CSE 484 / CSE M 584: Web Security: Wrap-up; Web Privacy: Start

Fall 2024

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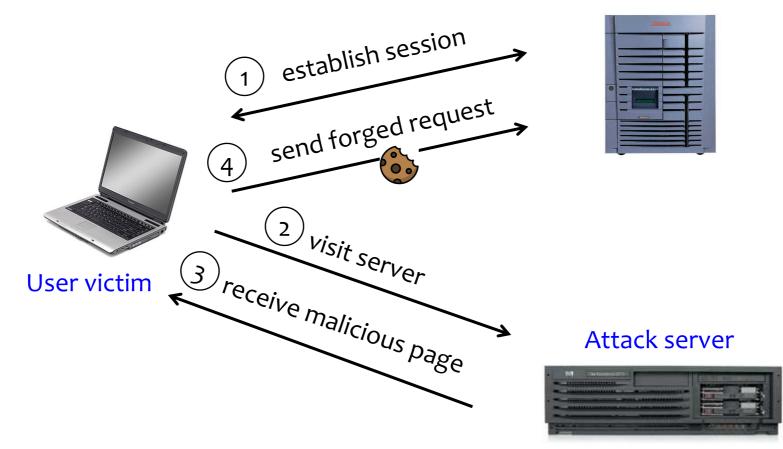
UW Instruction Team: David Kohlbrenner, Yoshi Kohno, Franziska Roesner. Thanks to Dan Boneh, Dieter Gollmann, Dan Halperin, John Manferdelli, John Mitchell, Vitaly Shmatikov, Bennet Yee, and many others for sample slides and materials ...

#### Announcements

- Where are we?
  - Lab 2 due next Friday (11/15)
  - Homework 3 will be out on ~Wednesday, due 11/22
  - Final project will be out on 11/18, due 12/10
  - Topics:
    - Finishing web security, followed by a "grab bag" of topics (authentication, mobile platforms, usable security, anonymity, side channels, ...)

## XSRF (aka CSRF): Summary

#### Server victim



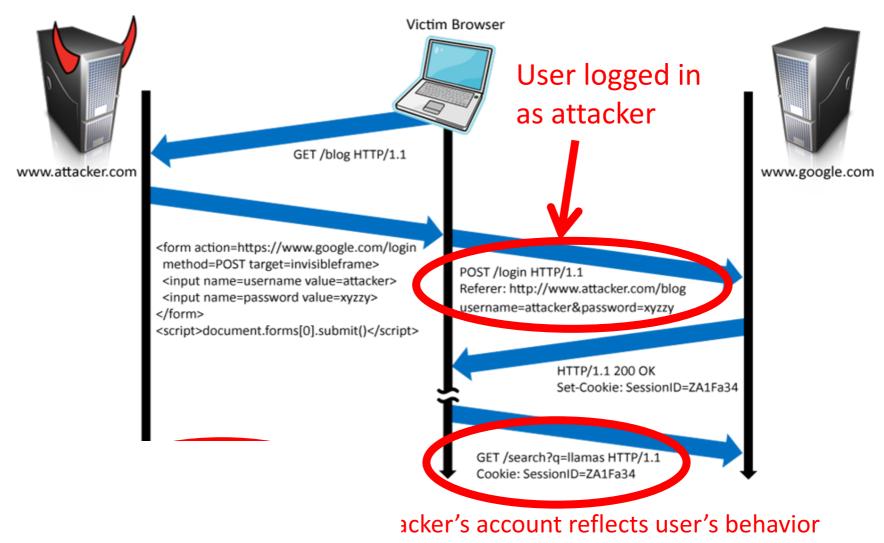
#### Q: how long do you stay logged on to Gmail? Financial sites?

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### **Broader View of XSRF**

- Abuse of cross-site data export
  - SOP does not control data export
  - Malicious webpage can initiates requests from the user's browser to an honest server
  - Server thinks requests are part of the established session between the browser and the server (automatically sends cookies)

### Login XSRF: Attacker logs you in as them!



#### **XSRF Defenses**

• Secret validation token



<input type=hidden value=23a3af01b>

Referer validation



Referer: http://www.facebook.com/home.php

### **Referer Validation**

Facebook Login	
For your security, never enter your Facebook password on sites not located on Facebook.com.	✓ Referer: http://www.facebook.com/home.php
Email: Password: Remember me Login or Sign up for Facebook Forgot your password?	Referer: http://www.evil.com/attack.html Referer:

- Lenient referer checking header is optional
- Strict referer checking header is required

# Why Not Always Strict Checking?

- Why might the referer header be suppressed?
  - Stripped by the organization's network filter
  - Stripped by the local machine
  - Stripped by the browser for HTTPS  $\rightarrow$  HTTP transitions
  - User preference in browser
  - Buggy browser
- Web applications can't afford to block these users
- Many web application frameworks include CSRF defenses today

#### **Better Idea: Add Secret Token to Forms**

• "Synchronizer Token Pattern"

<input type=hidden value=23a3af01b>

- Include a secret challenge token as a hidden input in forms
  - Token often based on user's session ID
  - Server must verify correctness of token before executing sensitive operations
- Why does this work?
  - Same-origin policy: attacker can't read token out of legitimate forms loaded in user's browser!
  - So: can't create fake forms with correct token!

# Web App Vulnerabilities: Summary

- XSS (CSS) cross-site scripting
  - Malicious code injected into a trusted context (e.g., malicious data presented by an honest website interpreted as code by the user's browser)
- SQL injection
  - Malicious data sent to a website is interpreted as code in a query to the website's back-end database
- XSRF (CSRF) cross-site request forgery
  - Bad website forces the user's browser to send a request to a good website

# **Stepping Back: Two Sides of Web Security**

#### (1) Web browser

Responsible for securely confining content presented by visited websites

#### (2) Web applications

- Online merchants, banks, blogs, Google Apps ...
- Mix of server-side and client-side code
  - Server-side code written in PHP, JavaScript, C++ etc.
  - Client-side code written in JavaScript (... sort of)
- Many potential bugs: XSS, XSRF, SQL injection

### **Review: Browser Security Model**

<u>Goal 1:</u> Protect local system from web attacker

→ Browser Sandbox



Goal 2: Protect/isolate web content from other web content

→ Same Origin Policy



# **Cross-Origin Communication**

- Sometimes you want to do it...
- Cross-origin Resource Sharing (CORS)
  - Access-Control-Allow-Origin: <list of domains>
    - Unfortunately, often:

Access-Control-Allow-Origin: \*

- Cross-origin client side communication
  - HTML5 postMessage between frames
    - Unfortunately, many bugs in how frames check sender's origin

# What about Browser Plugins?

- Examples: Flash, Silverlight, Java, PDF reader
- **Goal:** enable functionality that requires transcending the browser sandbox
- Increases browser's attack surface

#### Java and Flash both vulnerable—again—to new 0-day attacks

Java bug is actively exploited. Flash flaws will likely be targeted soon.

by Dan Goodin (US) - Jul 13, 2015 9:11am PDT

• Good news: plugin sandboxing improving, and need for plugins decreasing (due to HTML5 and extensions)

## **Goodbye Flash**



"As of mid-October 2020, users started being prompted by Adobe to uninstall Flash Player on their machines since Flash-based content will be blocked from running in Adobe Flash Player after the EOL Date." <u>https://www.adobe.com/products/flashplayer/end-of-life.html</u>

#### What about Browser Extensions?

- Most things you use today are probably extensions
- Examples: AdBlock, Ghostery, Mailvelope
- Goal: Extend the functionality of the browser
- (Chrome:) Carefully designed security model to protect from malicious websites
  - Privilege separation: extensions consist of multiple components with welldefined communication
  - Least privilege: extensions request permissions

#### What about Browser Extensions?

 But be wary of malicious extensions: not subject to the same-origin policy – can inject code into any webpage!

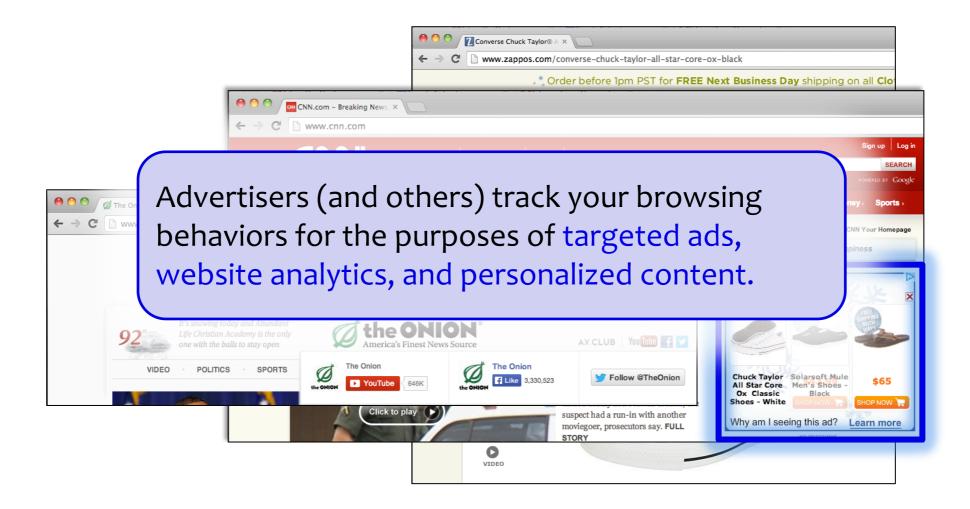
Add "Mailvelope"?						
It can: <ul> <li>Read and change all your data on the websites you visit</li> </ul>						
	Cancel	Add extension				

 Today: Extensions in flux – new "Manifest v3" specification from Google, trying to make things safer.

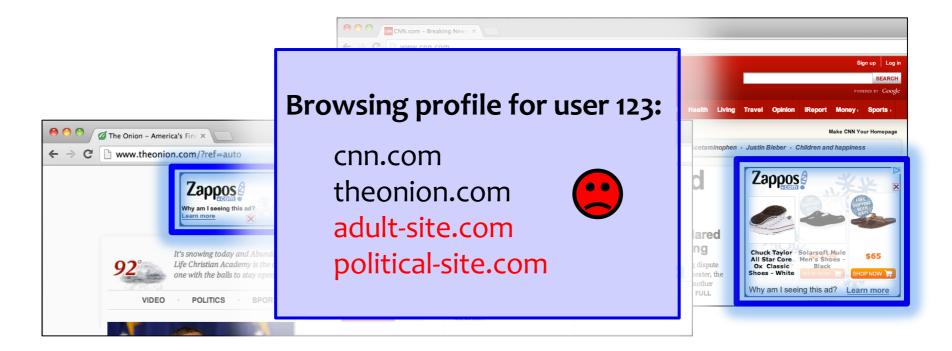
# Web Security Summary

- Browser security model
  - Browser sandbox: isolate web from local machine
  - Same origin policy: isolate web content from different domains
  - Also: Isolation for plugins and extensions
- Web application security
  - How (not) to build a secure website
- Next: web **privacy**

### **Ads That Follow You**



# **Third-Party Web Tracking**



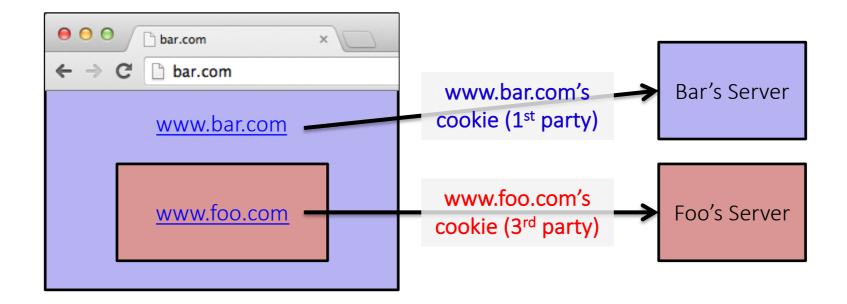
# These ads allow **criteo.com** to link your visits between sites, even if you never click on the ads.

### **Concerns About Privacy**

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL. WHAT THEY KNOW JULY 30, 2010 The Web's New Gold Mine: Your Secrets		es Vary Prices, Deals on Users' Information		
business d Microtargeting and fake news: in the bubble of				
Artice Online advertising		<b>Ehe New Hork Eimes</b> May 6, 2011, 5:01 pm 🗣 3 Comments		
By JULIA ANGWIN Hidden inside Ashley Big Data knows yo	ou're si	'Do Not Track' Privacy Bill Appears in Congress By TANZINA VEGA		
all to be put up for sa The file consists of a identifies her as a 26-year-old female in Nashville, Tenn.		And the privacy legislation just keeps on coming. On Friday, two bills were introduced in Washington in support of a Do Not Track mechanism that would give users control over how much of their data was collected by advertisers and other online companies.		

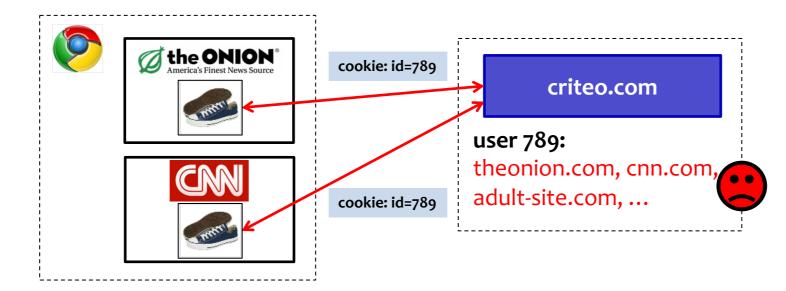
#### **Reminder: First and Third Parties**

- First-party cookie: belongs to top-level domain.
- Third-party cookie: belongs to domain of embedded content (such as image, iframe).



# **Cookies (etc.) Enable "Anonymous" Tracking**

Trackers included in other sites use third-party cookies containing unique identifiers to create browsing profiles.



# **Basic Tracking Mechanisms**

• Tracking requires:

(1) re-identifying a user.

(2) communicating id + visited site back to tracker.

V Hypertext Transfer Protocol
V GET /pixel/p-3aud4J6uA4Z6Y.gif?labels=InvisibleBox&busty=2710 HTTP/1.1\r\n
Host: pixel.quantserve.com\r\n
Connection: keep-alive\r\n
Accept: image/webp,\*/\*;q=0.8\r\n
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10\_9\_2) AppleWebKit/537.36
Referer: http://www.theonion.com/\r\n
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,sdch\r\n
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.8\r\n
Cookie: mc=52a65386-f1de1-00ade-0b26e; d=ENkBRgGHD4GYEA35MMIL74MKiyDs1A2MQI1Q

### Lots of Places to Store Identifiers...

- HTTP Cookies
- HTTP Auth
- HTTP Etags
- Content cache
- IE userData
- HTML5 protocol and content handlers
- HTML5 storage

- Flash cookies
- Silverlight storage
- TLS session ID & resume
- Browsing history
- window.name
- HTTP STS
- DNS cache
- "Zombie" cookies that respawn (<u>http://samy.pl/evercookie</u>)

# You Don't Need Identifiers: Fingerprinting

- User agent
- HTTP ACCEPT headers
- Browser plug-ins
- MIME support
- Clock skew

- Installed fonts
- Cookies enabled?
- Browser add-ons
- Screen resolution
- HTML5 canvas (differences in graphics SW/HW!)
- Etc. etc.

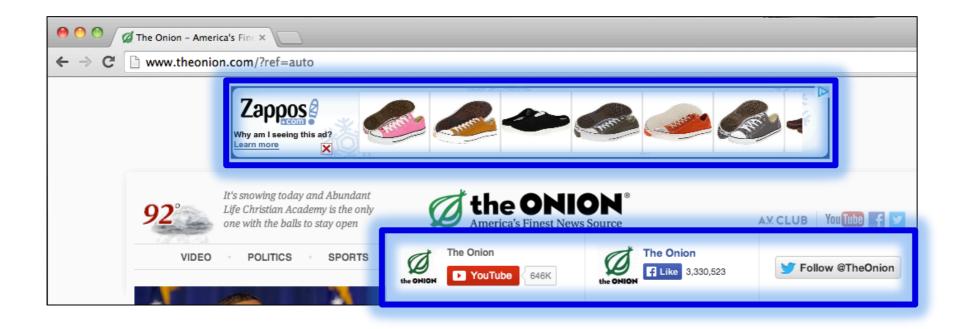
#### MY BROWSER FINGERPRINT

#### https://www.amiunique.org/fingerprint

#### SEE YOUR BROWSER FINGERPRINT PROPERTIES

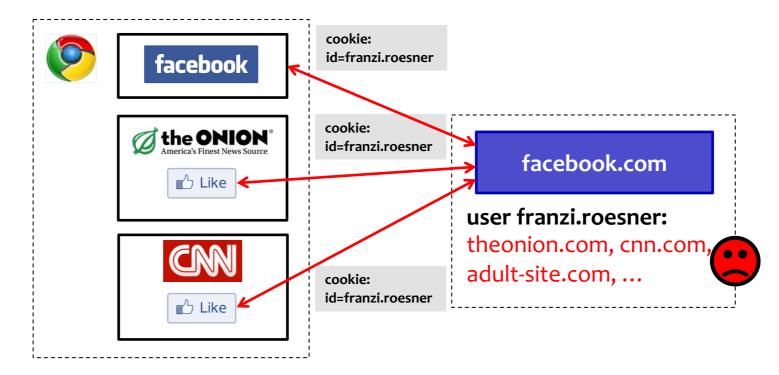
ARE YC	U UNIQUE ?					👲 DOWNLOAD	~ TIMELINE				
	TODAY	7 DAYS	15 DAYS	30 DAYS	90 DAYS		ALL TIME				
Yes! You	Yes! You are unique among the 2168672 fingerprints in our entire dataset.										
	JAVASCRIPT ATTRIBUTES										
	<b>Q</b> Search for an attribute										
	Attribute	Simila	rity ratio	Value							
	1 - User agent (i) 0.01 %		%	Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/119.0.0.0 Safari/537.36							
	2 - Platform	9.64	1 %	MacIntel							
	3 - Cookies enabled	88.4	40 %	<b>S</b>							
	4 - Timezone 👔	1.48	8 %	UTC-08:00							
	5 - Content language 🔋	0.03	3 %	en-US,de-DE,de,en							
	6 - Canvas 👔	0.35	5 %	Cwm fjordbank glyper vert quiz, ee Cwm fjordbank glyphs vext quiz, ee							
	7 - List of fonts (JS)	0.00	) %	Abadi MT Condensed Extra Bold Abadi MT Condensed Lig And 287 others	ht Al Bayan	Al Nile Al Tarikh					

#### **Other Trackers?**





# "Personal" Tracking



- Tracking is not anonymous (linked to accounts).
- Users directly visit tracker's site  $\rightarrow$  evades some defenses.