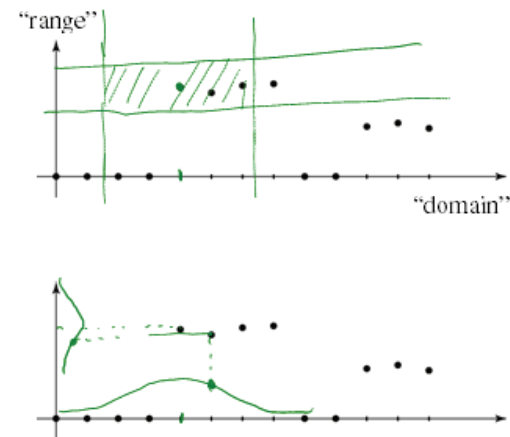


Bilateral filtering

1

Bilateral filtering

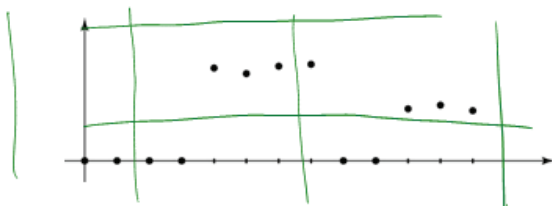
Bilateral filtering is a method to average together nearby samples only if they are similar in value.



2

Bilateral filtering

We can also change the filter to something "nicer" like Gaussians:



Recall that convolution looked like this:

$$g[l] = \sum_{l'} f[l'] h[l-l']$$

Bilateral filter is similar, but includes both range and domain filtering:

$$g[l] = 1/C \sum_{l'} f[l'] h_{\sigma_s}[l-l'] h_{\sigma_r}(f[l]-f[l'])$$

and you have to normalize as you go:

$$C = \sum_{l'} h_{\sigma_s}[l-l'] h_{\sigma_r}(f[l]-f[l'])$$

3



$\sigma_r = 0.1$

$\sigma_r = 0.25$



Paris, et al. SIGGRAPH course notes 2007

4