

Page replacement

- When you read in a page, where does it go?
 if there are free page frames, grab one
 - what data structure might support this?
 - if not, must evict something else
 - this is called page replacement
 - Page replacement algorithms
 - try to pick a page that won't be needed in the near future
 try to pick a page that hasn't been modified (thus saving the disk write)
 - OS typically tries to keep a pool of free pages around so that allocations don't inevitably cause evictions
 - OS also typically tries to keep some "clean" pages around, so that even if you have to evict a page, you won't have to write it
 accomplished by pre-writing when there's nothing better to do

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– Much more on this later!

5/9/2006

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How do you "load" a program?

- · Create process descriptor (process control block)
- · Create page table
- Put address space image on disk in page-sized chunks
 - Build page table (pointed to by process descriptor) – all PTE valid bits 'false'
 - an analogous data structure indicates the disk location of the corresponding page
 - when process starts executing:
 - instructions immediately fault on both code and data pages
 faults taper off, as the necessary code/data pages enter memory

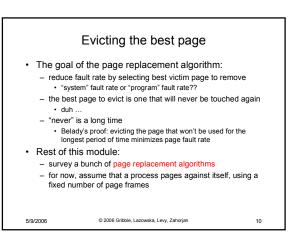
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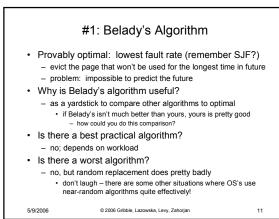
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Oh, man, how can any of this possibly work? • Locality! - temporal locality • locations referenced recently tend to be referenced again soon

- locations referenced recently tend to be referenced again soon spatial locality
- locations near recently references locations are likely to be referenced soon (think about why)
- · Locality means paging can be infrequent
 - once you've paged something in, it will be used many times
 - on average, you use things that are paged in
 - but, this depends on many things:
 - · degree of locality in the application
 - · page replacement policy and application reference pattern
 - amount of physical memory vs. application "footprint" or "working set"

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- FIFO is obvious, and simple to implement

 when you page in something, put it on the tail of a list
 evict page at the head of the list
- Why might this be good?
- maybe the one brought in longest ago is not being used
 Why might this be bad?
- then again, maybe it is being used
 - have absolutely no information either way
- In fact, FIFO's performance is typically lousy
- In addition, FIFO suffers from Belady's Anomaly
 there are reference strings for which the fault rate increases when the process is given more physical memory

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