



CSE 481C Robotics Capstone



Imitation Learning in Humanoid Robots

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<http://www.cs.washington.edu/cse481c>

What's on our plate today?

- Goals of this course
- Logistics & grading
- What is imitation learning?
- Some inspirational and not-so-inspirational examples from the web

Goals of the course

- To program a humanoid robot to imitate and learn new skills from human demonstration using a Kinect RGB+depth camera
- Learn how to solve sub-problems of (1) human motion interpretation from video, (2) control of a humanoid robot, and (3) application of probabilistic and machine learning techniques to imitation.
- Three teams of 4-5 students each.
- Two warm-up projects before you embark on a final course project of your choice.

Projects

1. Lab 0
 - Installation of software for Kinect and NAO, and basic testing [Today and tomorrow]
2. Warm up projects 1 and 2
 - Demo + Report for each
3. Final Project
 - Proposal + Demo + Report

Tentative Teams (semi-random assignment)

- Team 1: Chu, Davis, Goh, Oman, Sackler
- Team 2: Green, Ho, Scheibel, Sloan
- Team 3: Brook, Dodge, Peterson, Wu

- Contact instructor and TA today if you want to switch teams

Grading

10% Class and team meeting participation

30% Warm-up assignments

20% Final project proposal + final report

40% Final project presentation and demo

Prerequisites

Willingness to read, listen, and learn!

Good work ethic, team player, ability to get things done!

“Sky is the limit”-type can-do attitude!

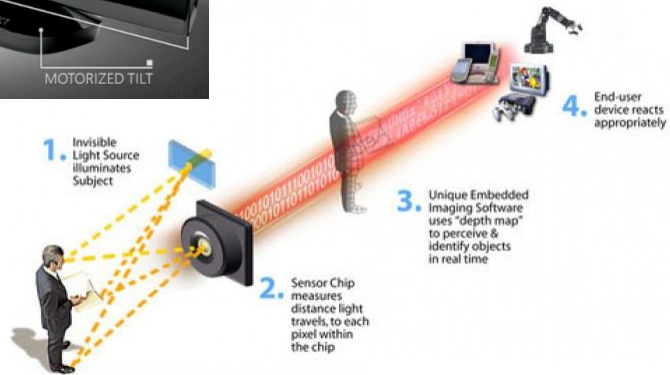
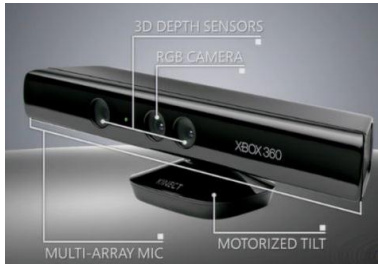
Useful skills/knowledge:

- C# (easy to learn if you already know Java or C++)
- Linear algebra
- Computer vision or image processing
- Statistical Methods for CS
- AI and machine learning

Enuff logistics, let's begin!



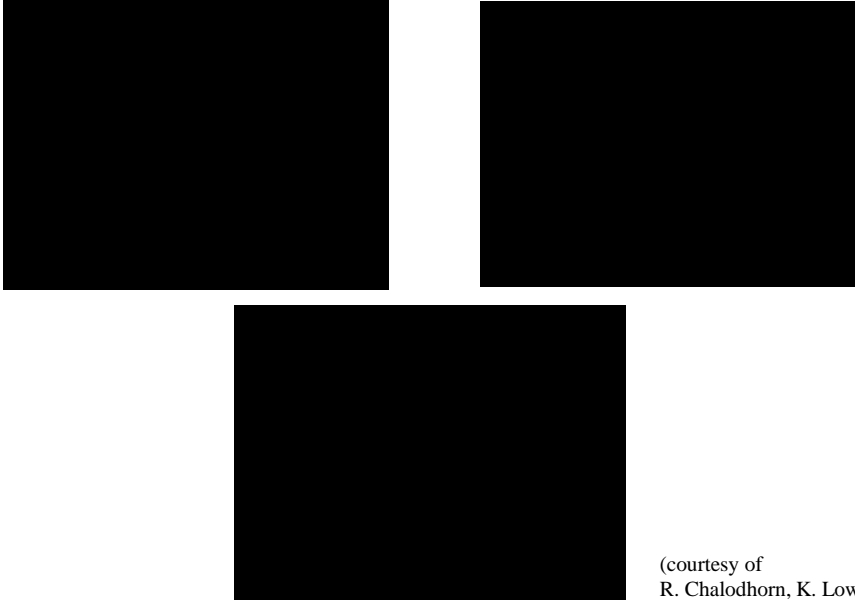
Kinect RGB-D camera



RGB + Depth Images



Skeletal Tracking using Kinect



The NAO humanoid robot

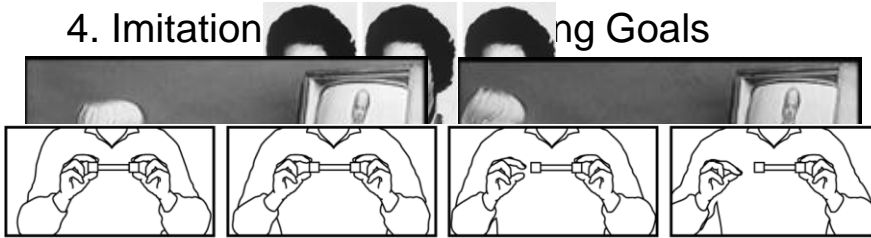
[NAO commercial video](#)

What is imitation learning?

Imitation in Humans

A four-stage progression of imitative abilities has been observed in human infants by Meltzoff and colleagues (Meltzoff, 2002):

1. Body Babbling
2. Imitation of Body Movements
3. Imitation of Actions on Objects
4. Imitation of Intentional Goals



What is the state-of-the-art right NAO?

Kinect-Based Control of NAO

[Kinect upper body controller for NAO \(Eg. 1\)](#)

[Kinect upper body controller for NAO \(Eg. 2\)](#)

[Kinect gesture-based control of NAO](#)

[Kinect-based following & pick-and-place tasks](#)

[\(Somewhat painful\) Banana cutting demo](#)

Stable Full-Body Imitation

[Example 1 \(using a NAO but not Kinect\)](#)

[Example 2 \(using Kinect and a small humanoid\)](#)

Can we do better?

Final Project Ideas

- Stable Full-Body Imitation *Learning of Human Actions*
- Gaze Following and Pointing-Based Knowledge Acquisition from Humans
- Goal-Based Imitation of Human Actions (e.g., on objects) and Sequential Task Learning
- [...feel free to fill in]

Today and tomorrow

- Installation of Kinect SDK and NAO SDK on lab computers (in CSE 345)
- Basic testing of Kinect, NAO simulator, and NAO pre-programmed behaviors