DATA 514 Week 3 Worksheet

Lecture 1: Question Prompt

Using a subquery, find the number of cars each person drives •Hint: your query will be correlated

Payroll				Regist		
Name	Job	Salary		UserID	Car	Year
Leslie	TA	50k		123	Charger	2009
Frances	TA	60k		567	Civic	2016
Magda	Prof	120k		567	Ferrari	2000
Quinn	Prof	100k		789	Picklemobile	2018
	Name Leslie Frances Magda Quinn	Name Job Leslie TA Frances TA Magda Prof Quinn Prof	NameJobSalaryLeslieTA50kFrancesTA60kMagdaProf120kQuinnProf100k	NameJobSalaryLeslieTA50kFrancesTA60kMagdaProf120kQuinnProf100k	NameJobSalaryUserIDLeslieTA50k123FrancesTA60k567MagdaProf120k567QuinnProf100k789	NameJobSalaryUserIDCarLeslieTA50k123ChargerFrancesTA60k567CivicMagdaProf120k567FerrariQuinnProf100k789Picklemobile

L2 Question Prompt

Give a proposition for people who do not drive cars, then write a SQL query to return their name and salary

•Hint: you will need to use a different expression than a check for the empty set Ø

L3 Question Prompt

SELECT	P.Job, COUNT(*)
FROM	Payroll AS P
GROUP	BY P.Job

Is this query Monotone:

○ Yes Monotone

○ Not Monotone

What is a record you could add to demonstrate the above:

L4 Question Prompt

Find the number of each car each person drives (Including Frances Quinn!)

UserID	Name	Job	Salary	UserID	Car	Year
123	Leslie	TA	50k	123	Charger	2009
345	Frances	TA	60k	567	Charger	2016
567	Magda	Prof	120k	567	Charger	2000
789	Quinn	Prof	100k	567	Civic	2018

L5 Question Prompt

Select each Driver in Person who drives all the vehicles in Car:

Driver	Car	
Leslie	Camry	
Leslie	Civic	
Magda	Ferrari	Car
Magda	Camry	Camry
Magda	Civic	Ferrari
Frances	Civic	Civic
Leslie	Ferrari	
Frances	Camry	

L6 Question Prompt How many records are returned?

SELECT	*	
FROM	Toys	
WHERE	price < 1000	
AND	(size=2 OR color= '	red')

Name	Price	Size	Color
iPad Pro	\$1099	12	gray
Bicycle	NULL	NULL	red
Freeze Tag	\$0	NULL	NULL
iPad Air	\$599	10	NULL

Section Challenges:

These tables will be used throughout this worksheet

```
CREATE TABLE Class (
dept VARCHAR(50),
number INT,
title VARCHAR(50),
PRIMARY KEY (dept, number));
CREATE TABLE Instructor (
username VARCHAR(50) PRIMARY KEY,
fname VARCHAR(50),
lname VARCHAR(50),
started on CHAR(10));
CREATE TABLE Teaches (
username VARCHAR(50), -- can use the REFERENCES syntax here
dept
     VARCHAR(50),
number INT,
PRIMARY KEY (username, dept, number),
FOREIGN KEY (username) REFERENCES Instructor,
FOREIGN KEY (dept, number) REFERENCES Class);
```

Question 1 Write an SQL query that will return the first and last name of all instructors who are teaching at least one class.

Question 2 For each instructor, write an SQL query that will return their username and the number of classes they teach.

Question 3 Unnest the following SQL query so it does not use subqueries:

```
SELECT I.username,
   ( SELECT COUNT(*)
        FROM Teaches AS T
        WHERE T.username = I.username
   )
FROM Instructor AS I;
```

Question 4 Unnest the following SQL query so it does not use subqueries:

```
SELECT C1.dept, C1.number FROM Class AS C1
WHERE C1.number >= ALL (
    SELECT C2.number FROM Class AS C2
    WHERE C1.dept = C2.dept
);
```

Question 5 Write an SQL query that will return the number of instructors who are teaching at least one class. (1 row)

Question 6

Write an SQL query that will return the first and last name of the newest instructor(s) (who started on the latest date). Assume Instructor.started_on uses yyyy-mm-dd format. If there are multiple instructors, list all of them.

Question 7

Write an SQL query that will return the username, first name, and last name of the instructors who teach the most number of classes. If there are multiple instructors, list all of them.

Question 8

Write an SQL query that will answer the question, which CSE courses do neither Dr. Levy (username 'levy') nor Dr. Wetherall (username 'djw') teach? Give the department, number, and title of these courses.