- 1. Are these statements true or false? BRIEFLY explain your answer.
- A. Threads are useful for decreasing software complexity
- B. Threads decrease resource utilization
- C. Threads potentially yield better performance
- 2. Are these statements true or false? BRIEFLY explain your answer.

```
class MyClass {
   String bar = "A string named bar";

public void foo () {
    synchronized (bar) {
        synchronized (bar) {
            System.out.println(bar.toString());
        }
    }
}
```

- A. The program might deadlock at the first synchronized call
- B. The program will always deadlock at the second synchronized call
- C. The program might block at the first synchronized call
- D. The program might block at the second synchronized call

Explain your answer.

3. Which classes/interfaces can be used to create a thread in Java?

4. Explain whether the following statements are true or false.

```
1. public class Foo {
    private int x = 0;
2.
3.
4. public synchronized bar () {
5.
       x += 17;
6. }
7.
8. public synchronized baz () {
9.
       x = 5;
10. }
11.
12. public void addtoX(int arg) {
13. return x += arg;
14. }
15.}
```

- A. At most one thread can execute inside bar
- B. At most one thread can execute inside bar or baz
- C. At most one thread can run in any method of Foo
- D. At most one thread can be modifying \mathbf{x} .
- 5. What is problematic about the following use of condition variable waiting? Identify the problem and propose a solution.

```
synchronized (this) {
   if (x < 100) {
      try {
         this.wait();
      }
      catch (InterruptedException iex) {} // ignored
   }
}
// do something useful with x...</pre>
```