CSE 417: Review

Larry Ruzzo

Complexity, I

Asymptotic Analysis

Best/average/**worst** cases

Upper/Lower Bounds

Big O, Theta, Omega

- definitions; intuition

Analysis methods

- loops
- recurrence relations
- common data structures, subroutines

Graph Algorithms

Graphs

- Representation (edge list/adjacency matrix)
- Breadth/depth first search
- Connected components
- Shortest paths/bipartitness/2-Colorability
- DAGS and topological ordering
- DFS/articulation points/biconnected components

Design Paradigms

Greedy

- emphasis on correctness arguments, e.g. stay ahead, structural characterizations, exchange arguments

Divide & Conquer

- recursive solution, superlinear work, balanced subproblems, recurrence relations, solutions, Master Theorem

Later:

- Dynamic Programming

Examples

Greedy

- Interval Scheduling Problems (3)
- Huffman Codes
- Examples where greedy fails (stamps/change, scheduling, knap, RNA,…)

Examples

Divide & Conquer

- Merge sort
- Closest pair of points
- Integer multiplication (Karatsuba)
- Matrix multiplication (Strassen – see HW)
- Powering

Midterm Friday

Closed book, no notes

(no bluebook needed; scratch paper may be handy; calculators unnecessary)

All up through “Divide & Conquer”

- assigned reading up through Ch 5;
- slides
- homework & solutions

Some Typical Exam Questions

Give O( ) bound on 17n*(n-3+logn)

Give O( ) bound on some code `{for i=1 to n {for j …}}`

True/False: If X is $O(n^2)$, then it's rarely more than n^3 +14 steps.

Explain why a given greedy alg is/isn't correct

Give a run time recurrence for a recursive alg, or solve a simple one

Simulate any of the algs we've studied on given input