## CSE/EE 461 Wireless and Contention-Free Protocols

### Last Time ...

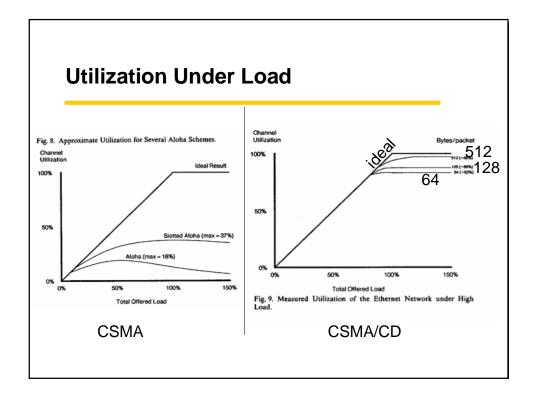
- The multi-access problem
  - Medium Access Control (MAC) sublayer
- Random access protocols:
  - Aloha
  - CSMA variants
  - Classic Ethernet (CSMA/CD)

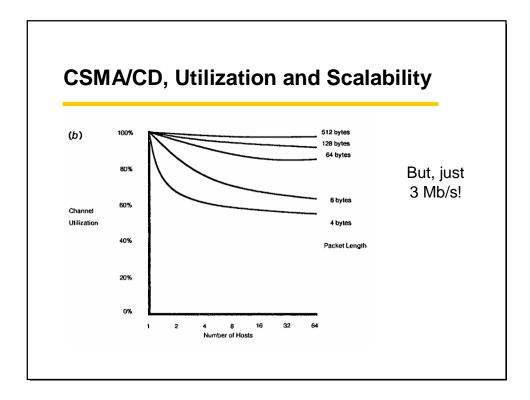
Application Presentation Session Transport Network Data Link Physical

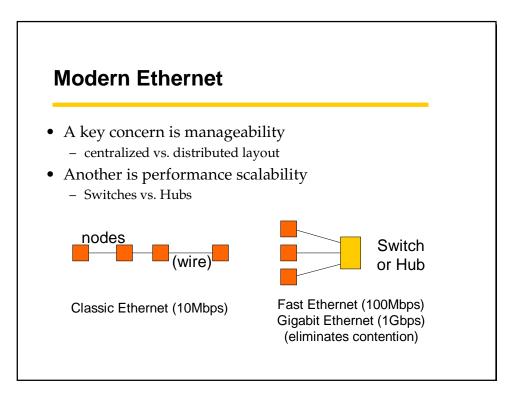
#### CSMA vs. CSMA/CD

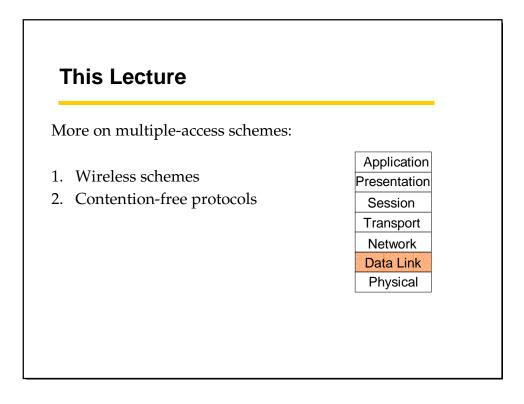
#### • CSMA:

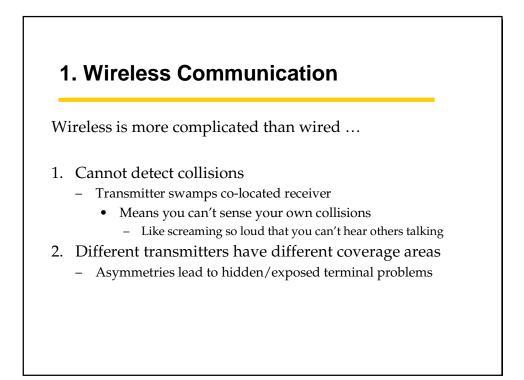
- The least you could do with without getting laughed at.
- Don't speak if you hear another speaking
- But, keep speaking even if somebody interrupts you
- Why is this an issue?
- CSMA/CD
  - Stop speaking if someone interrupts you
- Will the difference reveal itself at high load or low load?
- How will the difference reveal itself?

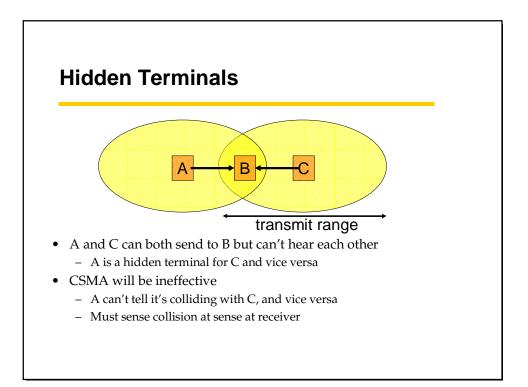


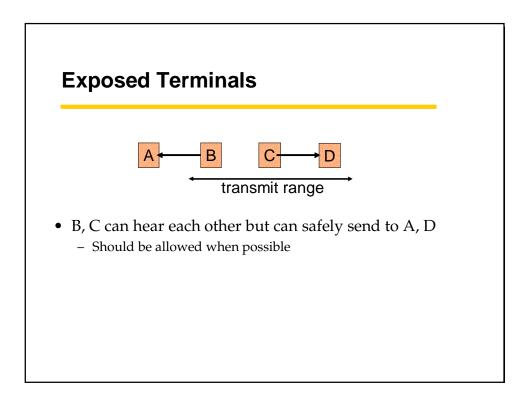


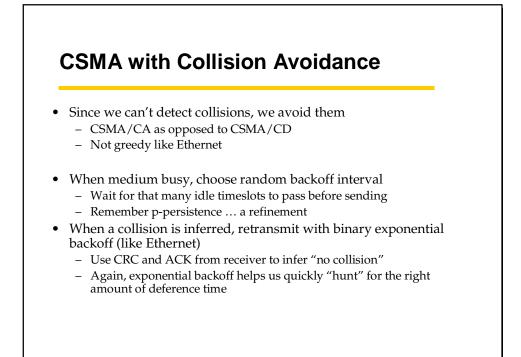


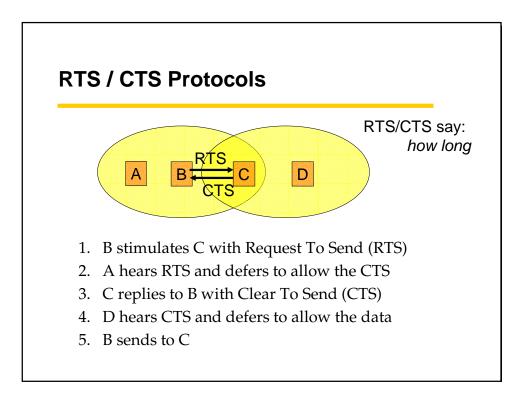


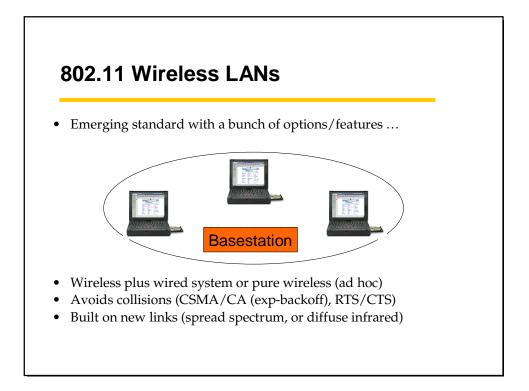


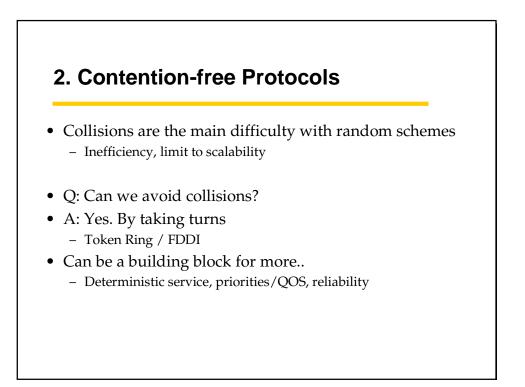


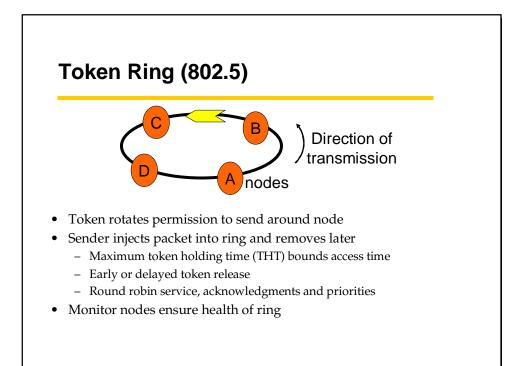


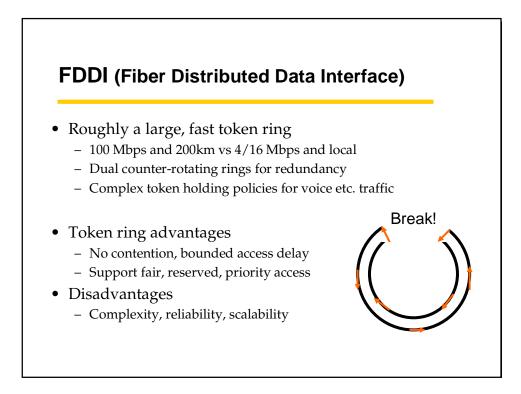


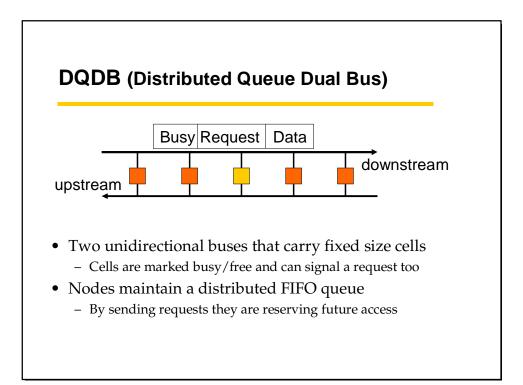


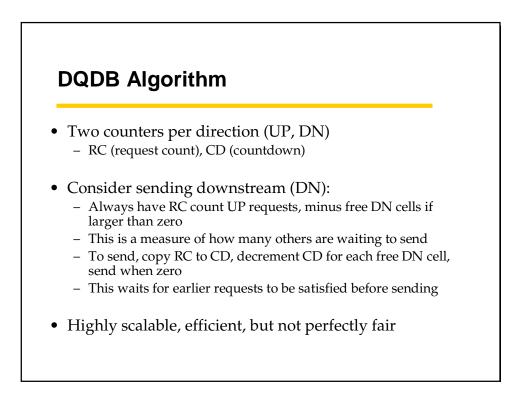












# **Key Concepts**

- Wireless communication is relatively complex
  No collision detection, hidden and exposed terminals
- There are contention-free MAC protocols
  - Based on turn taking and reservations, not randomization