

CSE 481i Winter 2019

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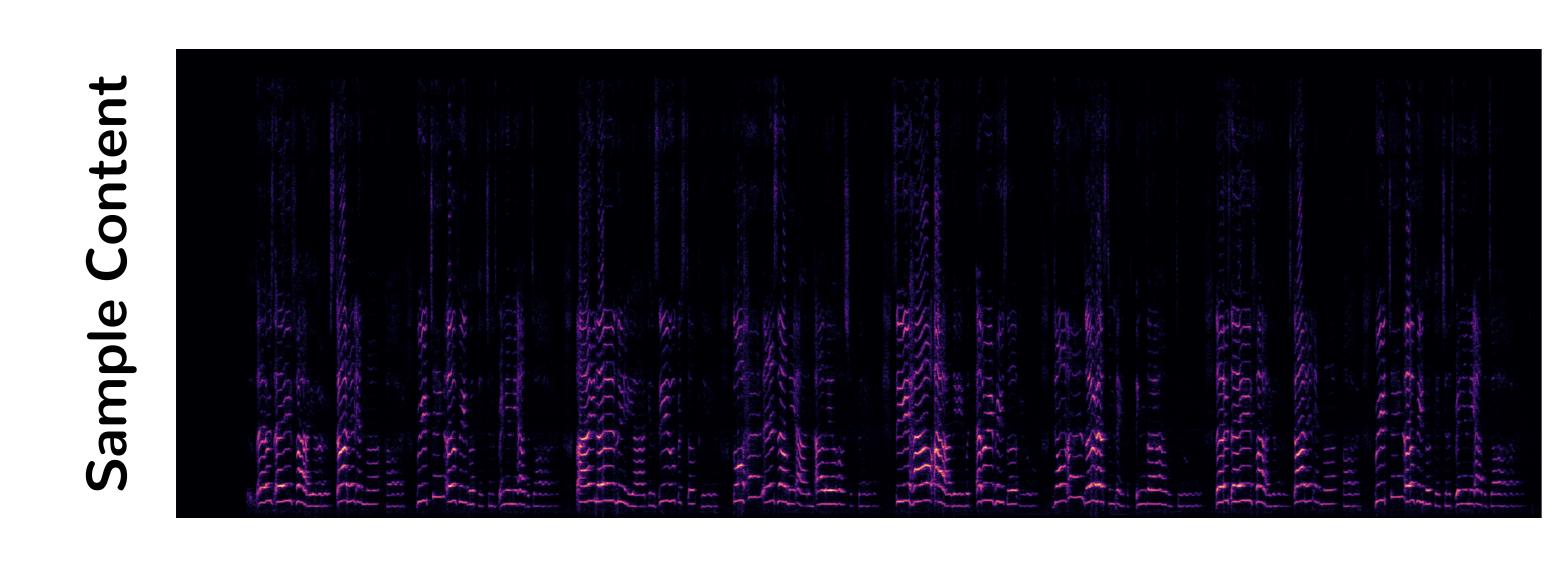
Problem & Use Case

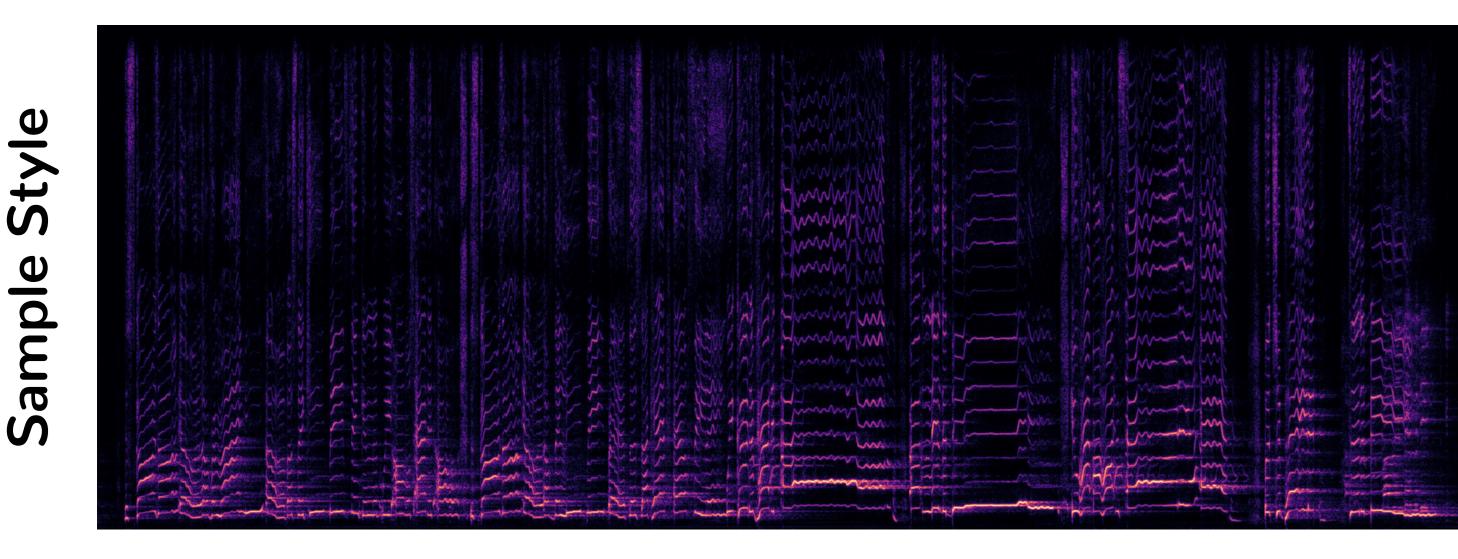
The problem of image style transfer has been widely studied. We develop a method to perform style transfer for monophonic singing audio.

The target use case is music production—for example, stylizing an unprofessional singer to match a professional recording.

Data Representation

We represent audio as linear-frequency spectrograms:





The majority of available singing data is non-parallel (and we use this for training), but we have also prepared a small amount of parallel data for evaluating our model.

Featurization

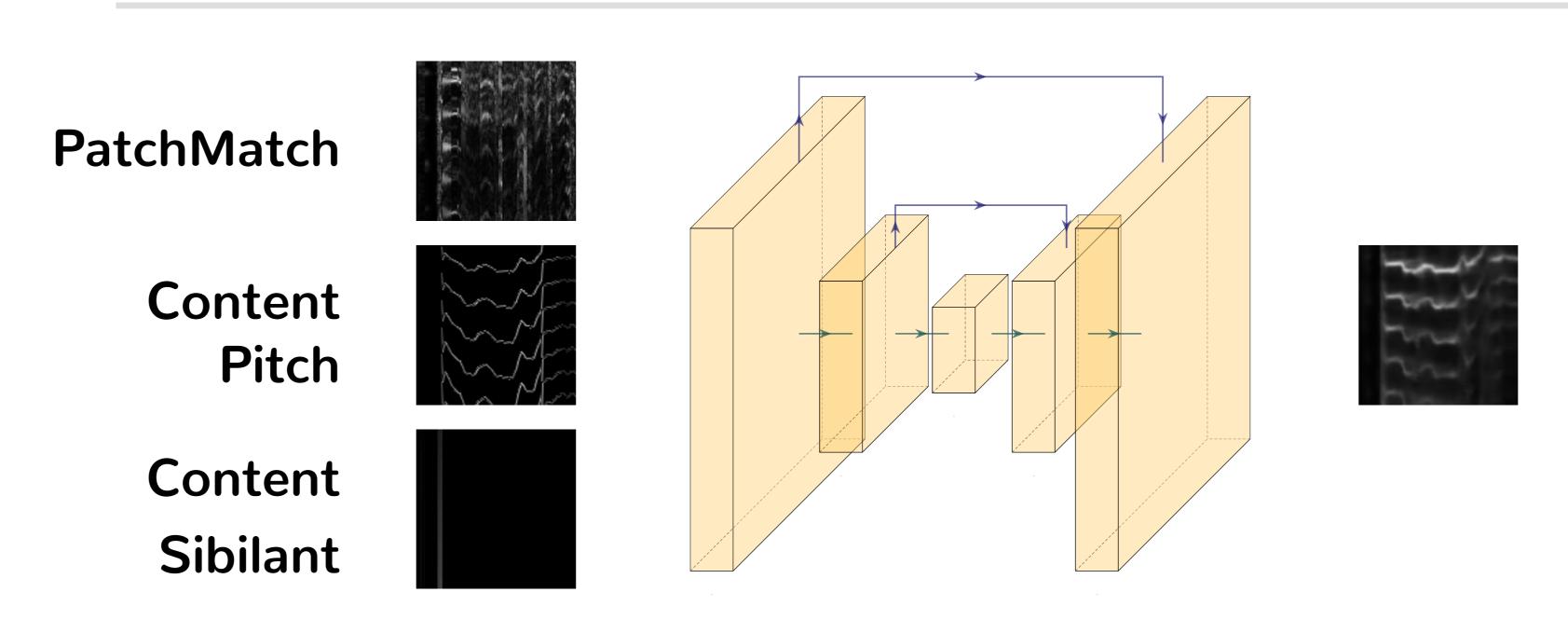
We use the phoneme classifier from *Speaking like Kate Winslet* to featurize the input and style audio.



Spectral PatchMatch

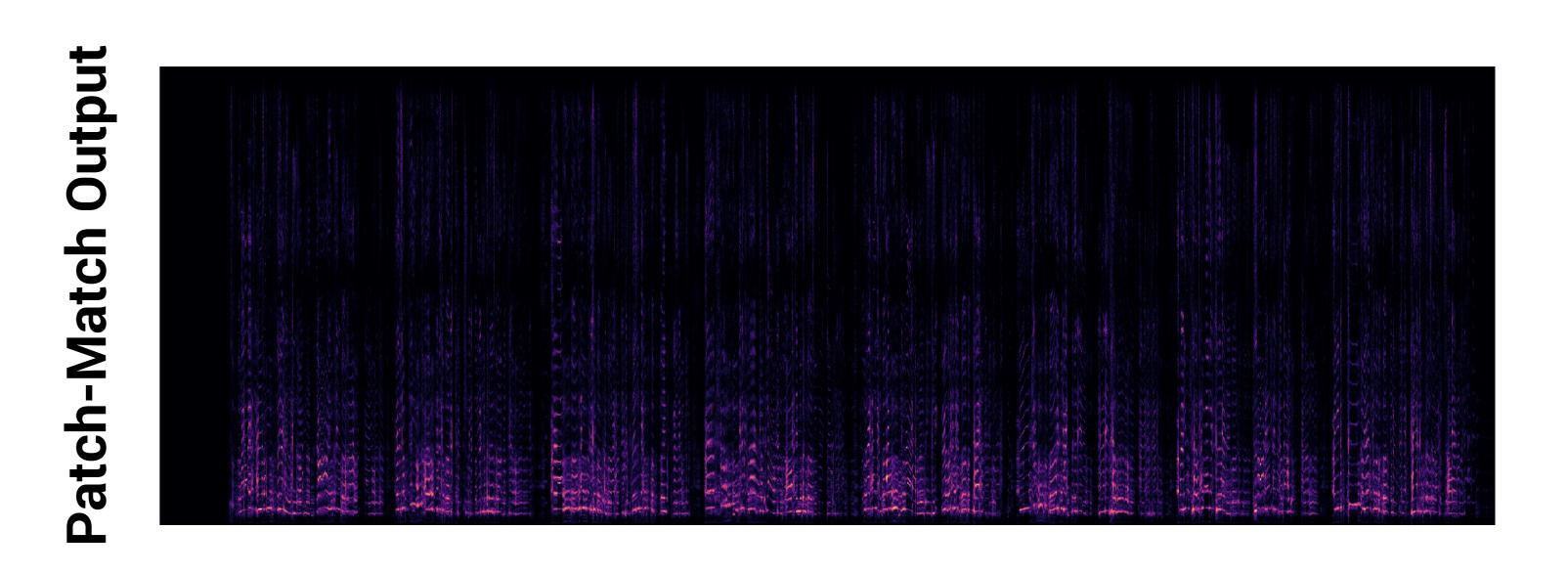
Inspired by *Deep Image Analogy*, our patch-matching component reconstructs the content using pitched slices of the style. Patch correspondences are selected using PatchMatch on the featurizer output.

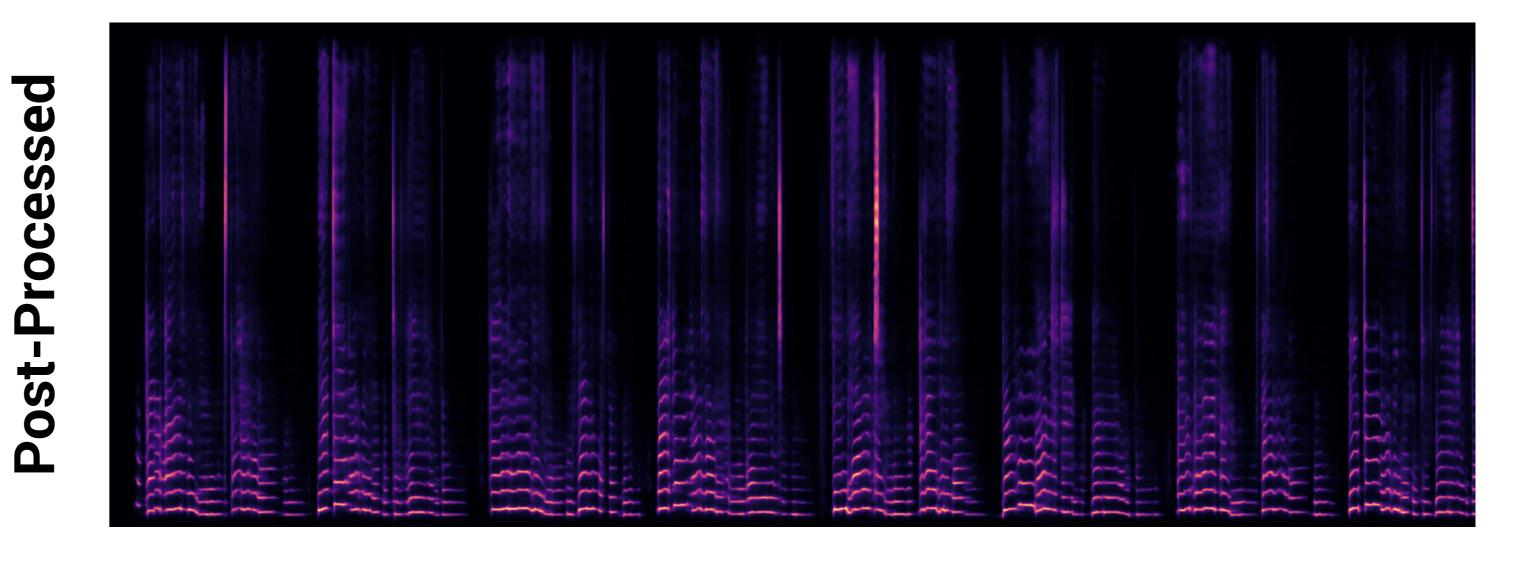
Post-Processing Network

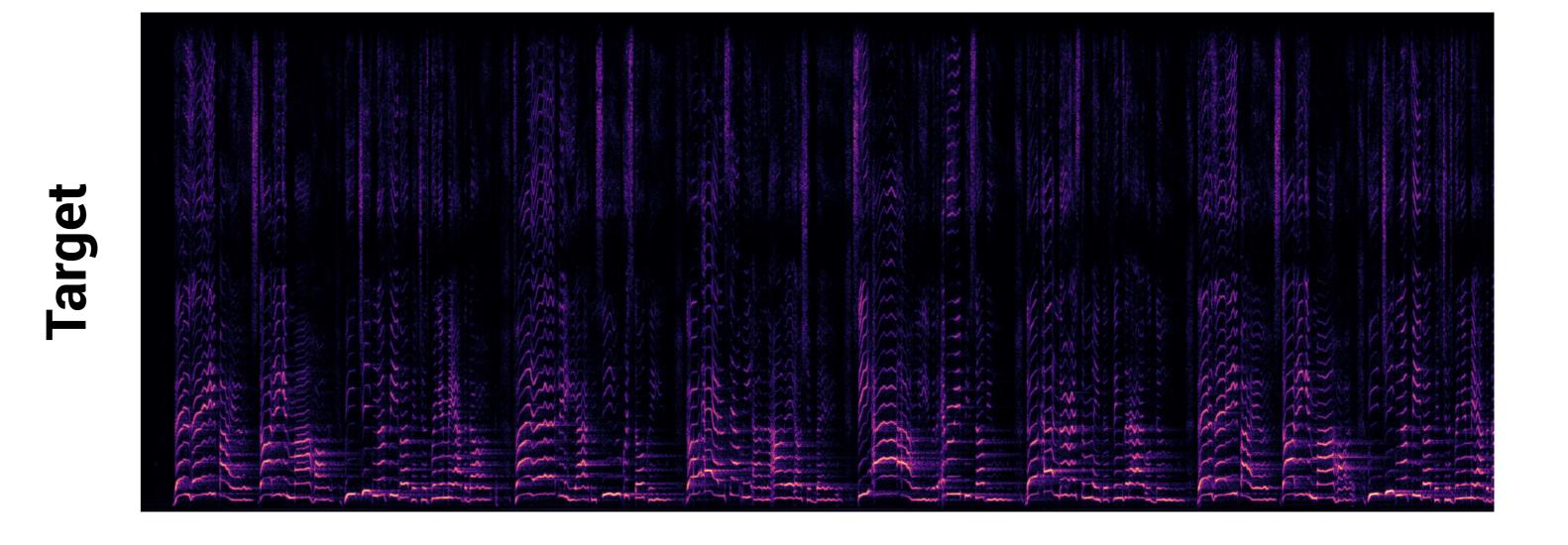


We use a simple U-net style post-processor to improve smoothness of the output spectrograms. The network takes in the PatchMatched spectrogram as well as channels indicating pitch curves and sibilant locations, and produces a smoothed output spectrogram.

Results







Future Work

- Spectral PatchMatch: we use a simple version of PatchMatch based on the original paper. *Deep Image Analogy* uses a multi-scale bidirectional PatchMatch with content blending, which should be used instead.
- Post Processing & Phase: the post-processor should be trained to predict plausible phase as well as amplitude, and should be capable of producing sharper output spectrograms.