CSE 484: Computer Security and Privacy

## Software Security: Buffer Overflow Defenses

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#### Admin

- Homework 1: Due Tomorrow 11:45pm
- Lab 1:
  - Online: <u>https://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse484/21sp/assignments/lab</u> <u>1.pdf</u>
  - Try to form groups and do "Environment and Sign-Up" before quiz section

## Summary of Printf Risks

- Printf takes a variable number of arguments
  - E.g., printf("Here's an int: %d", 10);
- Assumptions about input can lead to trouble
  - E.g., printf(buf) when buf="Hello world" versus when buf="Hello world %d"
  - Can be used to advance printf's internal stack pointer
  - Can read memory
    - E.g., printf("%x") will print in hex format whatever printf's internal stack pointer is pointing to at the time
  - Can write memory
    - E.g., printf("Hello%n"); will write "5" to the memory location specified by whatever printf's internal SP is pointing to at the time

### How Can We Attack This?

```
foo() {
    char buf[...];
    strncpy(buf, readUntrustedInput(), sizeof(buf));
    printf(buf); //vulnerable
}

If format string contains % then
    printf will expect to find
    arguments here...

Saved FP ret/IP &buf buf Saved FP ret/IP Caller's frame

Printf's frame

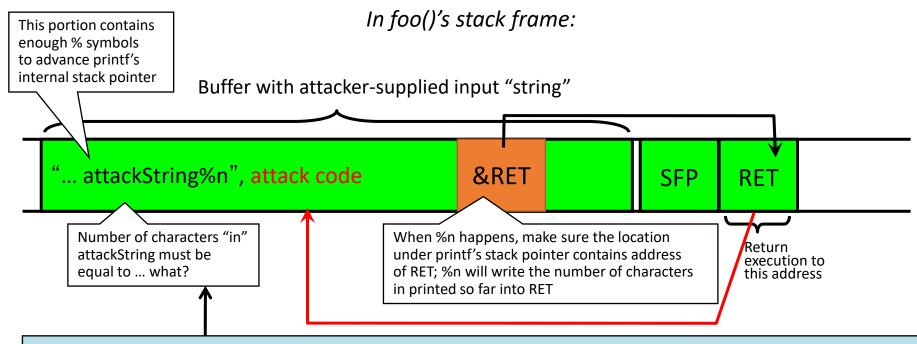
Addr OxFF...F
```

What should the string returned by readUntrustedInput() contain??

Go to Canvas Quiz for today!

Different compilers / compiler options / architectures might vary

#### Using %n to Overwrite Return Address



Why is "in" in quotes? C allows you to concisely specify the "width" to print, causing printf to pad by printing additional blank characters without reading anything else off the stack.

Example: printf("%5d%n", 10) will print three spaces followed by the integer: " 10" That is, the %n will write 5, not 2.

Key idea: do this 4 times with the right numbers to overwrite the return address byte-by-byte. (4x %n to write into &RET, &RET+1, &RET+2, &RET+3)

## The exploitation twilight zone

- During an exploitation attempt sometimes you have to 'let it run'
  - Overflow a buffer
  - Change things
  - Let program run for 'a bit'
  - Everything triggers!
- Printf exploit a perfect example

## Recommended Reading

- It will be hard to do Lab 1 without:
  - Reading (see course schedule):
    - Smashing the Stack for Fun and Profit
    - Exploiting Format String Vulnerabilities
  - Attending section

#### Buffer Overflow: Causes and Cures

- Classical memory exploit involves code injection
  - Put malicious code at a predictable location in memory, usually masquerading as data
  - Trick vulnerable program into passing control to it

#### Possible defenses:

- 1. Prevent execution of untrusted code
- 2. Stack "canaries"
- 3. Encrypt pointers
- 4. Address space layout randomization
- 5. Code analysis
- 6. ...

## Defense: Executable Space Protection

- Mark all writeable memory locations as non-executable
  - Example: Microsoft's Data Execution Prevention (DEP)
  - This blocks many code injection exploits
- Hardware support
  - AMD "NX" bit (no-execute), Intel "XD" bit (executed disable) (in post-2004 CPUs)
  - Makes memory page non-executable
- Widely deployed
  - Windows XP SP2+ (2004), Linux since 2004 (check distribution), OS X 10.5+ (10.4 for stack but not heap), Android 2.3+

# What Does "Executable Space Protection" Not Prevent?

- Can still corrupt stack ...
  - ... or function pointers
  - ... or critical data on the heap
- As long as RET points into existing code, executable space protection will not block control transfer!
  - → return-to-libc exploits

#### return-to-libc

- Overwrite saved ret (IP) with address of any library routine
  - Arrange stack to look like arguments
- Does not look like a huge threat

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Canvas in-class activity, April 6!

#### return-to-libc

- Overwrite saved ret (IP) with address of any library routine
  - Arrange stack to look like arguments
- Does not look like a huge threat
  - ...
  - We can call any function we want!
  - Say, exec ©

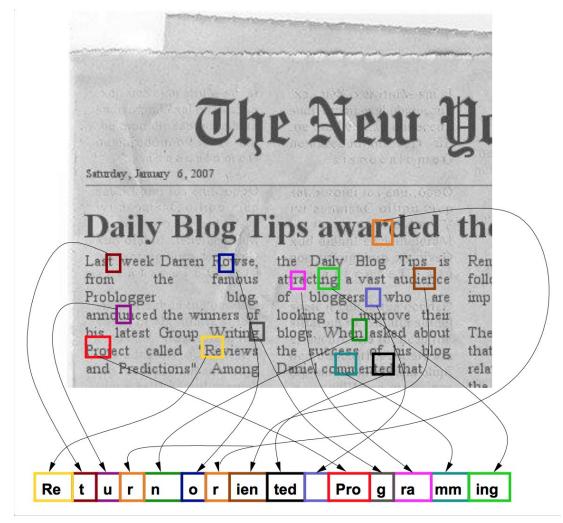
#### return-to-libc++

- Insight: Overwritten saved EIP need not point to the beginning of a library routine
- Any existing instruction in the code image is fine
  - Will execute the sequence starting from this instruction
- What if instruction sequence contains RET?
  - Execution will be transferred... to where?
  - Read the word pointed to by stack pointer (SP)
    - Guess what? Its value is under attacker's control!
  - Use it as the new value for IP
    - Now control is transferred to an address of attacker's choice!
  - Increment SP to point to the next word on the stack

## Chaining RETs

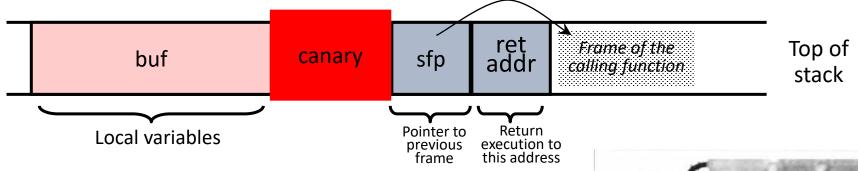
- Can chain together sequences ending in RET
  - Krahmer, "x86-64 buffer overflow exploits and the borrowed code chunks exploitation technique" (2005)
- What is this good for?
- Answer [Shacham et al.]: everything
  - Turing-complete language
  - Build "gadgets" for load-store, arithmetic, logic, control flow, system calls
  - Attack can perform arbitrary computation using no injected code at all return-oriented programming

## Return-Oriented Programming



## Defense: Run-Time Checking: StackGuard

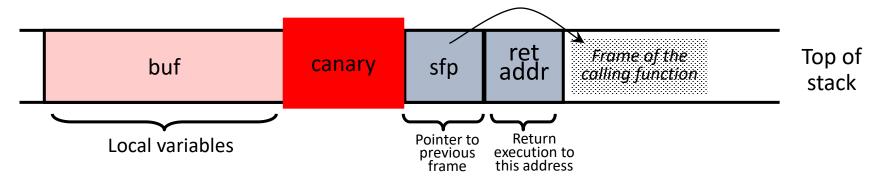
- Embed "canaries" (stack cookies) in stack frames and verify their integrity prior to function return
  - Any overflow of local variables will damage the canary





## Defense: Run-Time Checking: StackGuard

- Embed "canaries" (stack cookies) in stack frames and verify their integrity prior to function return
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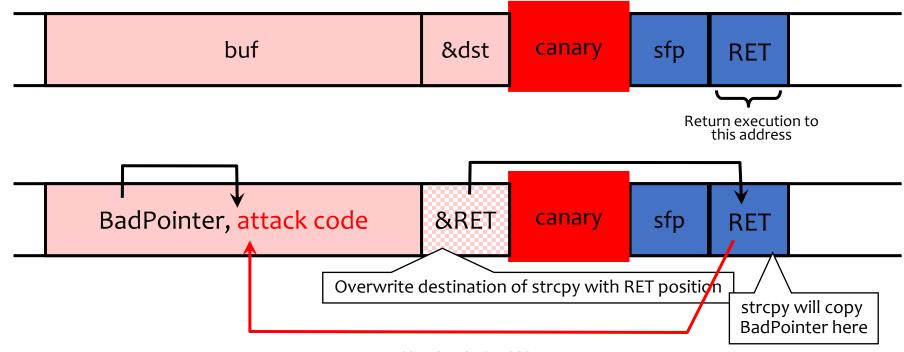
- Choose random canary string on program start
  - Attacker can't guess what the value of canary will be
- Canary contains: "\o", newline, linefeed, EOF
  - String functions like strcpy won't copy beyond "\o"

## StackGuard Implementation

- StackGuard requires code recompilation
- Checking canary integrity prior to every function return causes a performance penalty
  - For example, 8% for Apache Web server at one point in time
- Canvas Quiz

## Defeating StackGuard

- StackGuard can be defeated
  - A single memory write where the attacker controls both the value and the destination is sufficient
- Suppose program contains copy(buf,attacker-input) and copy(dst,buf)
  - Example: dst is a local pointer variable
  - Attacker controls both buf and dst



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