

PAUL G. ALLEN SCHOOL of computer science & engineering

# LEVERAGING SIMULATION TO TEACH OBJECT MANIPULATION TASKS

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## INGREDIENTS OF A MANIPULATION SYSTEM

#### Task and motion planning

- Determine sequence of high-level commands and collision-free trajectories to achieve goal configuration
- State estimation and perception
  - Infer relevant quantities from sensor data (objects, drawers, doors, manipulator, contacts, ...)
- Object grasping and placement
  - Determine good grasps for objects given constraints (gripper, local geometry, placement)
- Trajectory generation and control
  - Real-time, reactive generation of control commands to safely move robot / gripper toward goals

## PICK-AND-PLACE KITCHEN MANIPULATION SYSTEM

All objects are known, articulated kitchen model available, no clutter





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### 6D OBJECT POSE ESTIMATION









### STATE ESTIMATION VIA OPTIMIZATION

State  $\theta$  includes camera pose, cabinet doors, drawers, object poses, robot base and manipulator

Depth camera: optimize articulation parameters to minimize point distance from model

Physical constraints: contacts and non-interpenetration added as loss terms

Object detections: decaying loss term

Robot and manipulator pose: decaying loss term





 $L(\theta) = L_{match}(\theta) + L_{physics}(\theta) + L_{detect}(\theta) + L_{base}(\theta)$ 

### TASK AND MOTION PLANNING WITH REACTIVE BEHAVIOR EXECUTION

- TAMP plans over high-level actions, preconditions / effects, and continuous trajectories
- Real-time kitchen, robot and object tracking
- Robust logical-dynamical systems perform real-time switching of behaviors based on pre-conditions computed from state
- Real-time reactive motion generation using Riemannian Motion Policies

[Cheng-Mukadam-Issac-Birchfield-Fox-Boots-Ratliff: WAFR-18]



[Garrett-Paxton-Lozano-Perez-Kaelbling-Fox: ICRA-20]



[Paxton-Ratliff-Eppner-Fox: IROS-19]



### MODEL-BASED VS MODEL-FREE GRASPING

Model-Based Grasping: Estimate Object Pose and use Inferred Pose to Transform Grasps



### MODEL-BASED VS MODEL-FREE GRASPING

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Model-Free Grasping: Directly Predict Final Grasp Pose
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#### **GETTING AN OBJECT OUT OF CLUTTER** Need to Segment Scene, Generate Grasps, and Check for Collisions

External view

Gripper camera view



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## UNKNOWN OBJECT INSTANCE SEGMENTATION



Inter-cluster

[Xie-Xiang-Mousavian-Fox: CoRL 2019, T-RO-21] [Xie-Xiang-Mousavian-Fox: CoRL-21]

### PHOTOREALISTIC SYNTHETIC TRAINING DATA

350K Rendered Images Along with Segmentation and Object Id



[Mousavian-Manuelli-Okorn-Xiang-Eppner-Murali-Fox, 2023]

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### **OBJECTSEEKER INSTANCE SEGMENTATION**

On Par with SOTA on Tabletop Datasets and SOTA on Non-Tabletop Scenes



RGB input

ObjectSeeker 350K sim images 3.5M segments

[Mousavian-Manuelli-Okorn-Xiang-Eppner-Murali-Fox, 2023]

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### **PHYSICS-SIMULATION OF GRASPING**

Isaac Sim can Assess Thousands of Grasps in Parallel



Sample Potential Grasps and Run Simulations to Assess Stability

ACRONYM: [Eppner-Mousavian-F: ISRR-19, ICRA-21 ContactGraspNet: [Sundermeyer-Mousavian-Triebel-F: ICRA 2021] GraspNet: [Mousavian-Eppner-F: ICCV-19]



8,872 Objects Annotated with Successful Grasps

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### **Contact Graspnet**

#### Generate 6D Grasp Poses from Input Point Clouds







See also: [Mousavian-Eppner-F: ICCV-19]

[Sundermeyer-Mousavian-Triebel-F: ICRA 2021]

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88% first attempt grasp success on unknown objects

[6DOF-GraspNet: Mousavian-Eppner-F: ICCV-19] Code and data available at:<u>https://github.com/NVlabs/6dof-graspnet</u>/

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### 6-DOF GRASPING FOR CLUTTERED SCENES

Extending Single Object Grasping to Cluttered Scenes



CollisionNet efficiently reasons about gripper collisions with the scene, considering occluded areas as well

Instance segmentation: [Xie-Xiang-Mousavian-Fox: CoRL 2019, T-RO-21]; [Xiang-Xie-Mousavian-Fox: CoRL 2020]; [Xie-Xiang-Mousavian-Fox: CoRL-21]

[Murali-Mousavian-Eppner-Paxton-Fox, ICRA 2020]

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#### Deep Network Trained to Segment Scene, Generate Grasps, and Check for Collisions

External view

Gripper camera view



Target object is initially not reachable; grasps will collide with surrounding clutter

[Murali-Mousavian-Eppner-Paxton-Fox: ICRA-20]



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#### Deep Network Trained to Segment Scene, Generate Grasps, and Check for Collisions

External view

Gripper camera view



Blocking objects are ranked (**red** has the highest score and **green** is the lowest)

[Murali-Mousavian-Eppner-Paxton-Fox: ICRA-20]

#### Deep Network Trained to Segment Scene, Generate Grasps, and Check for Collisions

External view

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Gripper camera view



Blocking object is selected

[Murali-Mousavian-Eppner-Paxton-Fox: ICRA-20]

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#### Deep Network Trained to Segment Scene, Generate Grasps, and Check for Collisions

External view

Gripper camera view



Blocking object is removed from the scene

[Murali-Mousavian-Eppner-Paxton-Fox: ICRA-20]

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### HANDOVER OF UNKNOWN OBJECTS

#### Continuously Detect Hand/Object, Determine Safe Grasp, and Control



- Tracking and segmentation of hand and objects enables robot to approach grasps that are safe and stable
- Large-scale data set for training and benchmarking hand tracking with object interactions

[Chao-Yang-Xiang-Molchanov-Handa-Tremblay-Narang-Van Wyk-Iqbal-Birchfield-Kautz-Fox: CVPR-2021] [Yang-Paxton-Mousavian-Chao-Cakmak-Fox: ICRA-21]

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### **CLIPORT**

#### Efficiently Teach Manipulation Tasks Leveraging Language Instructions

- TransporterNets learn precise pick-and-place skills
  - Actions specified in visual space
  - No object models, poses, or segmentations needed
  - No semantics, weak generalization, one network per task
- **CLIP** generates aligned image and text embeddings
  - Semantics via language-vision training, robust visual features
  - Not immediately suited for manipulation tasks
- CLIPort combines language reasoning with precise manipulation
  - Inherits manipulation capabilities from TransporterNets
  - Language enables training single, multi-task model
  - Some semantic transfer across tasks
  - Only 2D top-down manipulation (just like TransporterNets)





TransporterNets [Zeng et. al, CoRL-2020]







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hridhar-Manuelli-Fox: CoRL-2021]

### DATA COLLECTION

#### Folding Task

#### 9 examples

Data collection time: ~10 min



### **Data Collection**

#### 179 total examples







# "sweep the beans into the blue zone"





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36

#### **PERCEIVER ACTOR** Predicting 3D Pose / 3D Orientation of Next Gripper Action



- Scene representation: 100<sup>3</sup> voxels at 1cm resolution (occupancy, color)
- Input: 20<sup>3</sup> = 8,000 tokens (each over 5<sup>3</sup> voxels) and text for task specification
- Output: Next gripper pose and status (softmax over voxels)
  (3D translation at 1cm resolution, 3D rotation at 5deg resolution)
- Significantly outperforms multi-level U-net structure of C2F-ARM [James etal: CVPR-22]

[Shridhar-Manuelli-Fox: CoRL-2021]

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### EXAMPLE EXECUTION: PUT THE TOMATOES IN THE TOP BIN

Single Command Input, at Each Step PerAct Predicts Next Gripper Pose



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## These clips are from **one multi-task agent** trained with just **53 demos**





- Models of kitchen cabinets, objects, and robot have to be physically accurate (masses, frictions, articulations, ...) and photorealistic
- Isaac Sim with Physics engine (Flex, PhysX)
- Johnny Costello: that was harder than building model of the death star

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### CONTACT-RICH ROBOTIC ASSEMBLY



 Robotic assembly

 Image: Constraint of the system of the system

Research example [Suárez-Ruiz, et al., 2018]

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43

### **INDUSTRIAL ASSEMBLY**



1/350 real-time [Ferguson, et al., 2020]

44 💿 💿 🕺 🕹

NIST Benchmark for Assembly

Round and rect. pegs/holes Nuts/bolts Gear assembly Electrical connectors

## **FACTORY / INDUSTREAL**

GPU-optimized Simulation of Contact-Rich Tasks: 20,000 x Speedup + Higher Precision



[Narang-Akinola-G3osimulation environments spanning-rigid NISTeboard tasks:-includes]7 real-world robot controllers [Tang-Lin-Narang-Akinola-Handa-Sukhatme-Ramos-F: RSS-23]

45 💿 🕺 🕺 45

### SIMULATING GRANULAR MEDIA

Material Properties Estimated from Real Data





[Matl-Narang-Baijcsy-Ramos-F: ICRA-20]



Tube deformation



Grasping and squeezing tofu



# Deformable objects and granular media

- Simulation matches real world behavior very well (w/ off the shelf material parameters)
- Sim parameters can be adjusted to real world data

[Huang-Narang-Eppner-Sundaralingam-Macklin-Hermans-F: RA-L-22] [Matl-Narang-Ramos-F: ICRA-20] [Ramos-Posas-F: RSS-19]



Festo



PepsiCo

#### Scaling via Omniverse and Isaac Sim

- Digprocesses
- Complete workflows to safely develop, train, and validate
- Introspection into what the robot observes and is planning
- ital Twins for designing and programming industrial



Amazon

## TOWARD OBJECT MANIPULATION WITHOUT EXPLICIT MODELS

- Explicit object models enable reasoning for complex manipulation tasks, but models are often not available and modeling and object pose estimation errors result in brittle execution
- Learning to map raw observations (s.a. point clouds, images) directly to manipulation relevant properties (e.g. segmentation, grasps, collisions, spatial relations) enables robust manipulation of unknown objects
- CLIPort / PerAct: Combining pre-trained language-vision models with manipulation-specific representations enables highly data efficient teaching of manipulation tasks using action-centric representations
- Physics-based, photo-realistic simulation of manipulation tasks is within reach
- Allows safe and scalable training and development leveraging ground truth states for labeling and demonstration generation

Controlled environments for development and benchmarking