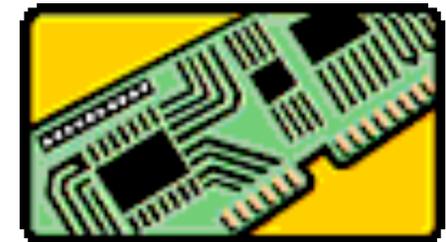


Fun with Metrics & Statistics



Problem

- Building actual chips is extremely expensive
- Architecture simulators take a REALLY long time to simulate
- Programs have billions and billions of instructions, so we need to be selective on which we simulate
 - How do you pick?
 - How many do you need to do?
- Which programs do you choose?

SPEC 2000 CPU Benchmarks

Benchmark	Language	Category
164.gzip	C	Compression
175.vpr	C	FPGA Circuit Placement and Routing
176.gcc	C	C Programming Language Compiler
181.mcf	C	Combinatorial Optimization
186.crafty	C	Game Playing: Chess
197.parser	C	Word Processing
252.eon	C++	Computer Visualization
253.perlbnk	C	PERL Programming Language
254.gap	C	Group Theory, Interpreter
255.vortex	C	Object-oriented Database
256.bzip2	C	Compression
300.twolf	C	Place and Route Simulator

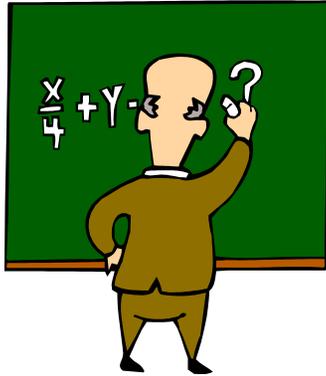
Benchmark	Language	Category
168.wupwise	Fortran 77	Physics / Quantum Chromodynamics
171.swim	Fortran 77	Shallow Water Modeling
172.mgrid	Fortran 77	Multi-grid Solver: 3D Potential Field
173.applu	Fortran 77	Parabolic / Elliptic Partial Differential Equations
177.mesa	C	3-D Graphics Library
178.galgel	Fortran 90	Computational Fluid Dynamics
179.art	C	Image Recognition / Neural Networks
183.quake	C	Seismic Wave Propagation Simulation
187.facerec	Fortran 90	Image Processing: Face Recognition
188.ammmp	C	Computational Chemistry
189.lucas	Fortran 90	Number Theory / Primality Testing
191.fma3d	Fortran 90	Finite-element Crash Simulation
200.sixtrack	Fortran 77	High Energy Nuclear Physics Accelerator Design
301.apsi	Fortran 77	Meteorology: Pollutant Distribution

A Benchmark for Every Purpose

- Parallel processing
 - SPLASH, ParkBench, ScaLapack
- Transactions
 - TPC
- Also benchmarks for
 - Graphics
 - File Systems
 - Networks
 - Web Servers
 - Lots more

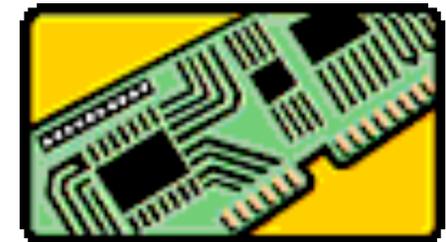
Metrics

- The key is choosing appropriate metrics to compare your system
- Current important metrics:
 - Performance
 - Power (battery life, reliability)
 - Area (~cost)
 - Complexity (~time to market)
- The metrics are not yet standardized
- Even proper choice of metrics does not guarantee meaningful results

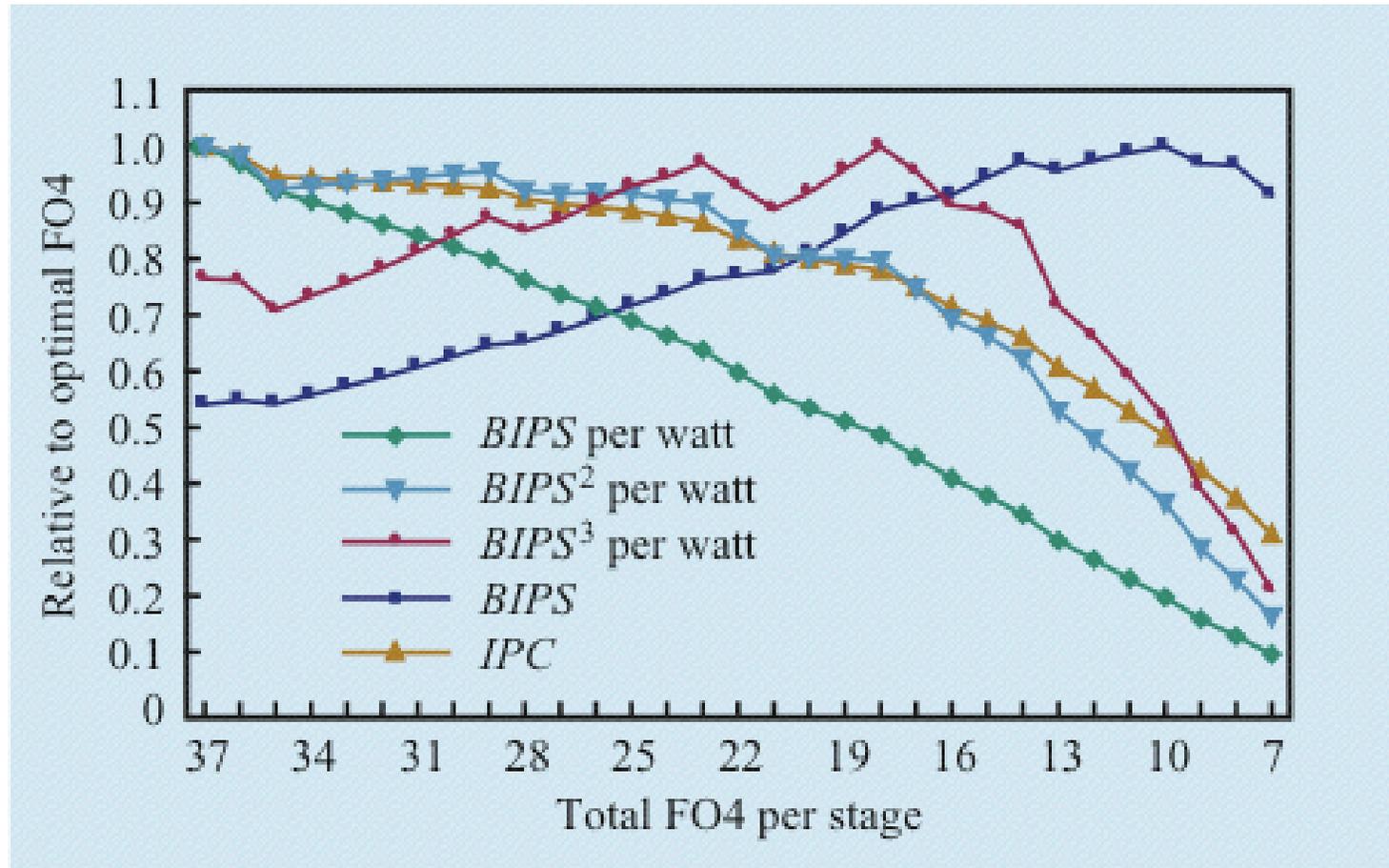


Fun with Metrics

ISCA-quality Metrics

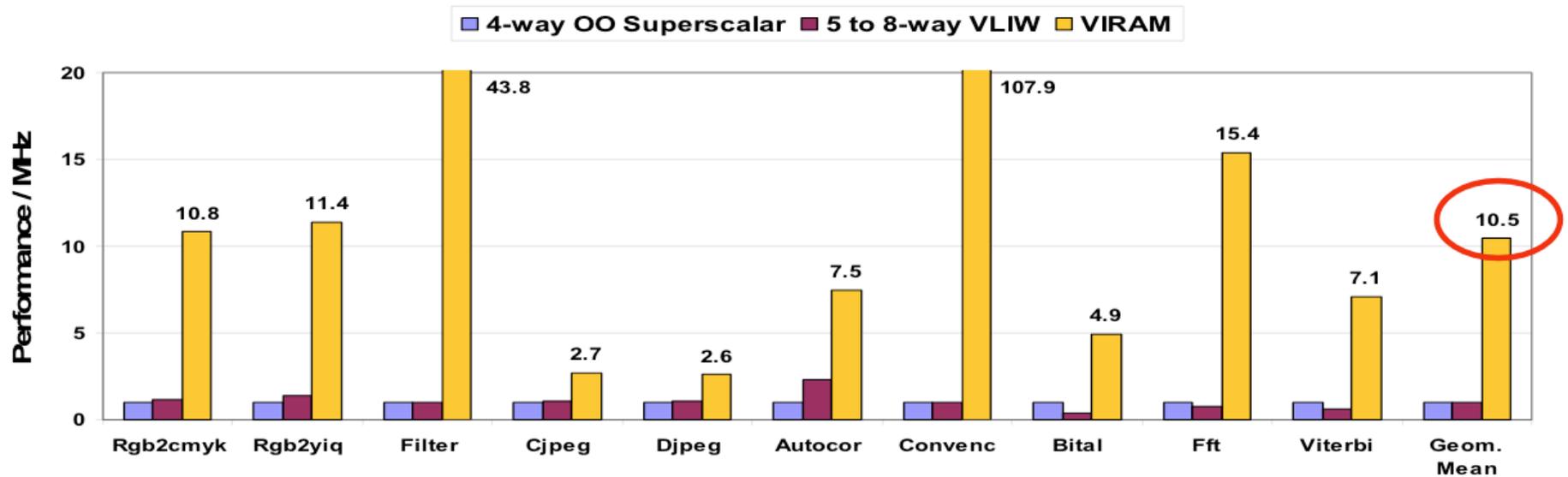


How to Choose a Metric

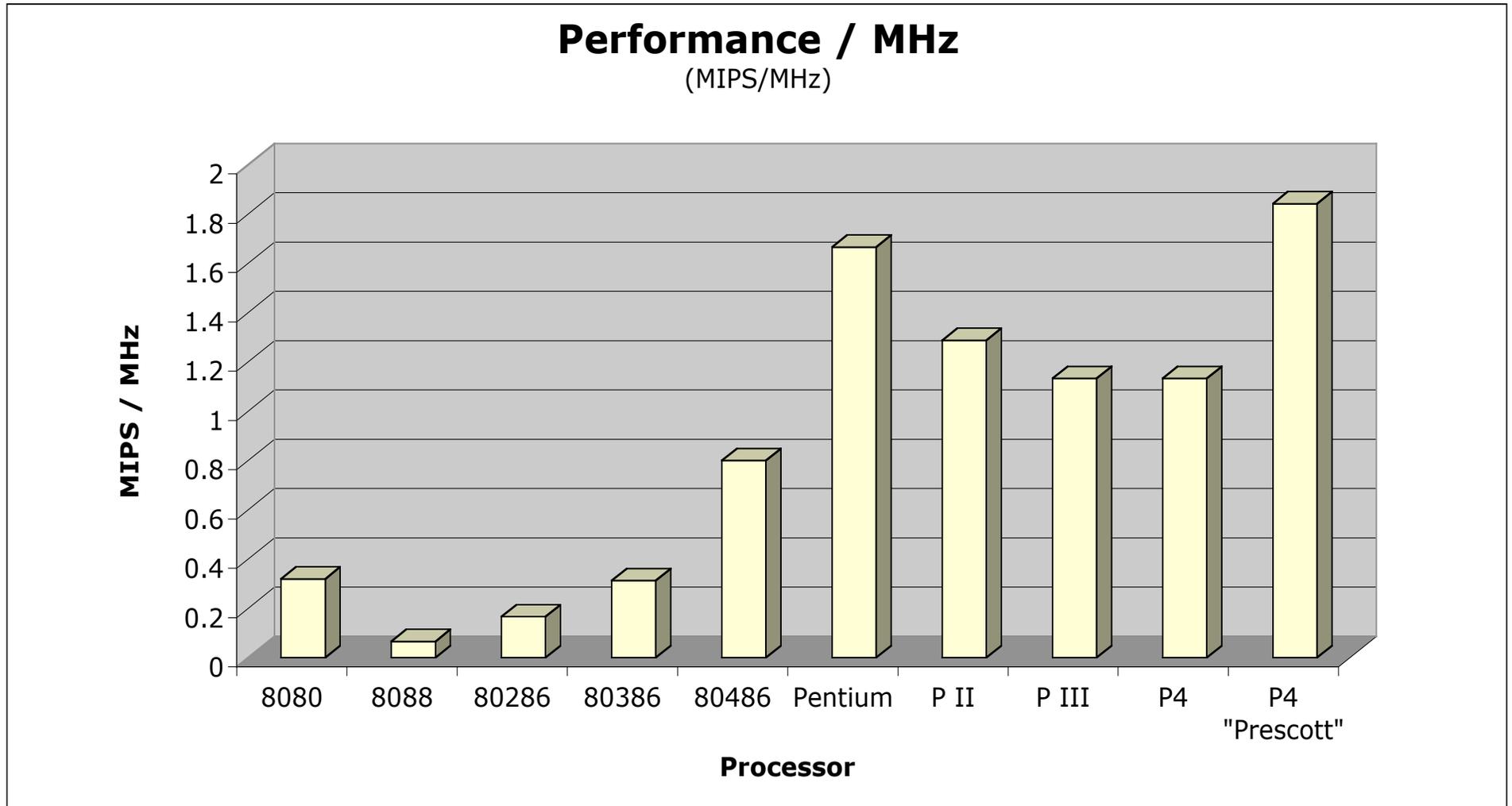


-Only BIPS³ per watt shows an optimum point that is not at the shallowest pipeline depth

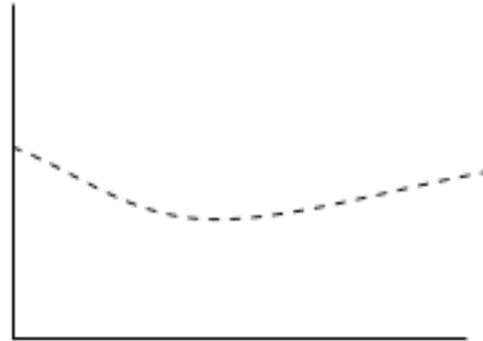
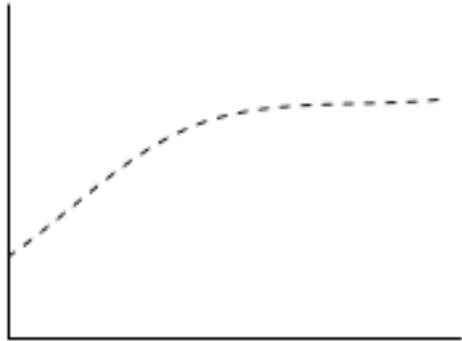
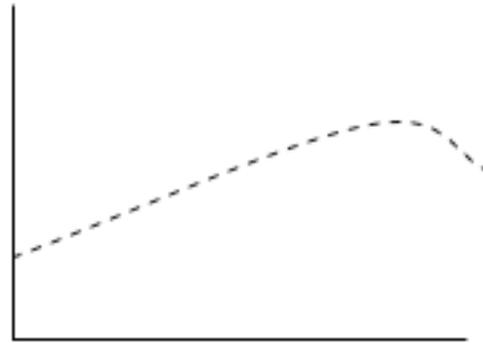
VIRAM Performance (per MHz)



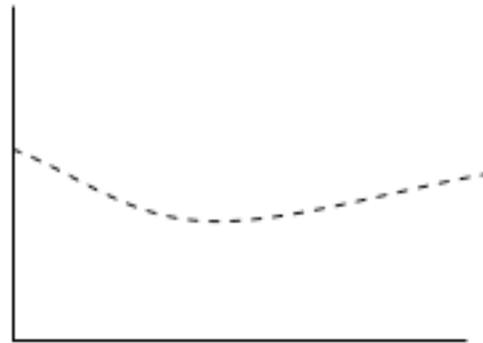
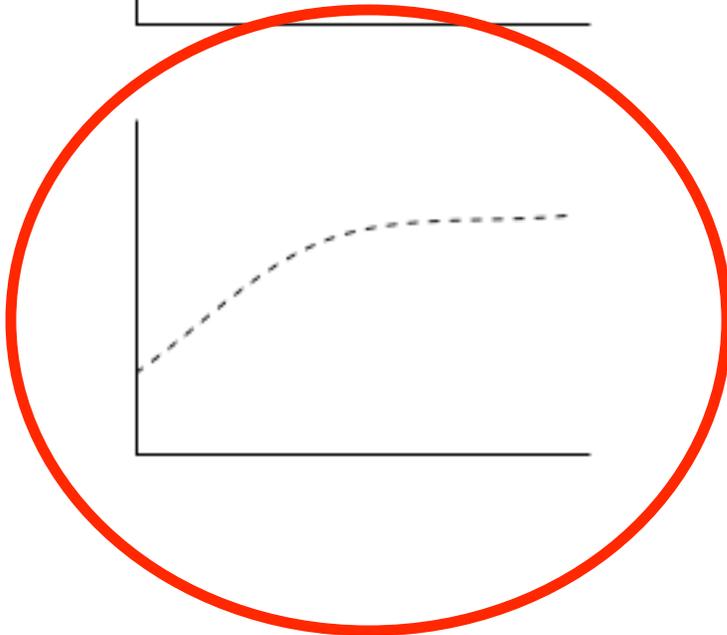
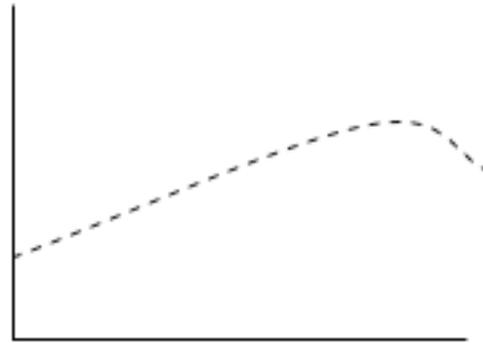
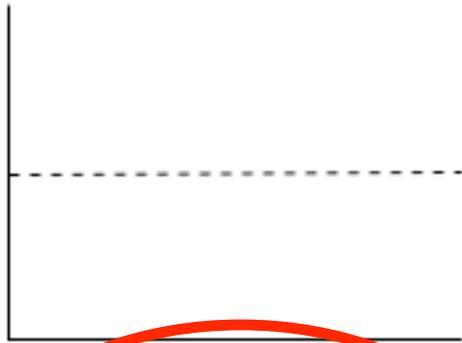
Helpful Performance Metrics



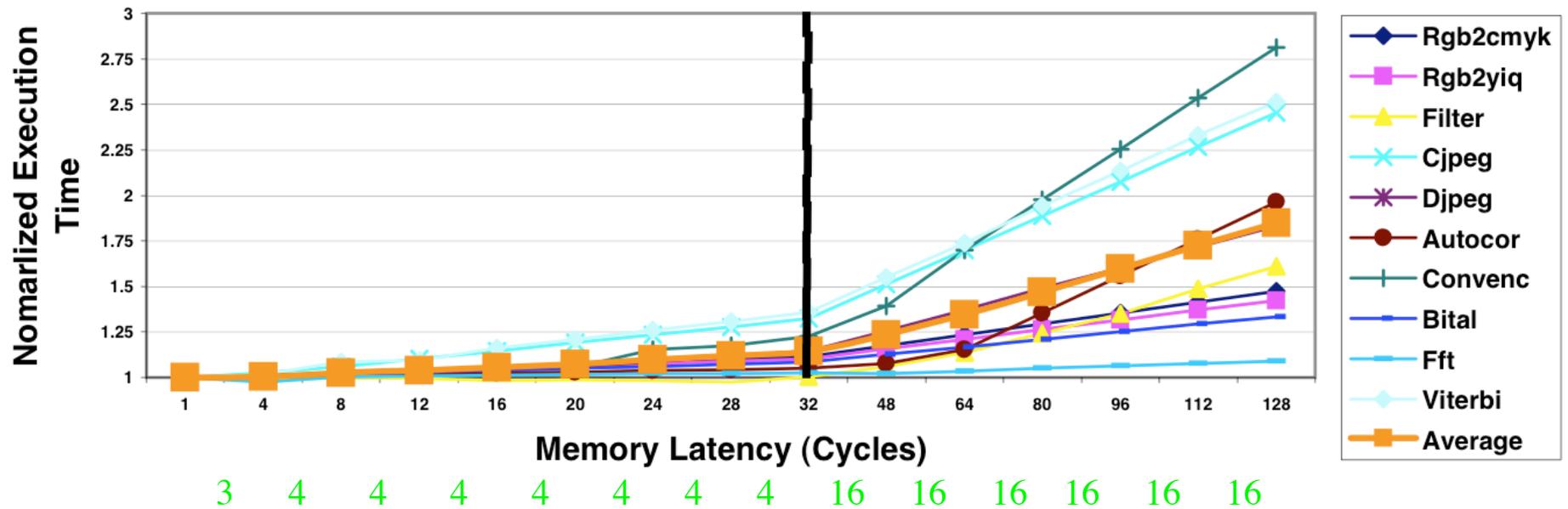
Who remembers this assignment?



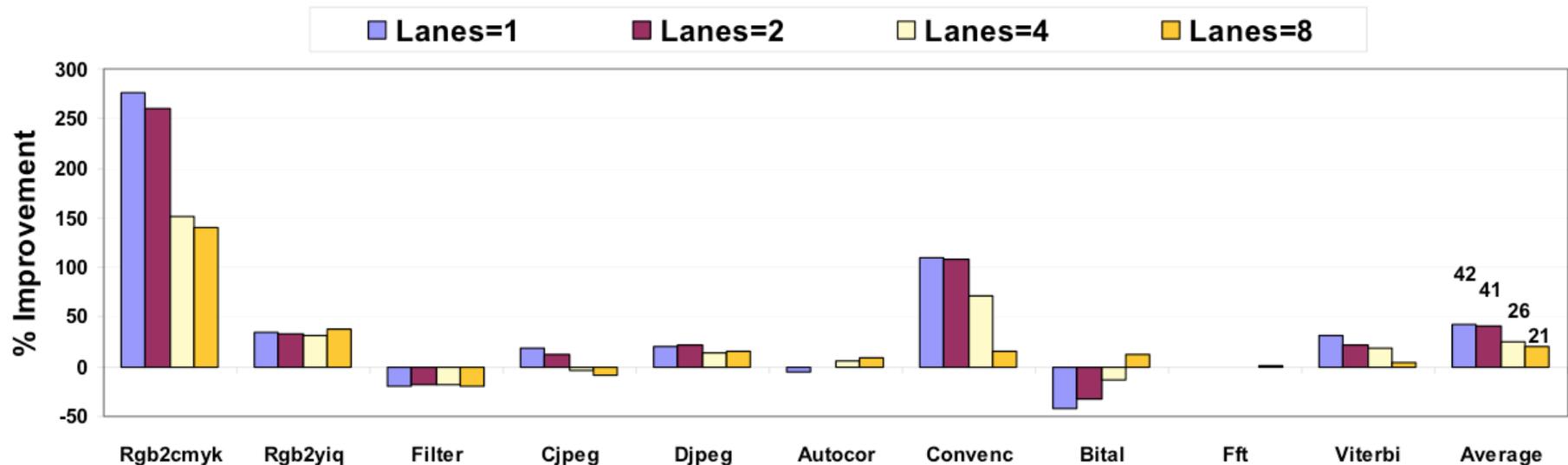
Who remembers this assignment?



How to make a knee in the graph

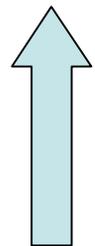


20% on “Average”

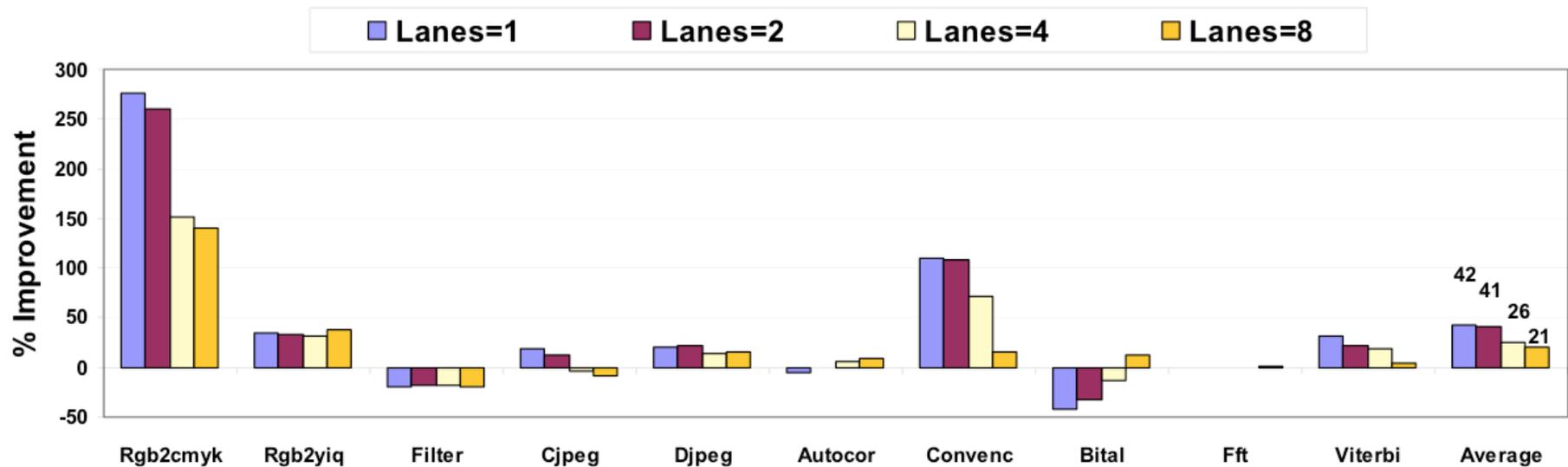


– CODE is 20% faster than VIRAM

- Even for multi-lane implementation of both approaches



Fun with outlying data points



With Rgb2cmyk

Arithmetic Mean: 21.5%

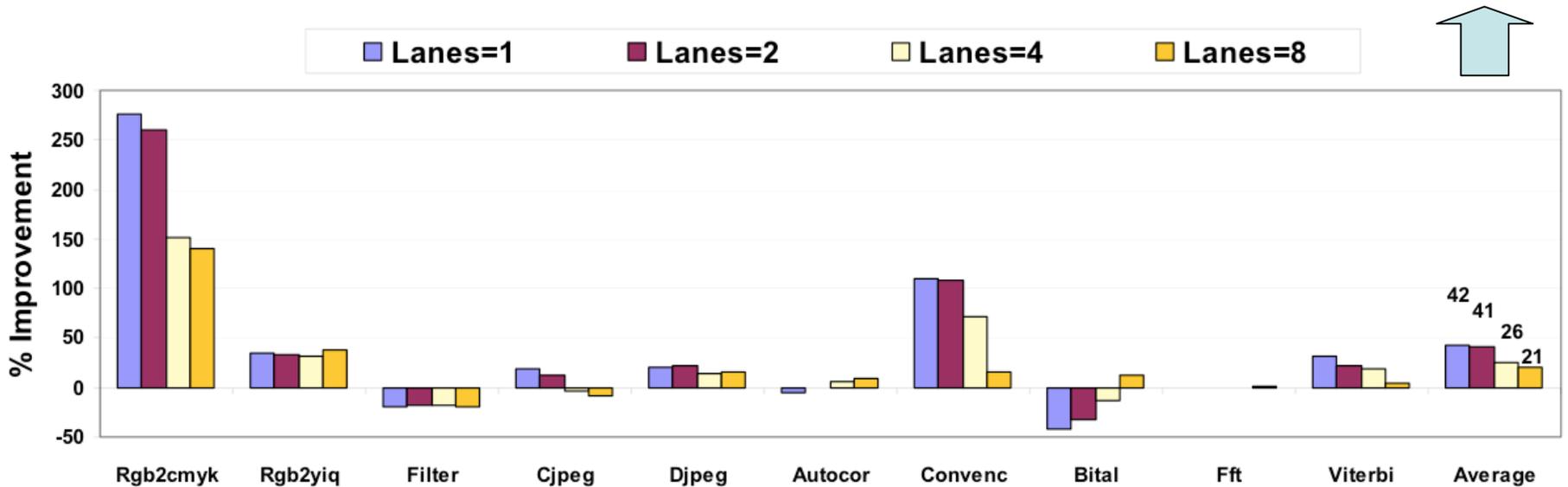
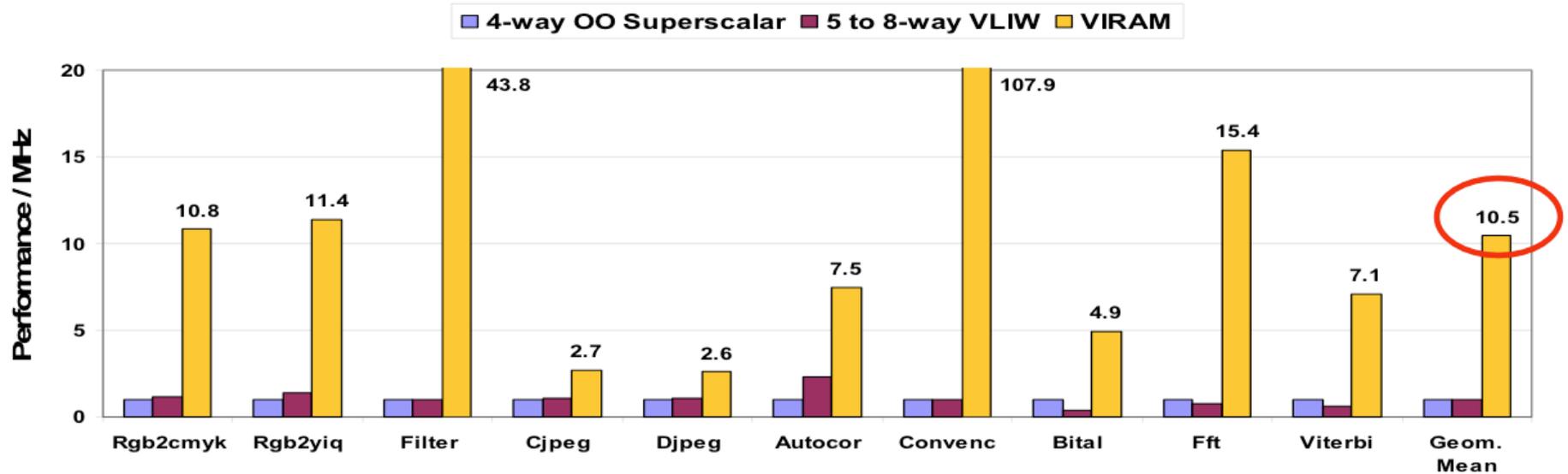
Geometric Mean: 16.1%

Without Rgb2cmyk

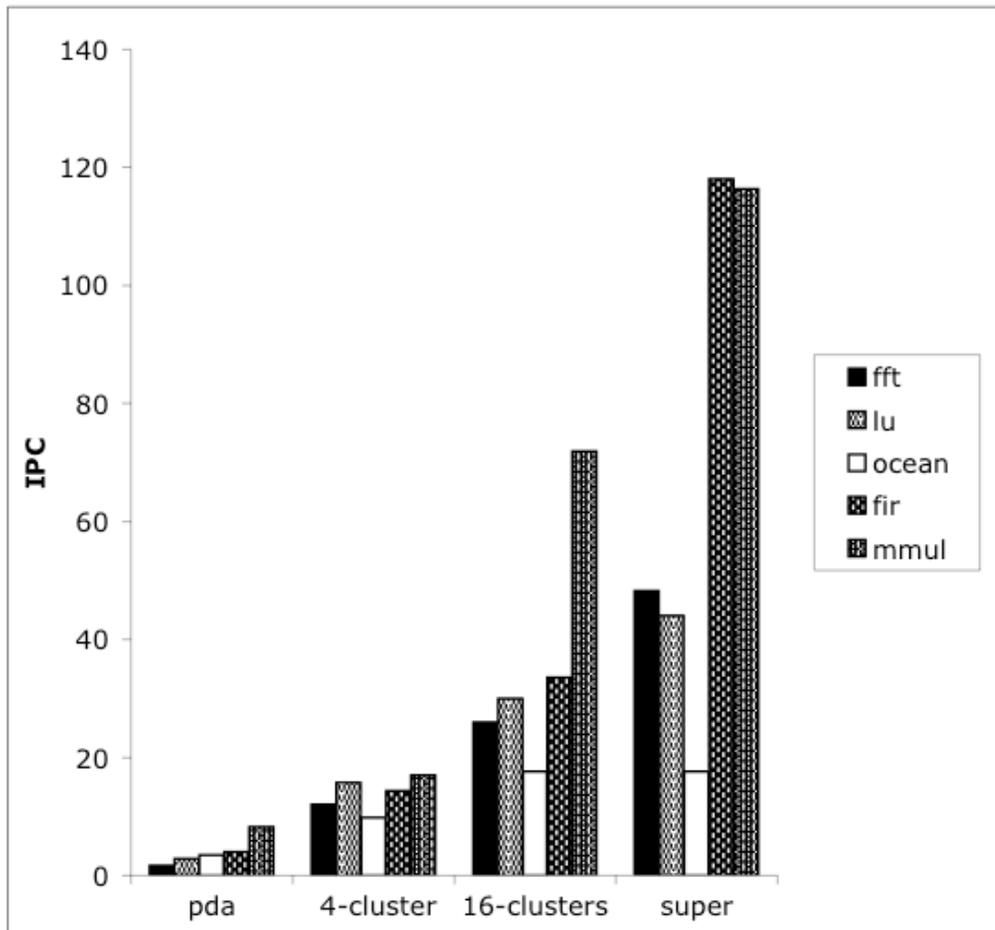
Arithmetic Mean: 8.3%

Geometric Mean: 7.1%

Average & Geometric Mean Same Thing....



Improving WaveScalar IPC



16 Cluster:

Average IPC: 33.8

Geometric: 29.75

Statistical Gain: 13.6%

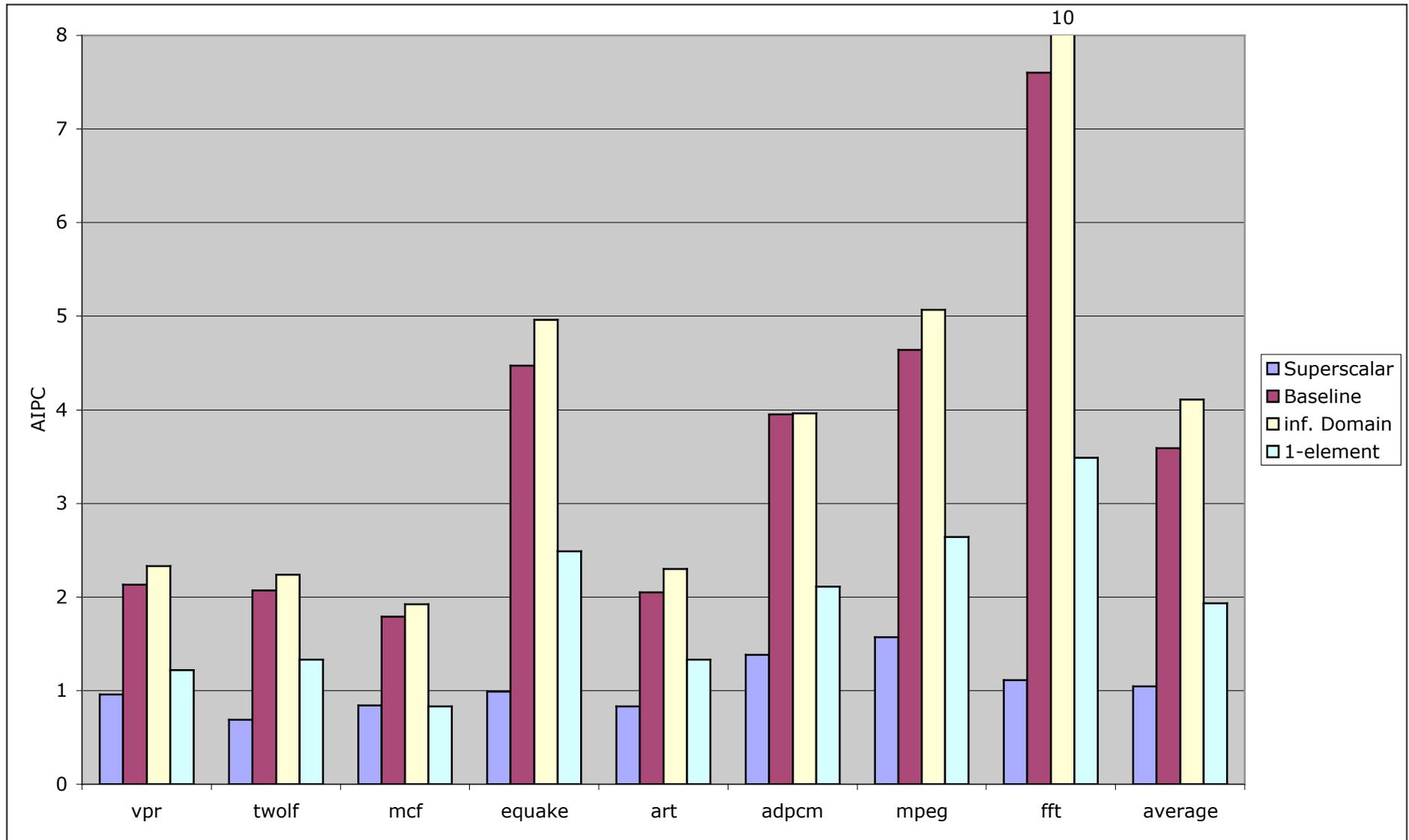
Super:

Average IPC: 68.8

Geometric: 55.41

Statistical Gain: 24.2%

WaveScalar Performance



“Adjusted” WaveScalar Performance

