#### **Trees**

## (Splay Trees) Chapter 4 in Weiss

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## Today's Outline

- · Announcements
  - Written HW #3 due NOW
  - Project 2A due Monday, 2/1
  - Midterm, next Friday 2/5
- · Today's Topics:
  - Dictionary ADT
    - AVL Trees
    - · Splay Trees

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### Other Possibilities?

- Could use different balance conditions, different ways to maintain balance, different guarantees on running time, ...
- Why aren't AVL trees perfect?
- · Many other balanced BST data structures
  - Red-Black trees
  - AA trees
  - Splay Trees
  - 2-3 Trees
  - B-Trees

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## Splay Trees

- · Blind adjusting version of AVL trees
  - Why worry about balances? Just rotate anyway!
- $\underline{Amortized \text{ time}}$  per operations is  $O(\log n)$
- Worst case time per operation is O(n)
  - But guaranteed to happen rarely

#### Insert/Find always rotate node to the root!

SAT/GRE Analogy question:		
AVL is to Splay trees as	is to	
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## Recall: Amortized Complexity

If a sequence of M operations takes O(M f(n)) time, we say the amortized runtime is O(f(n)).

- Worst case time per operation can still be large, say O(n)
- Worst case time for <u>any</u> sequence of M operations is O(M f(n))

Average time *per operation* for *any* sequence is O(f(n))

Amortized complexity is worst-case guarantee over sequences of operations.

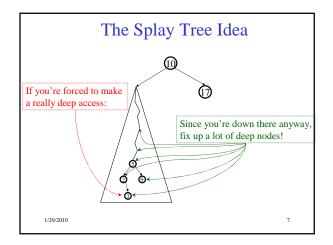
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# Recall: Amortized Complexity

- Is amortized guarantee any weaker than worstcase?
- Is amortized guarantee any stronger than averagecase?
- Is average case guarantee good enough in practice?
- Is amortized guarantee good enough in practice?

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# Find/Insert in Splay Trees

- 1. Find or insert a node k
- 2. Splay k to the root using: zig-zag, zig-zig, or plain old zig rotation

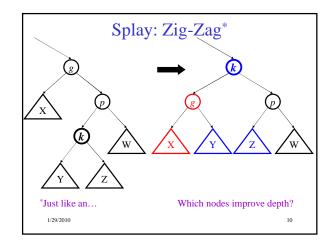
Why could this be good??

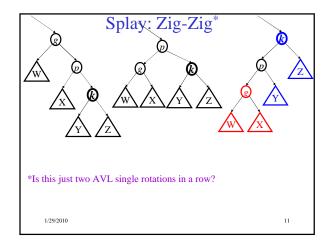
- 1. Helps the new root, ko Great if k is accessed again
- 2. And helps many others!

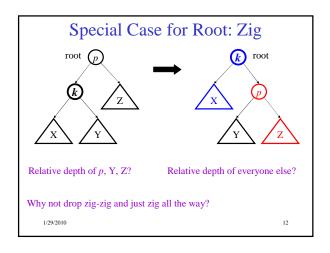
o Great if many others on the path are accessed

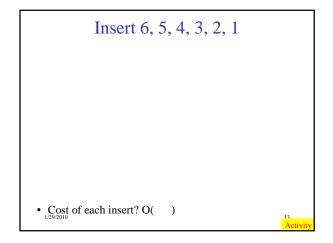
Splaying node k to the root: Need to be careful!

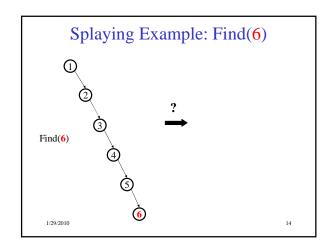
One option (that we won't use) is to repeatedly use AVL single rotation until k becomes the root: (see Section 4.5.1 for details) What's bad about this process? 1/29/2010



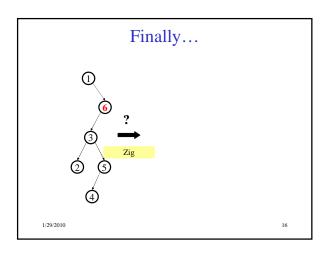


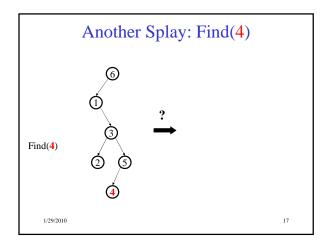


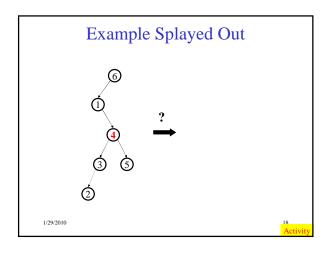


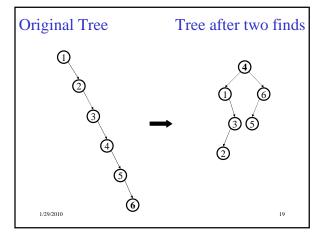












### But Wait...

What happened here?

Didn't *two* find operations take linear time instead of logarithmic?

What about the amortized  $O(\log n)$  guarantee?

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## Why Splaying Helps

- If a node n on the access path is at depth d before the splay, it's at about depth d/2 after the splay
- Overall, nodes which are low on the access path tend to move closer to the root
- Splaying gets amortized O(log n) performance. (Maybe not now, but soon, and for the rest of the operations.)

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## Practical Benefit of Splaying

- No heights to maintain, no imbalance to check for
  - Less storage per node, easier to code
- Often data that is accessed once, is soon accessed again!
  - Splaying does implicit caching by bringing it to the root
- Often related data is accessed in sequence
  - Helps node AND its children

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# Splay Operations: Find

- · Find the node in normal BST manner
- Splay the node to the root
  - if node not found, splay what would have been its parent

What if we didn't splay?

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## Splay Operations: Insert

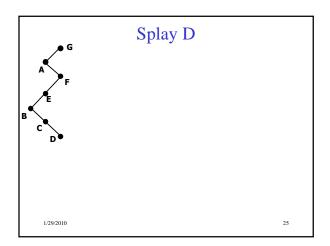
- Insert the node in normal BST manner
- Splay the node to the root

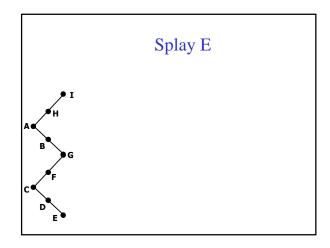
What if we didn't splay?

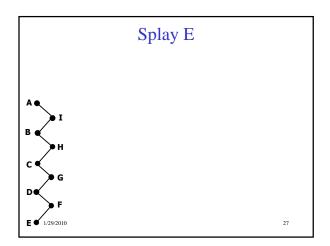
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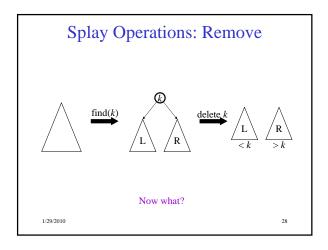
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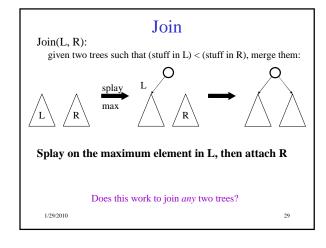
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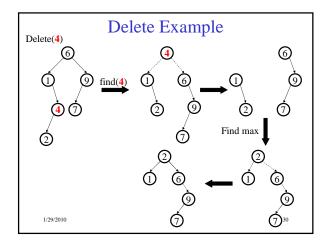












# Splay Tree Summary

- All operations are in amortized O(log n) time
- Splaying can be done top-down; this may be better because:
  - only one pass
  - no recursion or parent pointers necessary
  - we didn't cover top-down in class
- Splay trees are *very* effective search trees
  - Relatively simple
  - No extra fields required
  - Excellent *locality* properties: frequently accessed keys are cheap to