Page Faults and COW (MOOOOOOOO)

Page Faults:

A trap 14 defines a page fault, this means that the memory address was not a valid page for the client to manipulate.

Can the kernel cause a page fault? If so, how?

For a user process, how will you know if the page fault was caused by attempting to access the stack region of its virtual address space?

Hint: trap.c has a variable `addr` which is the address the user process tried to access.

The trapframe error code can be read with `myproc()->tf->err`.
What will the error code be if the page fault was from touching the stack region of memory?

Can the kernel cause a page fault that was meant for stack growth?
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**copy-on-write fork:**

What is the purpose of copy-on-write fork?

What do the fields of a page (struct vpi) need to be after a copy-on-write fork?

What needs to be changed in the core_map_entry to support copy-on-write fork?

What will the error code be if the page fault occurred from touching a copy-on-write page?

Can the kernel cause a copy-on-write page fault?

What can happen if a copy-on-write fork is not synchronized?

When is copy-on-write less efficient than a deep copy fork?