Chapter 2 Agents & Environments

Outline

- Agents and environments
- Rationality
- PEAS specification
- Environment types
- Agent types

Agents

An agent is anything that can be viewed as perceiving its environment through sensors and acting upon that environment through actuators

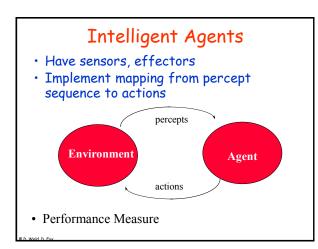
Human agent:

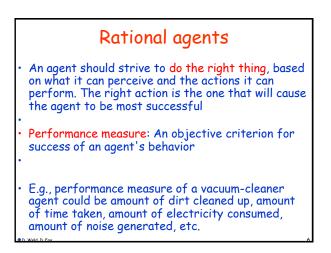
eyes, ears, and other organs for sensors hands,legs, mouth, and other body parts for actuators

Robotic agent:

cameras and laser range finders for sensors various motors for actuators







Ideal rational agent

"For each possible percept sequence, does whatever action is expected to maximize its performance measure on the basis of evidence perceived so far and built-in knowledge."

Rationality vs omniscience?
Acting in order to obtain valuable information

Autonomy

An agent is autonomous to the extent that its behavior is determined by its own experience (with ability to learn and adapt)

Why is this important?

PEAS: Specifying Task Environments

- PEAS: Performance measure, Environment, Actuators, Sensors
- Must first specify the setting for intelligent agent design
- Consider, e.g., the task of designing an automated taxi driver:

Performance measure

Environment Actuators Sensors

PEAS

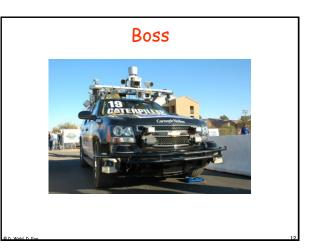
- Agent: Automated taxi driver
- Performance measure: Safe, fast, legal, comfortable trip, maximize profits
- Environment: Roads, other traffic, pedestrians, customers
- Actuators: Steering wheel, accelerator, brake, signal, horn

Sensors:

Cameras, sonar, speedometer, GPS, odometer, engine sensors, keyboard

DARPA Urban Challenge: 11/2007





Stanley



DARPA Urban Challenge



DARPA Urban Challenge



PEAS

- Agent: Medical diagnosis system
- Performance measure: Healthy patient, minimize costs, lawsuits
- Environment: Patient, hospital, staff
- Actuators: Screen display (questions, tests, diagnoses, treatments, referrals)
- Sensors: Keyboard (entry of symptoms, findings, patient's answers)

Properties of Environments

- Observability: full vs. partial vs. non
- Deterministic vs. stochastic
- Episodic vs. sequential
- Static vs. ... vs. dynamic
- Discrete vs. continuous

RoboCup-99: Stockholm, Sweden Final



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RoboCup vs. Chess Ferbar• Csemi-) Static • Deterministic • Observable • Discrete • Sequential

Agent functions and programs

- An agent is completely specified by the agent function mapping percept sequences to actions
- One agent function (or a small equivalence class) is rational
- Aim: find a way to implement the rational agent function concisely



Simple reflex agents

