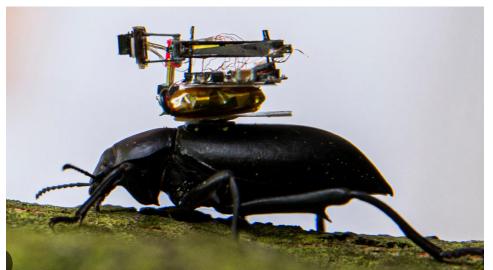
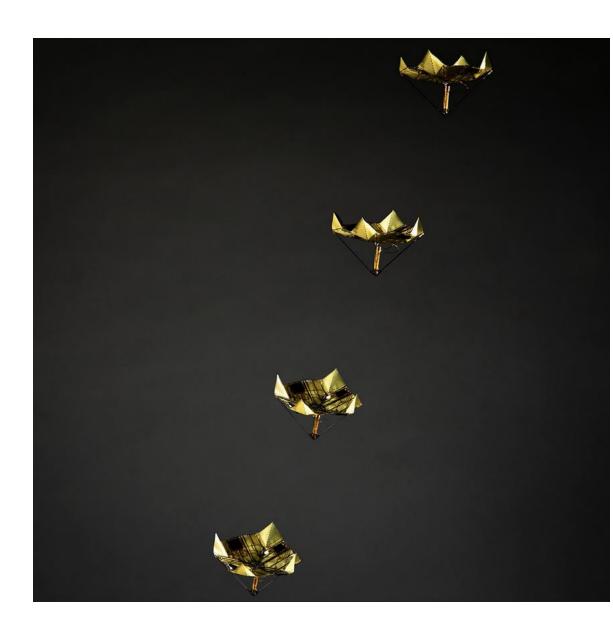
CSE 461: Computer Networks

cs.washington.edu/461

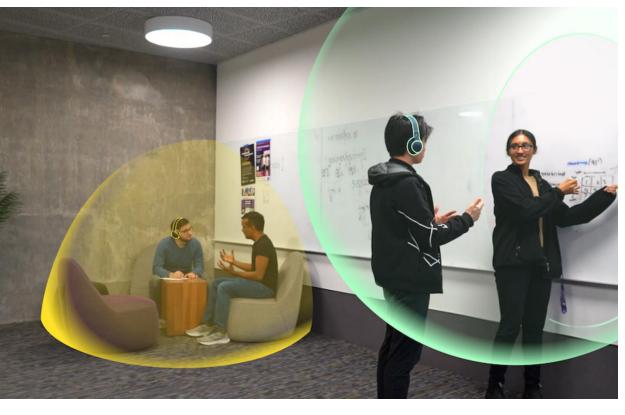
Mobile Intelligence Lab











A new AI translation system for headphones clones multiple voices simultaneously

Spatial Speech Translation addresses one of automatic translation's biggest challenges: lots of people speaking at the same time.

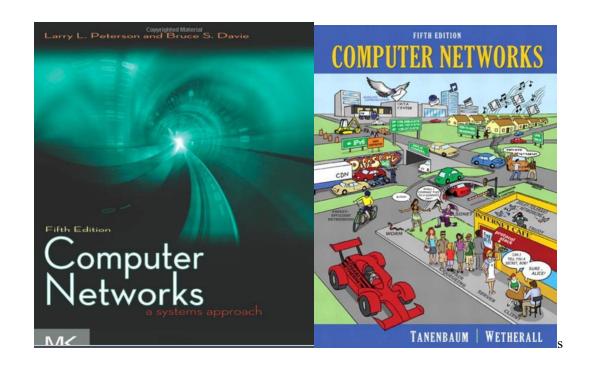


Meet LlamaPIE: Your in-ear AI co-pilot

Unlike today's AI assistants that wait for users to ask questions, LlamaPIE proactively determines when to assist and enhances human conversations via concise guidance (1-3 words) delivered by earphones.



Class Structure



https://github.com/SystemsApproach/book

- Assignments: 10%
 - Reading from the books

- Assignments: 10%
- Surprise Quizzes: 5%
 - Short unannounced timed quizzes during the quarter
 - Drop lowest

- Assignments: 10%
- Surprise Quizzes: 5%
- 3 Projects: (12 + 15 + 18)%
 - Use Edstem (feel free to start making groups now)
 - 3 coding exercises

- Assignments: 10%
- Surprise Quizzes: 5%
- 3 Projects: (12 + 15 + 18)%
- Midterm: 20%
- Final: 20%

- Assignments: 10%
- Surprise Quizzes: 5%
- 3 Projects: (12 + 15 + 18)%
- Midterm: 20%
- Final: 20%

Late Policy: Each person gets 13 late days.

Administrivia

- Office hours
 - Opportunity to have more personal interactions with both me and the TAs.
- Tools
 - Mailing list and Ed: Primary dass announcements
 - Canvas Assignments: Homework and projects
 - Ed Discussion: Back and forth discussions on class content
 - Canvas Gradebook: Grades will be posted here

Administrivia (2)

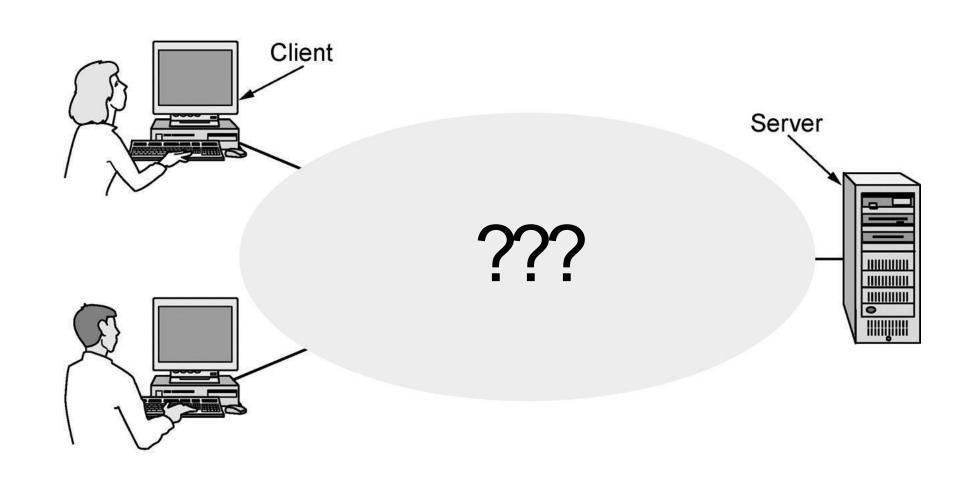
- Slides
 - Adapted from David Wetherall
 - I will be posting dass slides right before lecture as well

Questions?

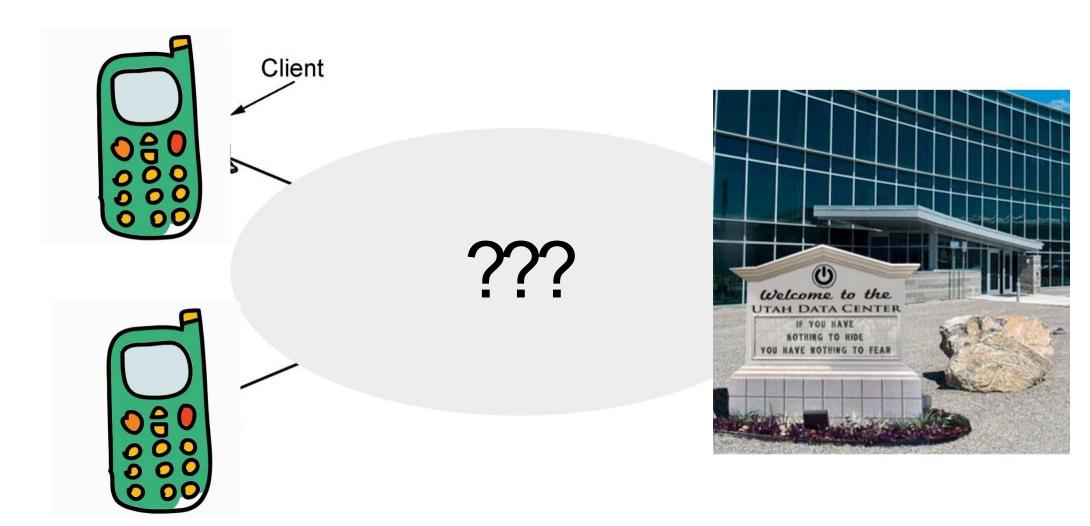
5 Minute Activity!

- Breakouts of 4-5 people
- Introduce yourselves to each other!
 - o Could be a good way to start finding project teams...
- Quickly discuss some different components (really anything relevant) of what you think the Internet is made of...
 - We'll compile/categorize once done

Focus of the course



Focus of the course (in today's terms)



Focus of the course (2)

• Three "networking" topics:

| Distributed systems | ← | CSE 452 |
|---------------------|----------|--------------|
| Networking | • | CSE 461 |
| Communications | • | E 417 |

The Main Point

- 1. To learn the fundamentals of computer networks
- 2. Learn how the Internet works
 - What really happens when you "browse the web"?
 - TCP/IP, DNS, HTTP, NAT, VPNs, 802.11 etc.
- 3. Understand why the internet is designed how it is designed
 - SDN, Load Balancers, Architectures

Why learn the Fundamentals?

- 1. Apply to all computer networks
- 2. Intellectual interest
- 3. Change / reinvention

Fundamentals – Intellectual Interest

- Example key problem: Reliability!
 - Any part of the Internet might fail
 - Messages might be corrupted
 - So how do we provide reliability?
- Reliability solutions
 - Codes to detect/correct errors
 - Routing around failures ...

Fundamentals – Intellectual Interest (2)

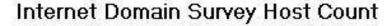
| Key problem | Example solutions |
|--|--|
| Reliability despite failures | Codes for error detection/correction (§3.2, 3.3) Routing around failures (§5.2) |
| Network growth and evolution | Addressing (§5.6) and naming (§7.1) Protocol layering (§1.3) |
| Allocation of resources like bandwidth | Multiple access (§4.2) Congestion control (§5.3, 6.3) |
| Security against various threats | Confidentiality of messages (§8.2, 8.6) Authentication of communicating parties (§8.7) |

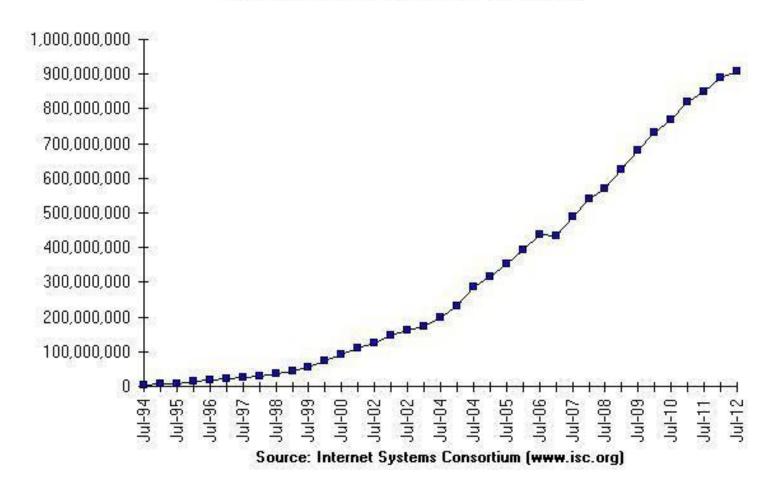
Fundamentals – Reinvention

- The Internet is constantly being re-invented!
 - Growth over time and technology trends drive upheavals in Internet design and usage
- Today's Internet is different from yesterday's
 - And tomorrow's will be different again
 - But the fundamentals remain the same

Fundamentals – Reinvention (2)

- Many billions of Internet hosts and growing ...
 - 5B+ on Cell Networks
 - 3B+ on Internet





Fundamentals – Reinvention (3)

Examples of upheavals in the past 1-2 decades

| Change | Enabling Technology |
|----------------------|---|
| Emergence of the web | Content Distribution Networks |
| Piracy | Peer-to-peer file sharing |
| Voice over IP (VoIP) | Quality of Service (QoS)* |
| Internet of Things | IPv6 |
| Mobile Devices | Wireless Networking *mostly actually spare capacity |

Fundamentals – Reinvention (4)

Upcoming/Ongoing upheavals?

| Change | Enabling Technology |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Fake News | Social Media |
| No-power devices? | Backscatter |
| Generic Networks? | SDN |
| Ubiquitous Networks? | Satellite/Long-Distance Networks |
| Videos as Comms | High-Bandwidth Mobile (4G/5G) |

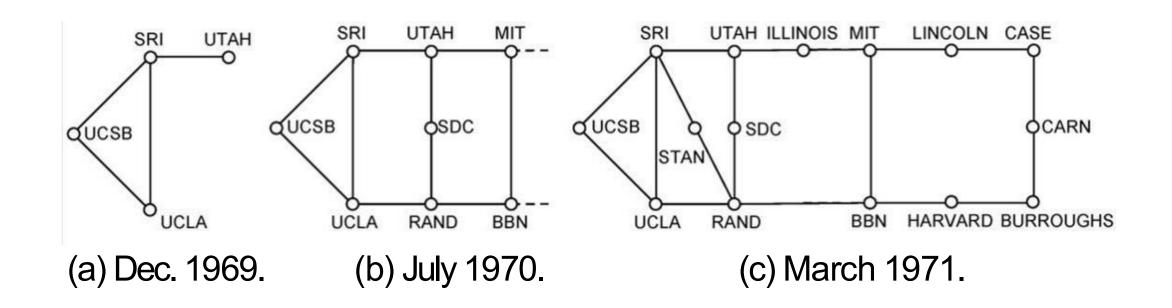
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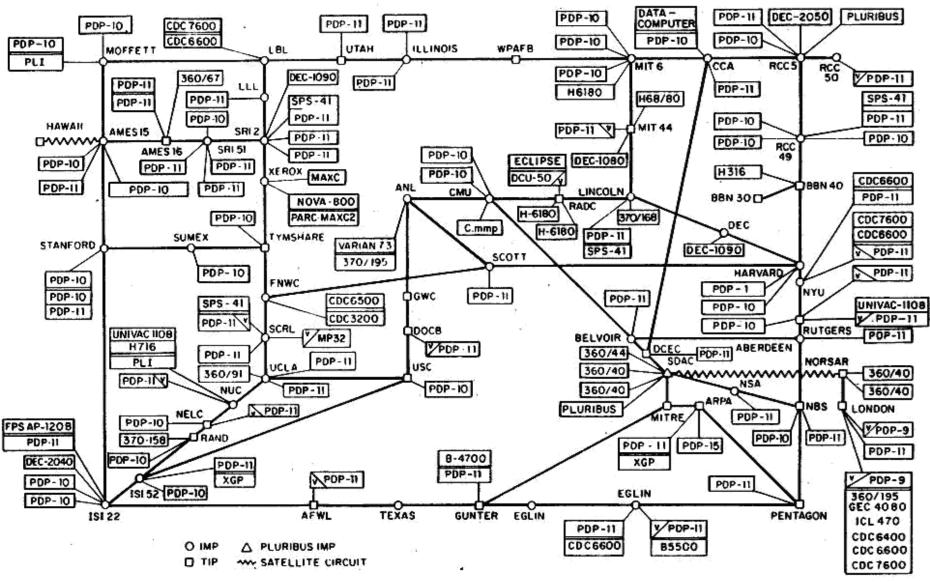
Who cares about the internet?

- 1. Curiosity
- 2. Impact on our world
- 3. Job prospects!

From this experimental network (~1970)...



To this...



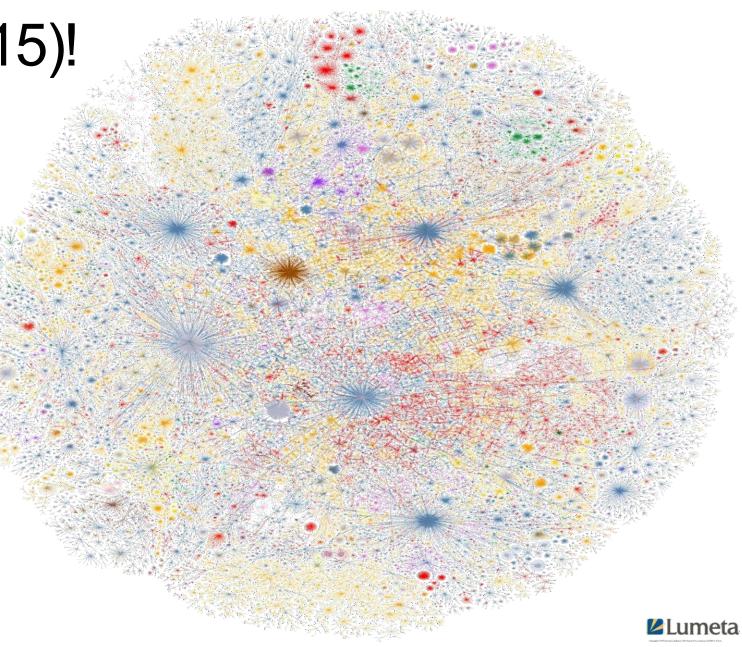
(PLEASE NOTE THAT WHILE THIS MAP SHOWS THE HOST POPULATION OF THE NETWORK ACCORDING TO THE BEST INFORMATION OBTAINABLE, NO CLAIM CAN BE MADE FOR ITS ACCURACY)

NAMES SHOWN ARE IMP NAMES, NOT (NECESSARILY) HOST NAMES

To this! (2011) PERCENTAGE OF THE COUNTRY POPULATION THAT USES THE INTERNET AFRICA SOUTH AMERICA

And this (2015)!

- An everyday institution used at work, home, and on-the-go
- Visualization contains millions of servers
 - Red = .com, Yellow= .org
- Network now contains literally 3 billion people!



Internet – Economic impact

- An engine of economic growth
 - Information sources
 - And lots of ethical questions!
 - Online marketplaces
 - Social media/Crowdsourcing





Internet – Societal Impact

- An enabler of societal change
 - Easy access to knowledge
 - Electronic commerce
 - Personal relationships
 - Private communications



The Main Point

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Architectures

- Lots of ways to build networks with different tradeoffs
- Goals:
 - Open Access (Internet)
 - Safety—, Security—, Flexibility++, Privacy++
 - Identity First (Cellular)
 - Safety++, Security++, Privacy --, Flexibility--
 - Centralized (Comcast)
 - Complexity++, Freedom-
 - Decentralized (Mesh)
 - Complexity-, Freedom++

Not a Course Goal

To learn IT job skills

- How to configure specific equipment or technologies
 - e.g., Cisco certifications,
 - Technical whack-a-mole
- But course material is relevant, and we use hands-on tools
 - Hopefully you'll be able to use these tools to build stuff at the end of class

Thanks!