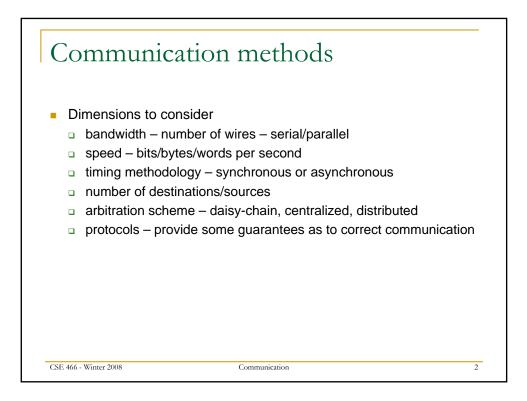
## Communication methods

- Communication methods
  - Media and signalling conventions used to transmit data between digital devices
  - Different physical layers methods including:
  - wires, radio frequency (RF), optical (IR)
  - Different encoding schemes including:
    - amplitude, frequency, and pulse-width modulation

Waveform



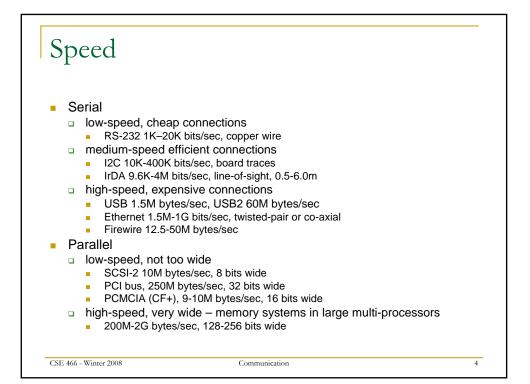
## Bandwidth

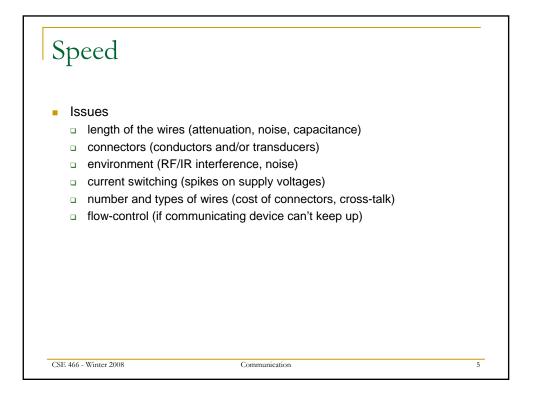
## Serial

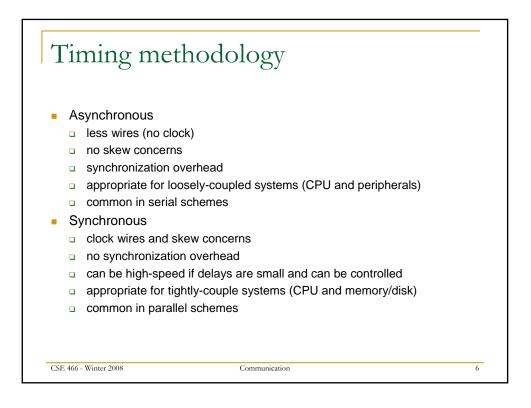
- Single wire or channel to trasmit information one bit at a time
- Requires synchronization between sender and receiver
- Sometimes includes extra wires for clock and/or handshaking
- Good for inexpensive connections (e.g., terminals)
- Good for long-distance connections (e.g., LANs)
- Examples: RS-232, Ethernet, I2C, IrDA, USB, Firewire, Bluetooth
- Parallel
  - Multiple wires to transmit information one byte or word at a time
  - Good for high-bandwidth requirements (CPU to disk)
  - More expensive wiring/connectors/current requirements
  - □ Examples: SCSI-2, PCI bus (PC), PCMCIA (Compact Flash)
- Issues
  - □ Encoding, data transfer rates, cost of connectors and wires, modularity, error detection and/or correction Communication

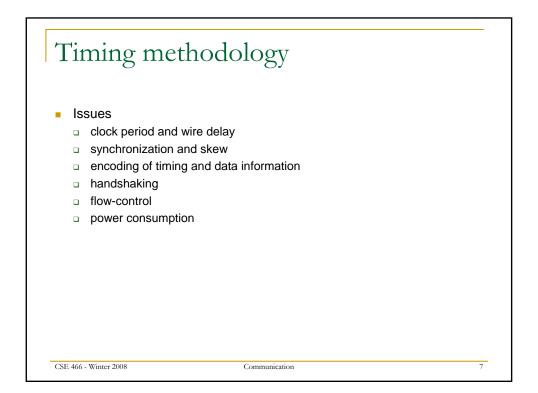
3

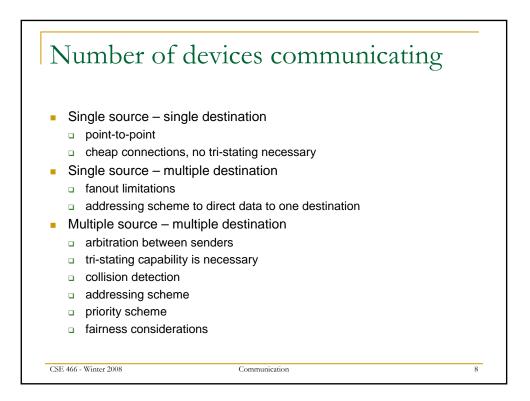
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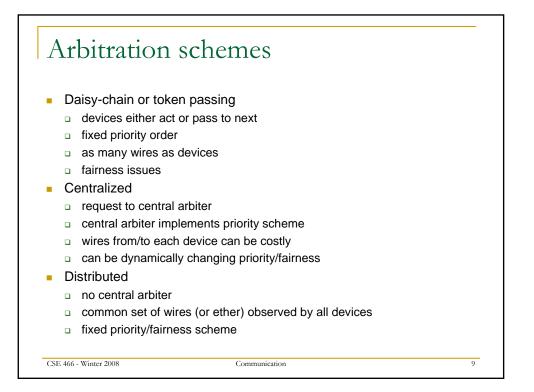


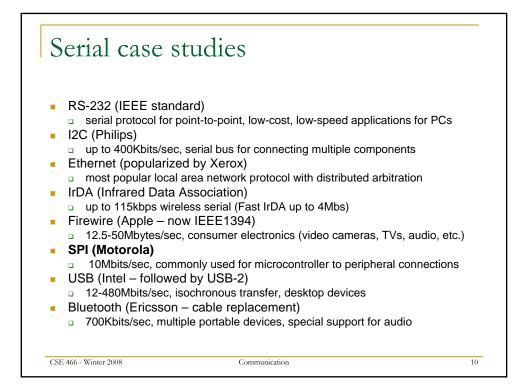


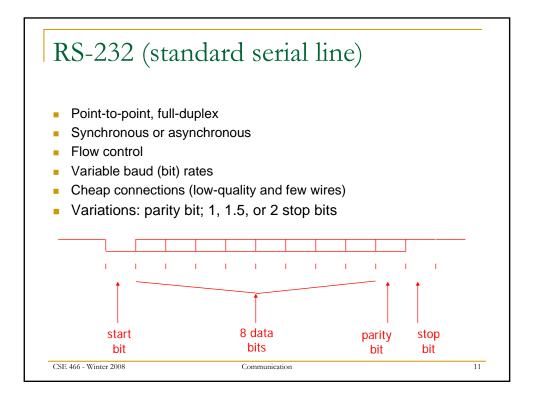


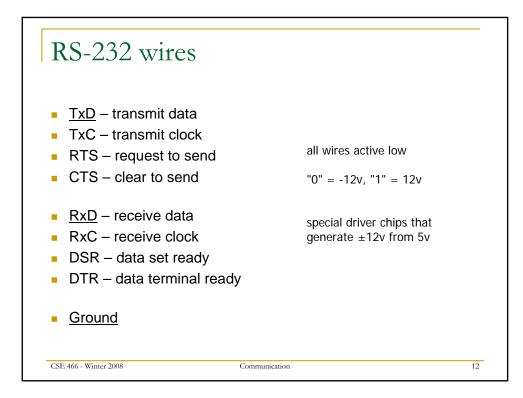


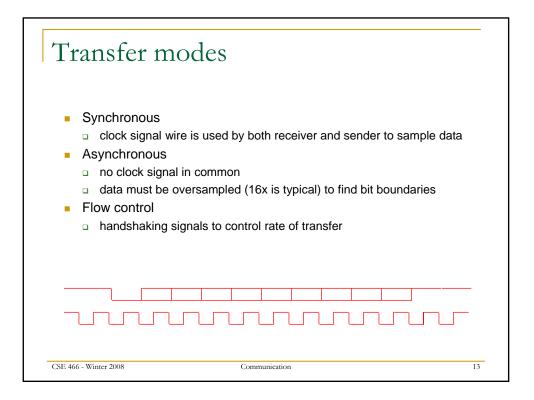


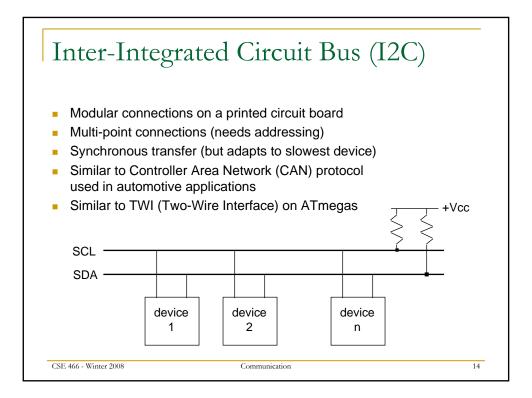


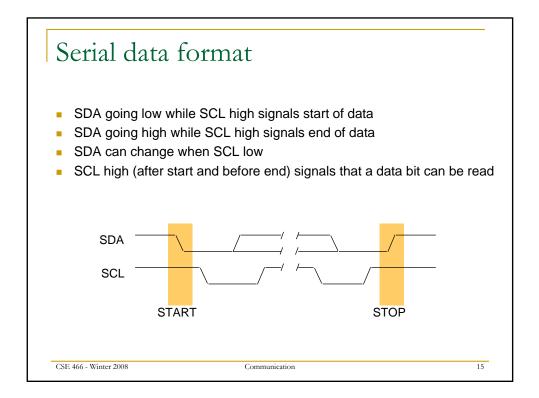


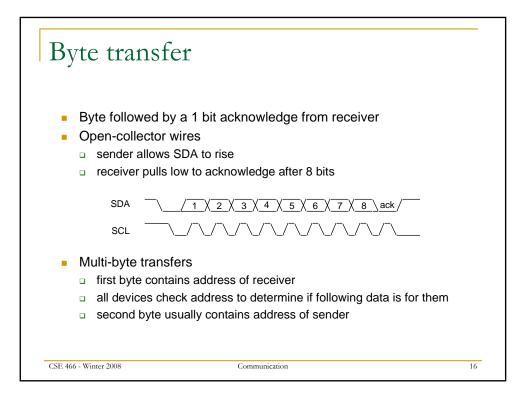


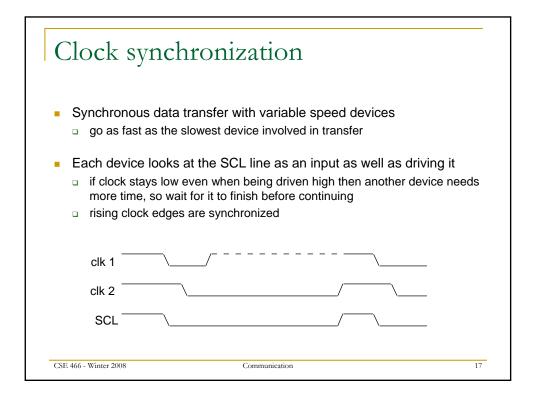


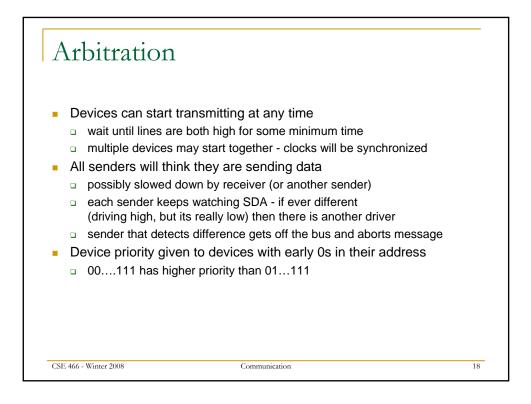


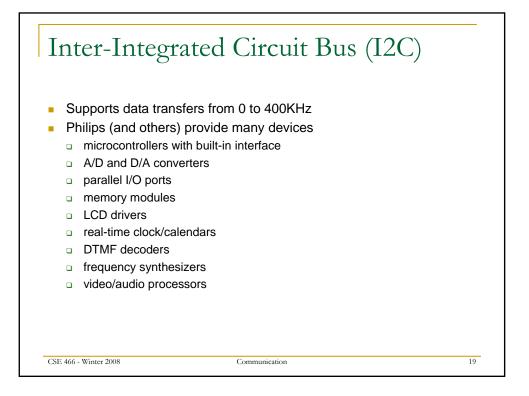


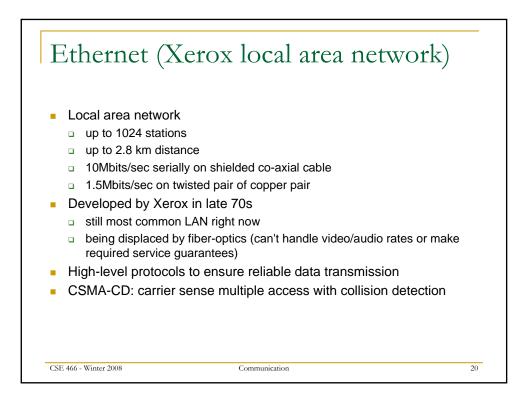


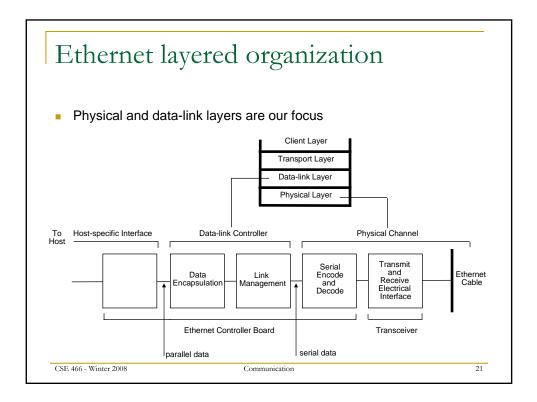


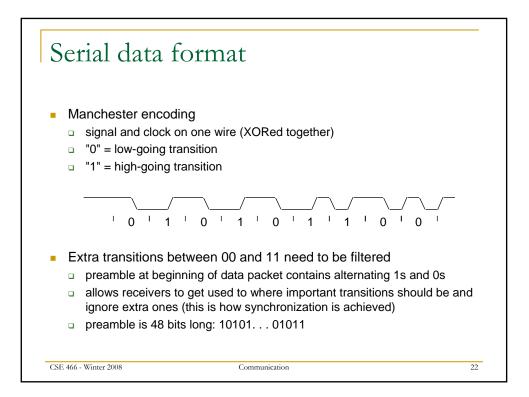


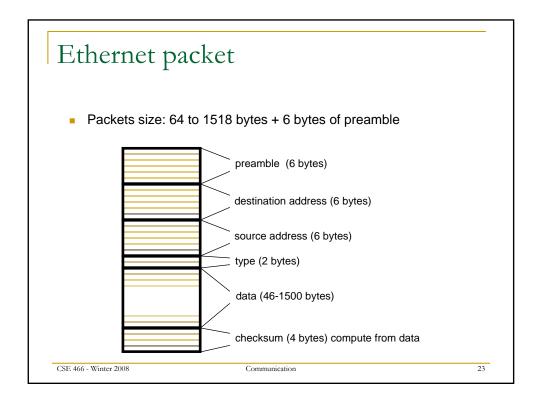


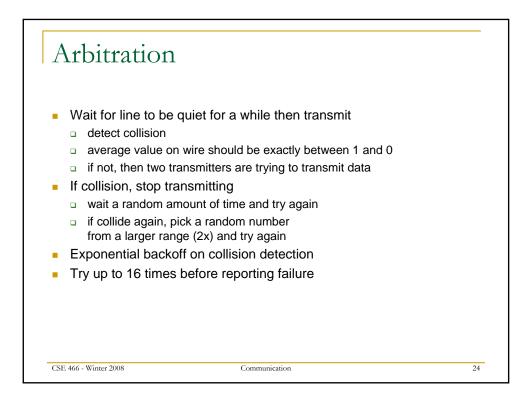


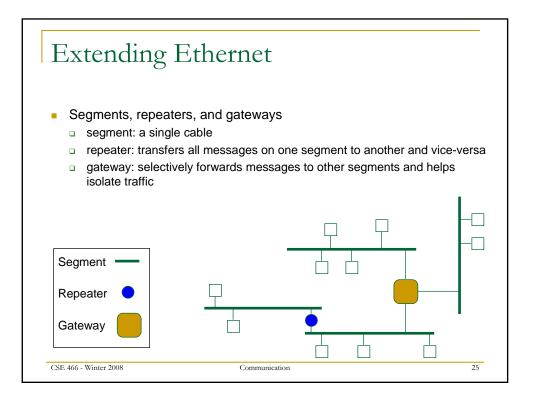


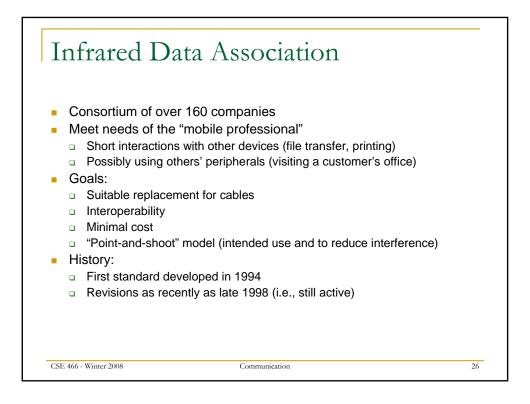


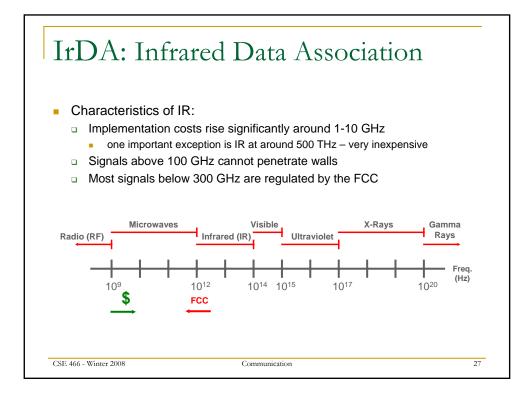


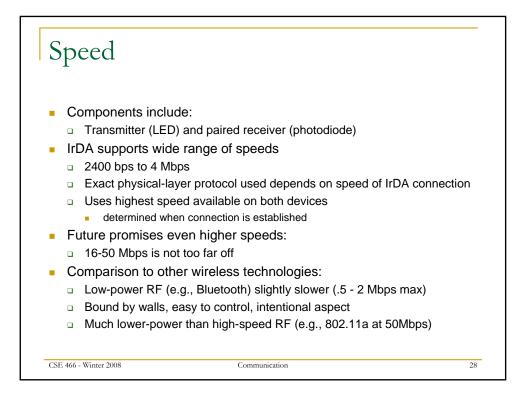


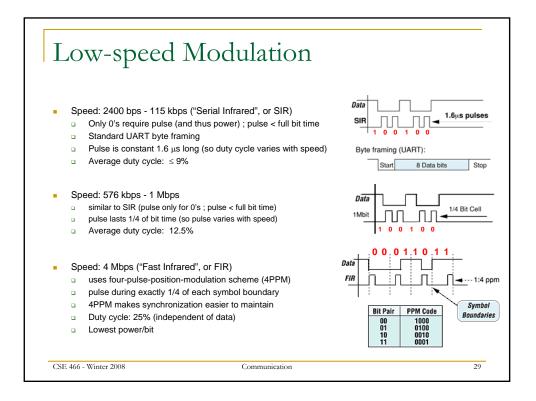


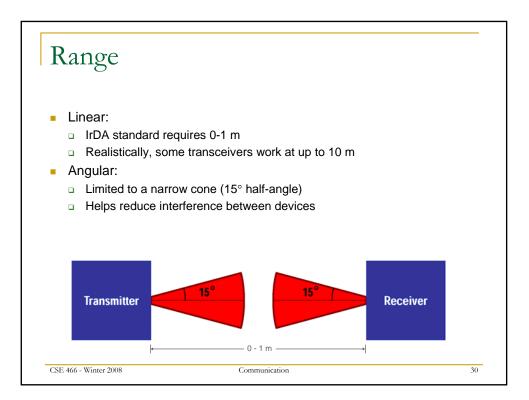


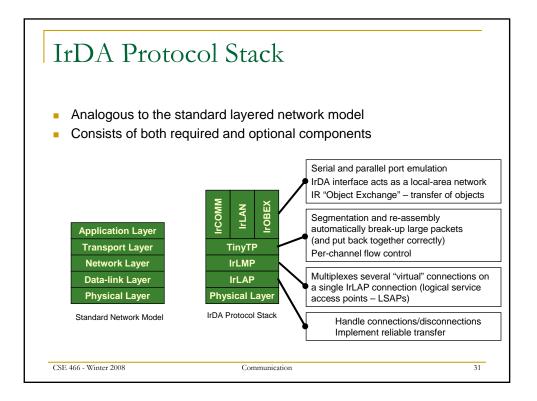


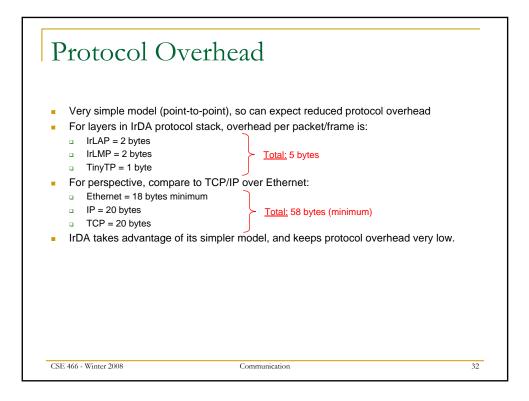


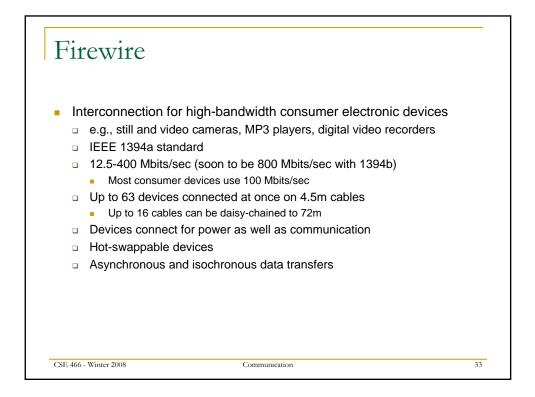


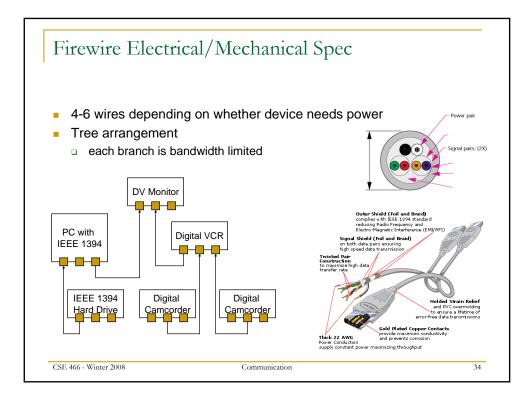


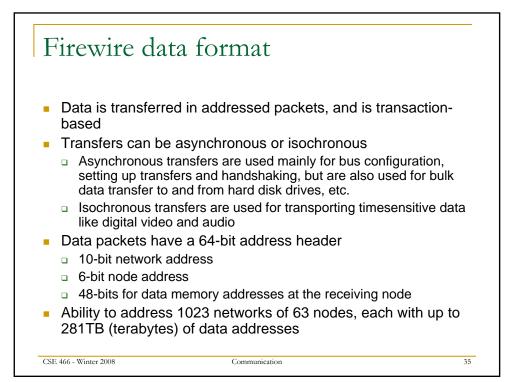


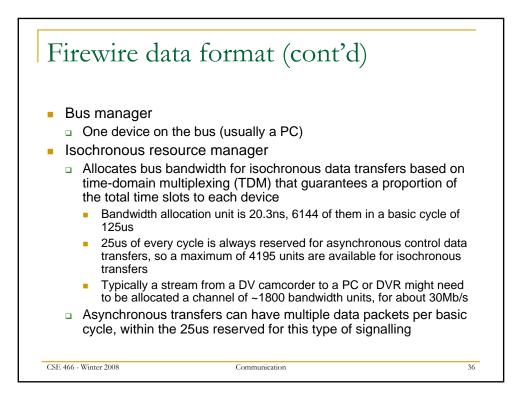


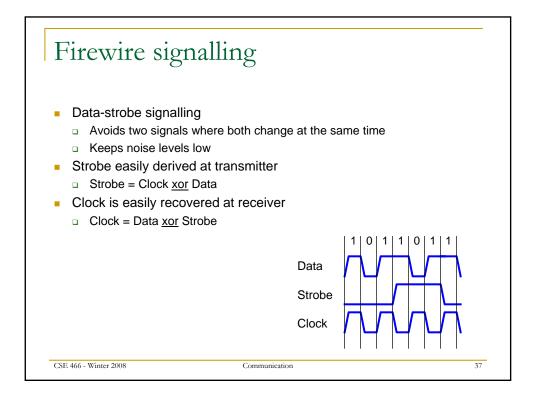


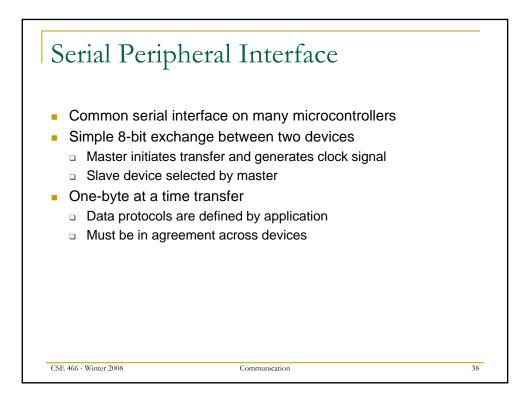


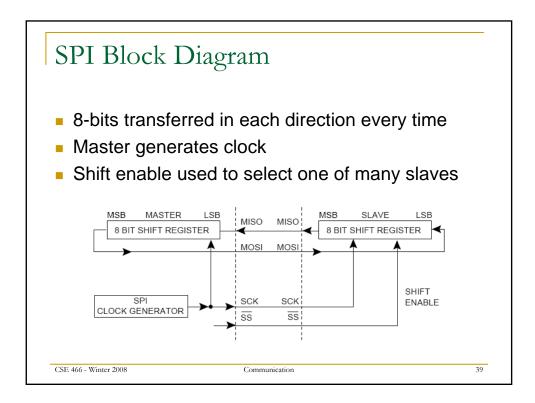


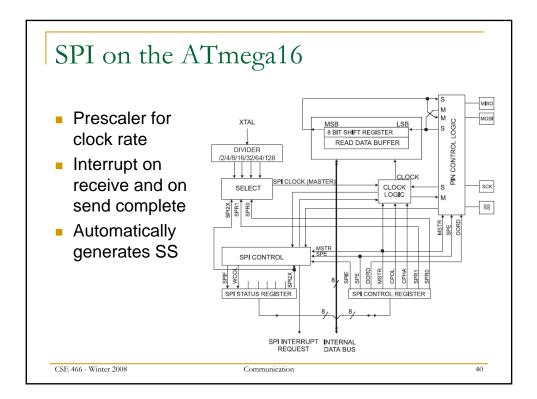


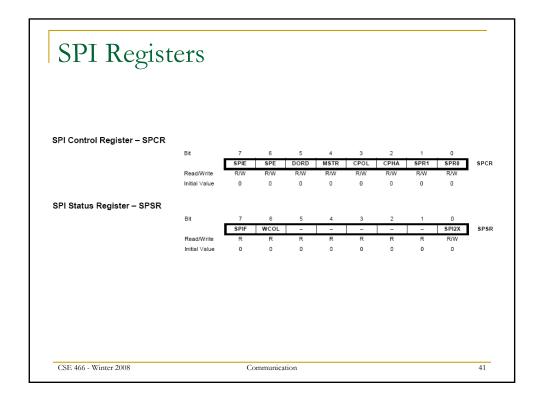


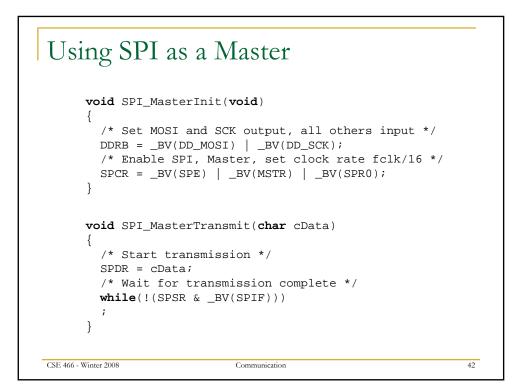




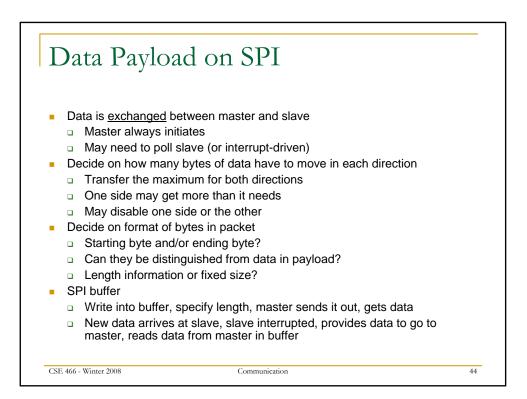




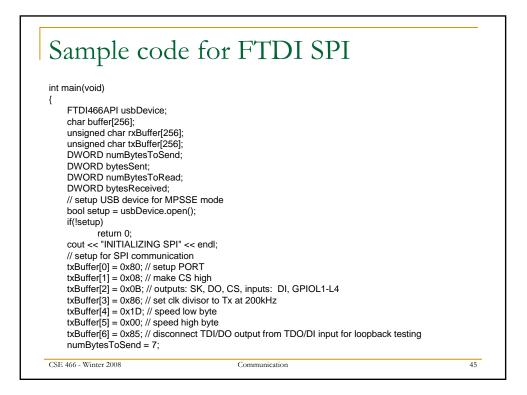


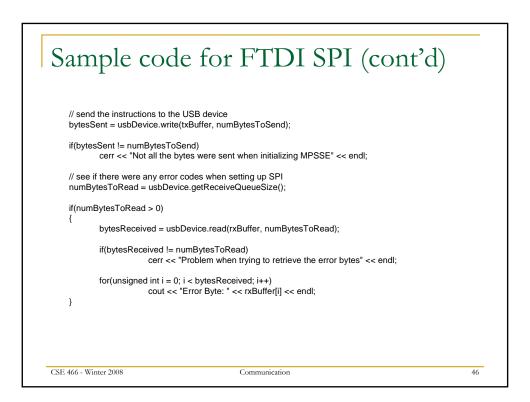


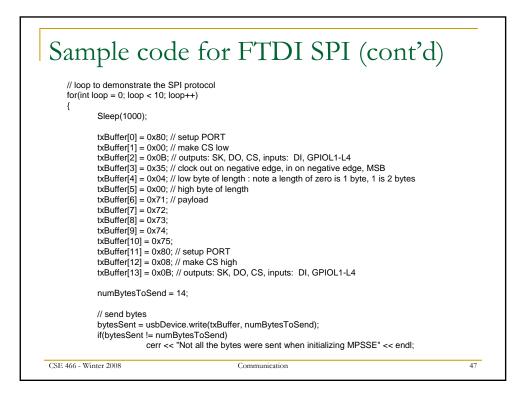
```
Using SPI as a Slave
      void SPI_SlaveInit(void)
      {
        /* Set MISO output, all others input */
        DDRB = _BV(DD_MISO);
        /* Enable SPI */
        SPCR = _BV(SPE);
      }
      char SPI_SlaveReceive(void)
      ł
        /* Wait for reception complete */
        while(!(SPSR & _BV(SPIF)))
        /* Return data register */
        return SPDR;
      }
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                            Communication
```

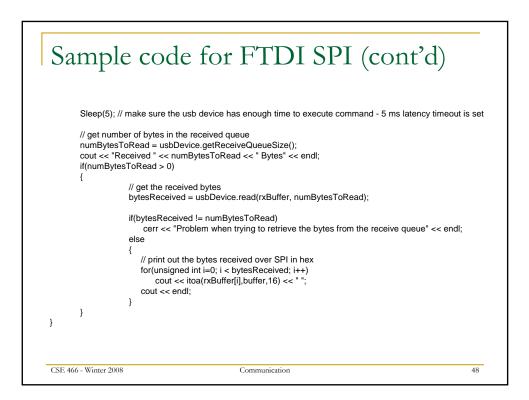


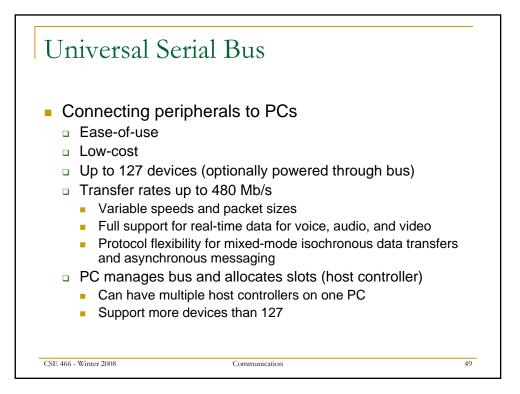
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PERFORMANCE	APPLICATIONS	ATTRIBUTES
LOW-SPEED • Interactive Devices • 10 – 100 kb/s	Keyboard, Mouse Stylus Game Peripherals Virtual Reality Peripherals	Lowest Cost Ease-of-Use Dynamic Attach-Detach Multiple Peripherals
FULL-SPEED • Phone, Audio, Compressed Video • 500 kb/s – 10 Mb/s	POTS Broadband Audio Microphone	Lower Cost Ease-of-Use Dynamic Attach-Detach Multiple Peripherals Guaranteed Bandwidth Guaranteed Latency
HIGH-SPEED • Video, Storage • 25 – 400 Mb/s	Video Storage Imaging Broadband	Low Cost Ease-of-Use Dynamic Attach-Detach Multiple Peripherals Guaranteed Bandwidth Guaranteed Latency High Bandwidth

