

# **CSE 451: Operating Systems**

## **Winter 2017**

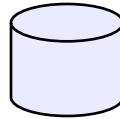
### **Module 19**

### **File System Summary**

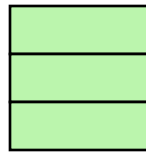
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**Allen Center 476**

# UFS

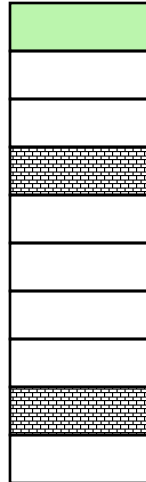
Hardware Device



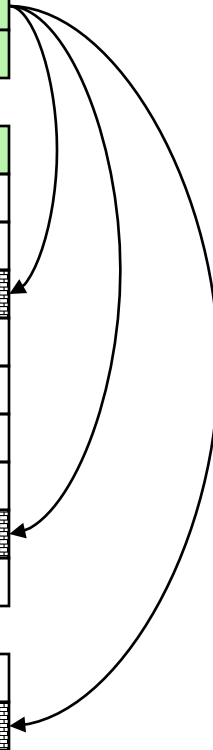
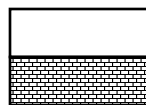
inodes



...



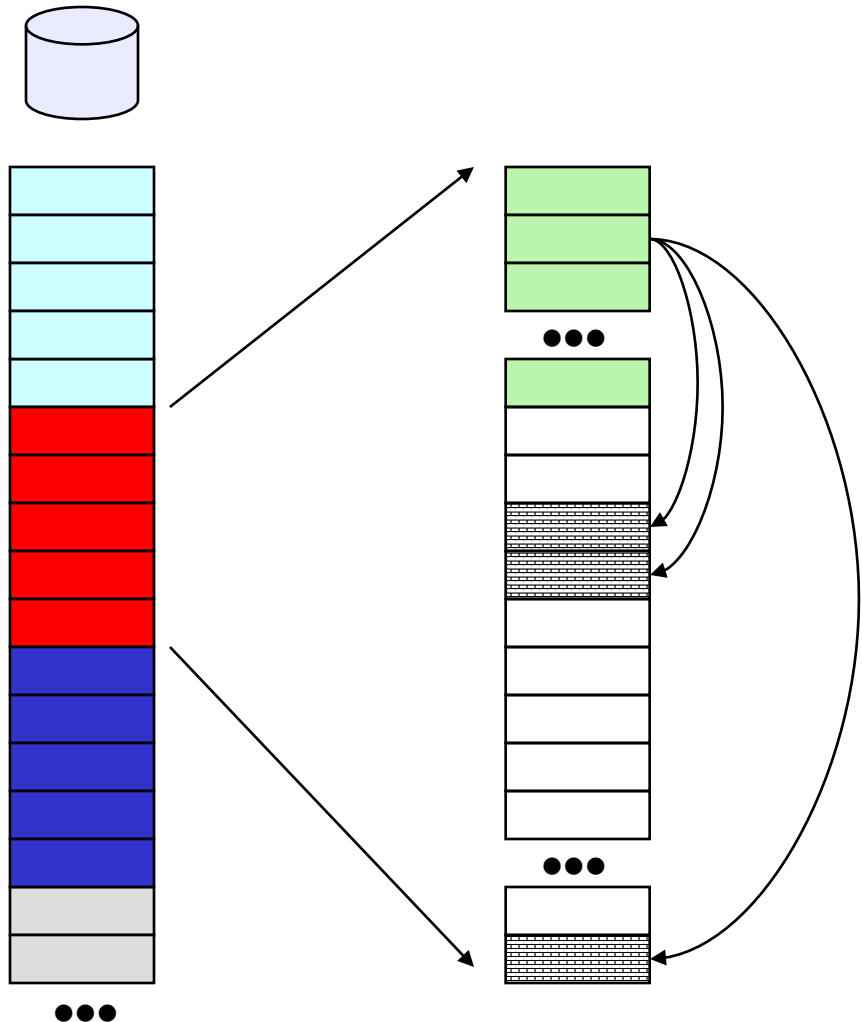
data blocks



Low throughput addressed by:

- larger blocks
- cylinder groups
- aggressive caching
- hardware awareness

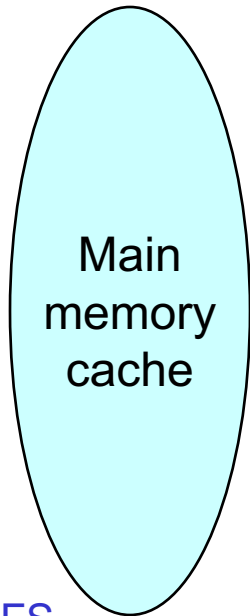
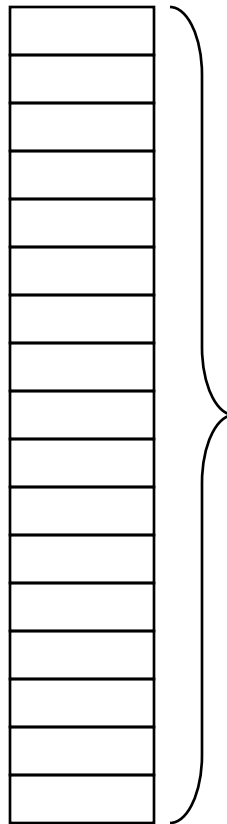
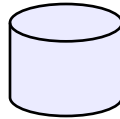
# FFS



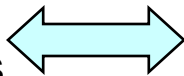
Long post-crash boot times  
addressed by:

- transactional journal of changes
- propagated back to “real” file system asynchronously

# JFS



App  
requests



Main  
memory  
cache

Journal  
+  
file system

*Example: file creation*

- ...
- Start t
- Alloc inode 1067
- Write inode 1067 w/  
[data]
- Write block 22731 w/  
[data]
- Commit t
- ....

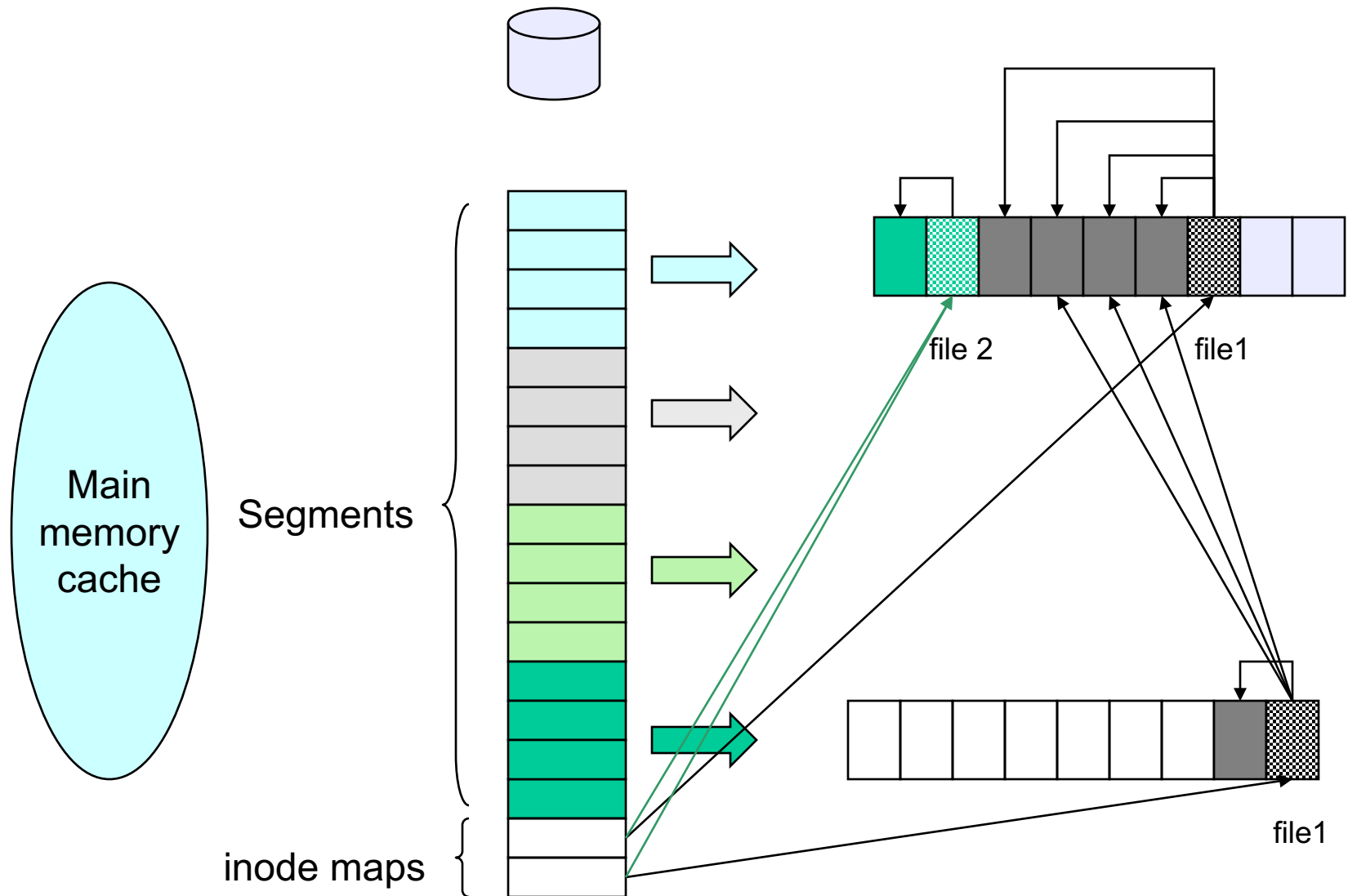
*If data block updates are not  
journalled, after a crash files may  
have garbage blocks*

(To be clear: FS and FFS  
have a cache too – I just  
didn't draw it.)

Write throughput addressed by:

- the file system is a log

# LFS



# Supporting Multiple File Systems: vfs

