have independently inserted radio frequency identification chips, known as [AT] tags, into their bodies, according to Web-based forums devoted to what participants call getting tagged.



Company requires RFID injection Published: 2006-02-10

Two employees have been injected with RFID chips this week as part of a new requirement to access

Cincinnati based surveillance company CityWatcher.com created the policy with the hopes of increasing security in the datacenter where video surveillance tapes are stored. In the past, employees accessed the room with an RFID tag which hung from their keychains, however under the new regulations an implantable glass encapsulated RFID tag from VeriChip must be injected into the bicep to gain access, a release from spychips come said on Thursday.

Although the company does not require the microchips be implanted to maintain employment, anyone without one will not be able to access the datacenter, according to a Register article.

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COMPUTERWORLD

Abbreviated

Wisconsin law bars forced RFID implants Measure takes effect this week; other states considering limits on technology

The ban begins on Wednesday, when legislation signed on May 30 by Gov. James Doyle goes into effect. The act dictates that no person may force another to have a microchip implanted in his body. Violators face fines of \$10,000 each day until the chip is removed.

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Last updated October 4, 2007 7:36 p.m. PT

Abbreviated

PC user fined \$222,000 for sharing copyrighted music

By JOSHUA FREED THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

DULUTH, Minn. -- The recording industry won a key fight Thursday against illegal music downloading when a federal jury found a Minnesota woman shared copyrighted music online and levied \$222,000 in damages against her.

The jury ordered Jammie Thomas, 30, to pay the six record companies that sued her \$9,250 for each of 24 songs they focused on in the case. They had alleged she shared 1,702 songs online in violation of their copyrights.

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The New york Times

Technology

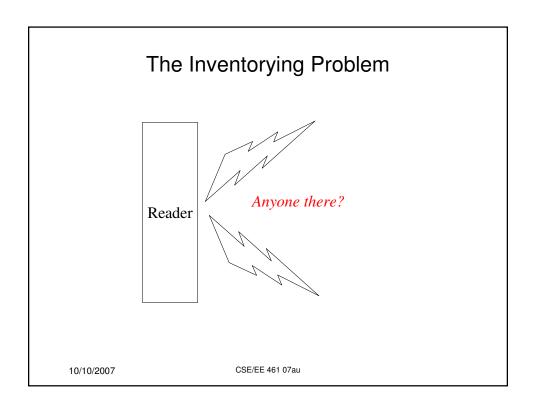
Report of Cancer Hurts Maker of Chip Implants Published: September 11, 2007

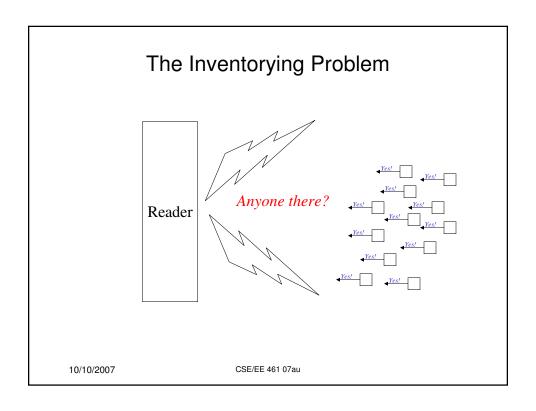
Abbreviated

Shares of <u>Applied Digital Solutions</u> and of its publicly traded subsidiary <u>VeriChip</u>, which makes an implanted microchip for identifying people, fell sharply yesterday as investors reacted to a report this weekend linking the tiny radio device to <u>cancer</u>. The report, by The Associated Press, suggested that VeriChip and federal regulators had ignored or overlooked animal studies raising questions about whether the chip or the process of injecting it might cause cancer in dogs and laboratory rodents.

"If there are any cancers from the chips, they are so rare that losing pets is far more serious," said Dr. Lawrence D. McGill, a veterinary pathologist at Animal Reference Pathology, a veterinary laboratory in Salt Lake City.

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Physical Constraints

- They have almost no memory
 - Memory is bit addressable!
- They have almost no compute
 - They're hardware implementations of simple state machines, not von Neumann computers
- They have almost no transmit power
 - In fact, they have none they backscatter a carrier transmitted by the reader
 - · Low bandwidth, high bit error rate
- Result: communication is largely under control of the reader. (Tags never speak unless spoken to.)

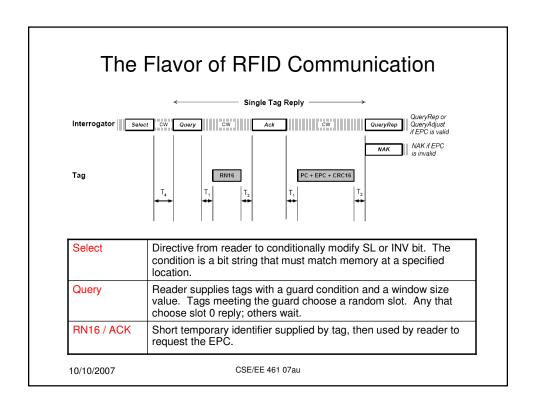
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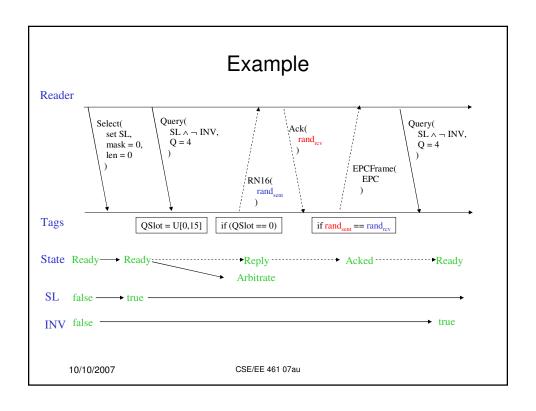
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A Few Specifics

- We'll use the specific instance of the tags implemented for the next assignment.
 - They're based on the spec for the Class 1 Generation 2 UHF RFID (860-960 MHz)
- Storage on the tag:
 - EPC: electronic product code (48-256 bits)
 - SL: selected bit (settable by reader)
 - INV: inventoried bit (settable by reader)
- Bandwidth is O(100Kbps)
- Bit error rate (BER) is (okay, no one knows for sure, but we're saying) 0.1% 1%

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Protocol Issues

- What approach to collision resolution should be used?
 - Goal, say, is to obtain EPCs of all tags during the small time that the pallet is next to the reader
- · What should be done to protect against bit errors?
 - What is the argument for transmitting error detection bits?
 - · Against?
- Should you use ACKs and/or ARQ?
 - The spec defines the rules, and there are no ACKs. (Why?)
 - There are some situations where repeating a request is possible and makes sense.

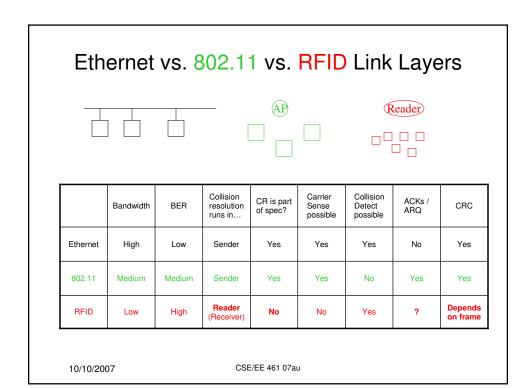
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Collision Resolution

- What the tags do in response to received frames is part of the spec
 - Not under software control
- Software decides what frames to send to them, though
- More on frames/tags in a second, but first let's try to relate this to what we've seen before

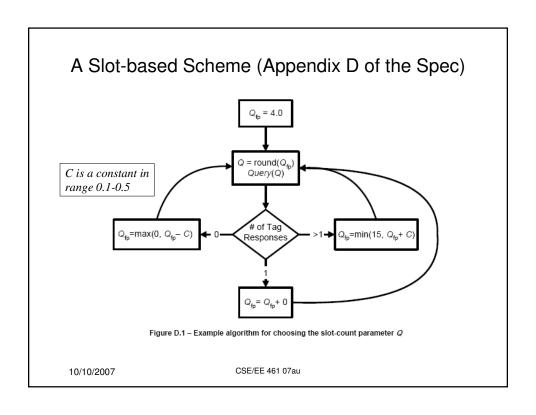
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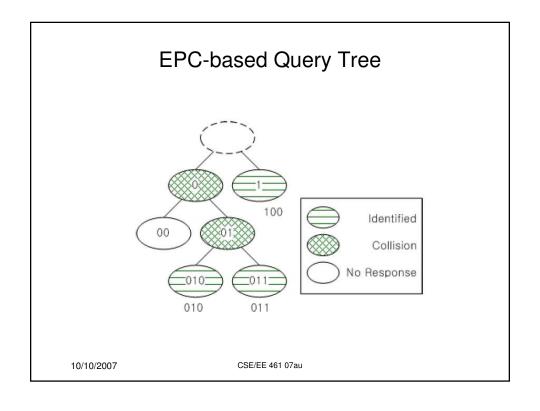


RFID Collision Resolution Approaches

- The reader needs to somehow distinguish (any) one tag from all the others
- To do this, it has to make use of something on a tag that distinguishes it from the others:
 - The tag's EPC
 - The tag's randomly selected slot number

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Frames (Tag "Instructions")

Select

 Set or invert SL or INV iff what is in a tag's memory starting at a particular bit matches a (variable length) bit string in the Select frame

Query

- "Selects" tags with particular value of SL and INV
- Provides a "backoff window" size
- Tags pick a random slot in backoff window and respond if slot = 0

QueryRepeat

- Tags participating in the current round decrement their slot counter by 1
- Respond if updated slot = 0

QueryAdjust

- Tags in the current round double, halve, or leave unchanged, the current backoff window
- They then pick a new random slot and respond if slot = 0

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