Surfaces of revolution

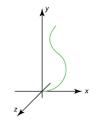
Surfaces of Revolution

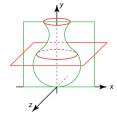
Brian Curless CSE 557 Fall 2014

Idea: rotate a 2D profile curve around an axis.

What kinds of shapes can you model this way?

Constructing surfaces of revolution







Given: A curve C(u) in the *xy*-plane:

$$C(u) = \begin{bmatrix} c_x(u) \\ c_y(u) \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

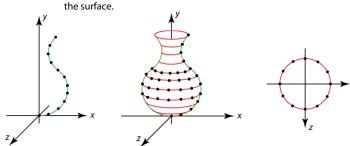
Let $R_{\nu}(\theta)$ be a rotation about the *y*-axis.

Find: A surface S(u,v) which is C(u) rotated about the *y*-axis, where $u, v \in [0, 1]$.

Solution:

Constructing surfaces of revolution

We can sample in u and v to get a grid of points over the surface



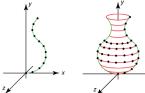
Suppose we sample:

- in u, to give C[m] where $m \in [0..M-1]$
- in ν , to give rotation angle $q[n] = 2\pi n/N$ where $n \in [0..N-1]$

We can now write the surface as:

How would we turn this into a mesh of triangles? How do we assign per-vertex normals?

Tangent vectors and tangent planes

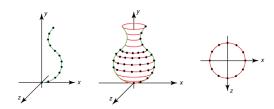


Normals on a surface of revolution



5

Texture coordinates on a surface of revolution



Triangle meshes

How should we generally represent triangle meshes?