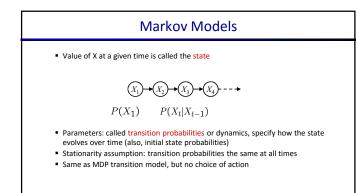
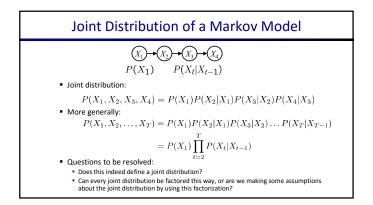
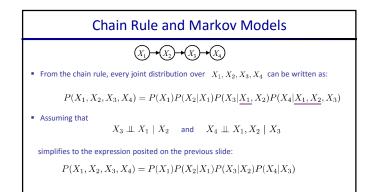


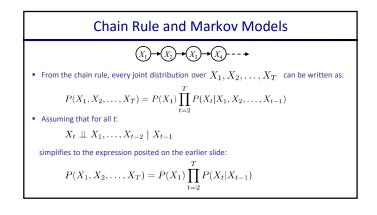


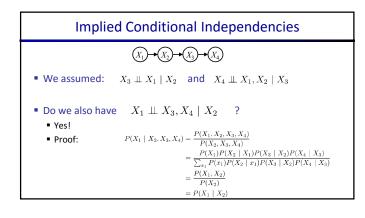
- Often, we want to reason about a sequence of observations
  - Speech recognition
  - Robot localization
  - User attention
  - Medical monitoring
- Need to introduce time (or space) into our models

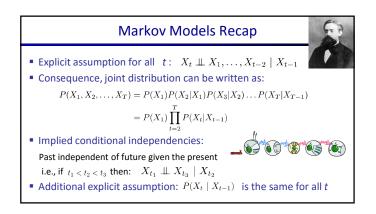


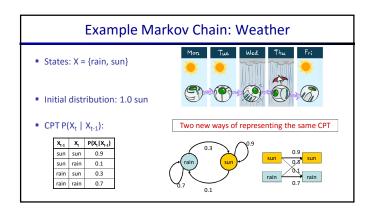


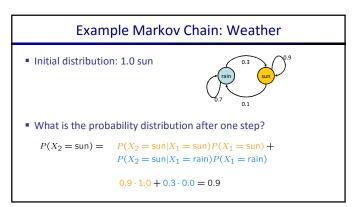


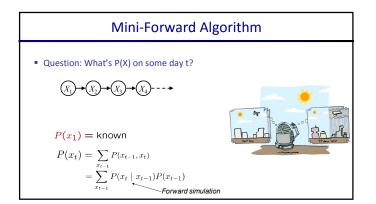


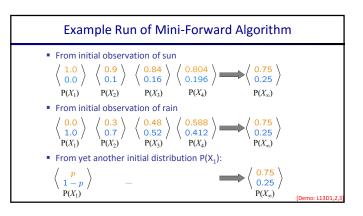


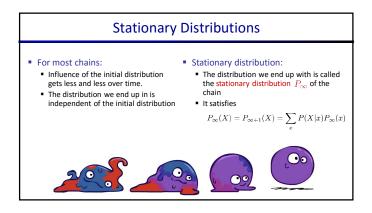


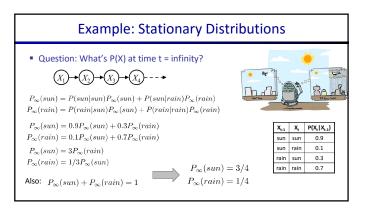












| Application of Stationary Distribution: Web Link Analysis   |
|---|
| <ul> <li>PageRank over a web graph <ul> <li>Each web page is a state</li> <li>Initial distribution: uniform over pages</li> <li>Transitions: <ul> <li>With prob. c, uniform jump to a random good (dotted lines, not all shown)</li> <li>With prob. 1-c, follow a random outlink (solid lines)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Stationary distribution <ul> <li>Will spend more time on highly reachable pages</li> <li>E.g. many ways to get to the Acrobat Reader download page</li> <li>Somewhat robust to link spam</li> <li>Google 1.0 returned the set of pages containing all your keywords in decreasing rank, now all search engines use link ranalysis along with many other factors (rank actually getting less important over time)</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul> |