

## Processes and Synchronization

### Synchronization:

When should you use a spinlock vs a sleeplock?

The sleeplock `sleepacquire` function will call `sleep` if the lock is not available. If you hold a spinlock and then call `sleepacquire` while the sleeplock is in use, it ends with a system panic. Why does the system panic in this case?

Note: `writei/readi` may put the process to sleep when writing/reading to the disk. You cannot hold a spinlock when calling these functions.

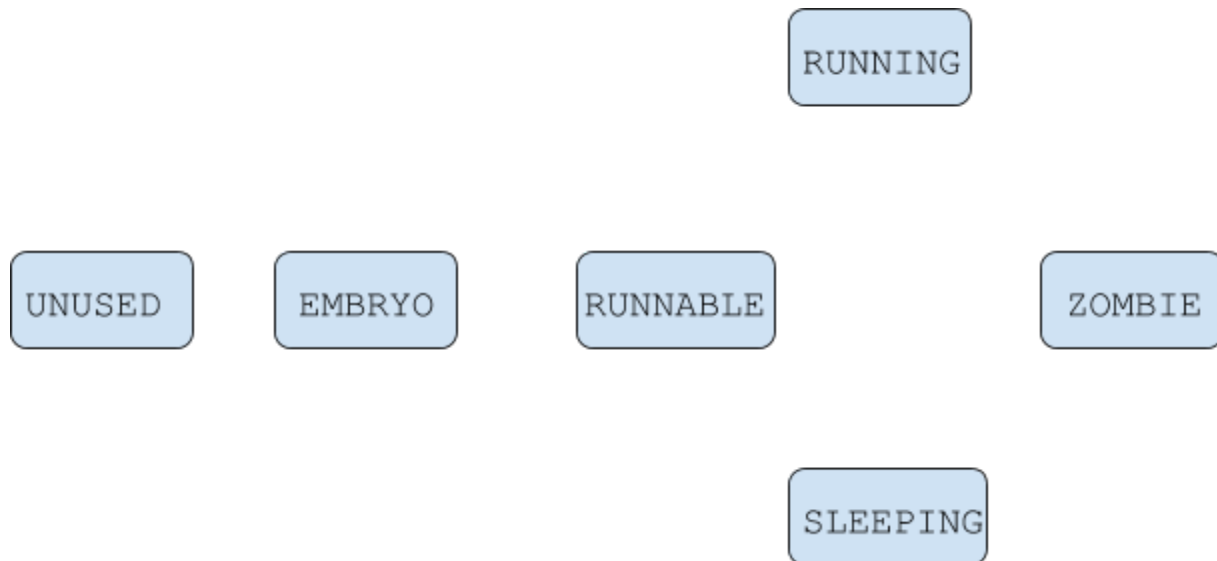
Condition Variables in `xk` use channels. `sleep` and `wakeup` both take a channel as an argument. What is the purpose of a channel? How are the channel arguments in these functions used with respect to the `proc` struct?

`Wakeup` is required to scan through the process table and change the processes sleeping on that channel to `RUNNABLE`. What's a more efficient way to implement `sleep/wakeup`?

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### Processes:

Fill out the process state diagram below. Draw arrows from one state to another with the action that would result in that transition.



Why can a process not clear out its `proc struct` in `exit`?

If process A calls `exit`, who is responsible for clearing process A's `proc struct`?

If a parent process calls `exit` before its child finishes executing, how does the child process need to be modified to guarantee that someone will wait for the child?