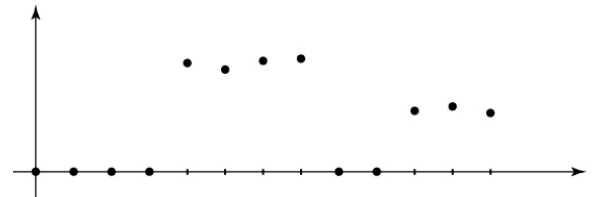
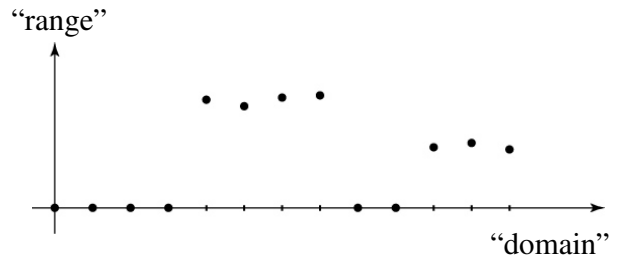


Bilateral filtering

1

Bilateral filtering

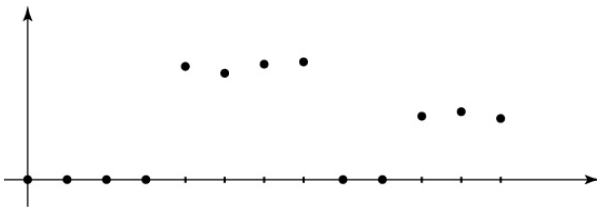
Bilateral filtering is a method to average together nearby samples only if they are similar in value.



2

Bilateral filtering

We can also change the filter to something "nicer" like Gaussians:



Recall that convolution looked like this:

$$g[i] = \sum_{i'} f[i'] h[i - i']$$

Bilateral filter is similar, but includes both range and domain filtering:

$$g[i] = 1/C \sum_{i'} f[i'] h_{\sigma_s}[i - i'] h_{\sigma_r}(f[i] - f[i'])$$

and you have to normalize as you go:

$$C = \sum_{i'} h_{\sigma_s}[i - i'] h_{\sigma_r}(f[i] - f[i'])$$

3

Input



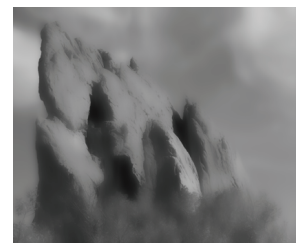
$\sigma_r = 0.1$

$\sigma_r = 0.25$

$\sigma_s = 2$



$\sigma_s = 6$



4