#### CSE 451 Homework 3

May 7 2009

# **USEFUL/OBVIOUS TIPS**

• Due Monday May 11<sup>th</sup> before class starts

- Read the write-up *multiple* times 🙂
- Read the GoPosts about the HW
- Post questions to the GoPost
- Write strong tests (at least 1/3 of points)

### Part 1 - Semaphore Package

- Use pthread condition variables and mutex
  - Pthread\_cond\_wait(), pthread\_cond\_broadcast(),
     pthread\_mutex\_lock(), pthread\_mutex\_unlock()
- You may *not* use any semaphore libraries
- Decide on an interface:
  - typedef struct \_semaphore{ ... } semaphore;
  - initialize(s, start\_value)
  - wait(s) //P
  - signal(s) //V
  - etc...

### Part 2 – Bounded Buffer Pro/Con

- Use your semaphore package here
- Nice if this package is generic enough to handle all types, though not required
- Interface should handle an arbitrary amount of producers and consumers
- Examples: add\_to\_buffer(buf\_t buf, item\_t item), item\_t consume\_from\_buffer(buf\_t buf)

## Part 2 - continued

- A couple of counting semaphores to handle empty and full buffers
- A binary semaphore to enforce mutual exclusion
- See lecture 8 (specifically slide 10)

# Part 3 – Crack the key

- One producer thread and multiple consumer threads (one per core)
- You are trying to crack 4 bytes
  - Write-up says use blocks of 1024 keys
    add\_to\_buffer(buf, 0);
    add\_to\_buffer(buf, 1024);
    add\_to\_buffer(buf, 2048);
    Note: You don't have to add every key to the buffer
- Consume from a buffer and try all 1024 keys starting from the value just consumed
- See example code for how to use AES encryption and decription

http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse451/CurrentQtr/homewor k/aes\_451.tar.gz

# MIDTERM

#### Wednesday May 13, 2009

- Kernel vs User
  - system calls, protection bit
- Processes/threads
  - Address space, process state, fork, context switches, kernel vs user, shared memory or message passing
- Scheduling
  - Tradeoffs between different algorithms, avg turnaround time & avg wait time, fairness, preemption
- Synchronization
  - Critical sections, atomic instructions, locks, mutex, semaphores, monitors
- MM
  - Fragmentation, paging, virtual memory, TLBs, page replacement