CSEP 521: Network Flow and Linear Programming Richard Anderson, March 9, 2021



Announcements Remaining lectures on Optimization Combinatorial optimization Linear Programming Course Evaluation You will have received a link Readings Skim textbook chapters on Matching/Network Flow (CLRS or KT) Skim textbook chapters on Linear Programming Liskim textbook chapters on Linear Programming Last homework is due Thursday, March 11 Notify instructor if any homework is going to be turned in after March 14

Optimization

- Solve a problem by expressing it as minimizing or maximizing a real valued function
- Examples:
 - Page layout
 - Allocation of industrial materials for a five year plan
 - Placement of on-line ads
 - Pricing of airline seats

Optimization

- Local improvement algorithms
 Iteratively improve solution until a
 - Iteratively improve solution until a local maximum (or minimum) is reached
 Prove that the maximum is a global maximum
 - Prove that the maximum is a global maximum

Duality

Pairs of problems that bound solutions
Finding the maximum for one problem finds the minimum for another problem









Residual Graph

- Flow graph G, Residual Graph G_R
 - $\begin{array}{l} G: edge \ errom \ u \ to \ with \ capacity \ c \ and \ flow \ f \\ G_R: edge \ e' \ from \ u \ to \ v \ with \ capacity \ c \ \ f \\ G_R: edge \ e'' \ from \ v \ to \ u \ with \ capacity \ f \\ \end{array}$
- Find a path from s to t in $G_{R}\,$ with minimum edge capacity (in $G_{R})$ of b > 0
- Add flow b to the path from s to t in G



Ford-Fulkerson Algorithm (1956)

while not done

Construct residual graph G_R Find an s-t path P in G_R with capacity b > 0 Add b units along P in G

If the sum of the capacities of edges leaving S is at most C, then the algorithm takes at most C iterations







Cuts in a graph

- Cut: Partition of V into disjoint sets S, T with s in S and t in T.
- Cap(S,T): sum of the capacities of edges from S to T
- Flow(S,T): net flow out of S
- Sum of flows out of S minus sum of flows into S
- Flow(S,T) <= Cap(S,T)







Better methods of finding augmenting paths

- Find the maximum capacity augmenting path O(m²log(C)) time algorithm for network flow
- Find the shortest augmenting path O(m²n) time algorithm for network flow
- Find a blocking flow in the residual graph
 - O(mnlog n) time algorithm for network flow

Network Flow Applications



K = 7

Applications of min cost flow • Transportation problems – taking cost into account • An oil company is charged for using pipeline • Allocation problems • Acount for costs and profits • Showing interest ats • Certain number of ads of different types are available to show • Ads are required to reach certain demographics • Different profits associated with different users

