



CSE332: Data Abstractions

Lecture 24: Course Wrap-Up

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Final Exam

Tuesday, March 15, 2:30-4:20

- Intention is to test topics in *sorting, graphs, parallelism, concurrency*
 - stuff not covered by the midterm
 - But as always the course topics build on earlier ones
- You will need to read and write Java, among other things

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Four slides from Lecture 1

We have 10 weeks to learn *fundamental data structures and algorithms for organizing and processing information*

- “Classic” data structures / algorithms and how to analyze rigorously their efficiency and when to use them
- Queues, dictionaries, graphs, sorting, etc.
- Parallelism and concurrency (new!)

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Four slides from Lecture 1

- Introduction to many (not all) of the basic data structures used in computer software
 - Understand the data structures and the trade-offs they make
 - Rigorously analyze the algorithms that use them (math!)
 - Learn how to pick “the right thing for the job”
 - More thorough and rigorous take on topics introduced in 143
 - And more
- Practice design and analysis of data structures / algorithms
- Practice implementing and using these data structures by writing programs
- Experience the purposes and headaches of multithreading

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Four slides from Lecture 1

- To be able to *make good design choices* as a developer, project manager, etc.
 - Reason in terms of the general abstractions that come up in all non-trivial software (and many non-software) systems
- To be able to *justify* and *communicate* your design decisions

This course is key!

3 years from now this course will seem like it was a waste of your time because you can't imagine not “just knowing” every main concept in it

- Key abstractions computer scientists and engineers use almost every day
- A big piece of what “a computer scientist knows”

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Four slides from Lecture 1

(Often highly *non-obvious*) ways to organize information in order to enable *efficient* computation over that information

- Key goal over the next week is introducing *asymptotic analysis* to *precisely* and *generally* describe efficient use of time and space

A data structure supports certain *operations*, each with a:

- Meaning: what does the operation do/return
- Performance: how efficient is the operation

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Topics: Data structures + Threads

326 & 332

Big-Oh, Algorithm Analysis
Binary Heaps (Priority Qs)
AVL Trees
B Trees
Hashing
Sorting
Graph Traversals
Topological Sort
Shortest Paths
Minimum Spanning Trees

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326 & 332

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Removed from 326

D-heaps
Leftist heaps
Skew heaps
Binomial queues
Splay trees
Disjoint sets

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326 & 332

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Added to 332

Multithreading Basics (1)
Fork-Join Parallelism (3)

- Using Java library
- Analysis: T_1 and T_∞
- Amdahl's Law
- Reductions, Prefix, Sorting

Concurrency (4)

- Races, deadlocks
- Locks (mostly)
- Condition variables (a bit)
- Programming guidelines (!)

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I want feedback on what worked/did not!

- "Quiz" on wednesday
- Course Evals

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