CSE461

Midterm Review

Network Components

- Parts of a network
 - Application, Host, Router, Link
- Types of Links
 - Full-duplex, Half-duplex, Simplex
- Protocols and Layers
- Encapsulation

Physical Layer

- Types of Modulation
 - Frequency
 - Amplitude
 - Phase
- Latency
 - Transmission Delay
 - Propagation Delay
- Bandwidth-Delay Product

Link Layer

- Framing
 - Byte Count
 - Byte Stuffing
 - Bit Stuffing
- Error Detection and Correction
 - Hamming Distance
 - Parity Bit
 - Hamming Code
- Retransmissions
 - Sliding Window

Link Layer (Continued)

- Multiple Access
 - CSMA/CD (Collision Detection)
 - Binary Exponential Backoff
 - Hidden Terminals
 - Exposed Terminals
 - CSMA/CA or MACA (Collision Avoidance using RTS/CTS)
- Switching
 - Backwards Learning
 - Spanning Tree

Network Layer

- Datagram Model (connectionless service)
 - Packets contain a destination address; each router uses it to forward packets, maybe on different paths.
 - Each router has a forwarding table keyed by address.
 - Eg: IP(Internet Protocol)
- Virtual Circuit Model (connection-oriented service)
 - Three phases.
 - Statistical sharing of links.
 - Packets contain label to identify the circuit.
 - Each router has a forwarding table keyed by circuit.