

Types of SLAM-Problems Grid maps or scans FR Sparse landmarks RGB / Depth Maps 2

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Problems in Mapping

- Sensor interpretation
 - How do we extract relevant information from raw sensor data?
 - How do we represent and integrate this information over time?

Robot locations have to be known

• How can we estimate them during mapping?

Occupancy Grid Maps

- Introduced by Moravec and Elfes in 1985
- Represent environment by a grid.
- Estimate the probability that a location is occupied by an obstacle.
- Key assumptions

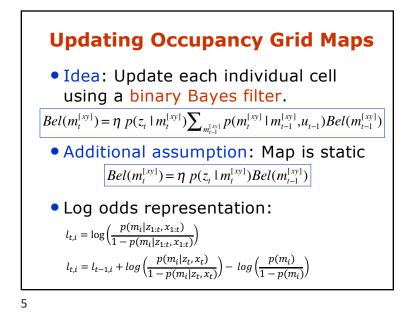
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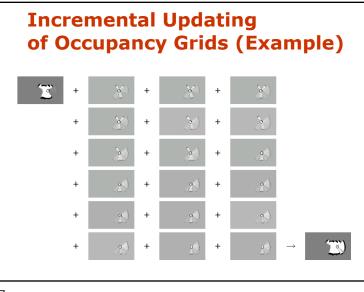
• Occupancy of individual cells is independent

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$$Bel(m_t) = P(m_t | u_1, z_2, ..., u_{t-1}, z_t)$$
$$= \prod_{x, y} Bel(m_t^{[xy]})$$

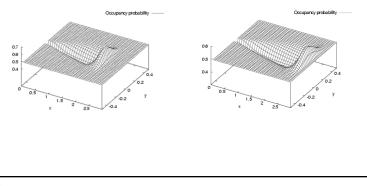
• Robot positions are known!





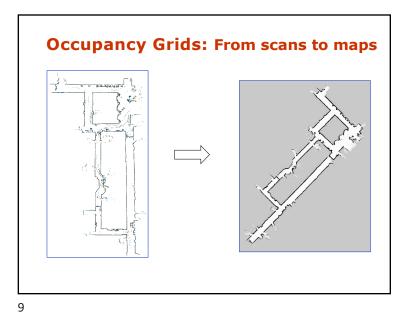
Inverse Sensor Model for Occupancy Grid Maps

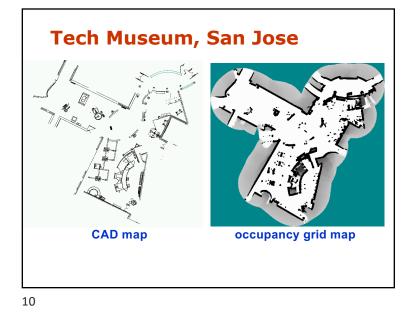
Combination of linear function and Gaussian:



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Alternative: Simple Counting For every cell count hits(x,y): number of cases where a beam ended at <x,y> misses(x,y): number of cases where a beam passed through <x,y> Bel(m^[xy]) = hits(x,y)/hits(x,y) + misses(x,y) Assumption: P(occupied(x,y)) = P(reflects(x,y))







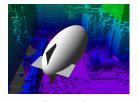
Robots in 3D Environments

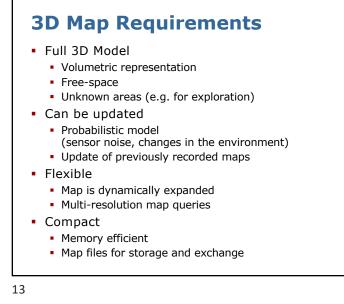


Humanoid robots



Outdoor navigation





Map Representations

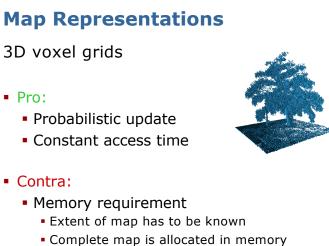
Pointclouds

- Pro:
 - No discretization of data
 - Mapped area not limited

Contra:

- Unbounded memory usage
- No direct representation of free or unknown space

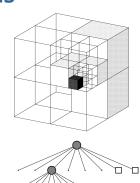
14

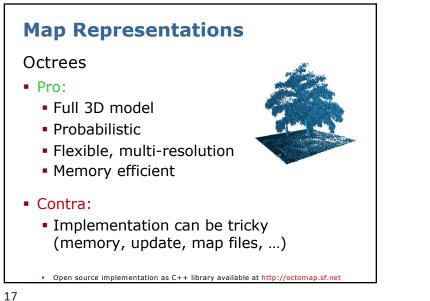


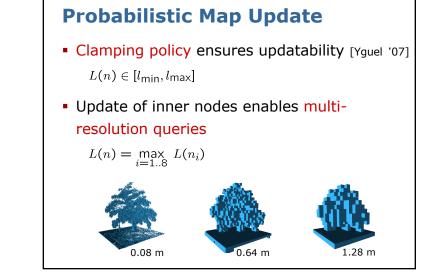
Map Representations

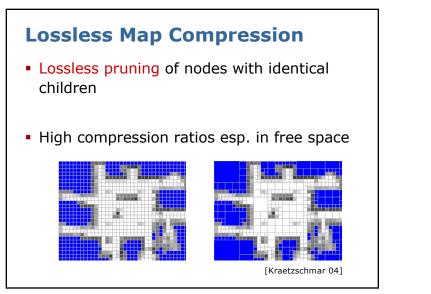
Octrees

- Tree-based data structure
- Recursive subdivision of space into octants
- Volumes allocated as needed
- Multi-resolution



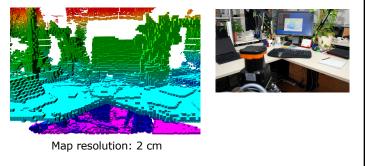


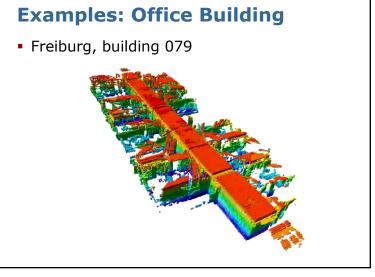




Examples

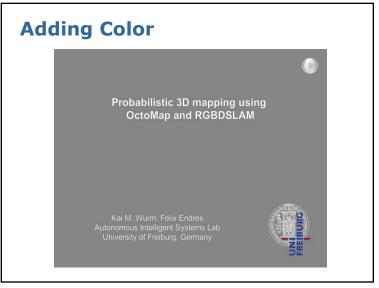
Cluttered office environment







Examples: Large Outdoor Areas • Freiburg computer science campus (292 × 167 × 28 m³, 20 cm resolution)



Memory Usage							
Map dataset	Mapped	Resolution	Memory consumption [MB]			File size [MB]	
	area [m ³]	[m]	Full grid	No compr.	Lossless compr.	All data	Binary
FR-079 corridor	$43.8\times18.2\times3.3$	0.05	80.54	73.64	41.70	15.80	0.67
		0.1	10.42	10.90	7.25	2.71	0.14
Freiburg outdoor	$292\times167\times28$	0.20	654.42	188.09	130.39	49.75	2.00
		0.80	10.96	4.56	4.13	1.53	0.08
New College	$250\times161\times33$	0.20	637.48	91.43	50.70	18.71	0.99
(Epoch C)		0.80	10.21	2.35	1.81	0.64	0.05