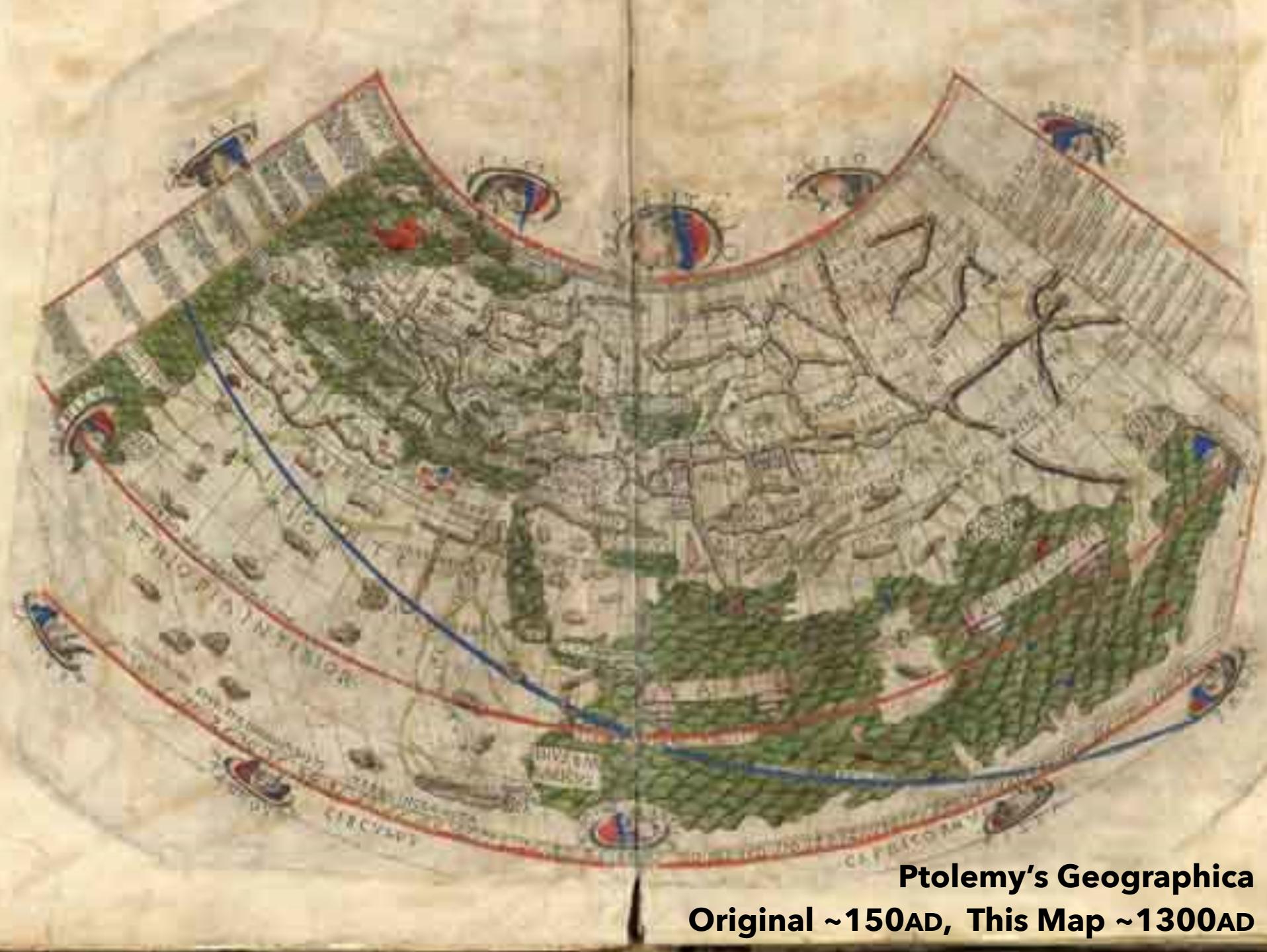


CSE 442 - Data Visualization

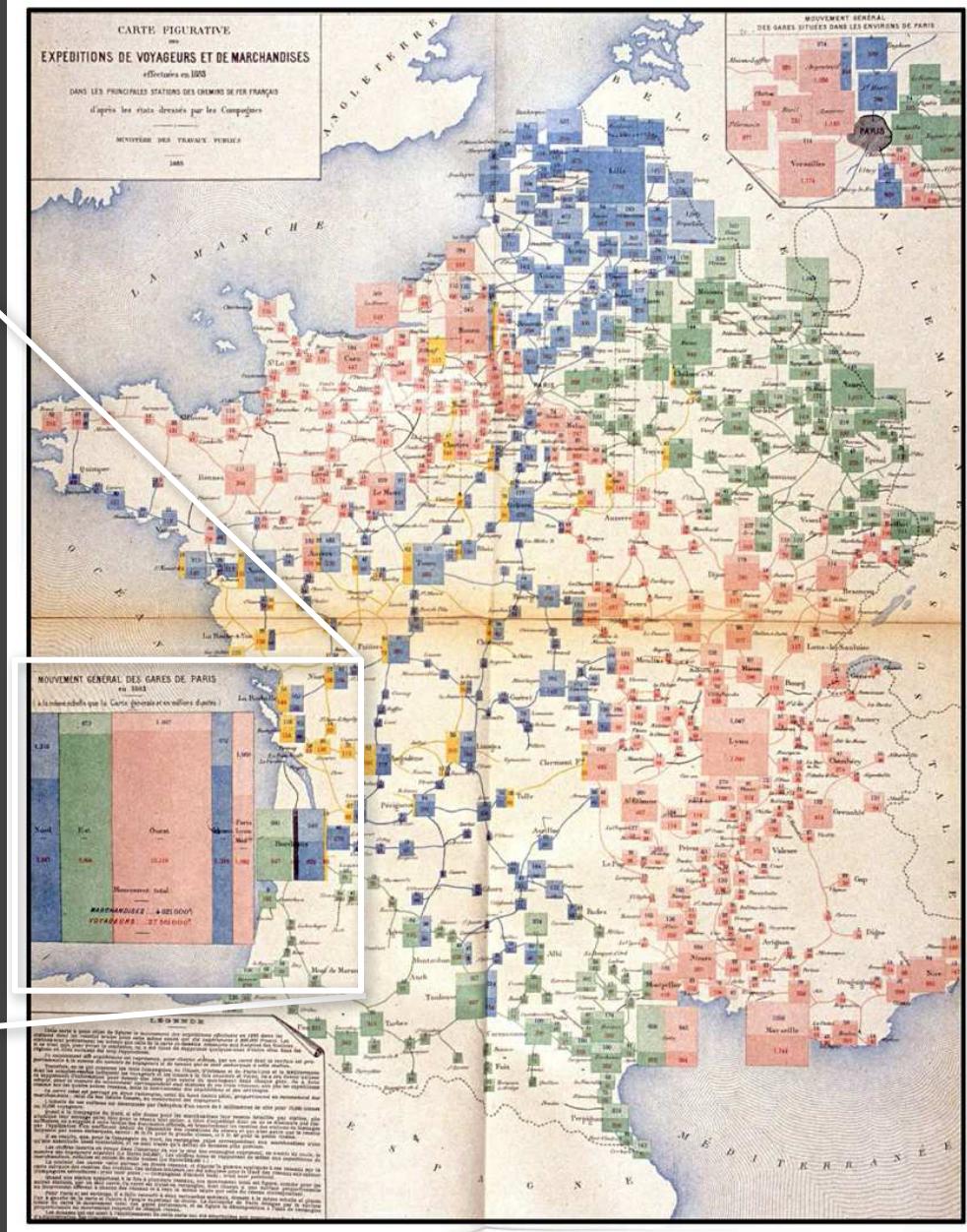
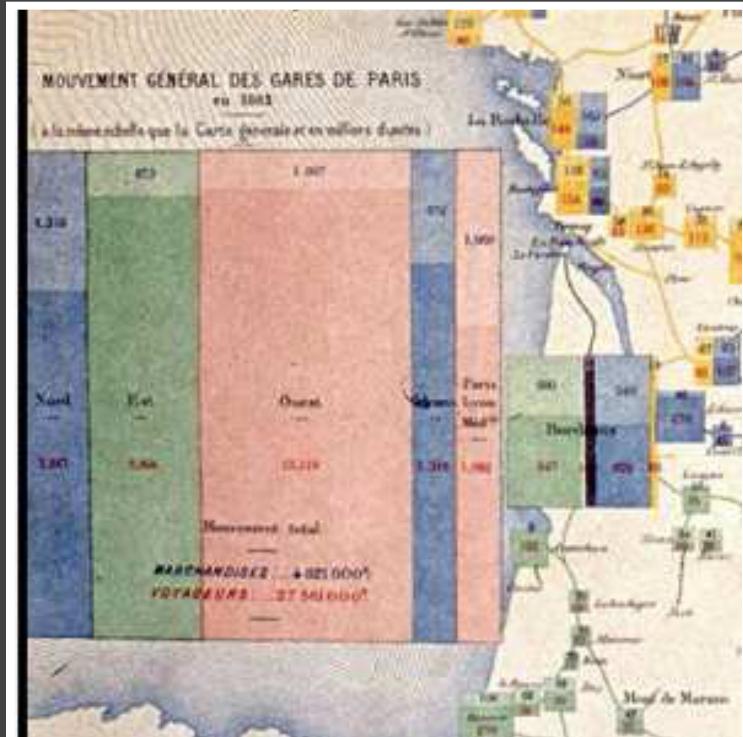
# Mapping & Cartography



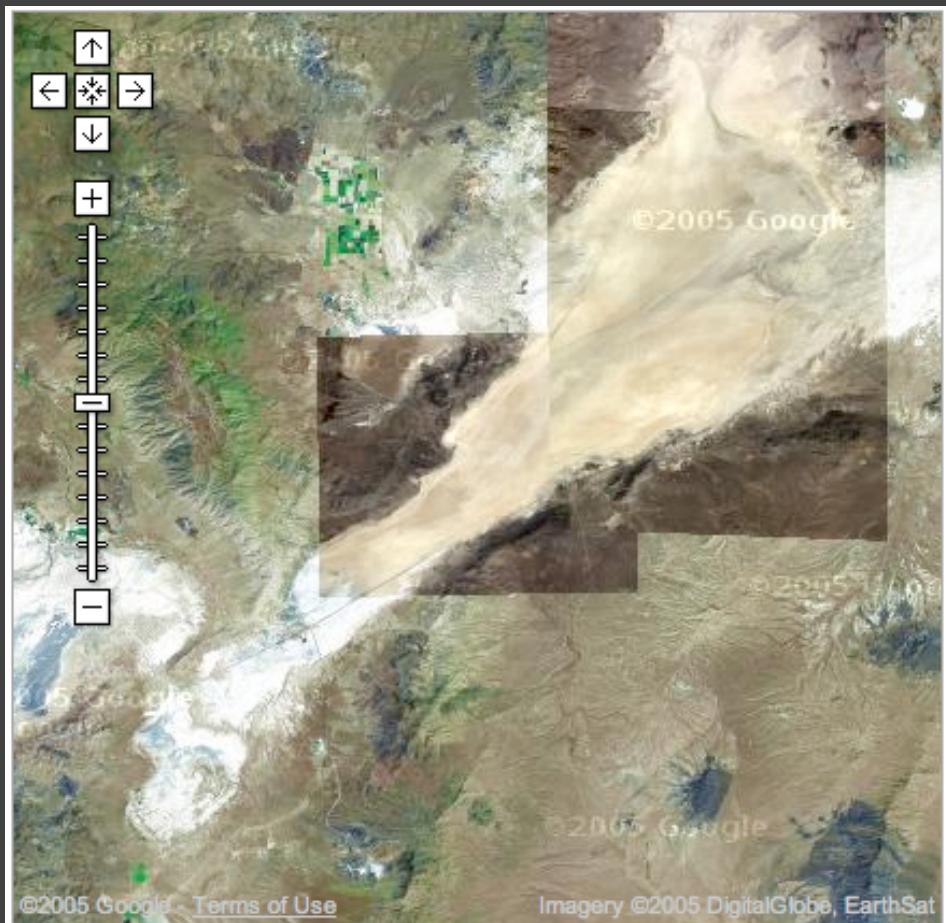
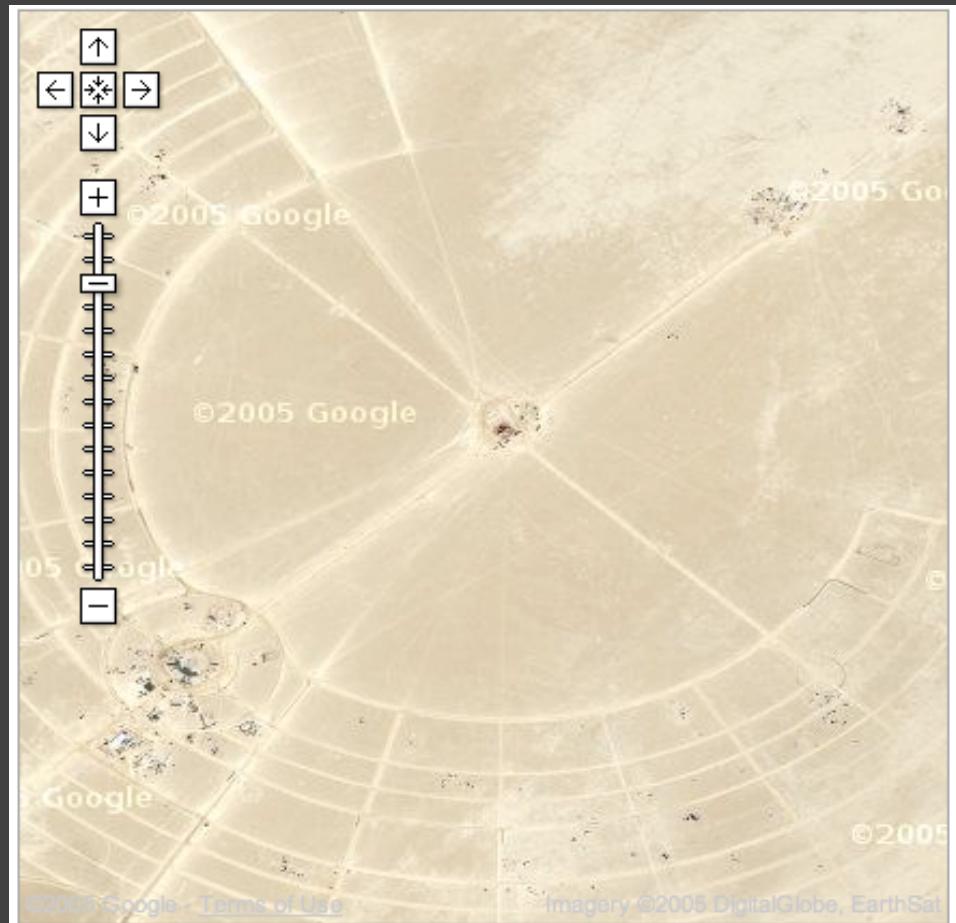
Jeffrey Heer University of Washington  
(with significant material from Michal Migurski)



**Ptolemy's Geographica**  
**Original ~150AD, This Map ~1300AD**



Rail Passengers and Freight from Paris 1884

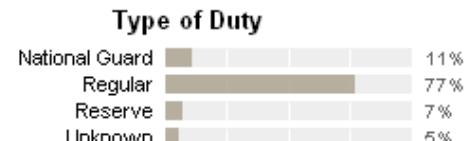
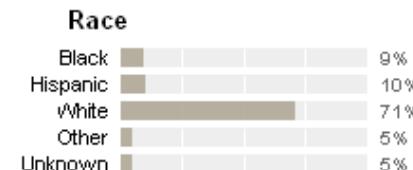
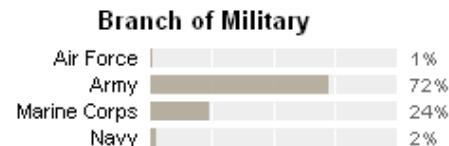
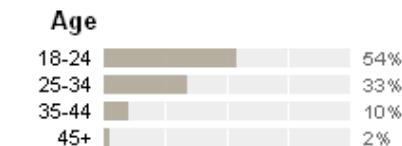


# Google Maps 2005

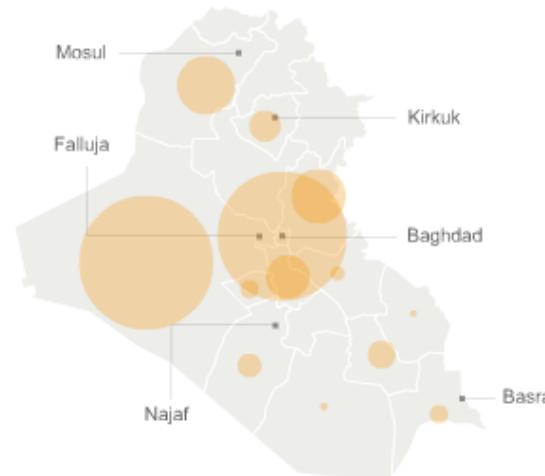
# Casualties of War

[FACES](#) [ANALYSIS](#) [THEIR STORIES](#)
[E-MAIL](#) | [FEEDBACK](#)

Use the slider below to investigate the demographics and military status of U.S. service members who died during the war in Iraq.

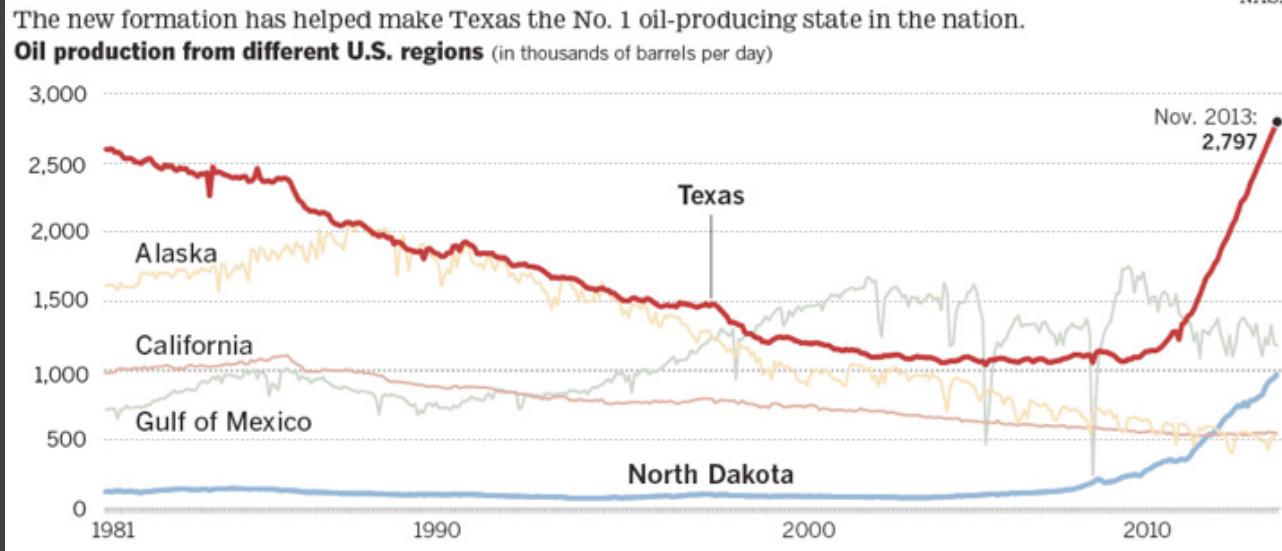
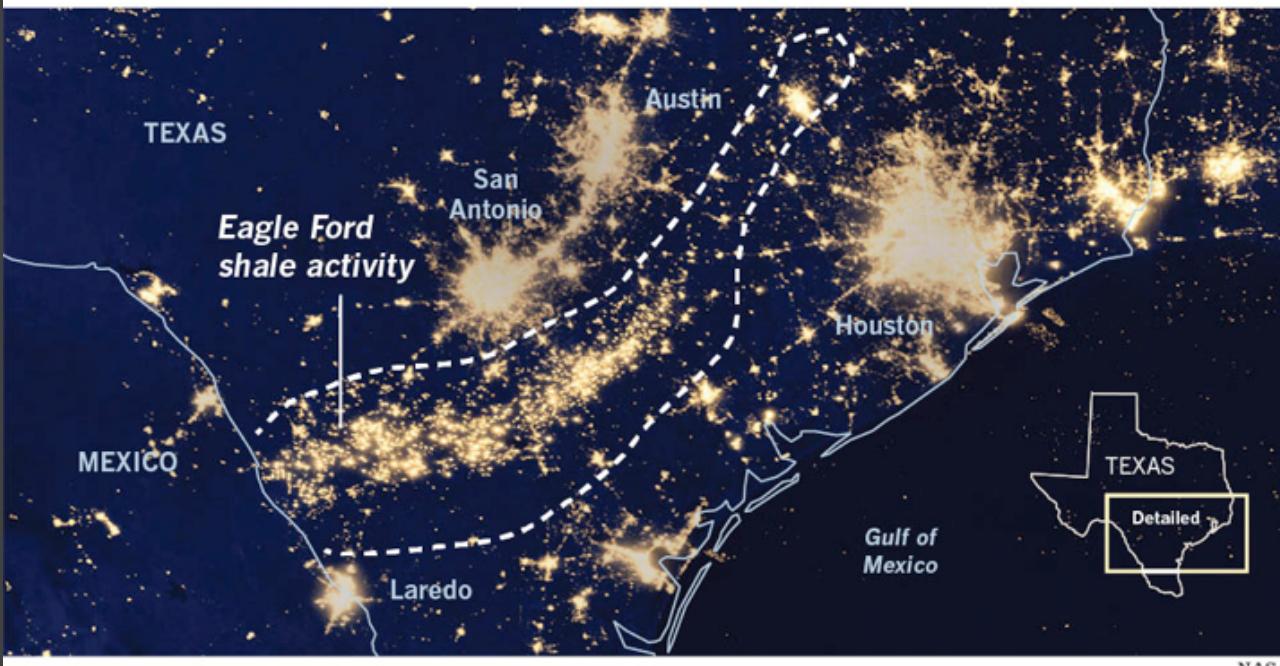
**MARCH 16, 2003 JULY 5, 2008 (277 WEEKS)**
[Show all](#) | [Initial invasion](#) | [First invasion of Falluja](#) | [Second invasion of Falluja](#) | [Since troop buildup began](#)
**4,097 deaths**


**Location of death**  
Circles sized according to percentage of deaths in each Iraqi province.

[Show home](#)

[March 16, 2003](#)


# Texas oil boom is visible from space

Lighting and natural gas flares from drilling on the 400-mile-long Eagle Ford shale formation can be seen from space in this image.



LA Times  
2014

## Ramadi: The Government Provides an Opening for ISIS

ISIS Control

Tensions between this city's residents, who are mostly Sunni, and the central government had been brewing here for at least a year. Then in December, Iraq's prime minister, Nuri Kamal al-Maliki, ordered security forces to dismantle a protest camp — an outlet for disenchanted Sunnis angered at their treatment by the Shiite-dominated government. The action ignited days of violence and created the opening ISIS needed to seize parts of the city, the provincial capital.

Lake Tharthar

## Falluja: A Symbolic Fall

ISIS Control

Just days after the raid on the camp in Ramadi, ISIS fighters destroyed the Police Headquarters and mayor's office here, planted their flag on government buildings and decreed the city to be theirs. Ten years earlier, American forces had captured this city from Qaeda-style insurgents at a considerable cost of American lives.

Falluja

Lake Habbaniya

Balad

Aleppo

Mosul

IRAQ

Baghdad

17 MILES TO BAGHDAD

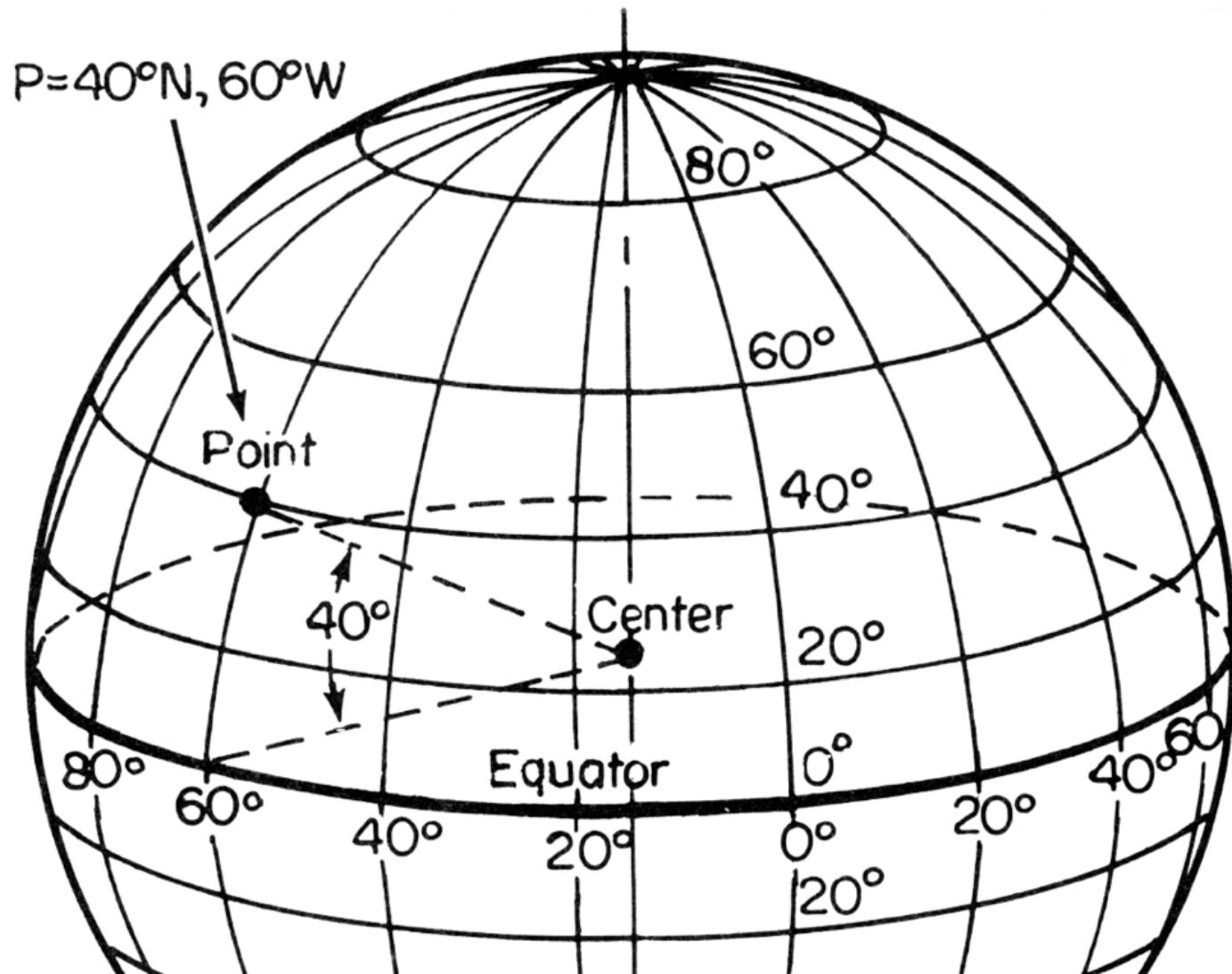
NY Times  
2014

# Cartography

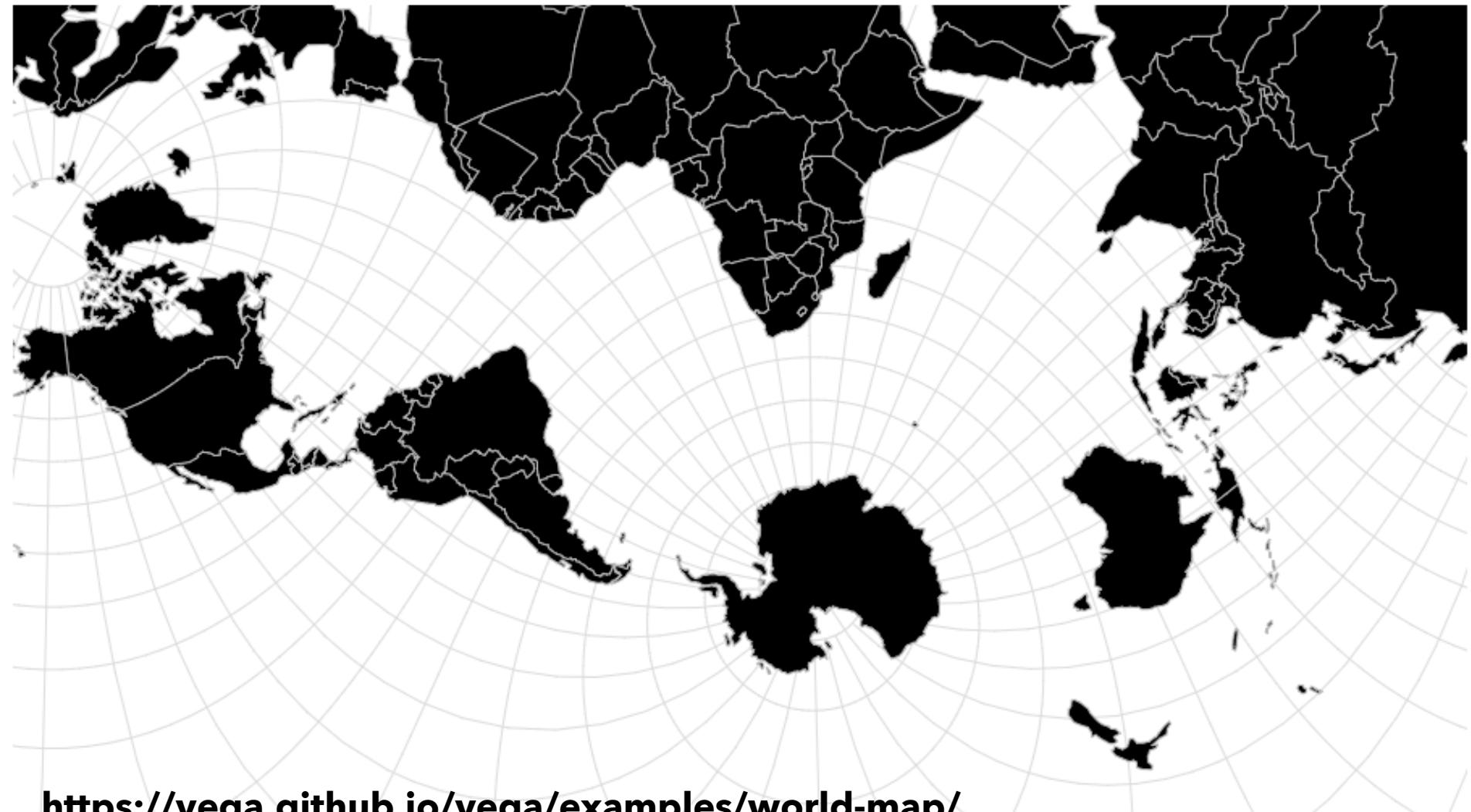
The Making of Maps

# Projections

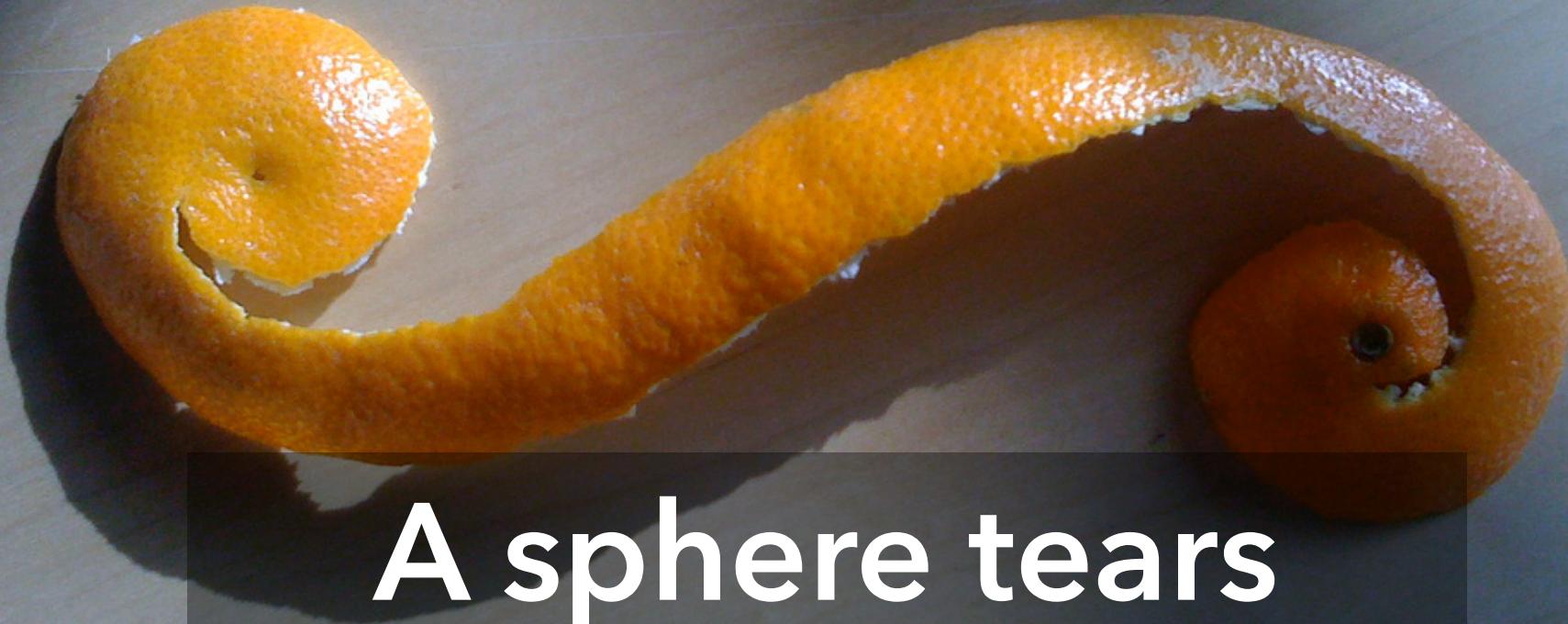
# Latitude, Longitude



# Exploring Projections...



<https://vega.github.io/vega/examples/world-map/>



A sphere tears  
when you flatten it

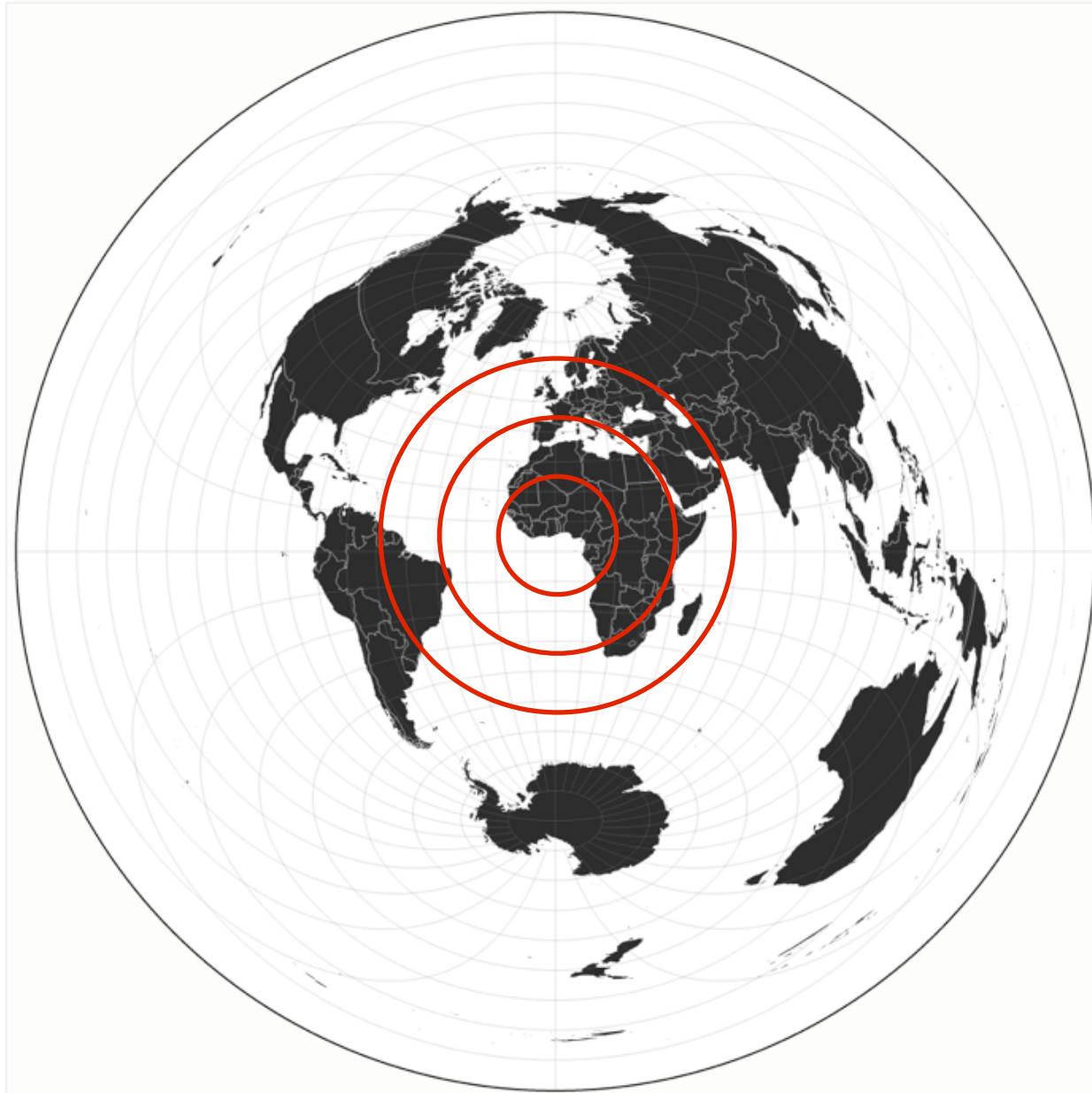
Three example  
ways to categorize  
projections...



# Azimuthal

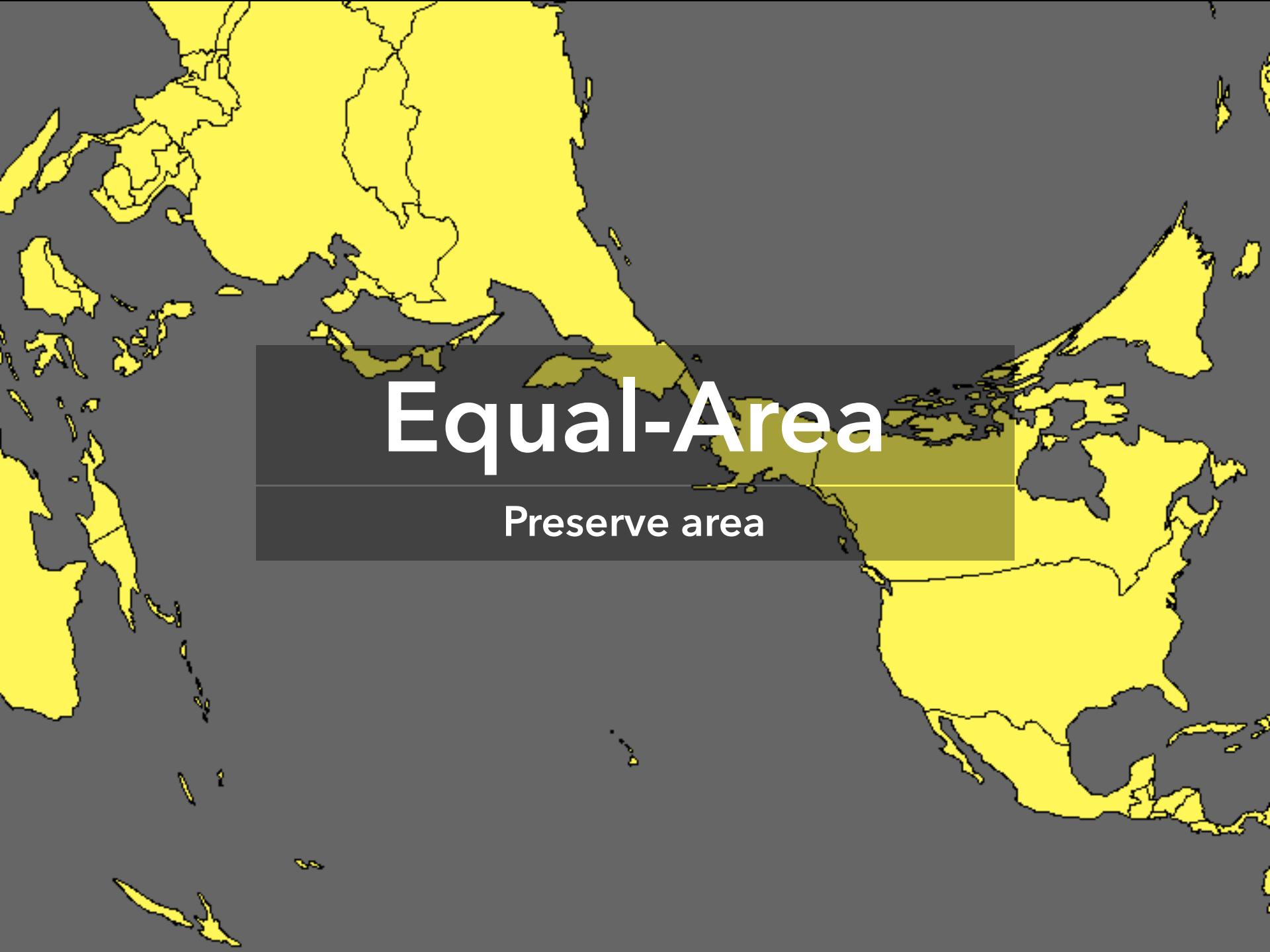
Preserve direction / distance from center

# Azimuthal Equidistant



The azimuthal equidistant projection is available as `d3.geo.azimuthalEquidistant`.

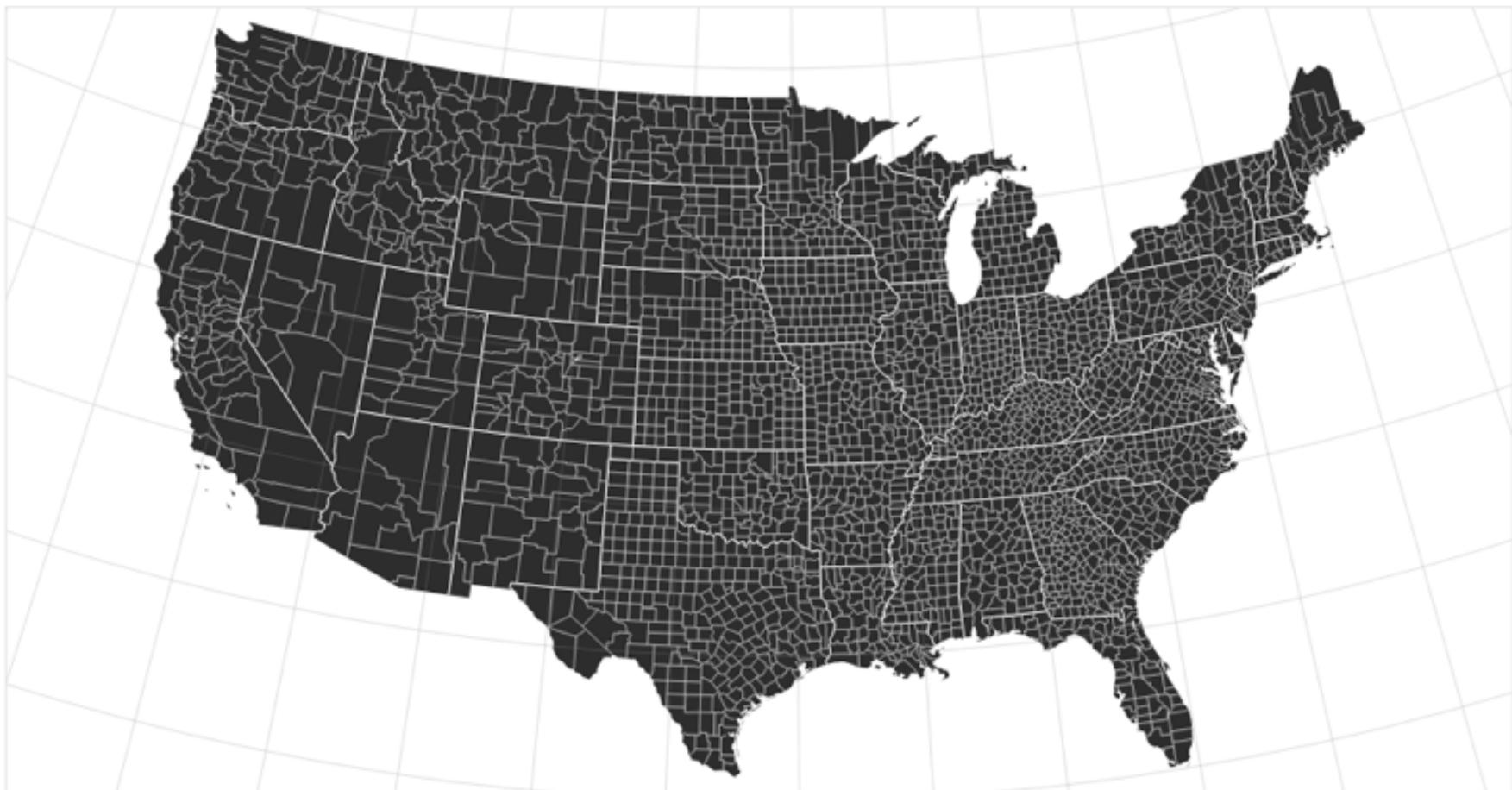
[Open in a new window.](#)



# Equal-Area

Preserve area

# Albers Equal-Area Conic



The [Albers equal-area conic projection](#) is available as `d3.geo.albers`. See also the [interactive version](#).

[Open in a new window.](#)

# Conformal

Preserve local angles ("shape")

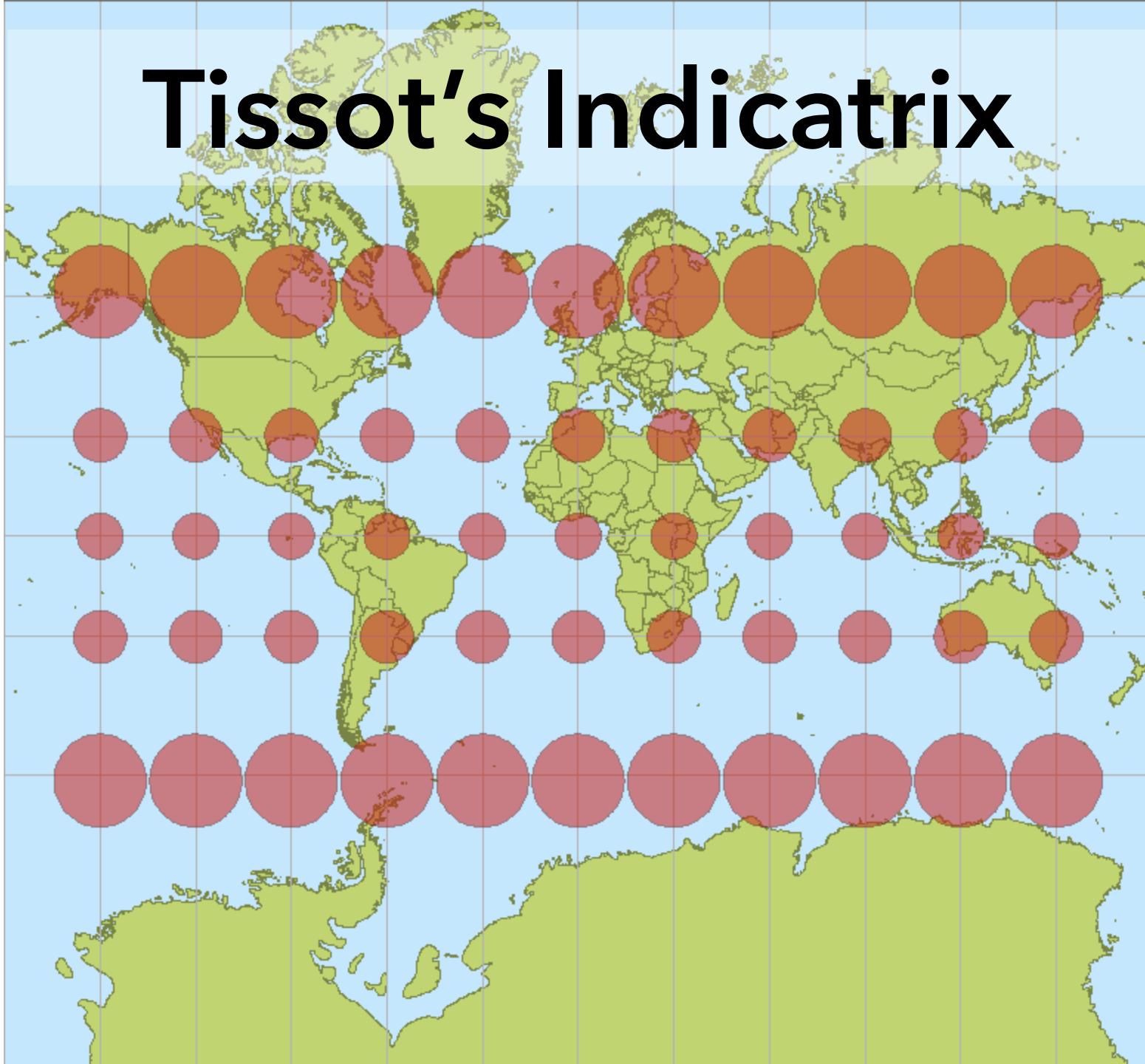
# Spherical Mercator



The Mercator projection is available as [d3.geo.mercator](#).

[Open in a new window.](#)

# Tissot's Indicatrix



Spherical Mercator  
is ubiquitous on  
the web—why?

# Web Mercator

$$x = \frac{128}{\pi} 2^{\text{zoom level}} (\lambda + \pi) \text{ pixels}$$

$$y = \frac{128}{\pi} 2^{\text{zoom level}} \left( \pi - \ln \left[ \tan \left( \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\varphi}{2} \right) \right] \right) \text{ pixels}$$

World coordinates adjusted to map to 256 x 256 pixels.

**Latitude cut-offs** at 85.051129 degrees: the exact point at which the projection frames the world in a square.

# The Earth as a Square

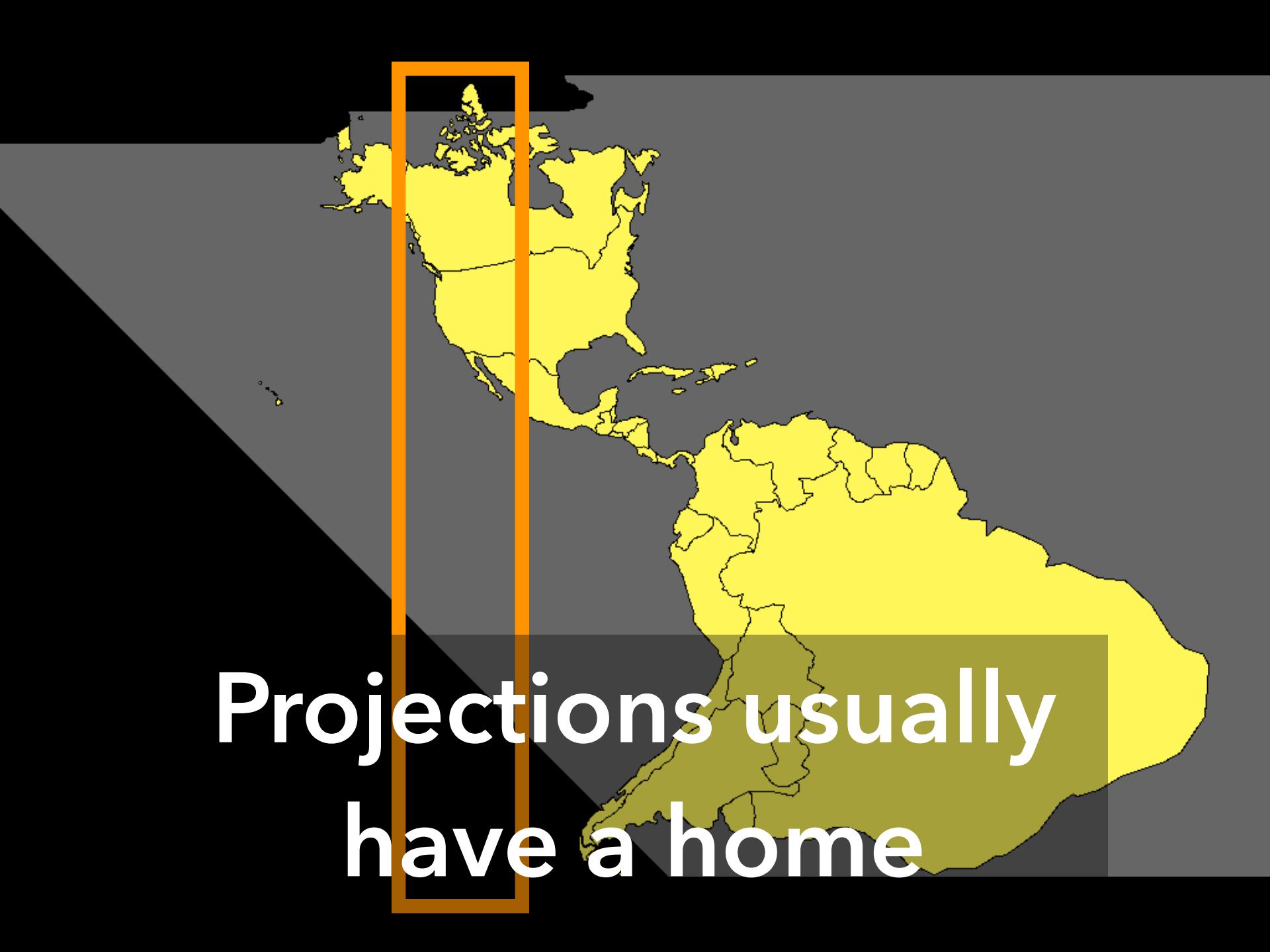


# Peirce Quincuncial



The Peirce quincuncial projection is implemented as `d3.geo.peirceQuincuncial` in the geo.projection D3 plugin. It is derived from the Guyou projection.

[Open in a new window.](#)



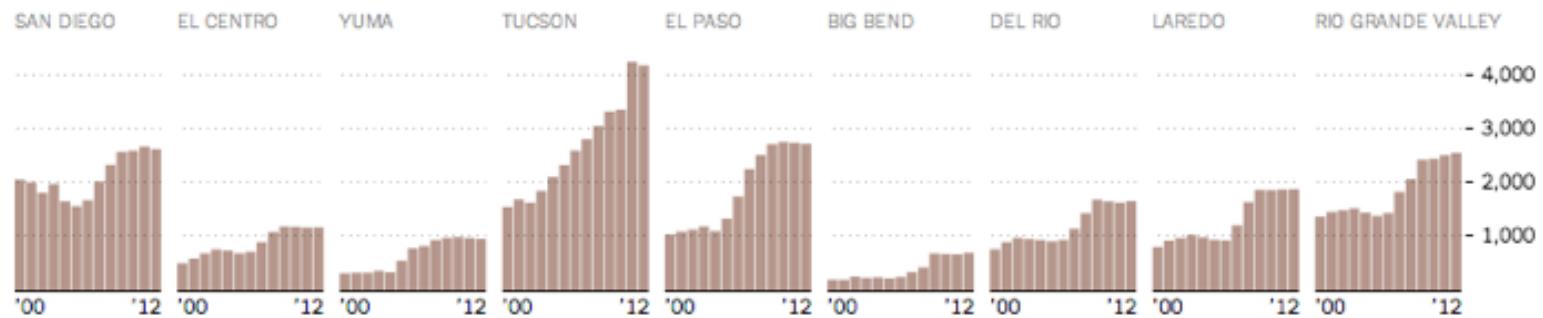
Projections usually  
have a home

# Increased Border Enforcement, With Varying Results



**There are now more agents along the 1,954 mile-long border than ever before...**

Border agents per sector.



Satellite Projection, NY Times

WHAT YOUR FAVORITE  
**MAP PROJECTION**  
SAYS ABOUT YOU

MERCATOR



YOU'RE NOT REALLY INTO MAPS.

VAN DER GRIJNEN



YOU'RE NOT A COMPLICATED PERSON. YOU LOVE THE MERCATOR PROJECTION; YOU JUST WISH IT WEREN'T SQUARE. THE EARTH'S NOT A SQUARE, IT'S A CIRCLE. YOU LIKE CIRCLES. TODAY IS GONNA BE A GOOD DAY!

## PEIRCE QUINCUNCIAL

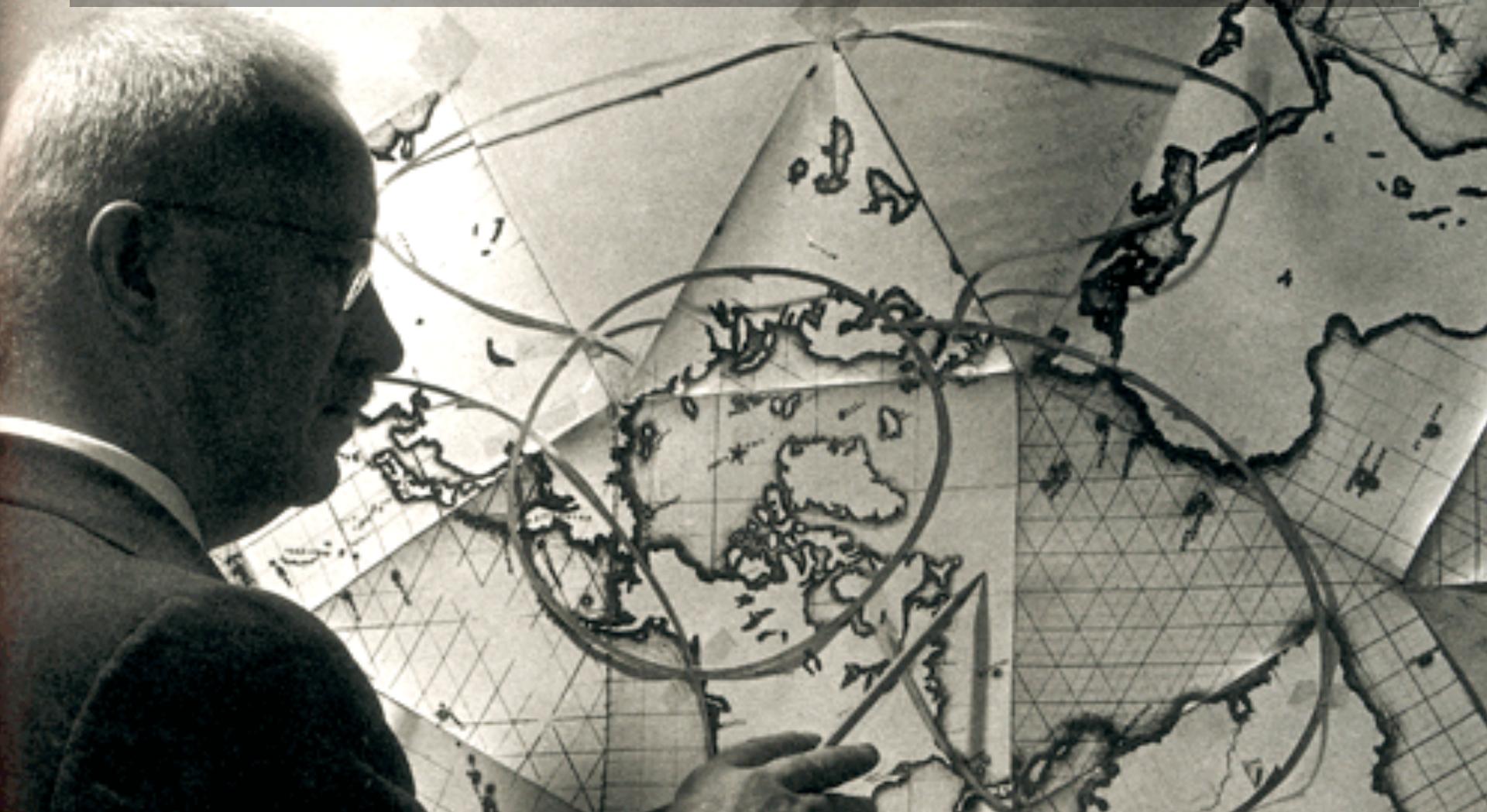


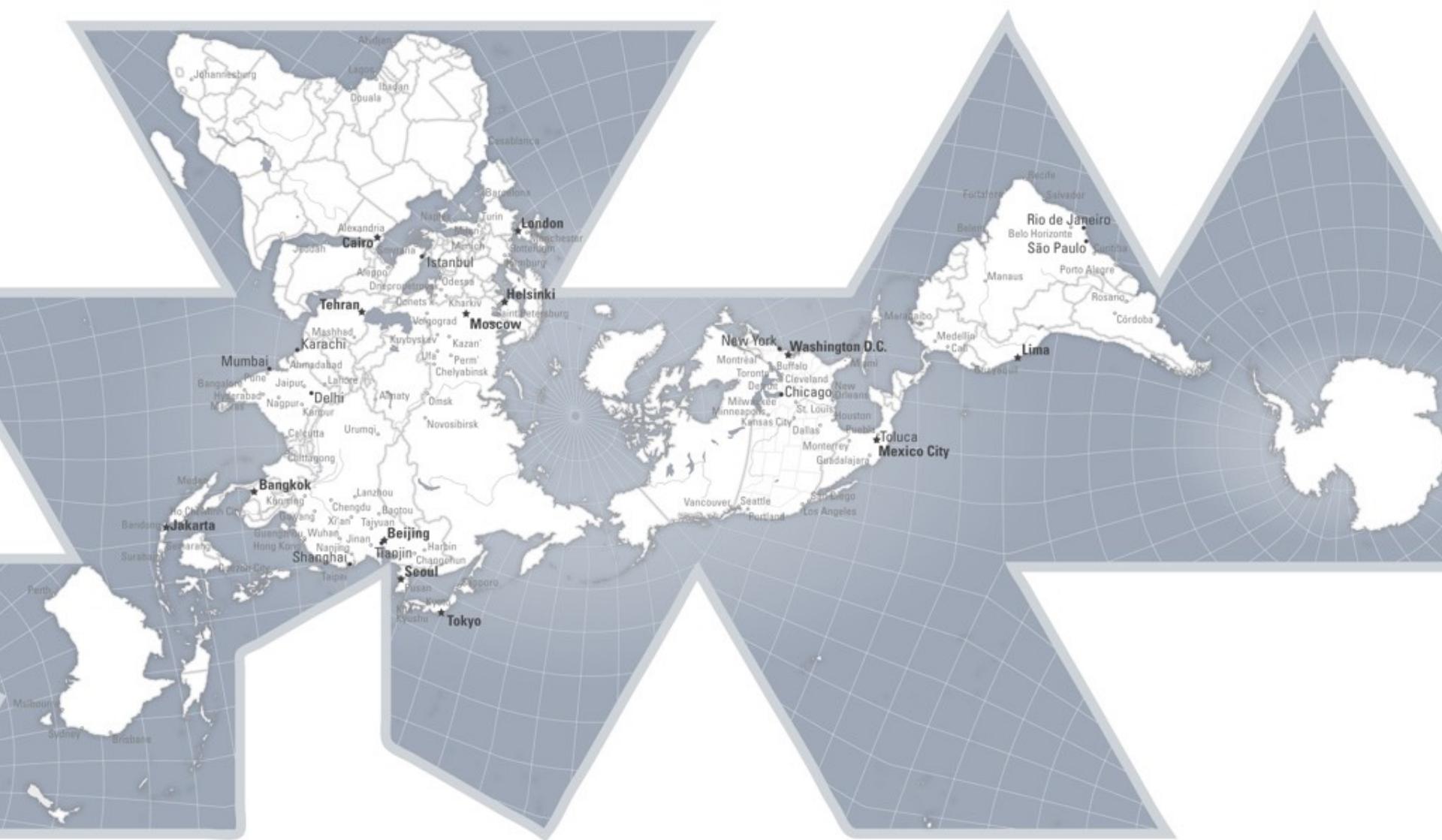
YOU THINK THAT WHEN WE LOOK AT A MAP, WHAT WE REALLY SEE IS OURSELVES. AFTER YOU FIRST SAW INCEPTION, YOU SAT SILENT IN THE THEATER FOR SIX HOURS. IT FREAKS YOU OUT TO REALIZE THAT EVERYONE AROUND YOU HAS A SKELETON INSIDE THEM. YOU HAVE REALLY LOOKED AT YOUR HANDS.

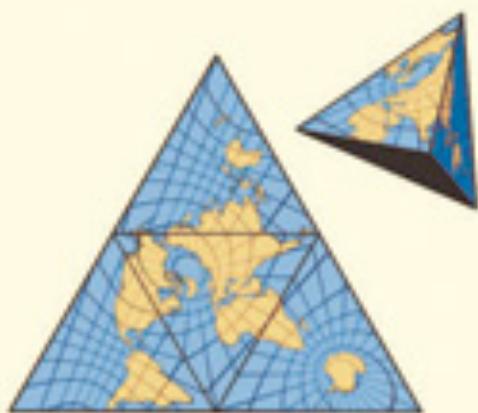


There are interesting  
ways to tear spheres

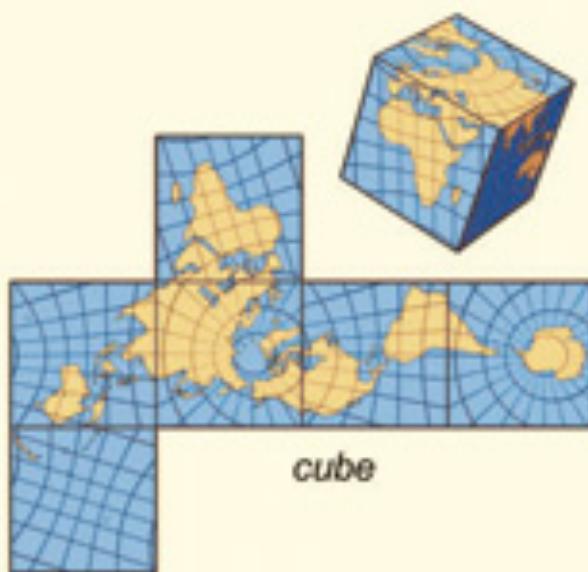
# One notable interesting way to tear a sphere



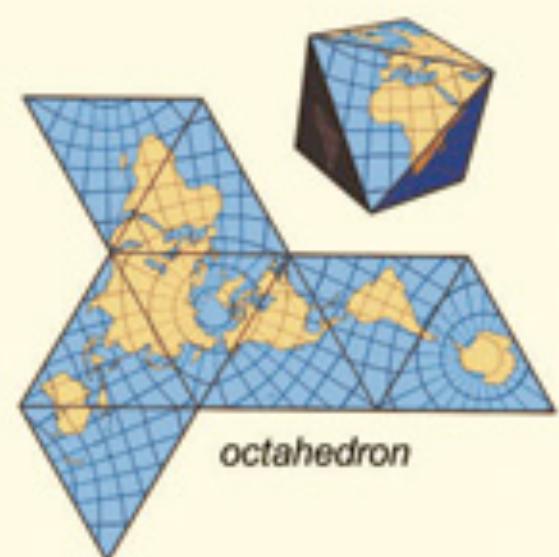




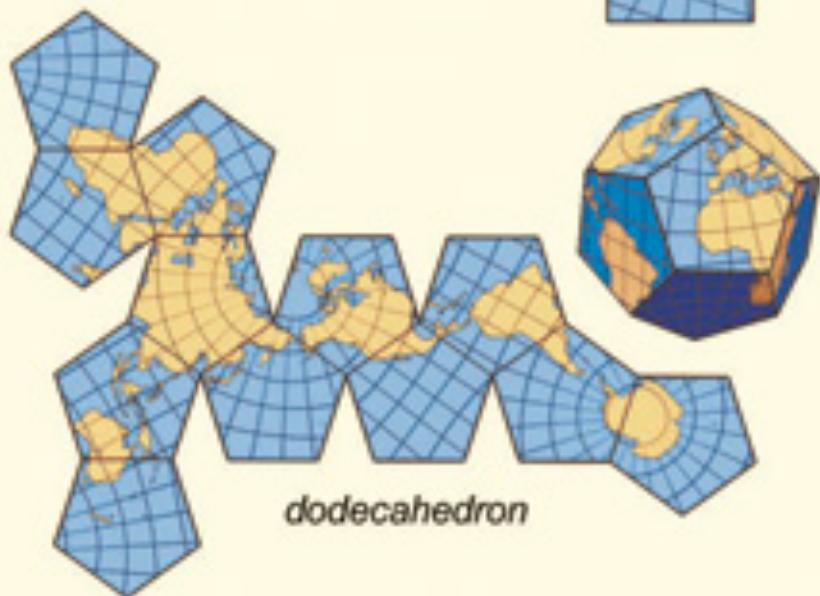
*tetrahedron*



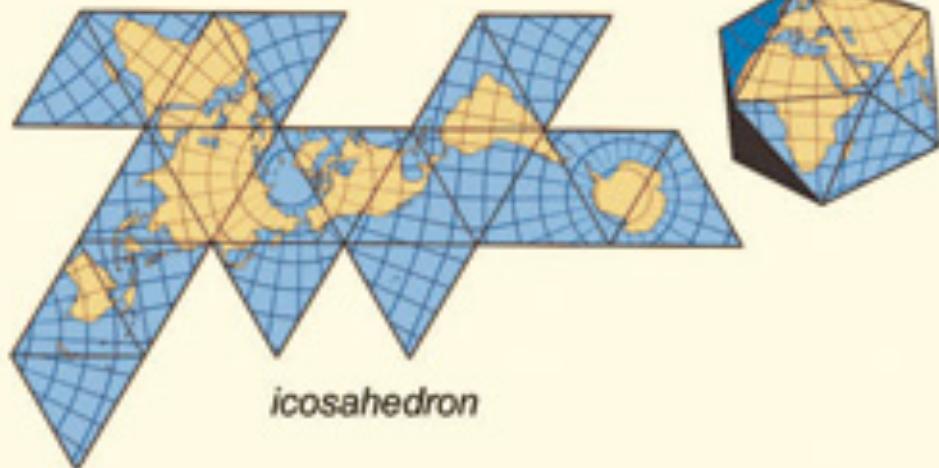
*cube*



*octahedron*



*dodecahedron*



*icosahedron*



## ADAPTIVE COMPOSITE MAP PROJECTIONS

---

# Scale

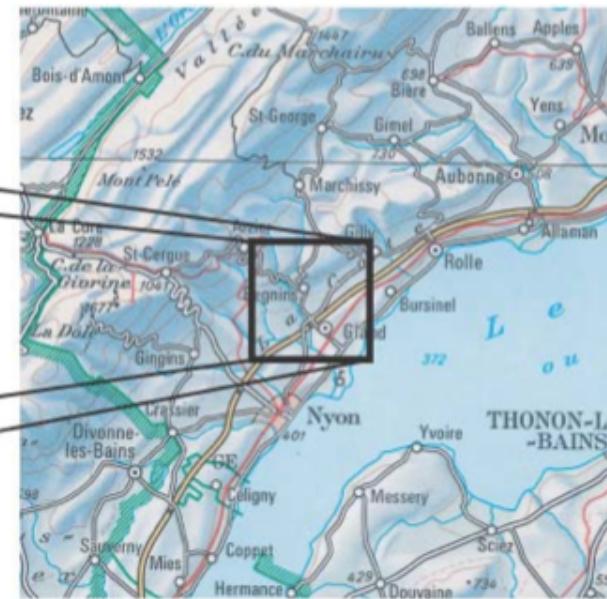
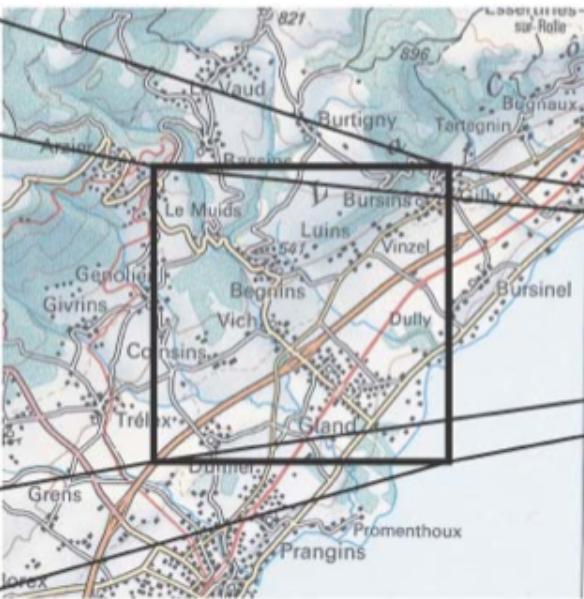
This is not “scale”

Texas-Europe Size Comparison

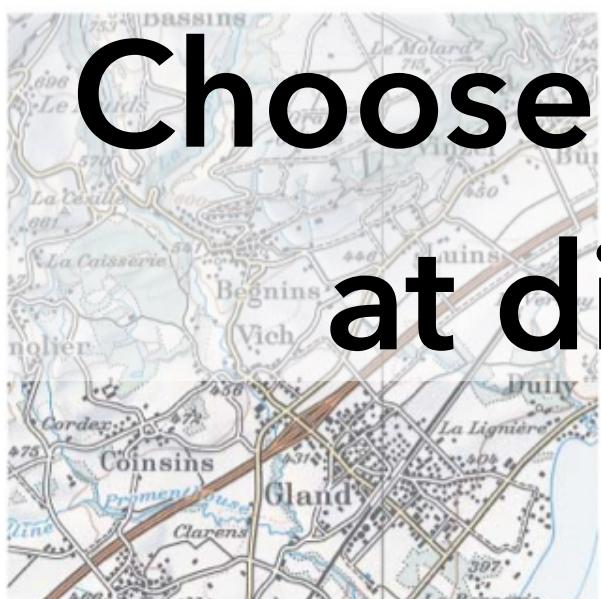


# Scale is an idea imported from print

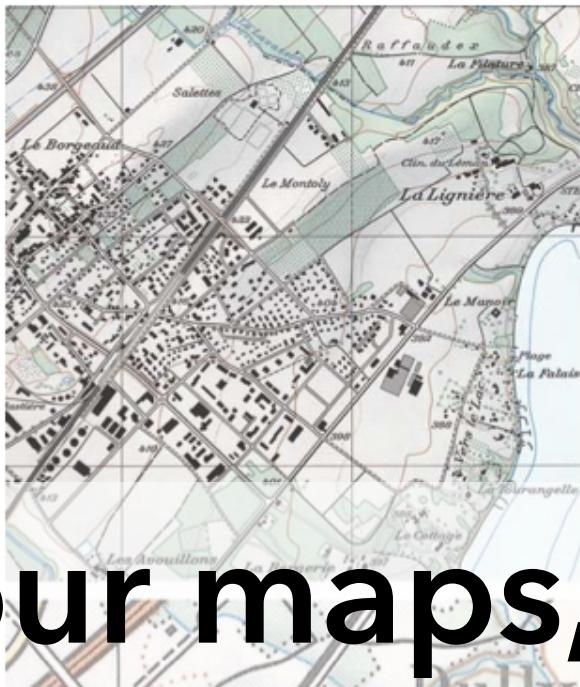




Choose the right content  
at different scales



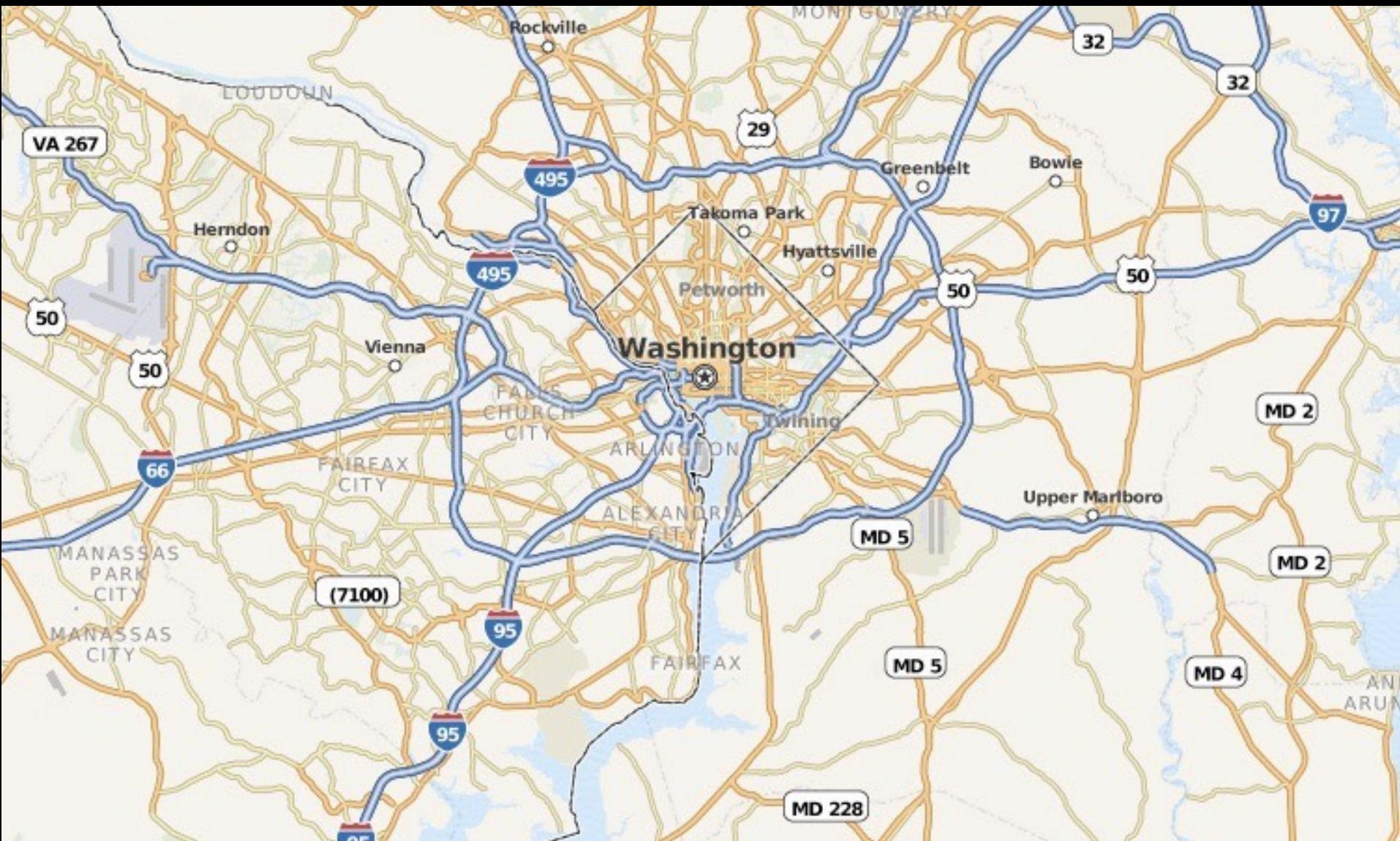
# Four maps, same area

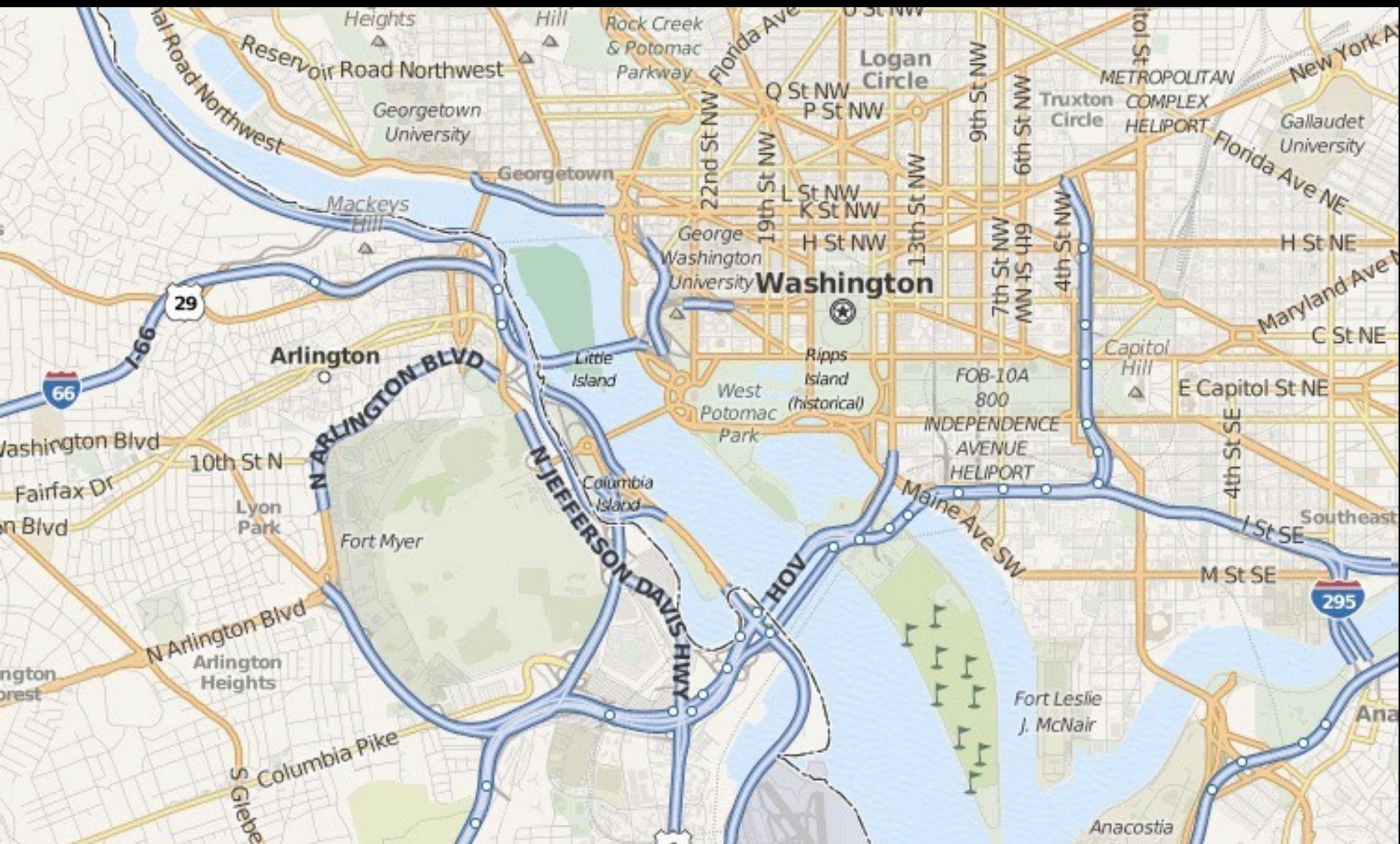


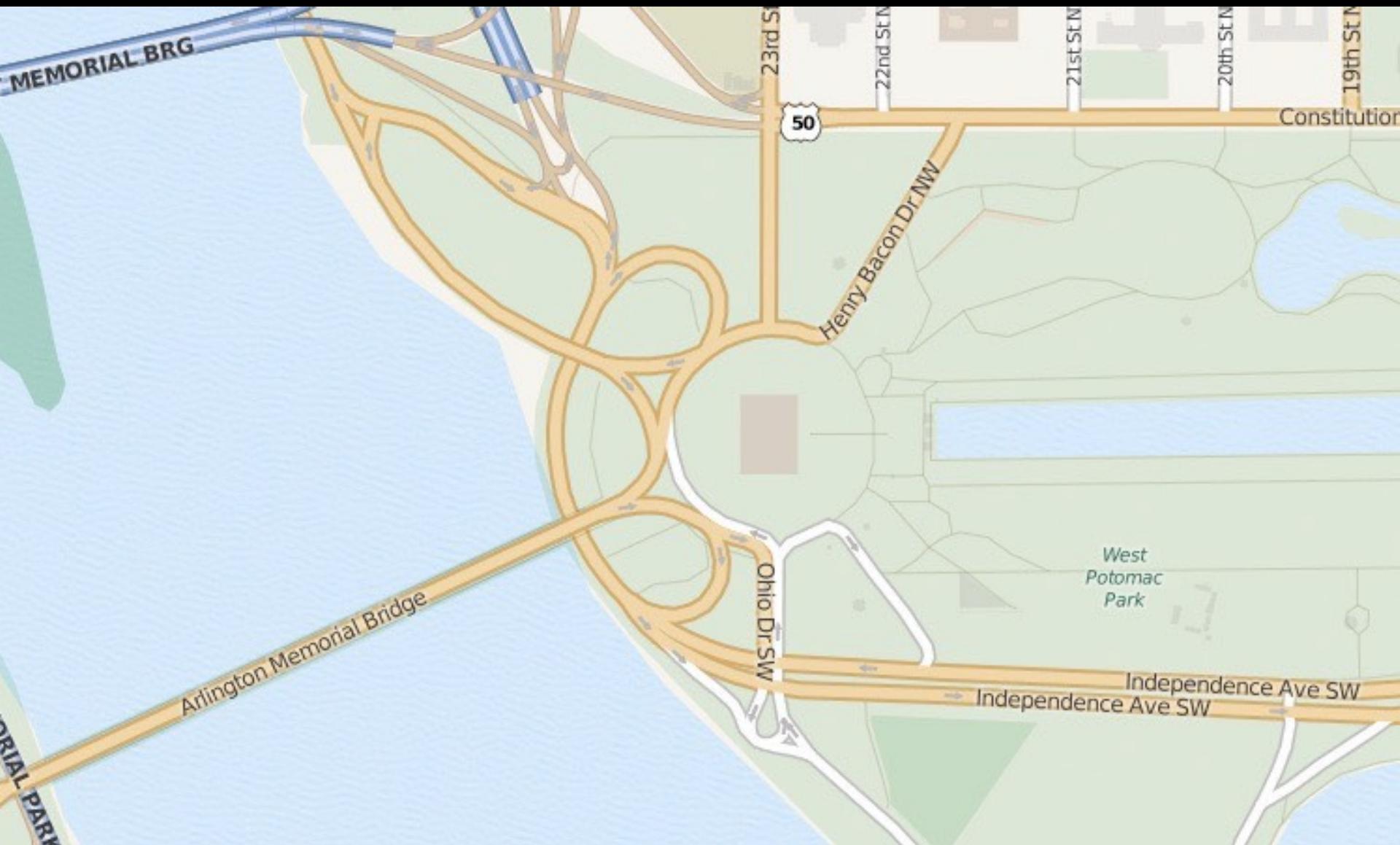
# What shows at different scales?

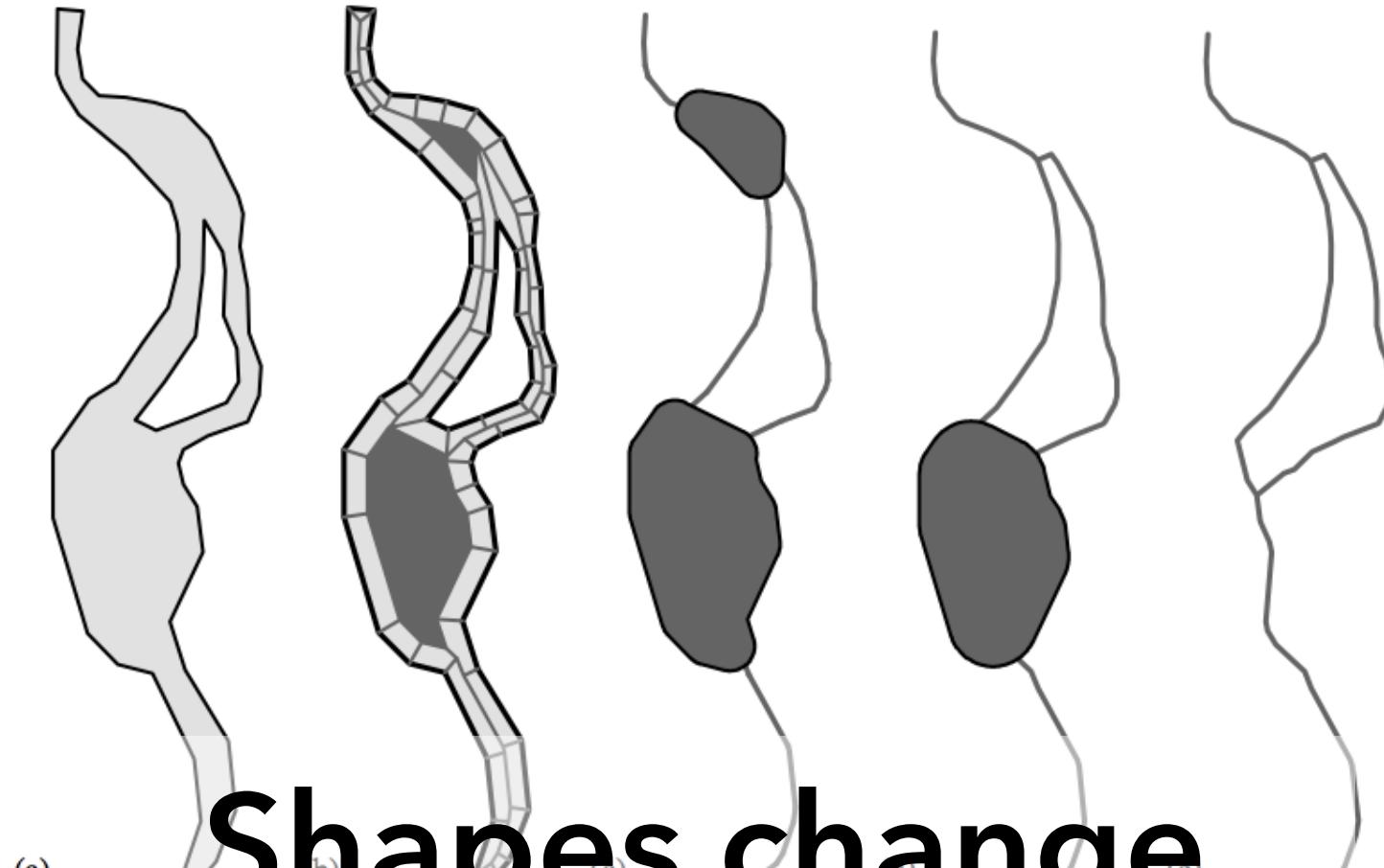












# Shapes change

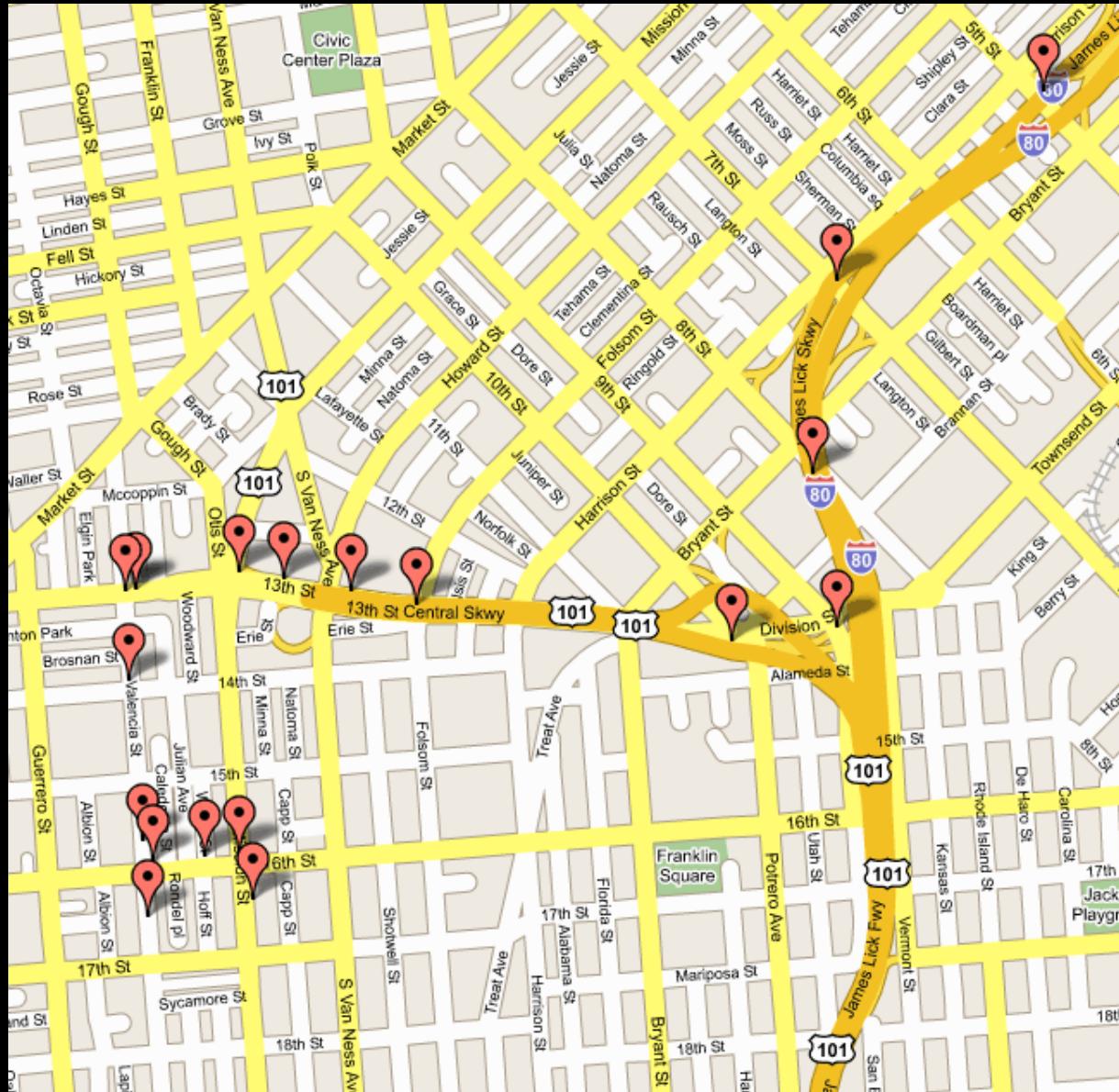
Figure 11. Fragmentation of a river into polygons and lines with different thresholds leading to different results (c, d, e).

at different scales

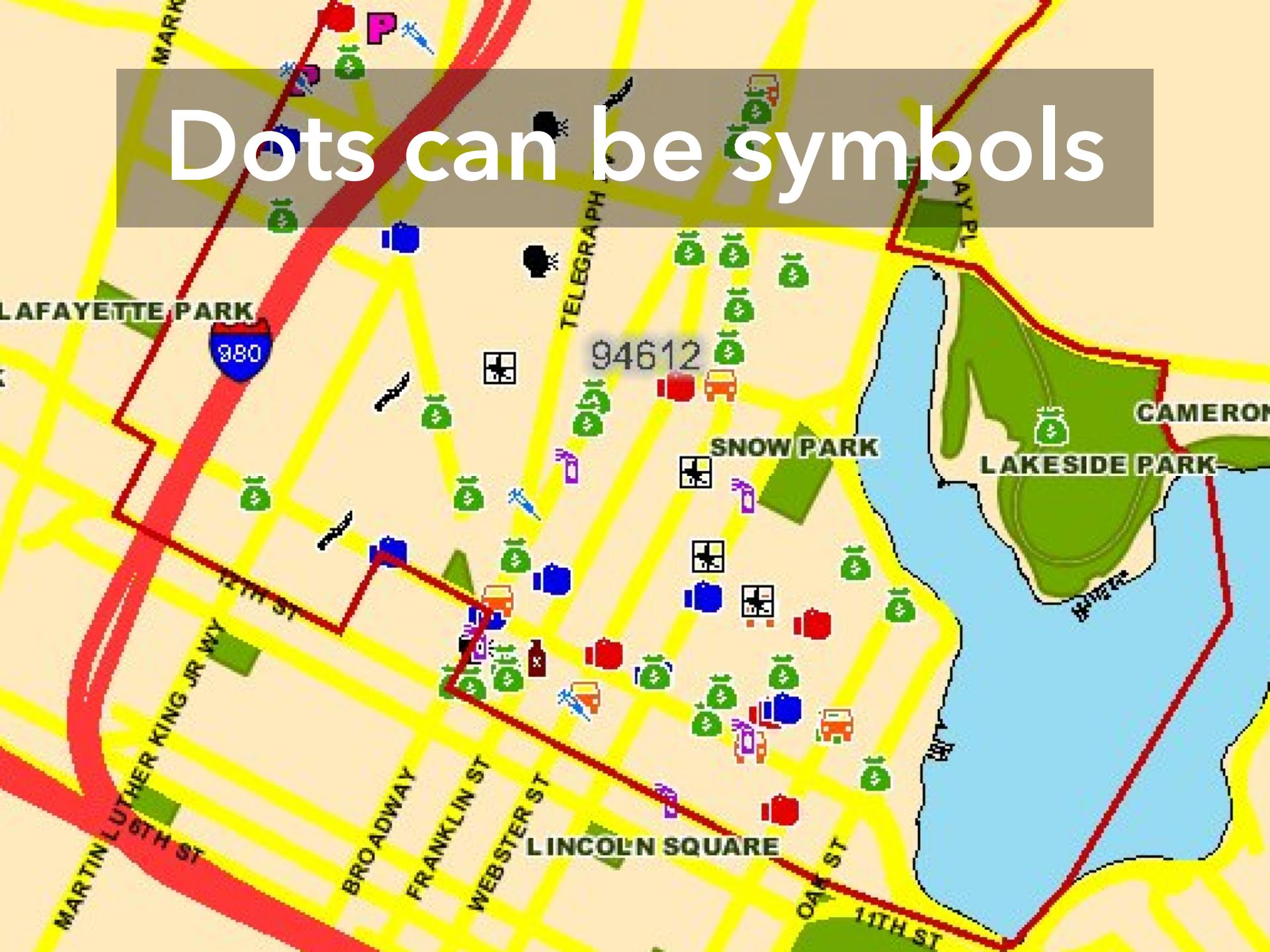
# Mapping

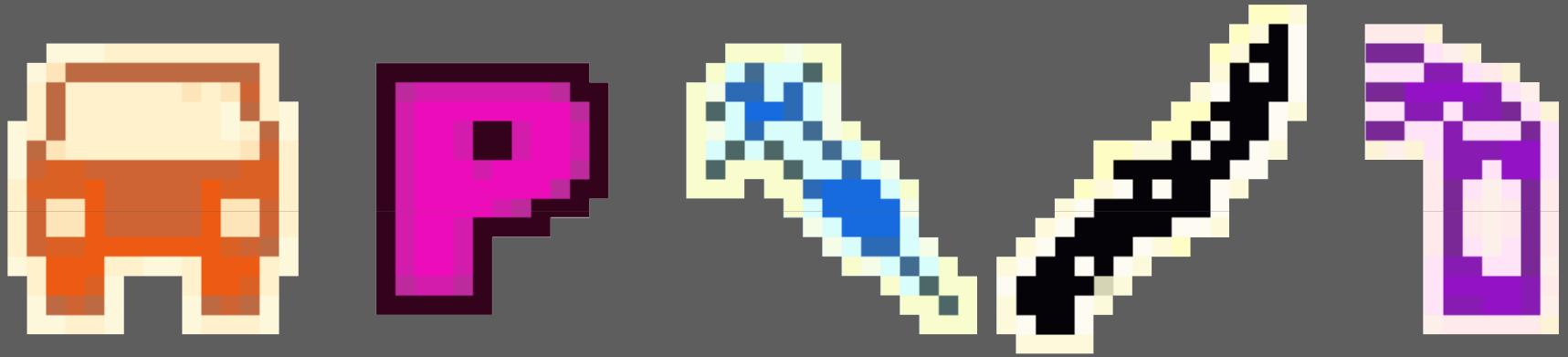
## Visualizing Geospatial Data

# Symbol Maps



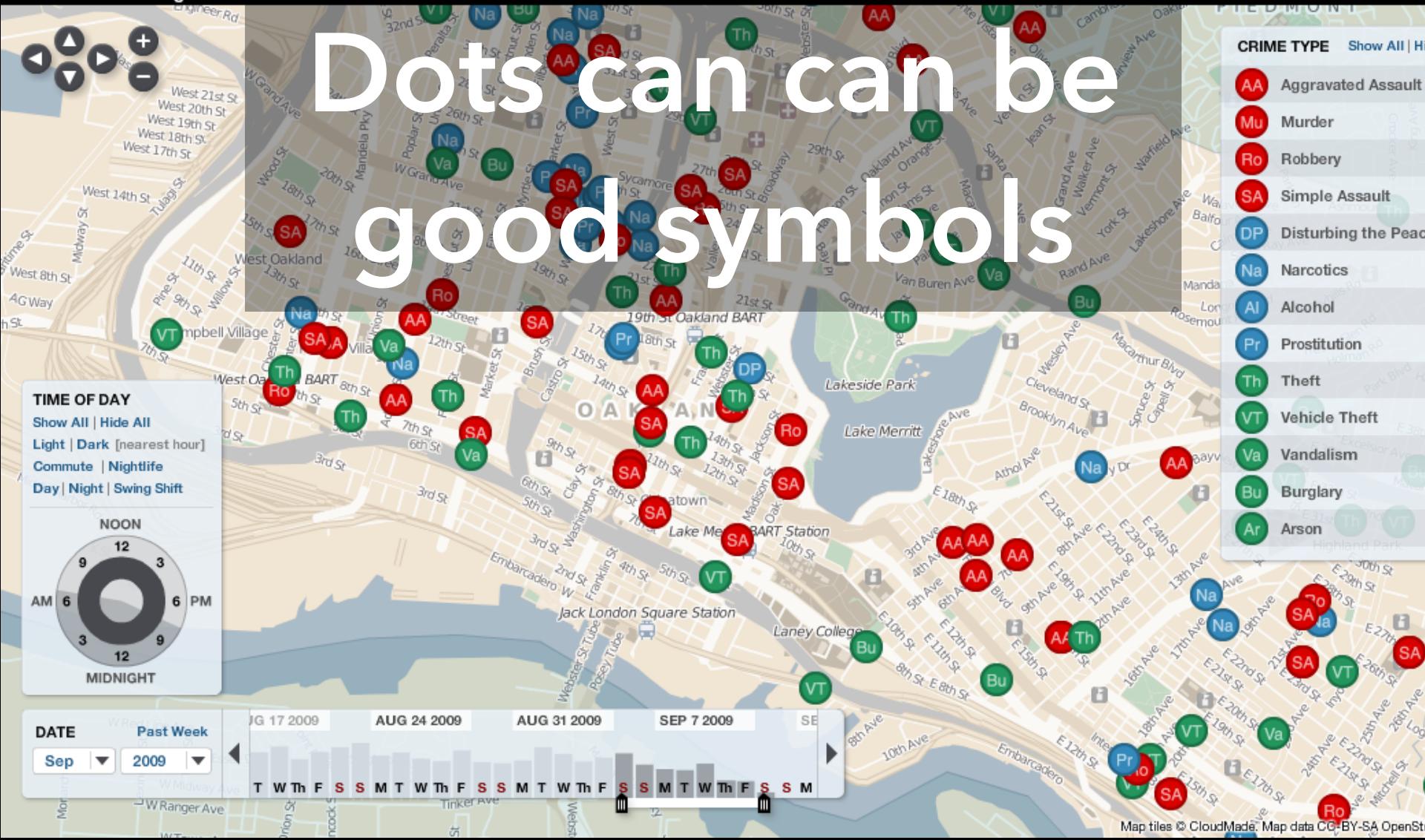
# Dots can be symbols

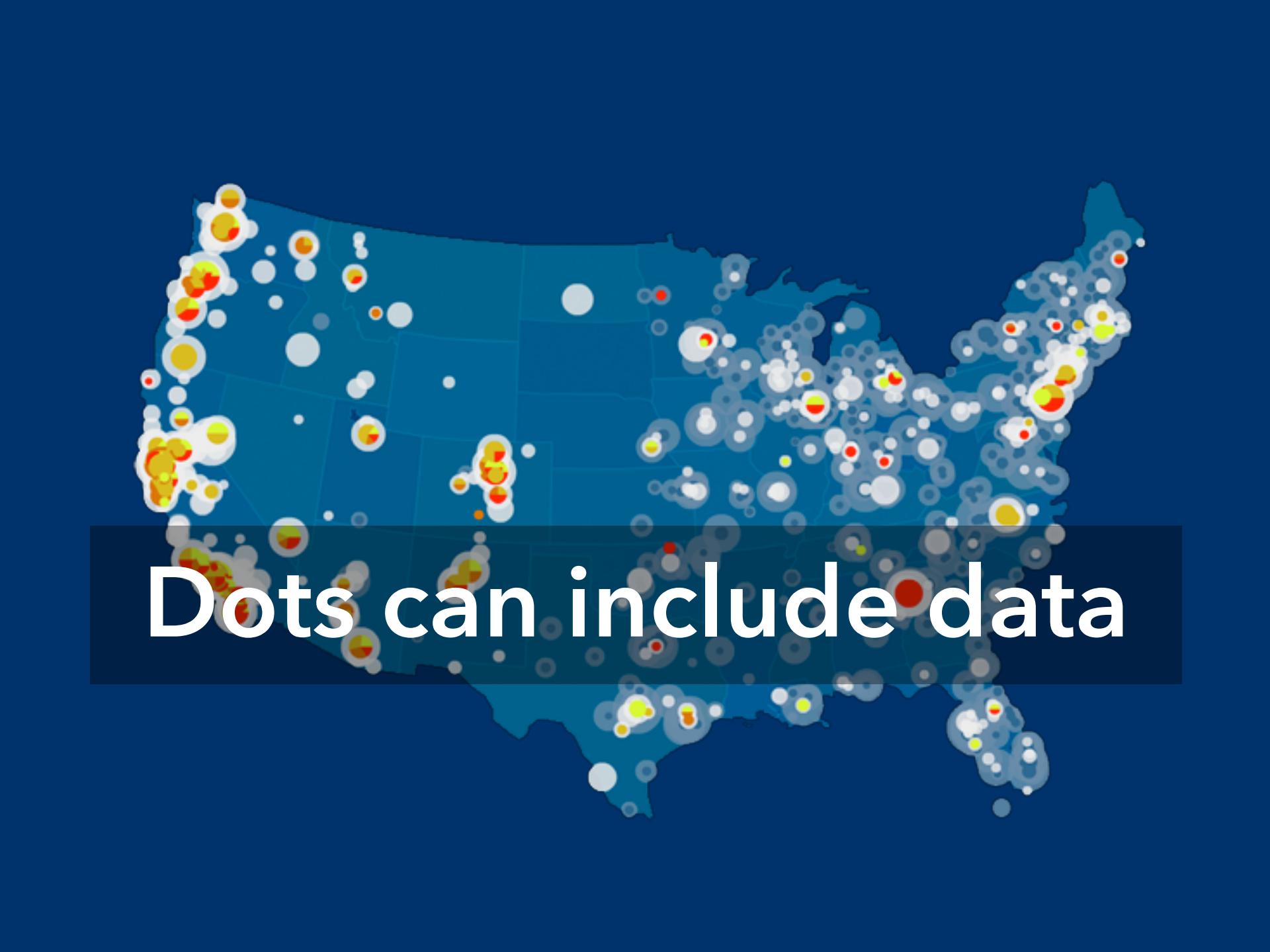




Guess the crime

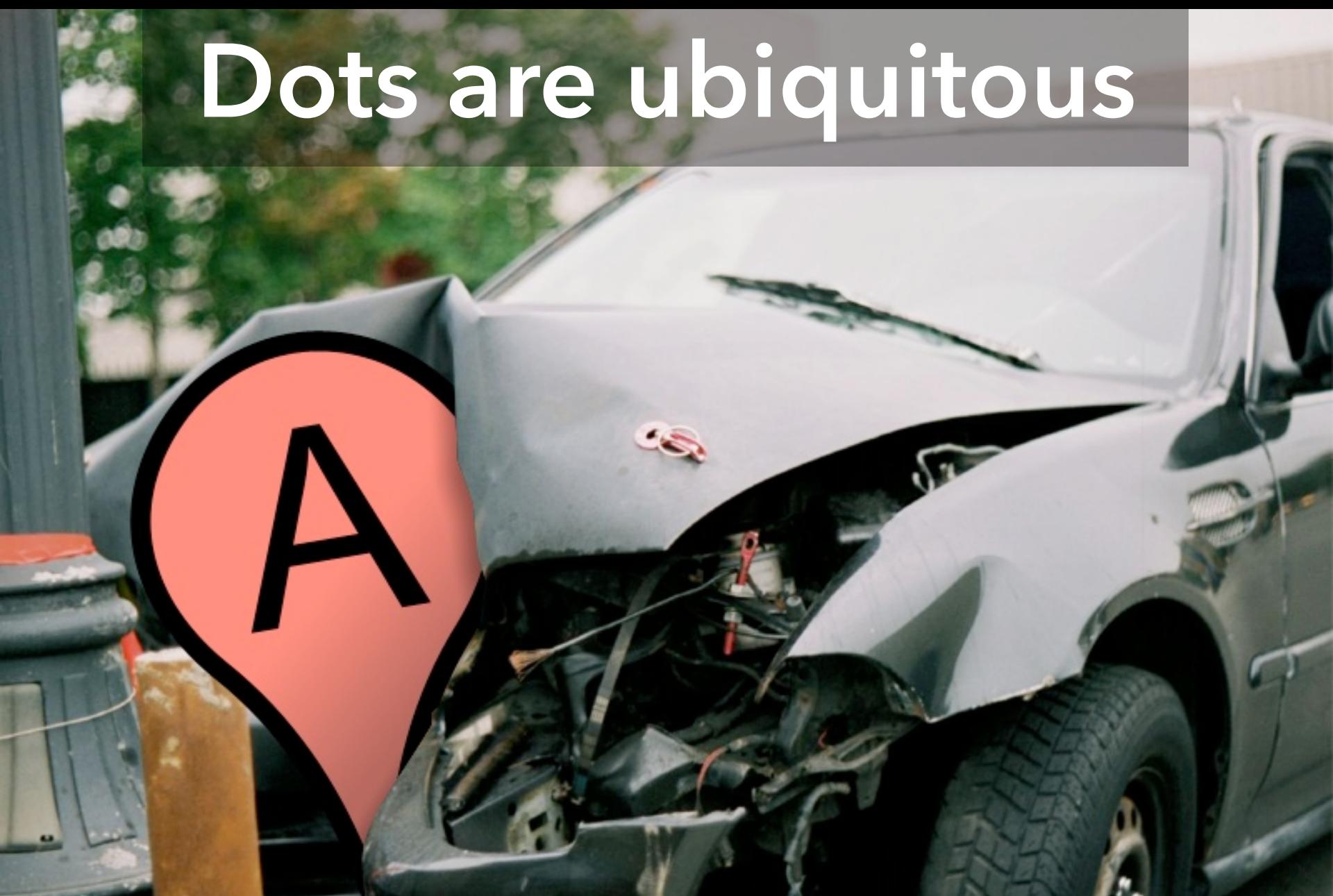
# Dots can be good symbols





Dots can include data

# Dots are ubiquitous



# “Red Dot Fever”



© 2009 [CloudMade](#) - Map data [CCBYSA](#) 2009 [OpenStreetMap.org](#) contributors - [Terms of Use](#)

The New York Times

# Mapping America: Every City, Every Block

Find something interesting? Share this view on [Twitter](#) or [Facebook](#)

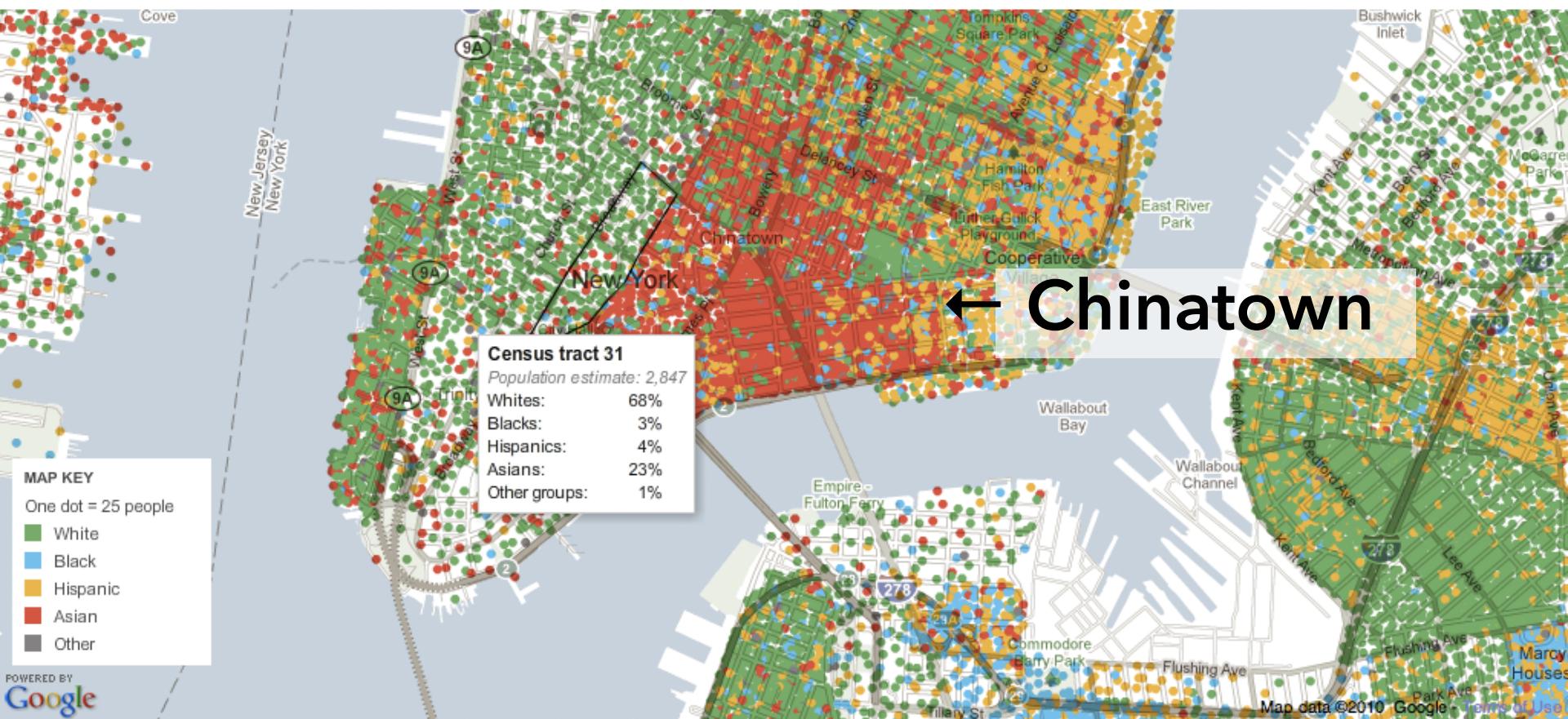
Browse local data from the Census Bureau's American Community Survey, based on samples from 2005 to 2009. Because these figures are based on samples, they are subject to a margin of error, particularly in places with a low population, and are best regarded as estimates.

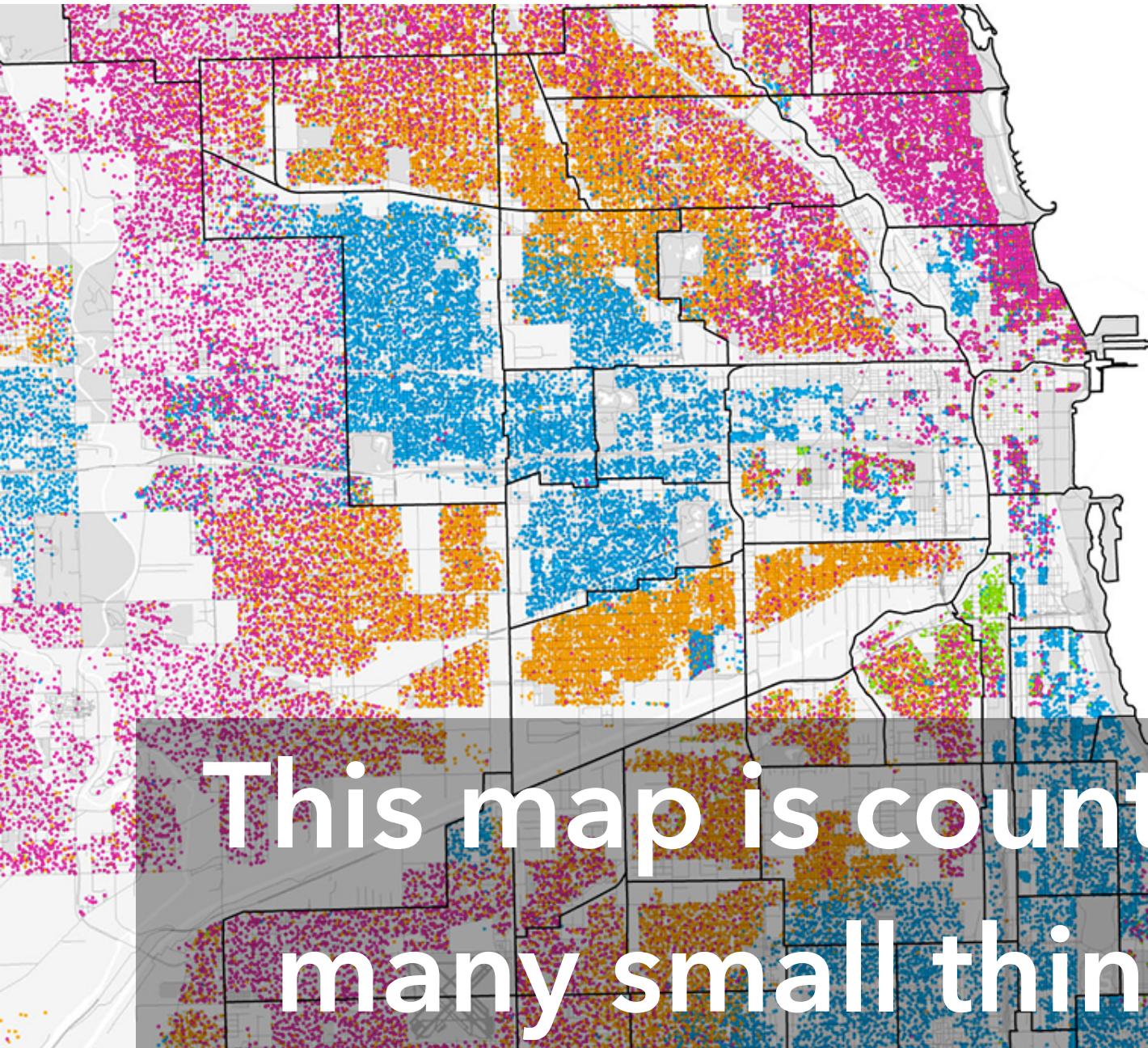
## Distribution of racial and ethnic groups

[View More Maps](#)

Address, ZIP code or city

Go





the black lines show  
chicago's official  
community areas.

each dot represents  
twenty-five people.  
here, hispanic is  
exclusive of other  
categories.

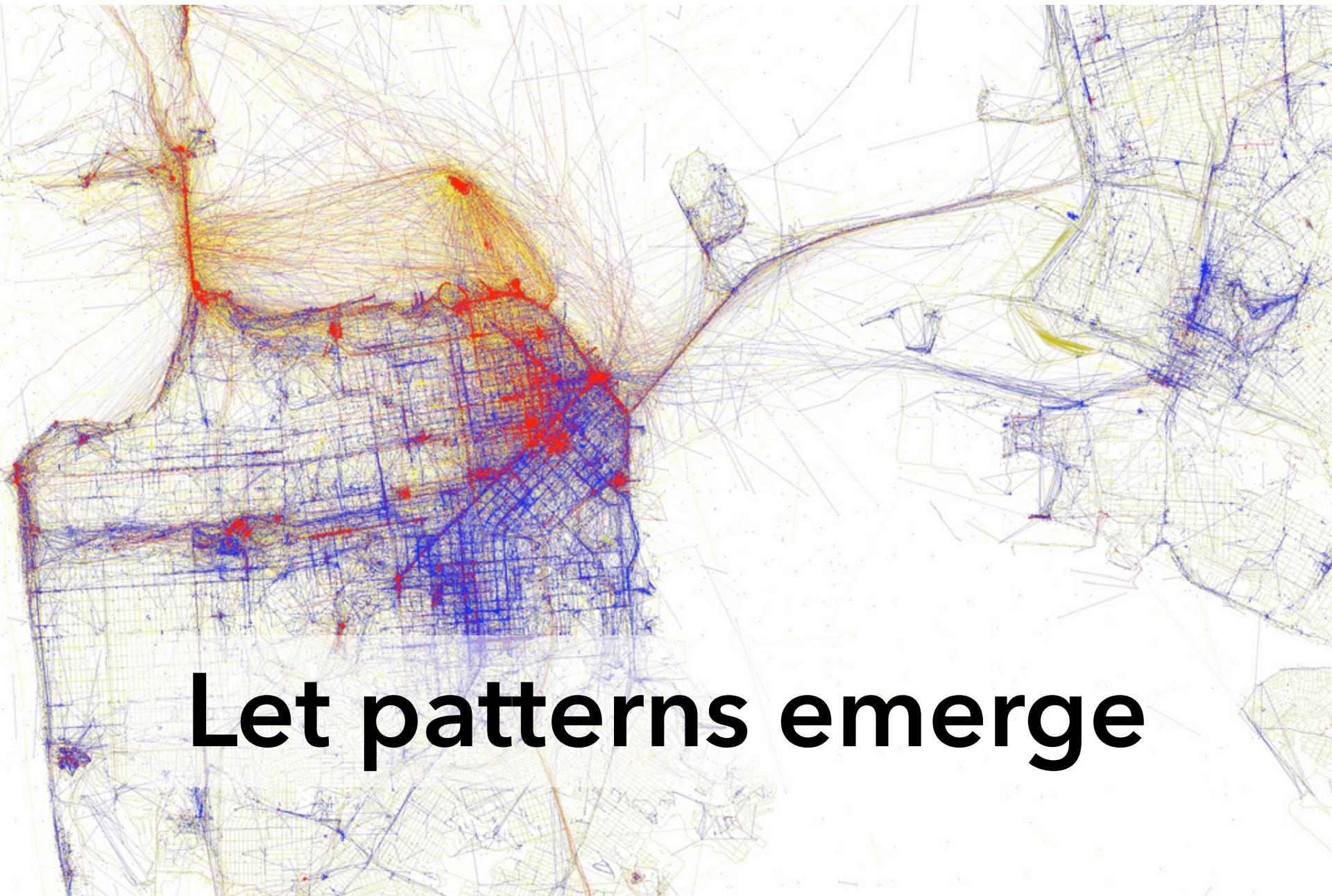
block-level data  
from the U.S. census.

scale 1:200,000

This map is counting  
many small things

# Clustering, grouping

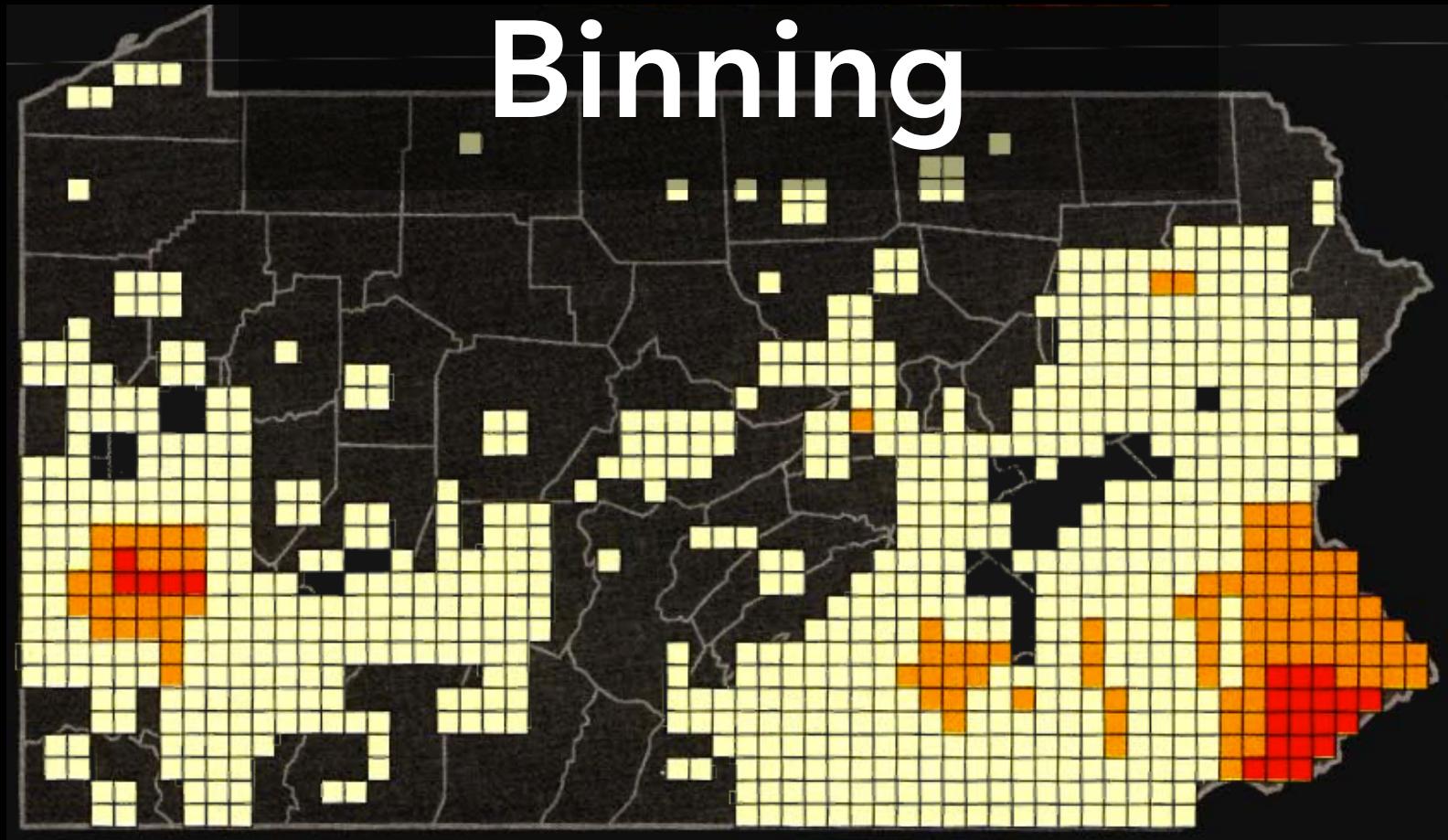




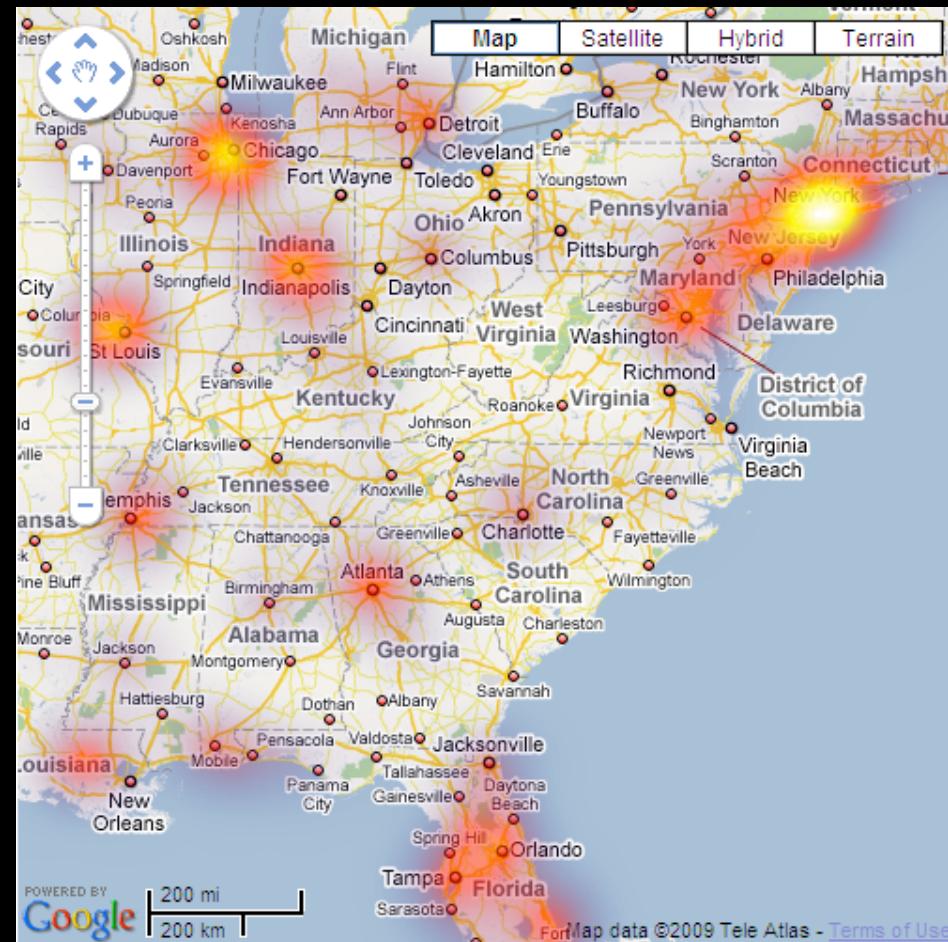
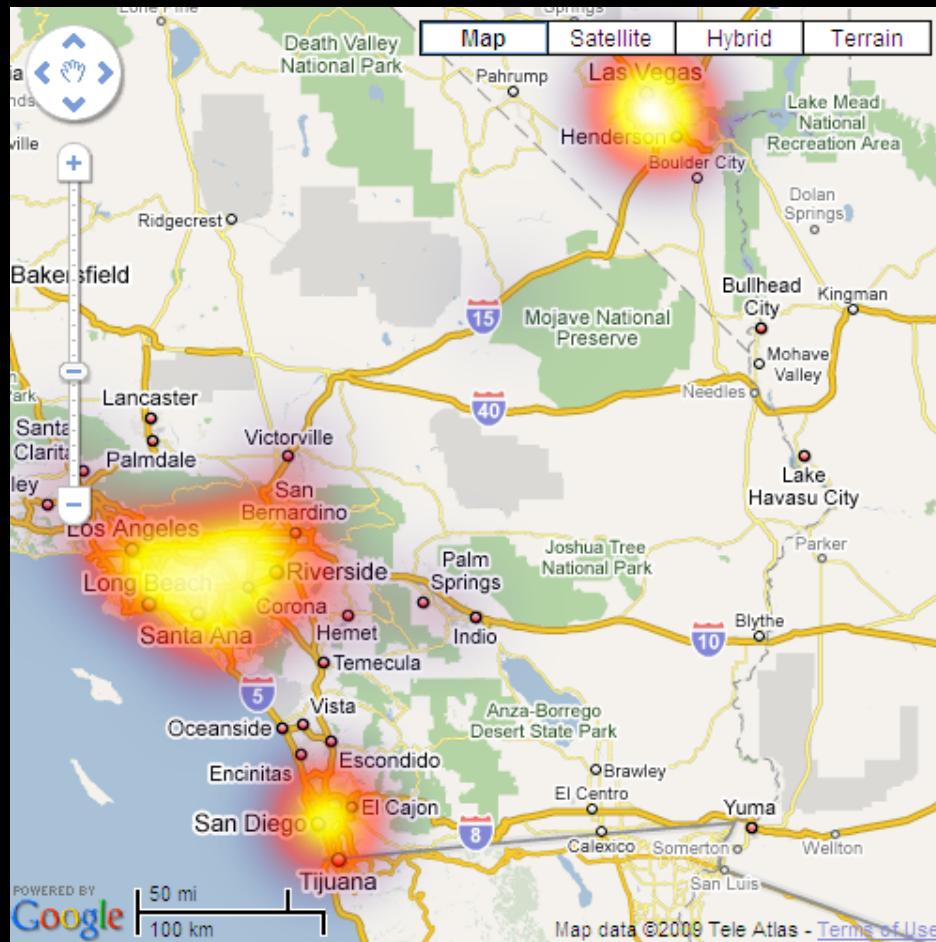
**Let patterns emerge**

# Continuous Data

# Binning



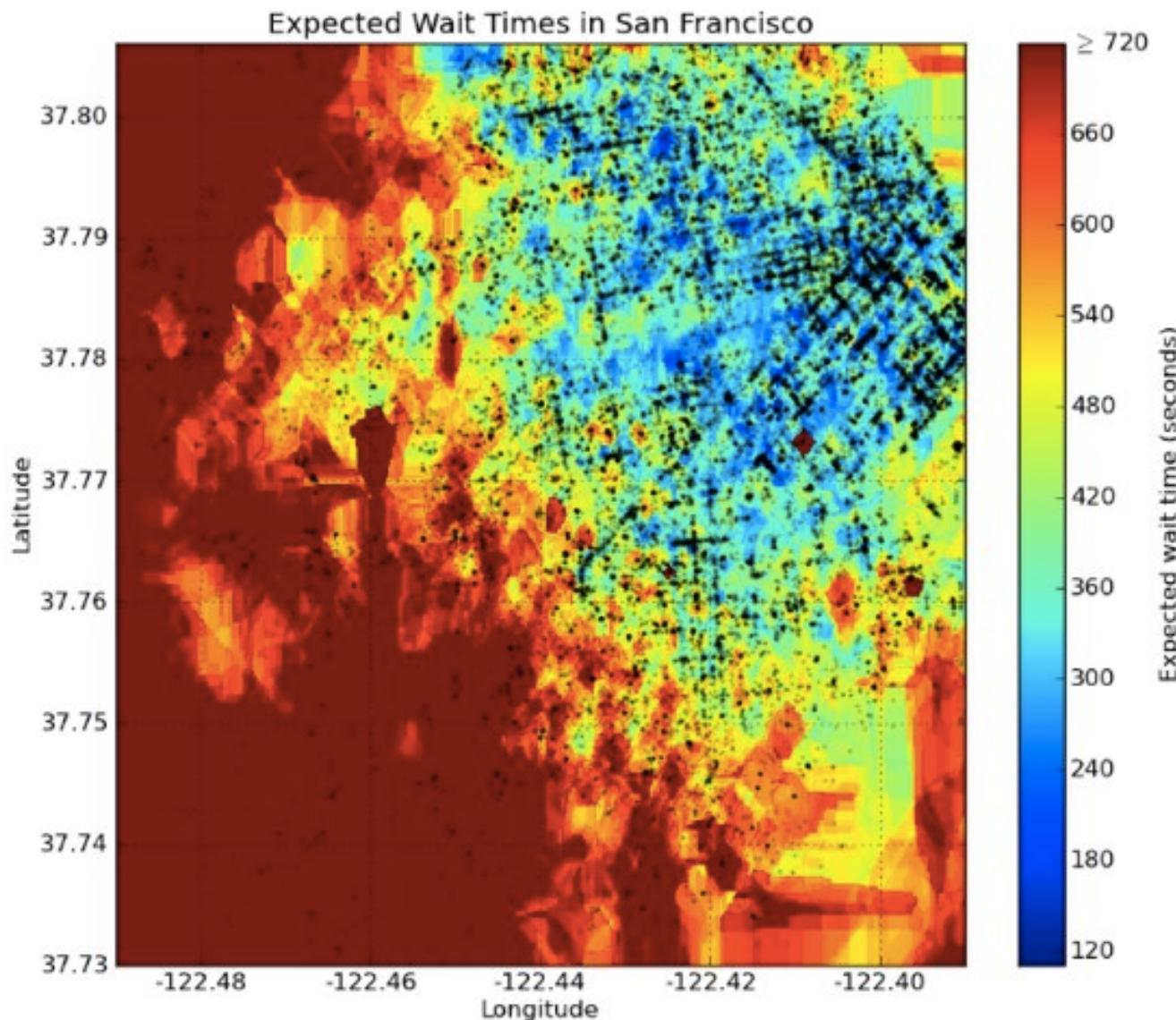
<http://sta.mn/zwh>



Don't hide the context

# Uber Wait Times, 2011

<http://sta.mn/6x27>



# Break data into buckets

DATAVIZ

## CRIMESPOTTING

The brazen 2007 murder of journalist Chauncey Bailey in Oakland, California, led Stamen partner Mike Migurski to

make the city's crime data more accessible. This heat map of downtown uses data from CrimeWatch, a community website, [stamen.com](http://stamen.com)

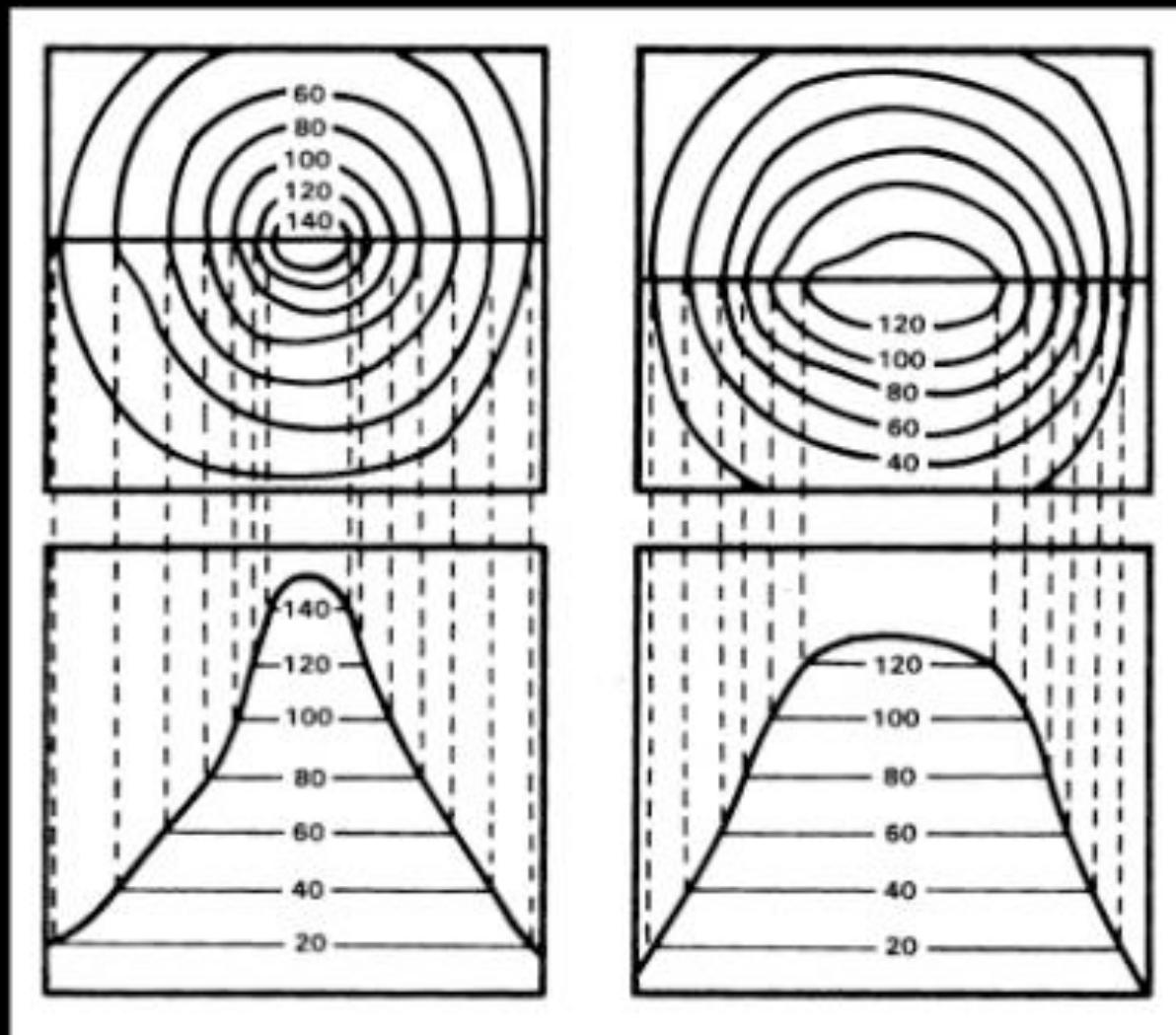
to show the gaps between crimes at a given intersection: white is high-crime; darker areas are safe.

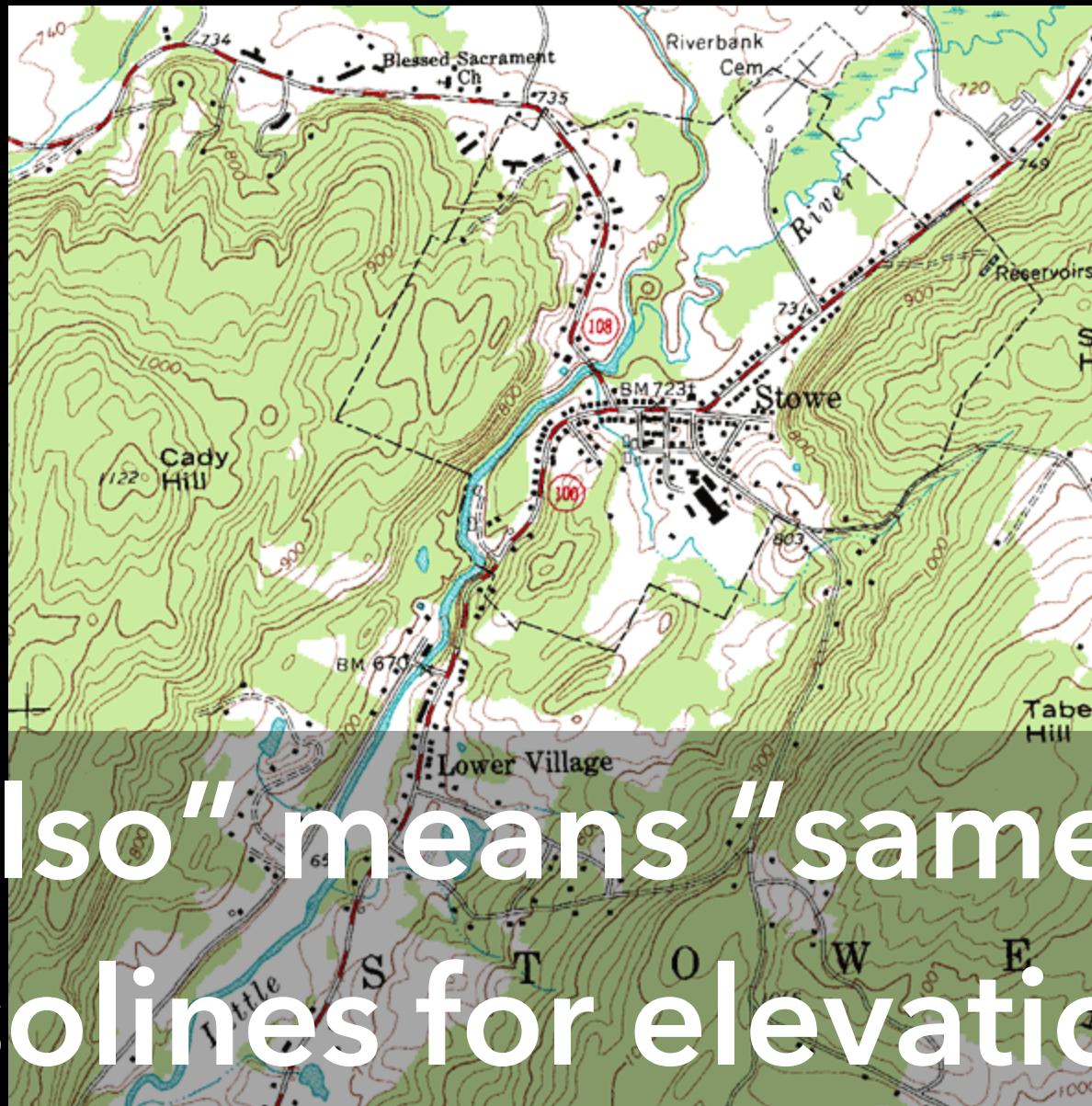


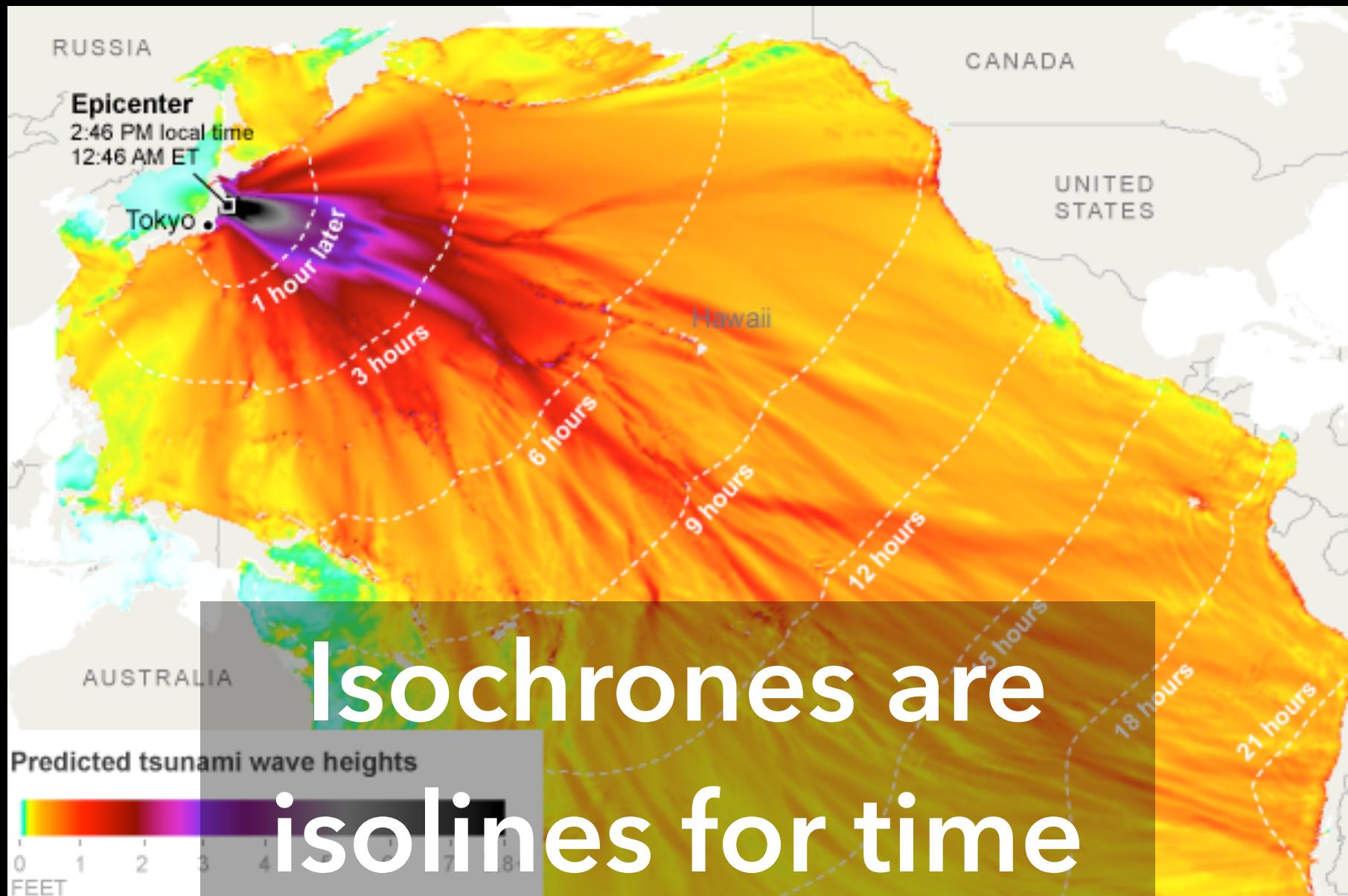
- A week ago
- Two weeks ago
- A month ago
- Two months ago
- Three months ago
- Four months ago
- Five months ago

# Meaningful buckets

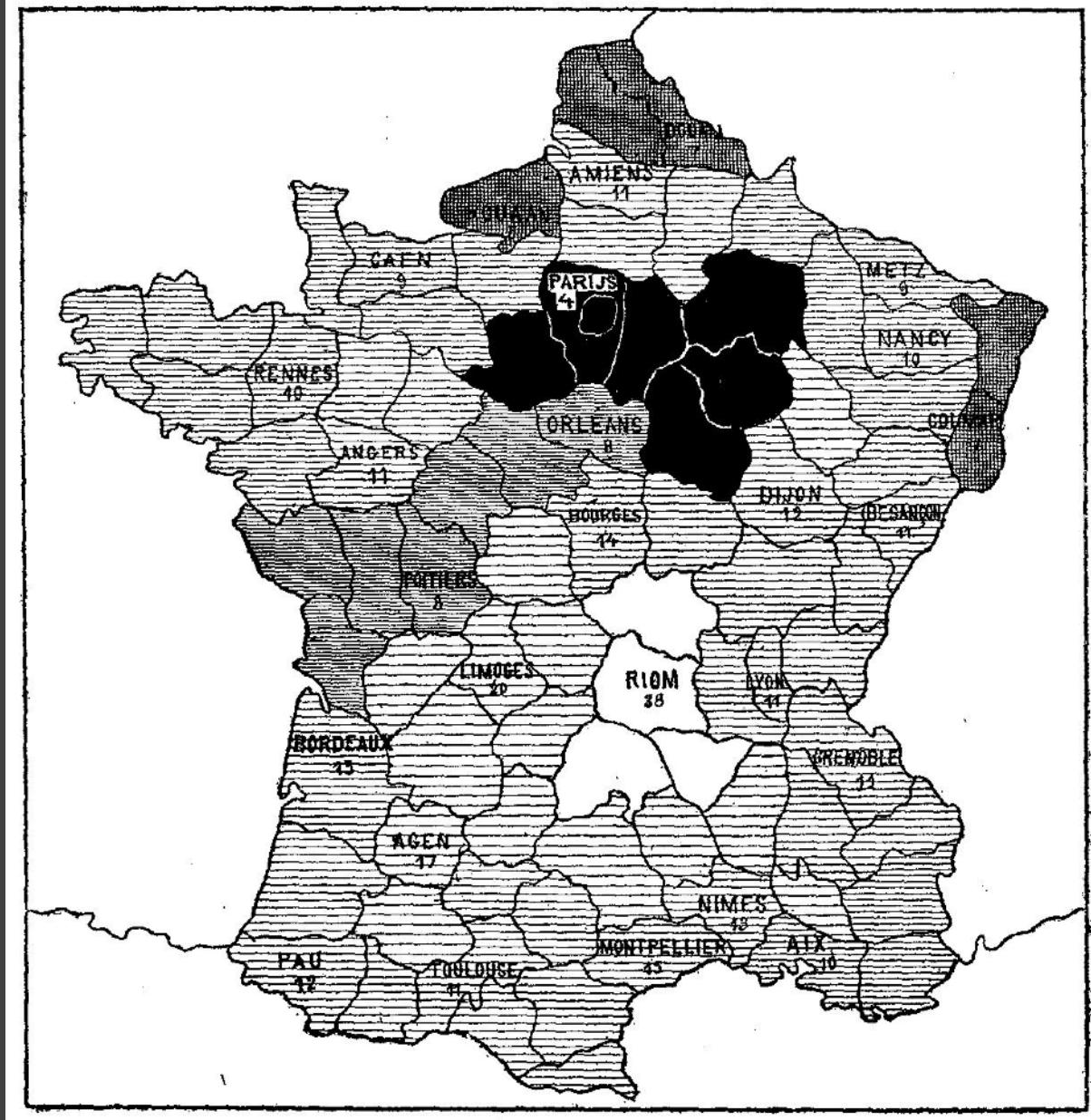
<http://sta.mn/b6>





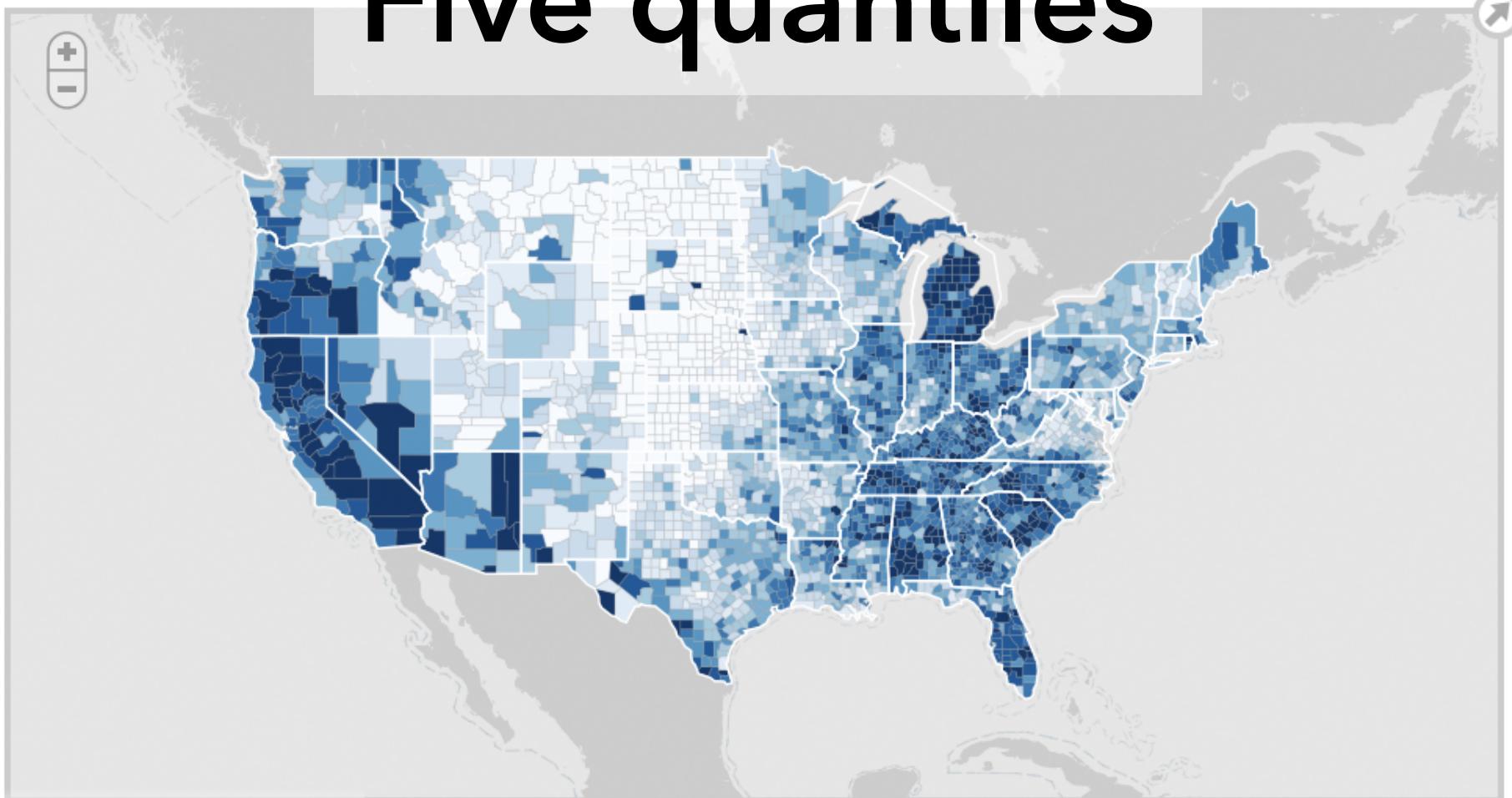


# Choropleth Maps



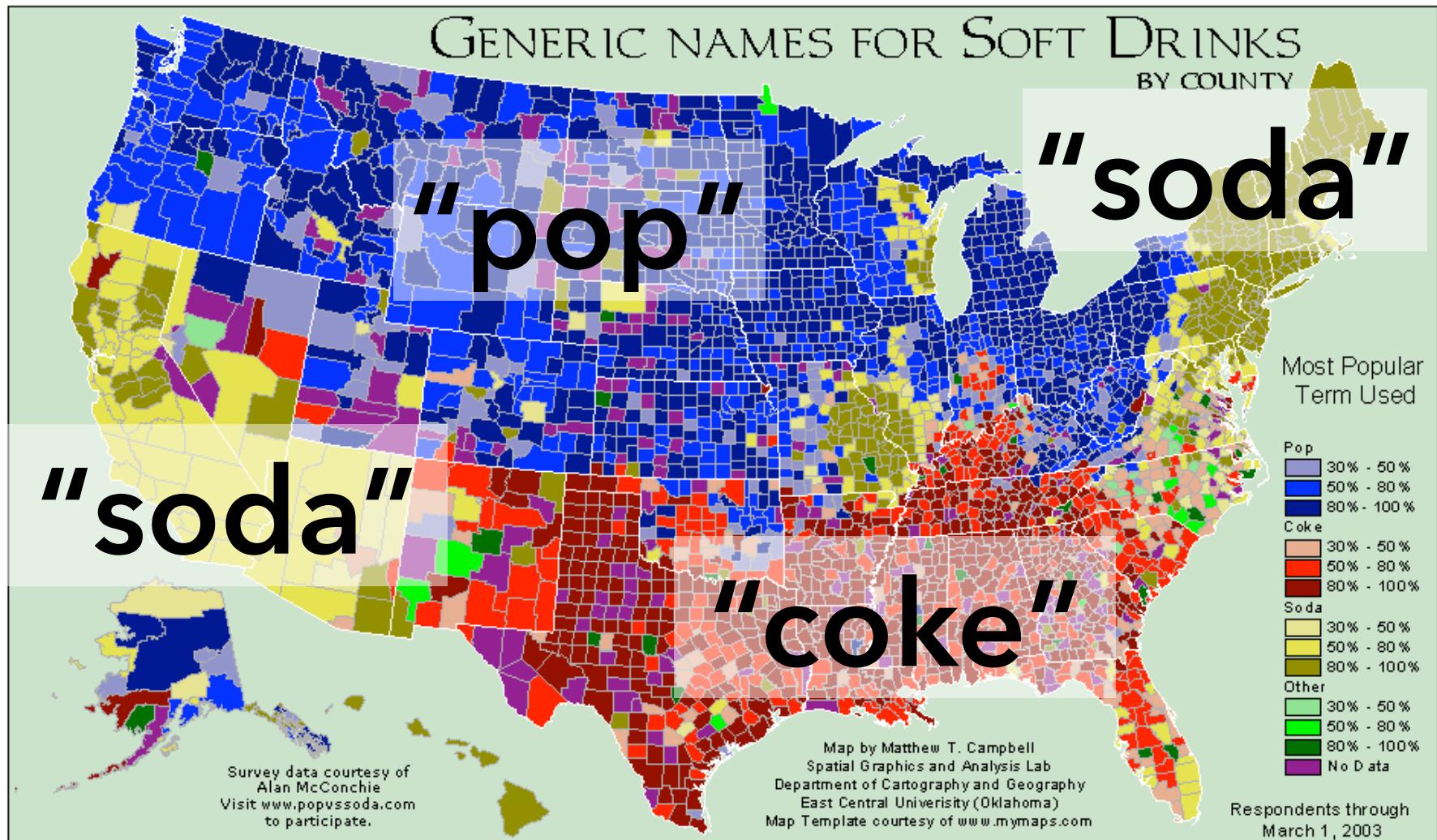
1826(?) Illiteracy in France, Pierre Charles Dupin

# Five quantiles



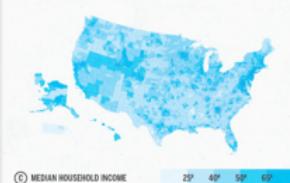
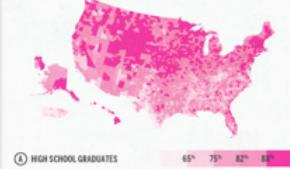
Poly**maps** is a project from  
[SimpleGeo](#) and [Stamen](#).

Unemployment



## READING, WRITING, AND EARNING MONEY

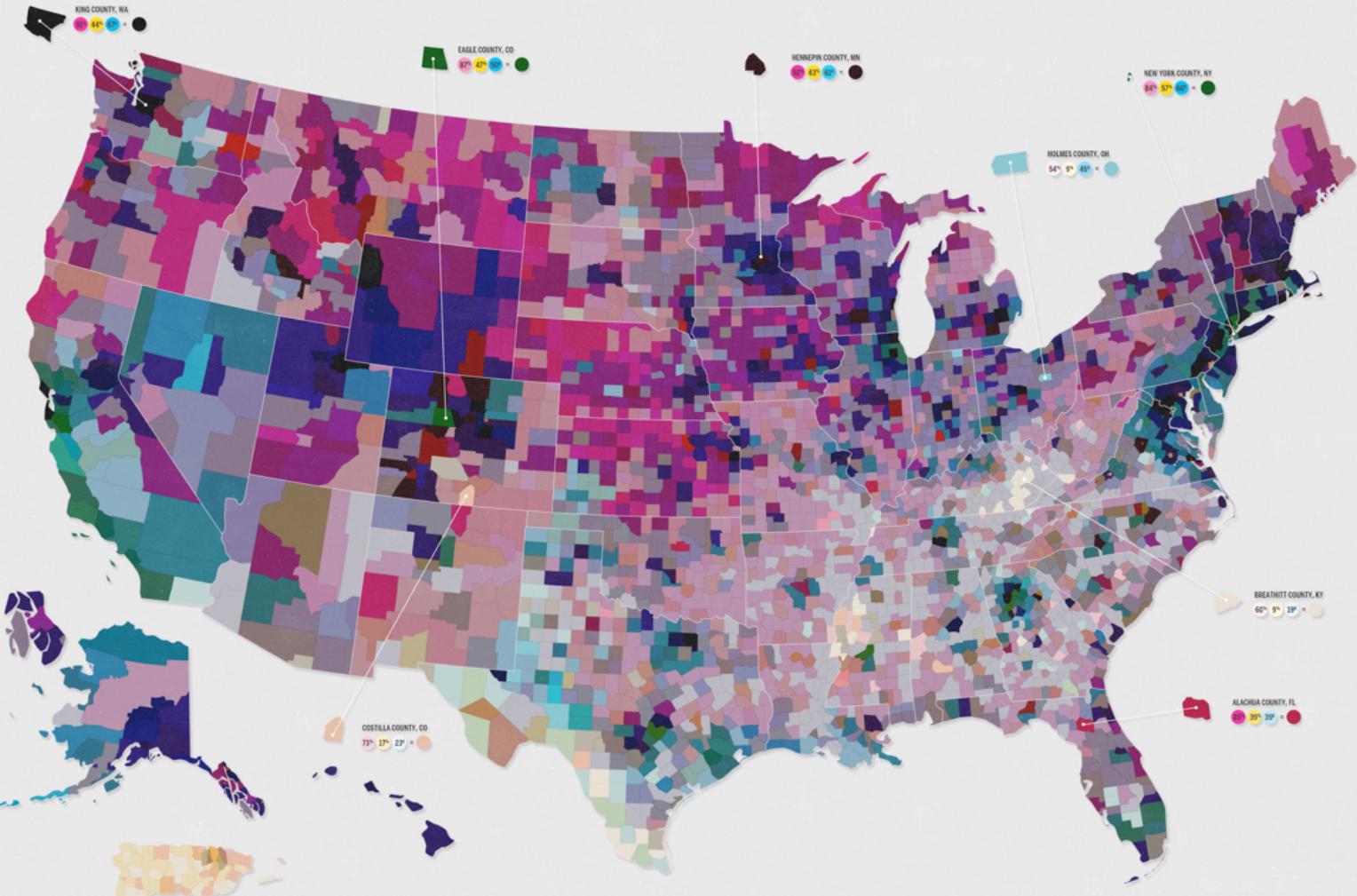
The latest data from the U.S. Census's American Community Survey paints a fascinating picture of the United States at the county level. We've looked at the educational achievement and the median income of the entire nation, to see where people are going to school, where they're earning money, and if there is any correlation.



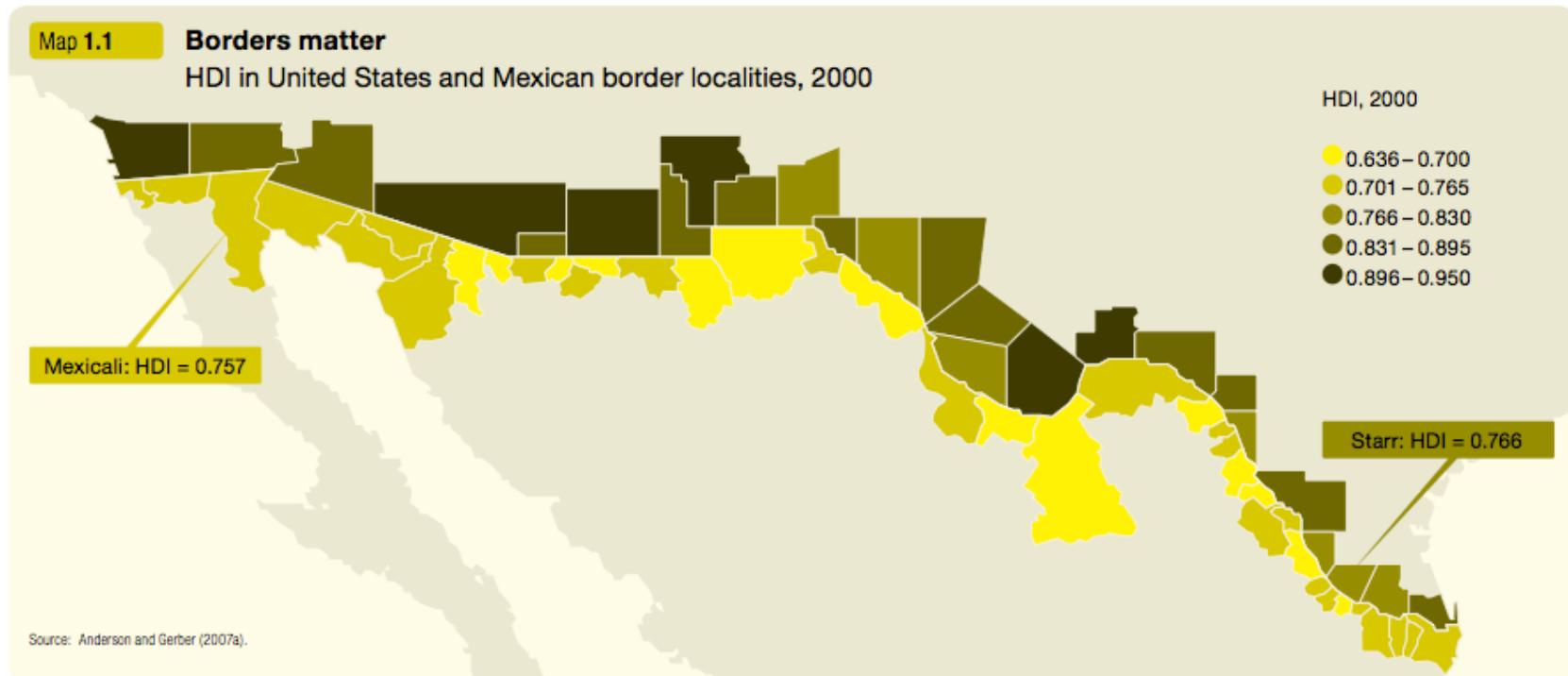
The map at right is a product of overlaying these three sets of data. The variation in hue and value has been produced from the data shown above. In general, darker counties represent a more educated, better paid population while lighter areas represent communities with fewer graduates and lower incomes.



A collaboration between GOOD and Gregory Huback  
SOURCE: US Census



# Choose colors well

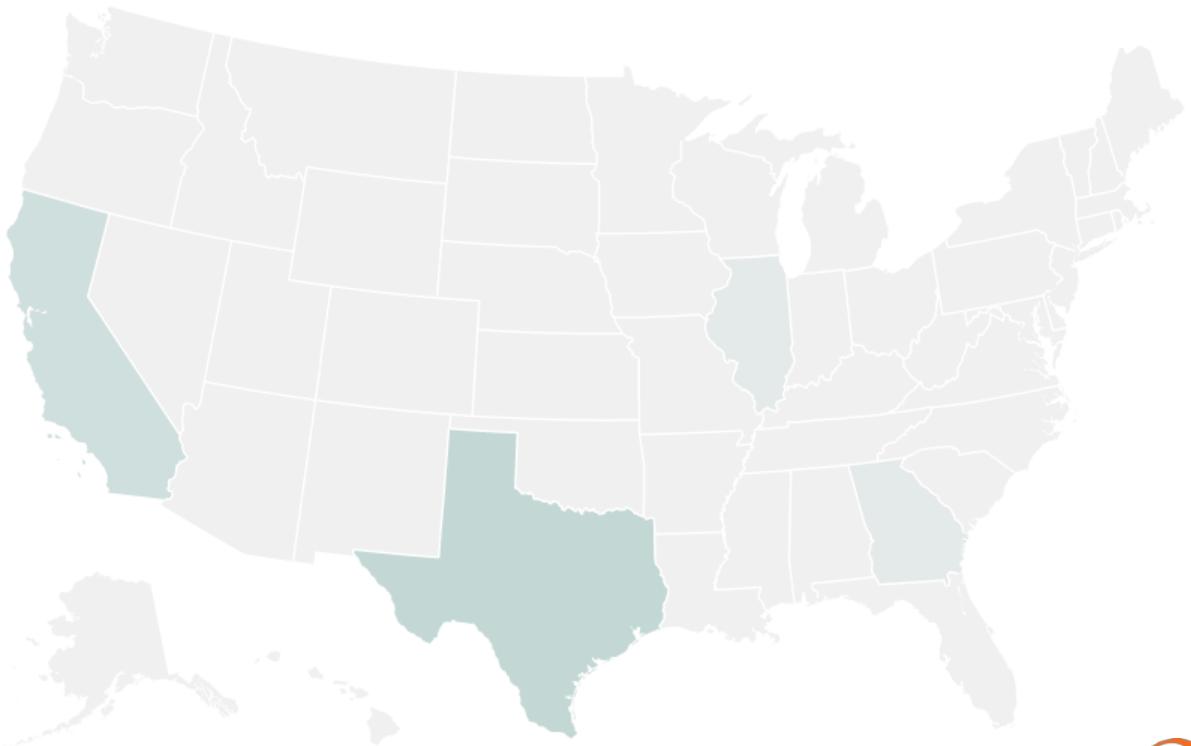


# Focus on the foreground

21 Columns 1,537 Rows 6 Data Types  Column Details 

Sort: Default  Edit 

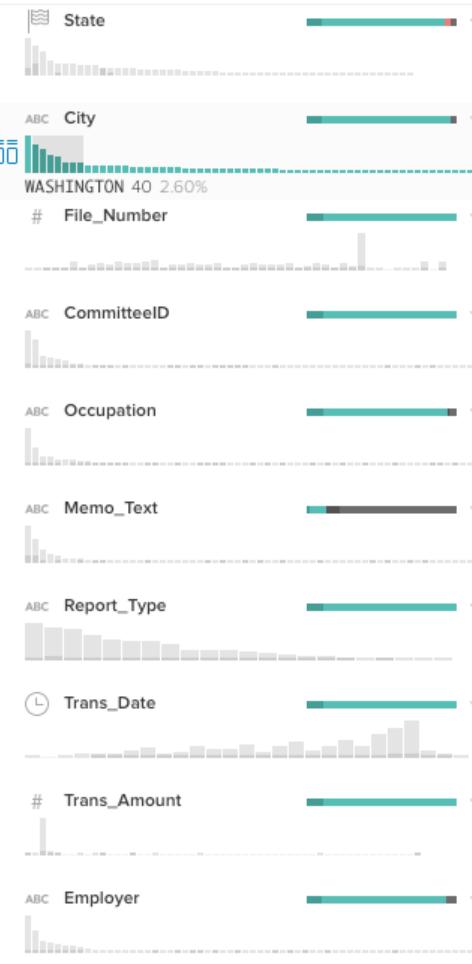
 State 



# What is obscured?

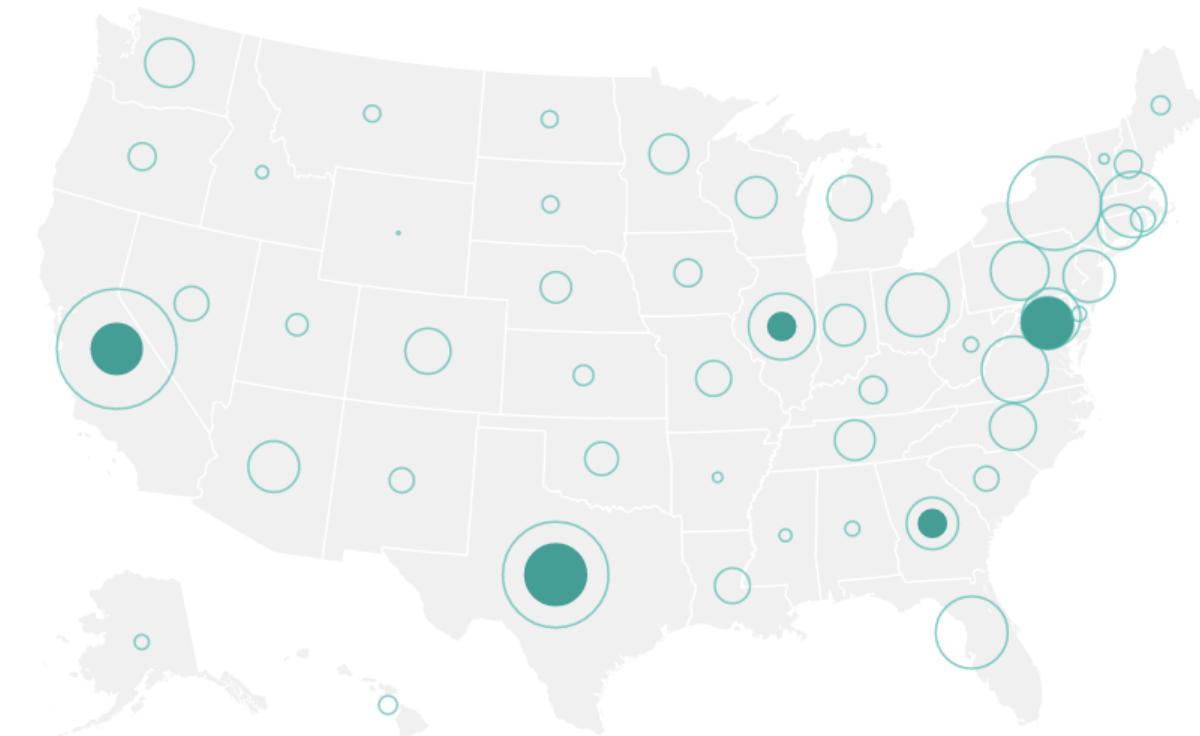
21 Columns 1,537 Rows 6 Data Types Column Details

Sort: Default Edit



State

State



# Regions -> Symbols

# Cartograms

## 2006 ELECTION GUIDE

## SENATE RACES

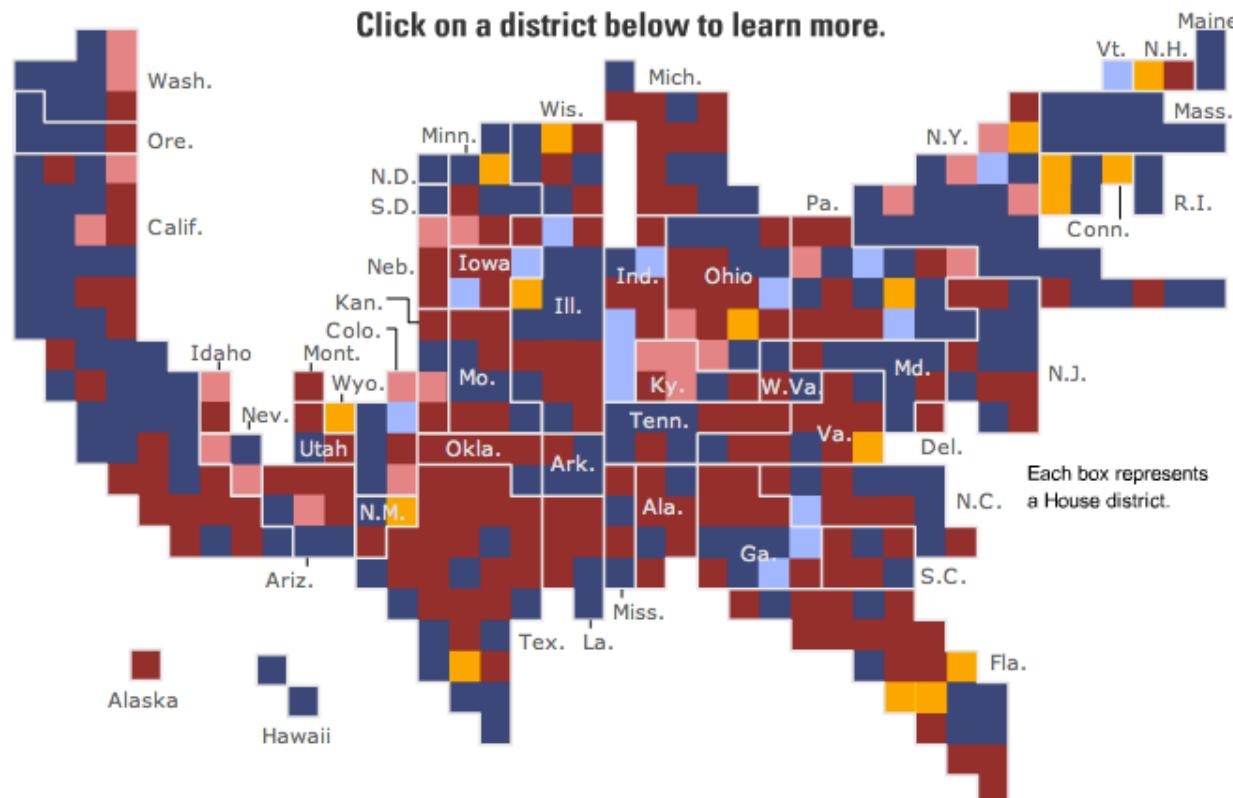
## HOUSE RACES

## GOVERNORS' RACES

## RACE PROFILES

**New York Times  
ratings****198**  
Safe Dem.**16**  
Leaning Dem.**17**  
Toss up**24**  
Leaning Rep.**180**  
Safe Rep.

Click on a district below to learn more.



## ANALYZE RACES

## CREATE OUTCOMES

Shade the map using the pulldown...

New York Times ratings

...then show only certain states

New York Times ratings ?

Democrat:	<input type="checkbox"/> Safe	<input type="checkbox"/> Leaning	<input type="checkbox"/> Toss Up
Republican:	<input type="checkbox"/> Safe	<input type="checkbox"/> Leaning	<input type="checkbox"/>

Current Rep.  Dem.  Rep.

Margin in 2004 House race

Democrat:	<input type="checkbox"/> >50%	<input type="checkbox"/> 25-50%	<input type="checkbox"/> <25%
Republican:	<input type="checkbox"/> >50%	<input type="checkbox"/> 25-50%	<input type="checkbox"/> <25%

Votes for president	<input type="checkbox"/> Kerry	<input type="checkbox"/> Gore
	<input type="checkbox"/> Bush	<input type="checkbox"/> Bush

Appearances by big fundraisers ?

<input type="checkbox"/> George W. Bush	<input type="checkbox"/> Bill Clinton
---	---------------------------------------

 Races to watch ? Open races Switch districts ?

Urbanization

<input type="checkbox"/> Urban	<input type="checkbox"/> Suburban	<input type="checkbox"/> Rural	<input type="checkbox"/> Mixed
--------------------------------	-----------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------

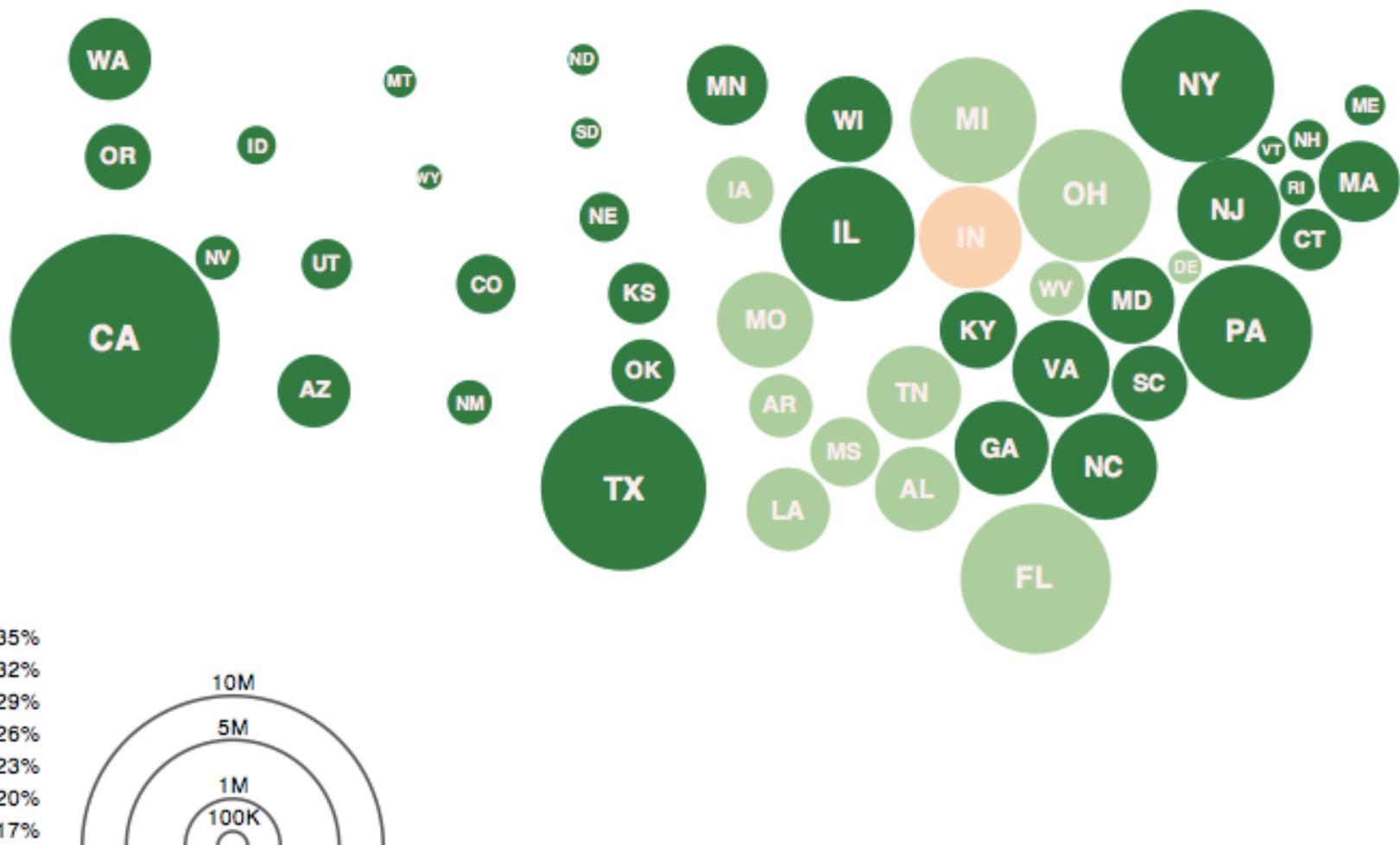
Race/Ethnicity

<input type="checkbox"/> White	<input type="checkbox"/> Black	<input type="checkbox"/> Hispanic
--------------------------------	--------------------------------	-----------------------------------

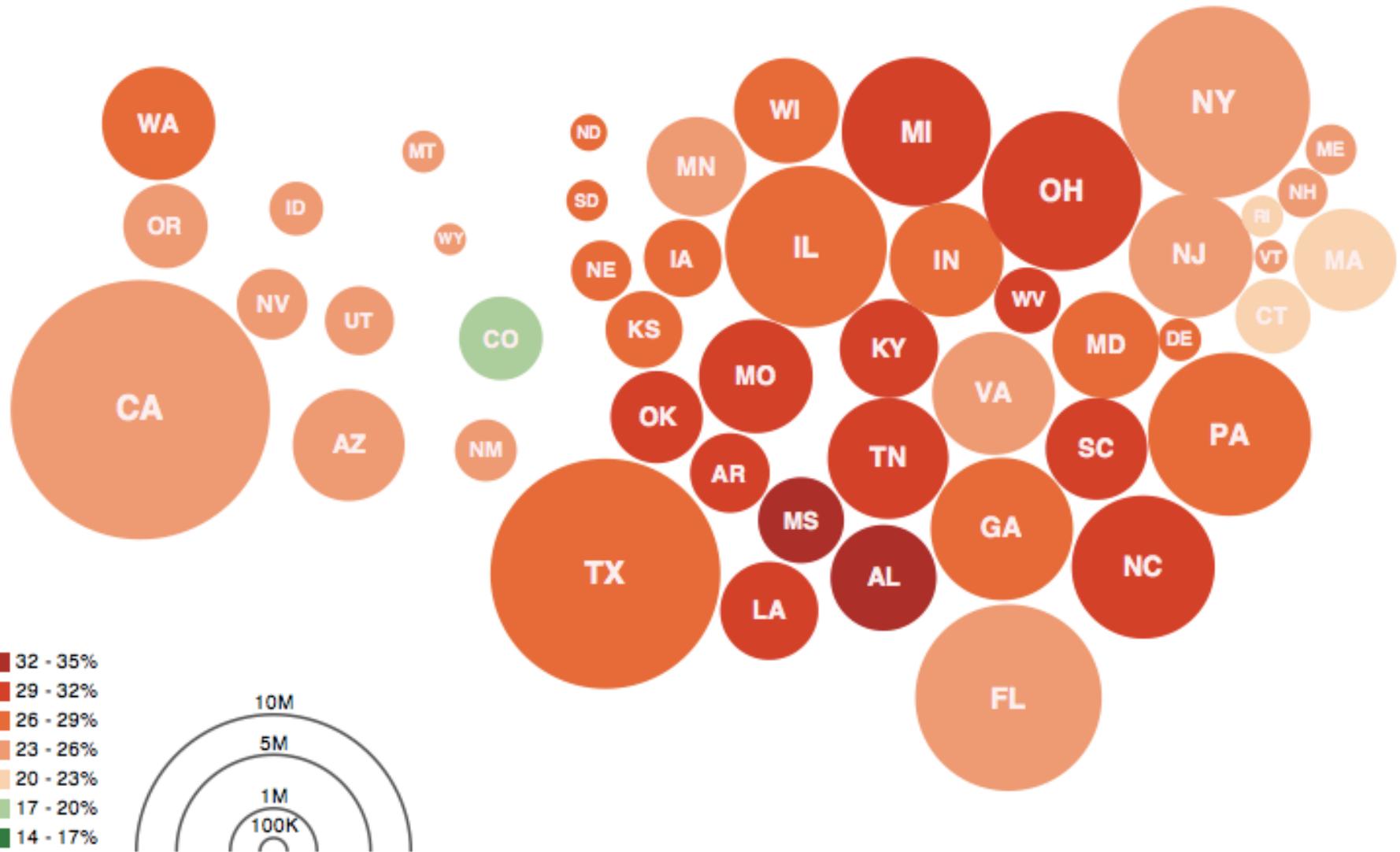
Median income

<input type="checkbox"/> <\$30K	<input type="checkbox"/> \$30-50K	<input type="checkbox"/> >\$50K
---------------------------------	-----------------------------------	---------------------------------

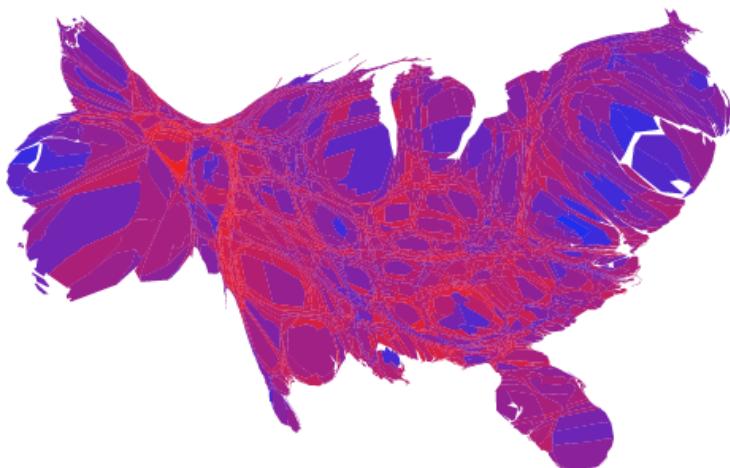
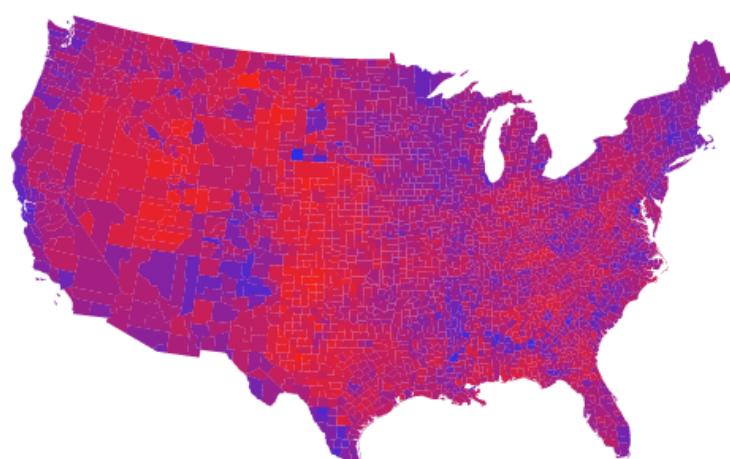
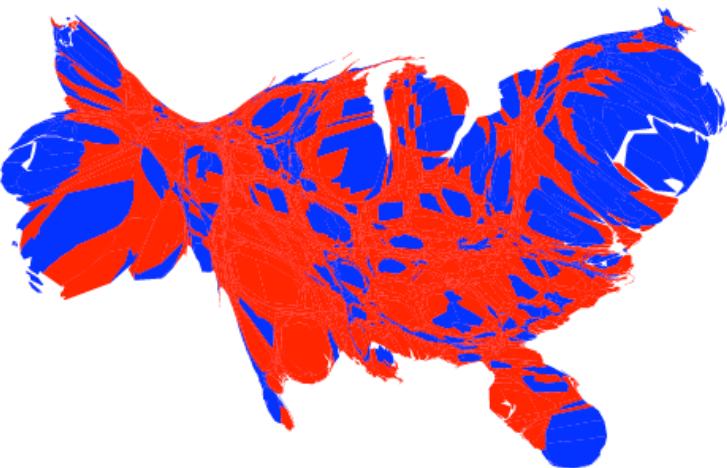
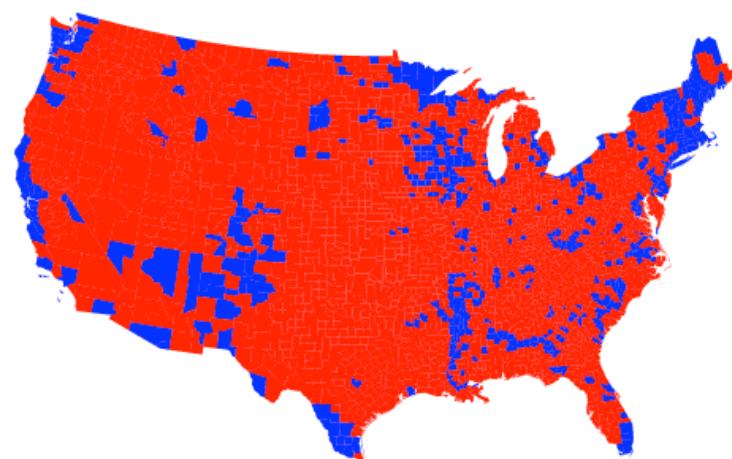
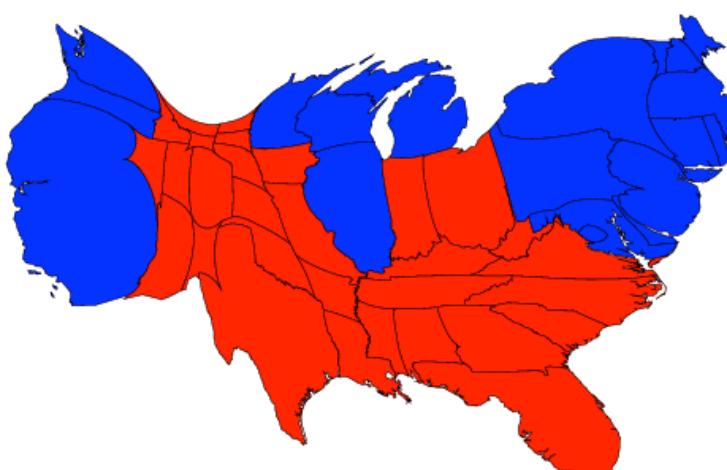
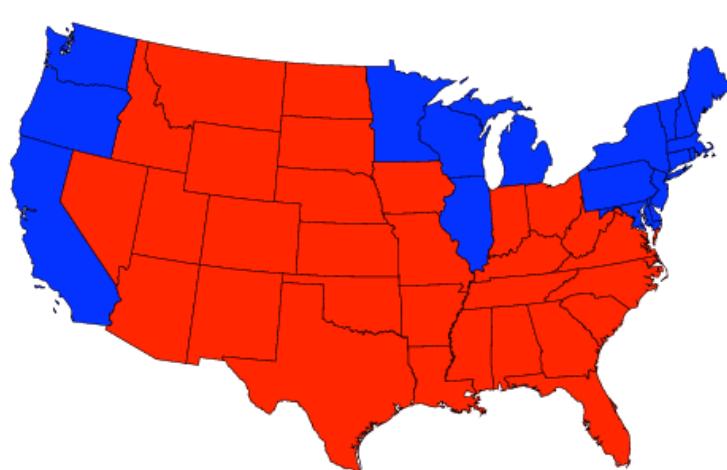
RESET



Obesity Map (Dorling Cartogram) Vadim Ogievetsky



Obesity Map (Dorling Cartogram) Vadim Ogievetsky



# China Still Dominates, but Some Manufacturers Look Elsewhere

While China maintains its overwhelming dominance in manufacturing, multinational companies are looking for ways to limit their reliance on factories there. [Related Article »](#)

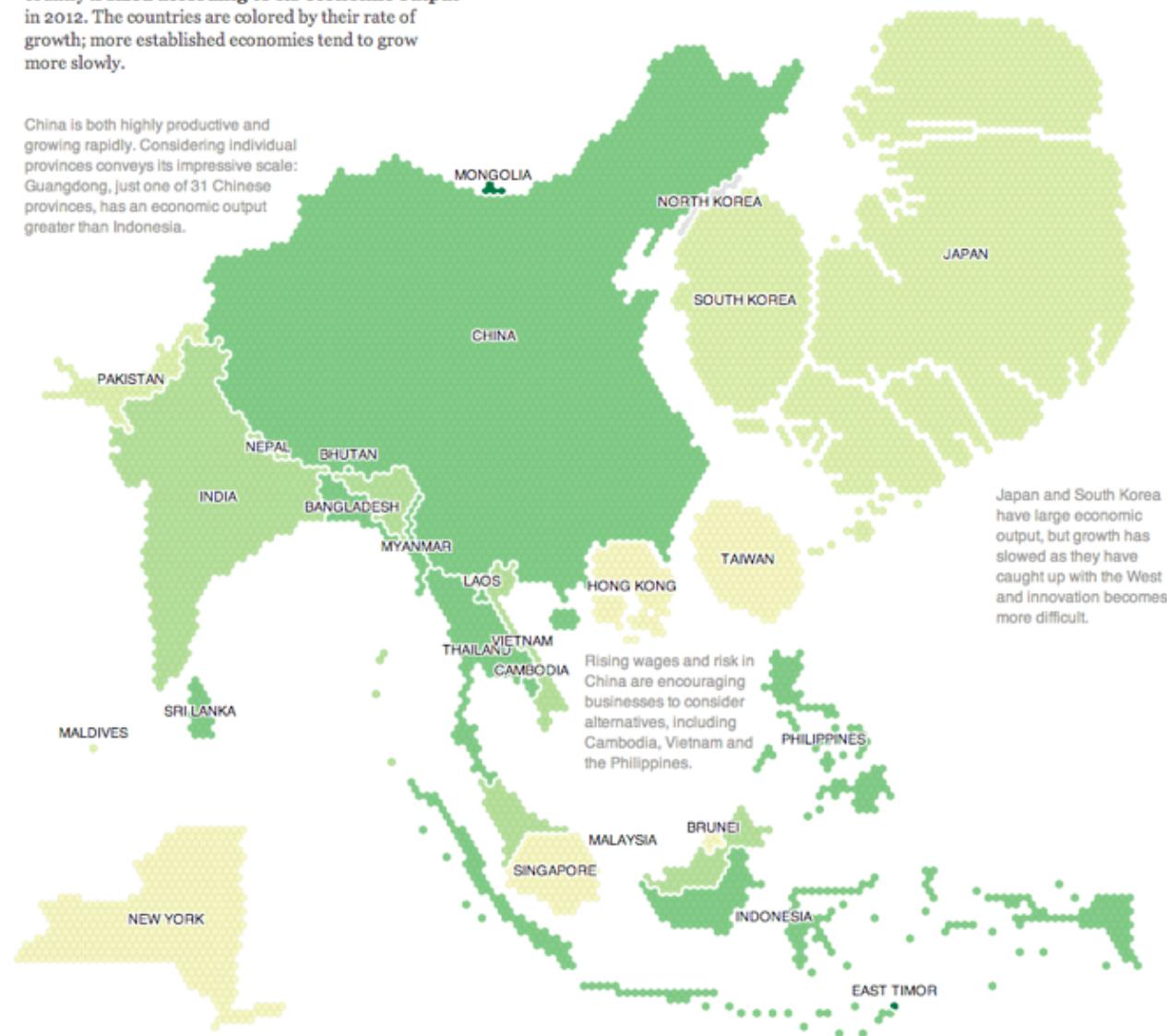
## Economic Output

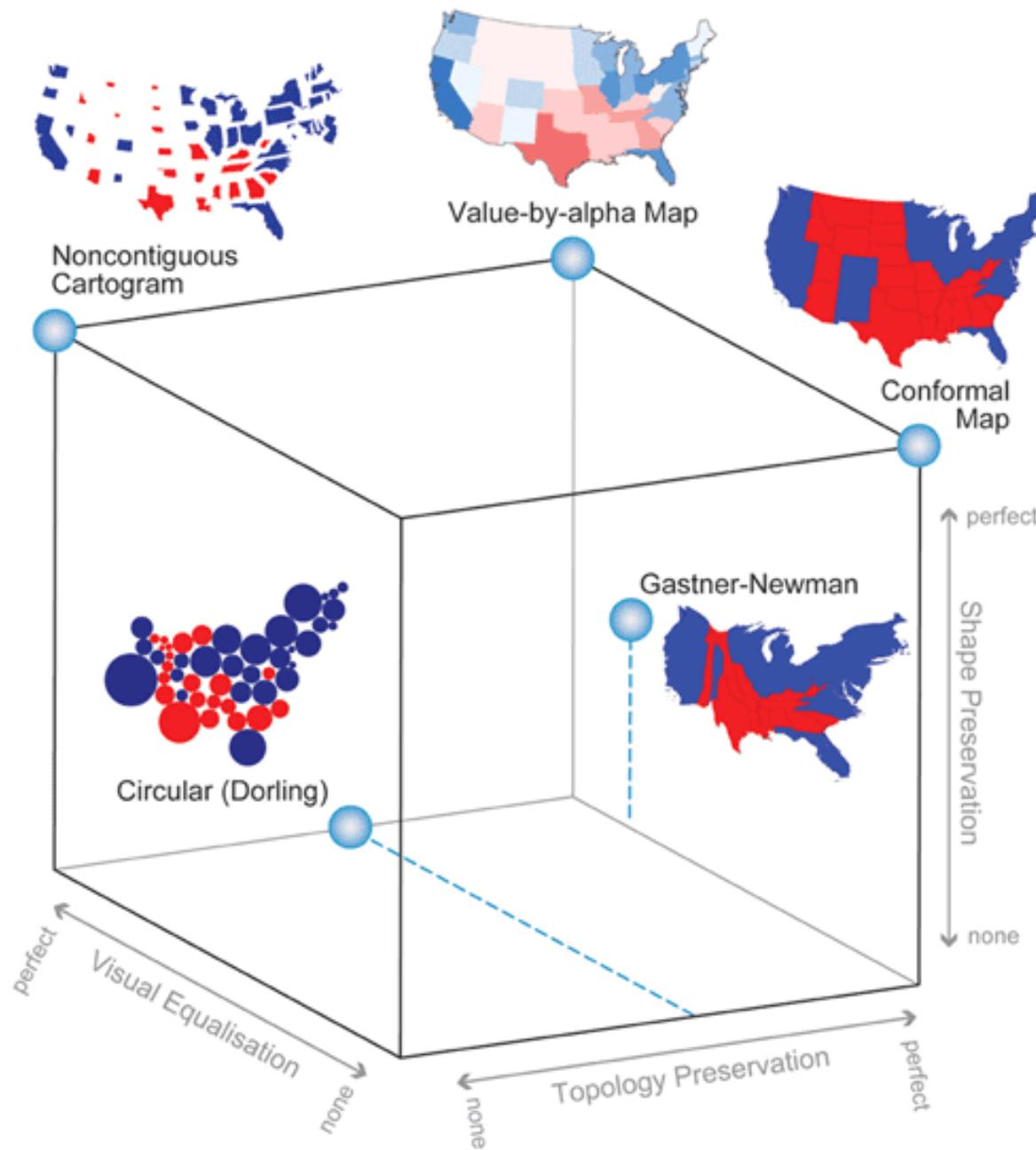
In this map, geography is distorted so that each country is sized according to its economic output in 2012. The countries are colored by their rate of growth; more established economies tend to grow more slowly.

China is both highly productive and growing rapidly. Considering individual provinces conveys its impressive scale: Guangdong, just one of 31 Chinese provinces, has an economic output greater than Indonesia.

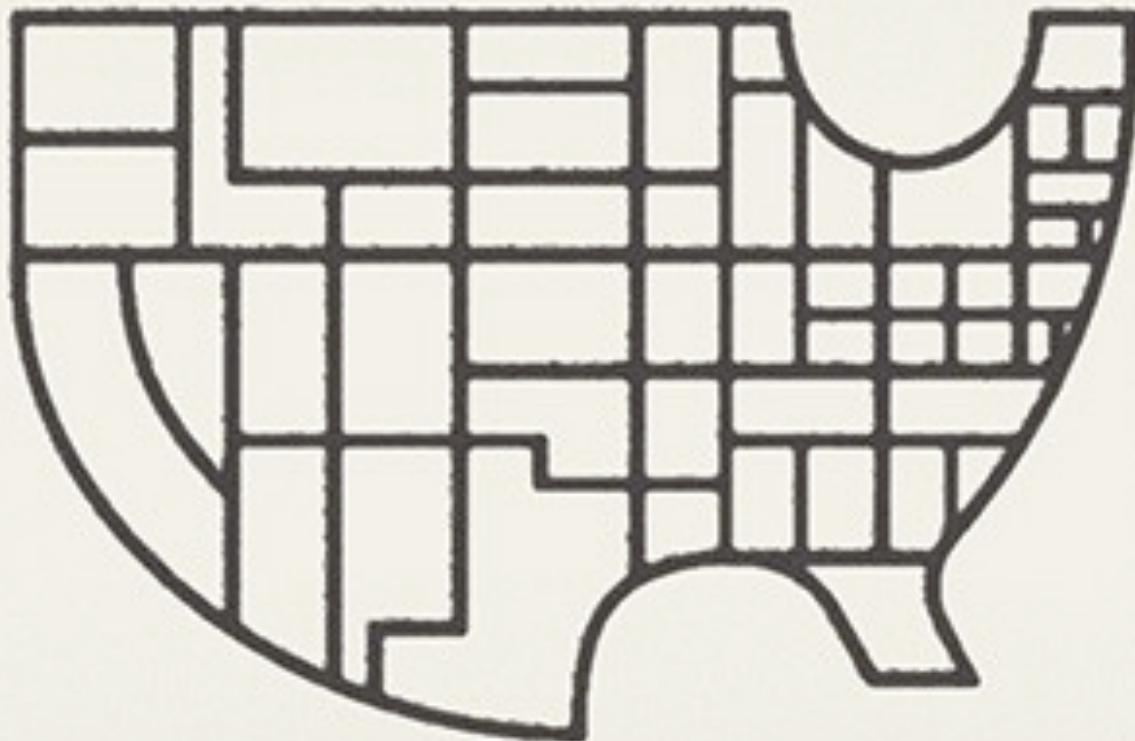
Each hexagon represents \$2.7 billion in G.D.P.

G.D.P. growth, 2011 to 2012





# Major distortions can stay recognizable



# Flow Maps

# Minard 1869: Napoleon's march

Carte Figurative des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée Française dans la Campagne de Russie 1812-1813.

Dessiné par M. Minard, Inspecteur Général des Ponts et Chaussées en retraite. Paris, le 20 Novembre 1869.

Les nombres d'hommes présents sont représentés par les largeurs des zones colorées à raison d'un millimètre pour dix mille hommes; ils sont de plus écrits en travers des zones. Le rouge désigne les hommes qui entrent en Russie; le noir ceux qui en sortent. — Les renseignements qui ont servi à dresser la carte ont été puisés dans les ouvrages de M. M. Chiers, de Clugier, de Fezensac, de Chambray et le journal intérieur de Jacob, pharmacien de l'Armée depuis le 28 Octobre.

Pour mieux faire juger à l'œil la diminution de l'armée, j'ai supposé que les corps du Prince Jérôme et du Maréchal Davout, qui avaient été détachés sur Minsk et Maliblow en se rejoignant vers Orsha et Witebsk, avaient toujours marché avec l'armée.

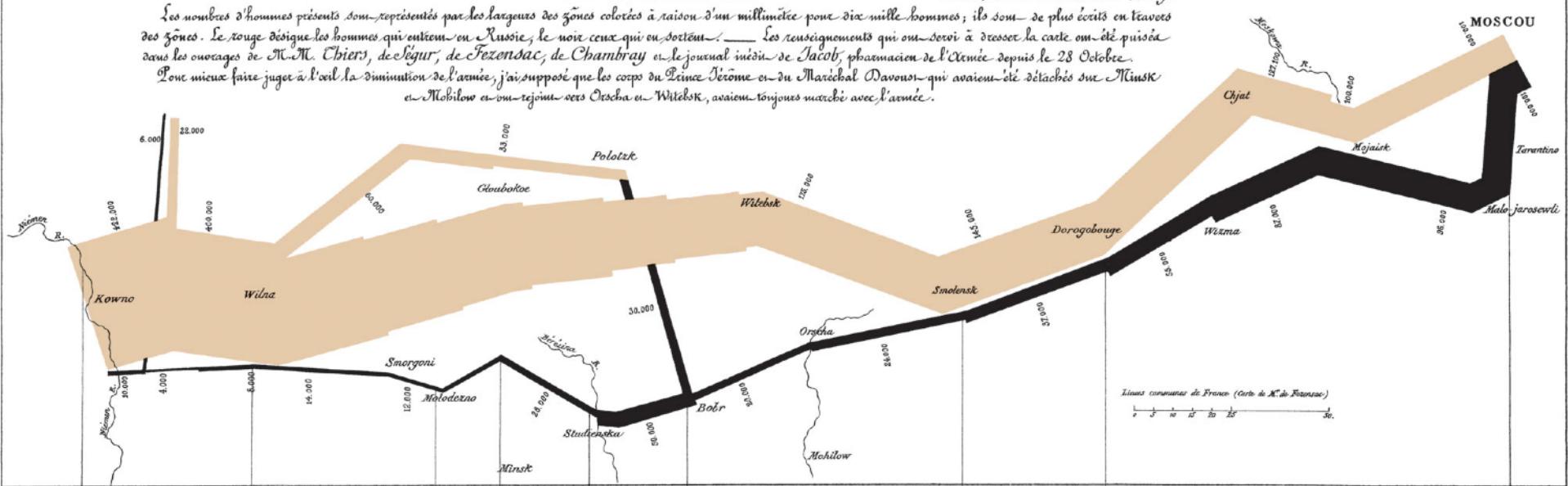
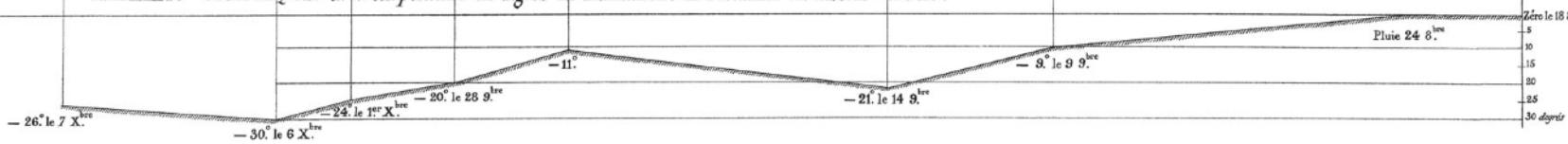
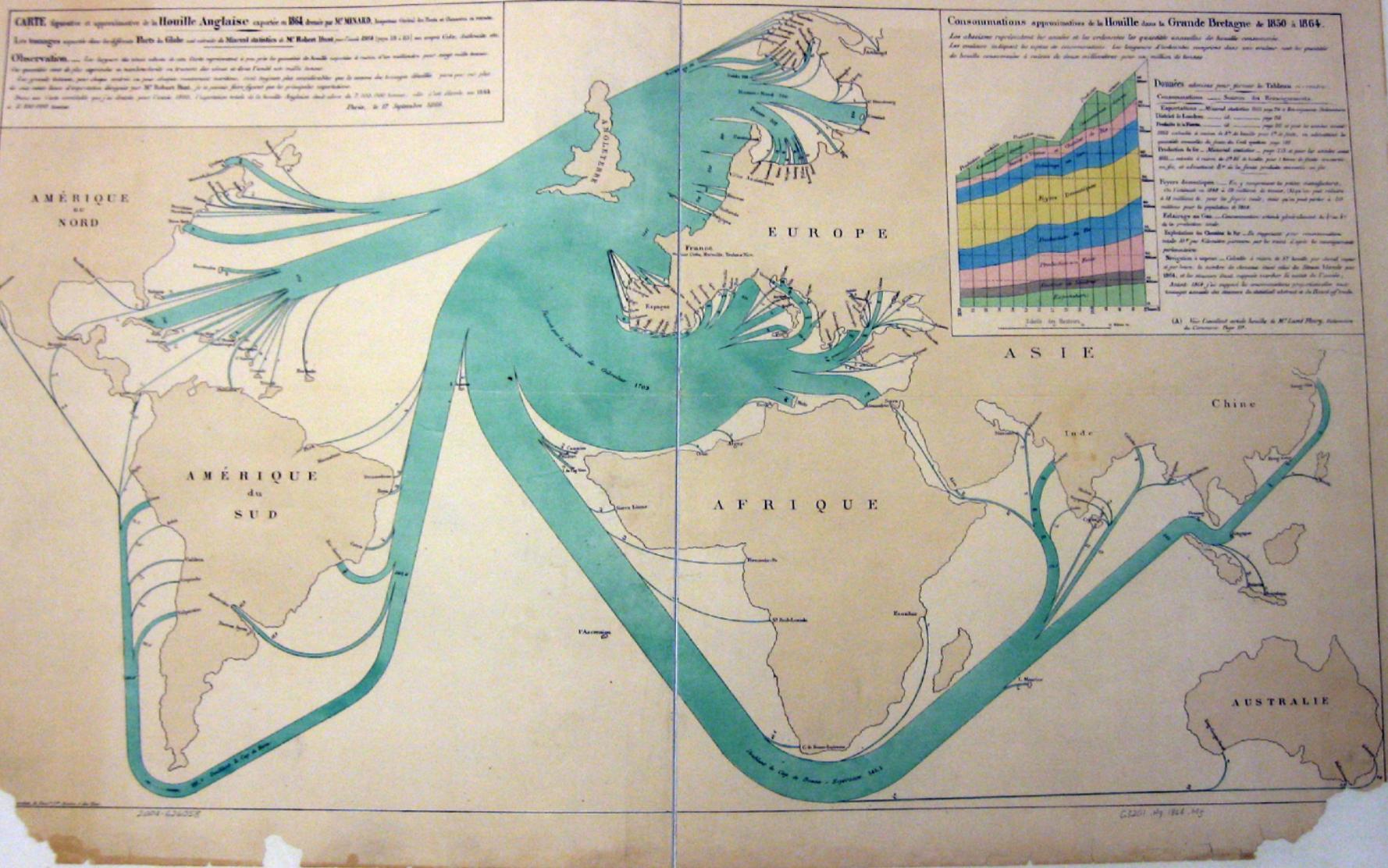


TABLEAU GRAPHIQUE de la température en degrés du thermomètre de Réaumur au dessous de zéro.

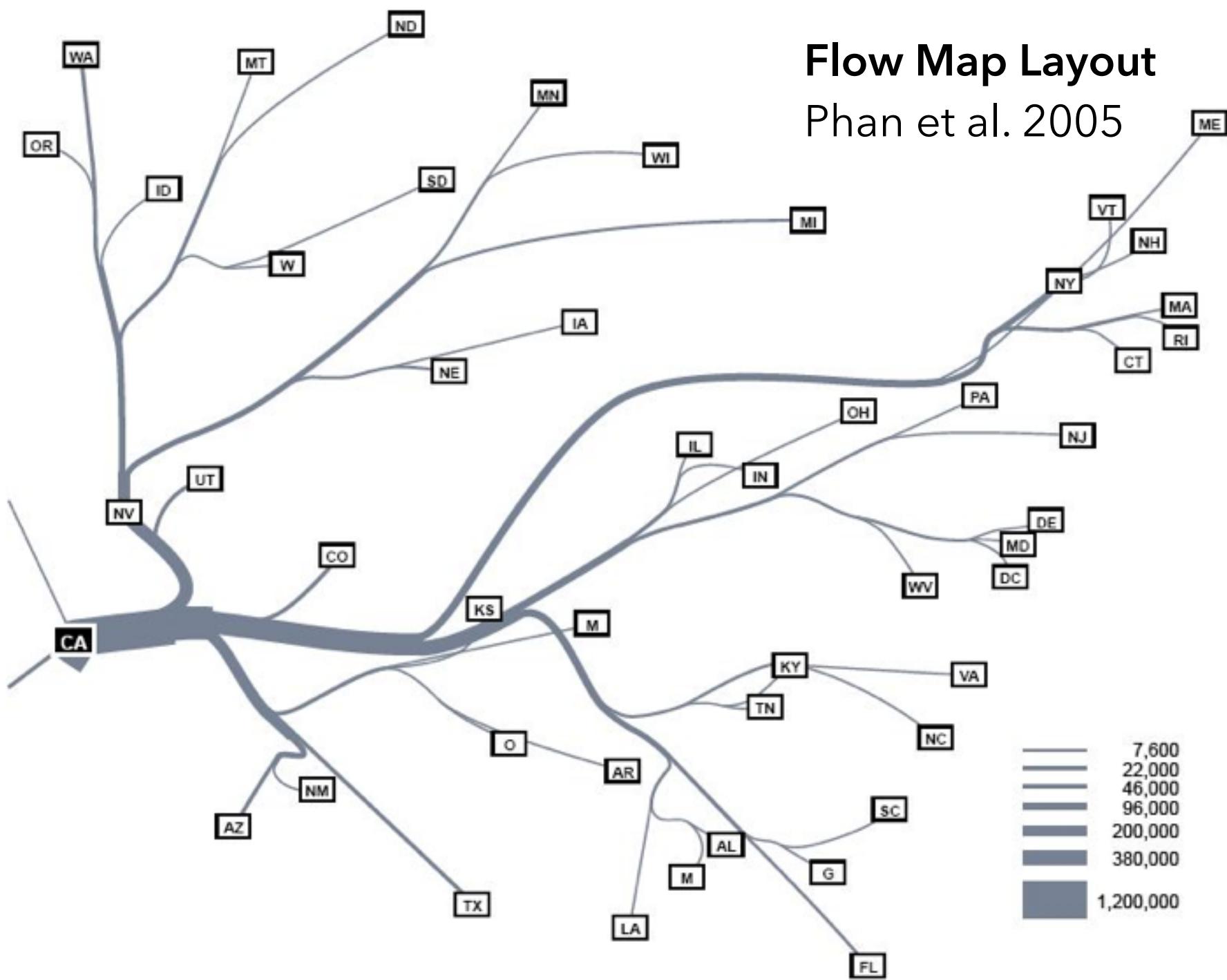




# 1864 British Coal Exports, Charles Minard

# Flow Map Layout

Phan et al. 2005

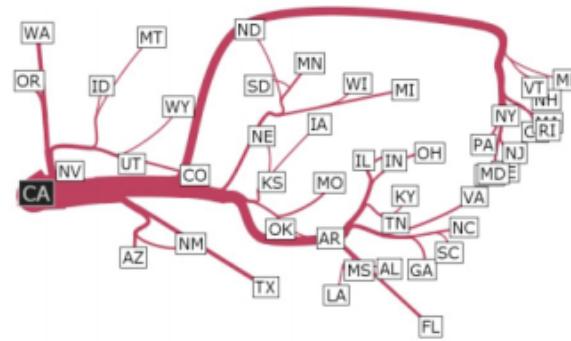


# Migration from California, 95-00

Tobler 1987



Phan et al. 2005



Verbeek et al. 2011



Cui et al. 2008



Holten & van Wijk 2009

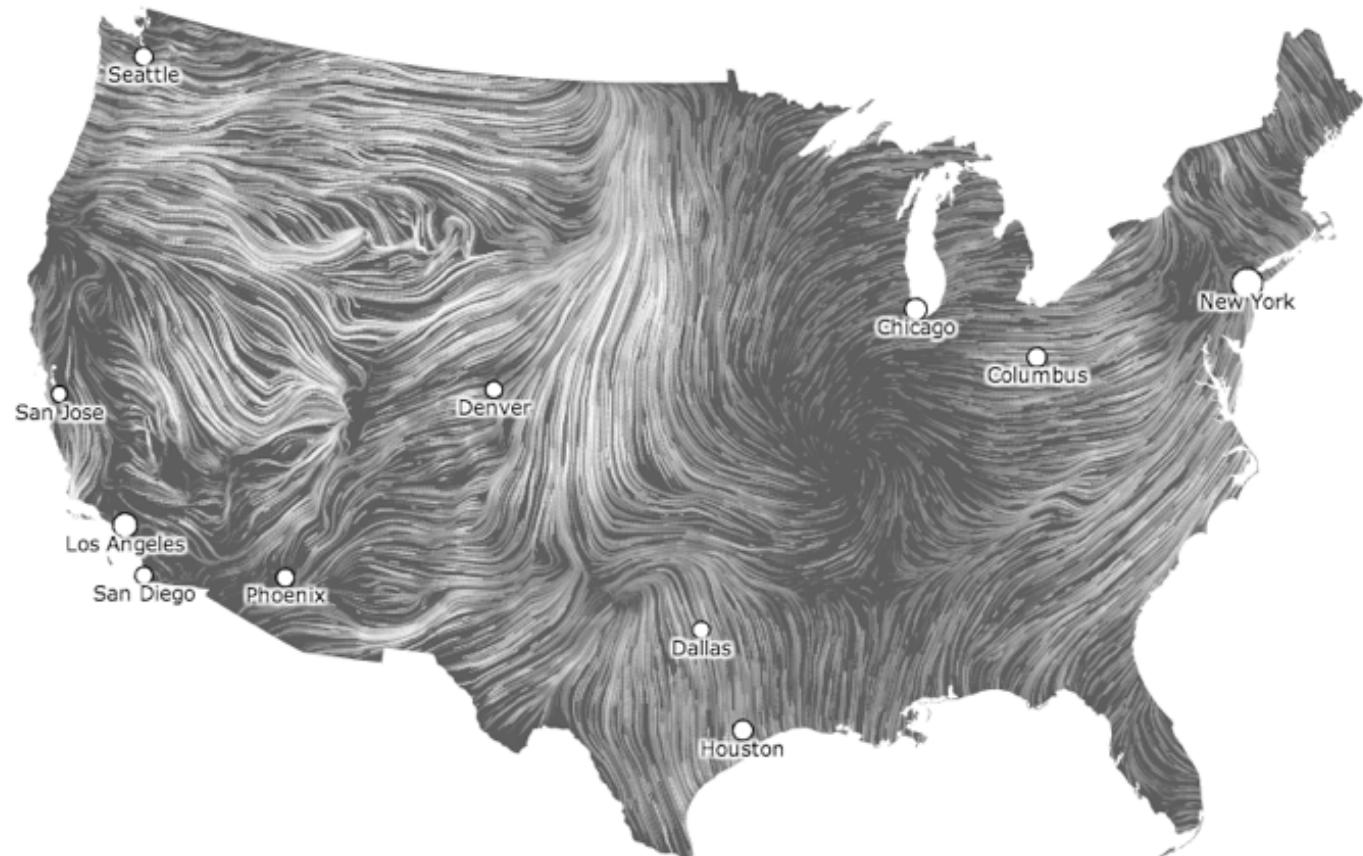
# wind map

February 19, 2014

11:55 am EST

(time of forecast download)

top speed: 35.3 mph  
average: 11.6 mph



# How Obama Won Re-election

Whites Were Outvoted

Women

Hispanics

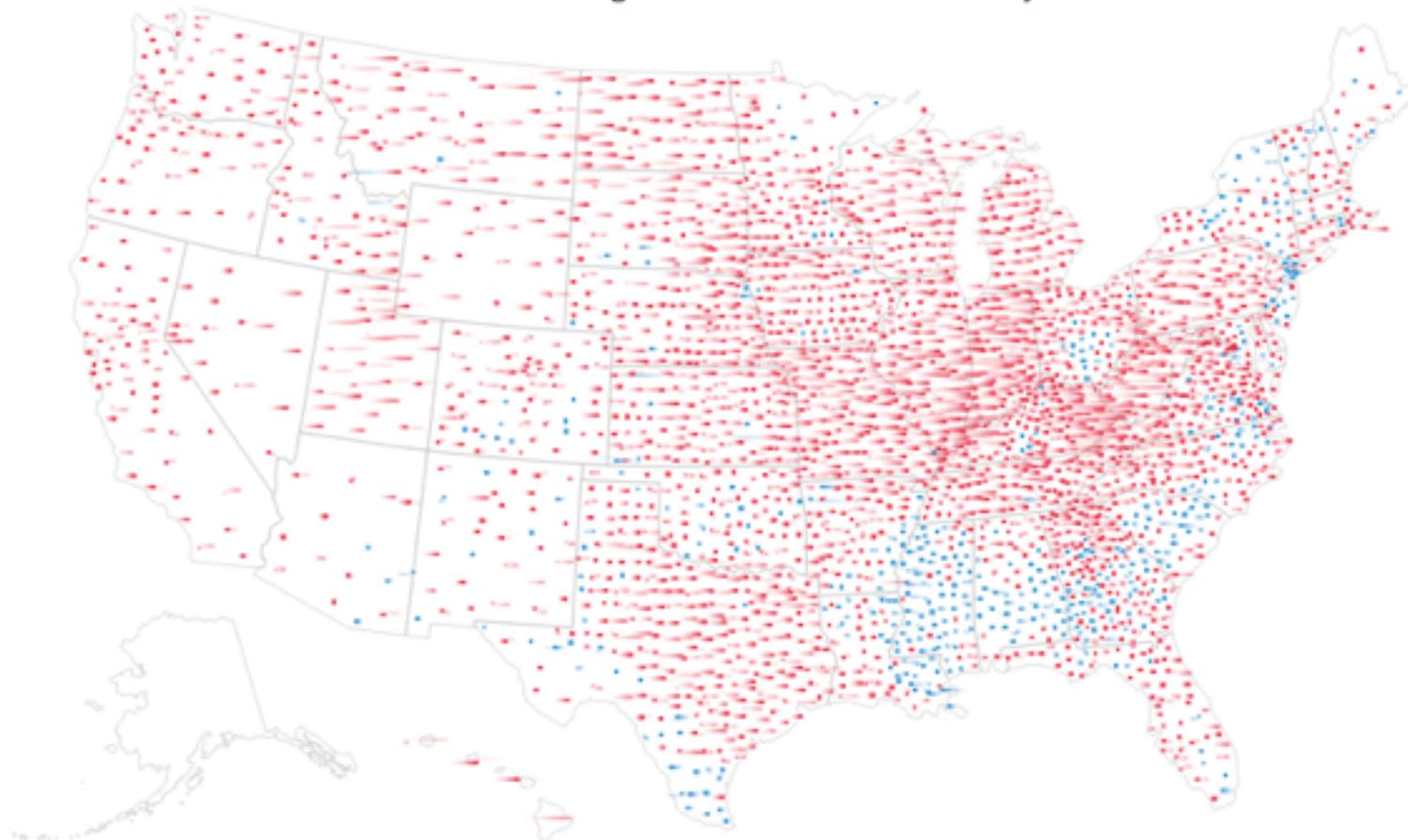
Youth

## Romney's Shift Wasn't Enough

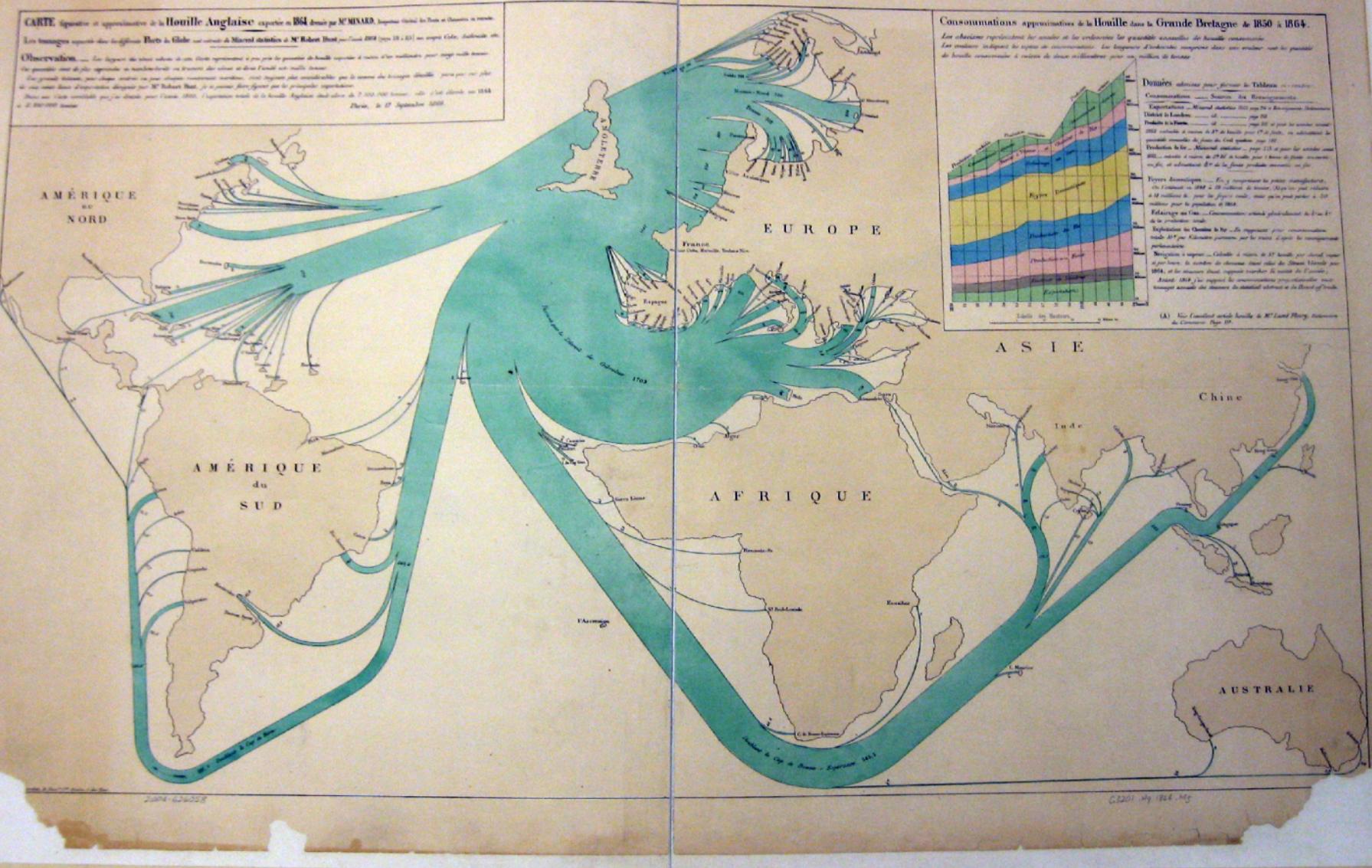
2008

2012

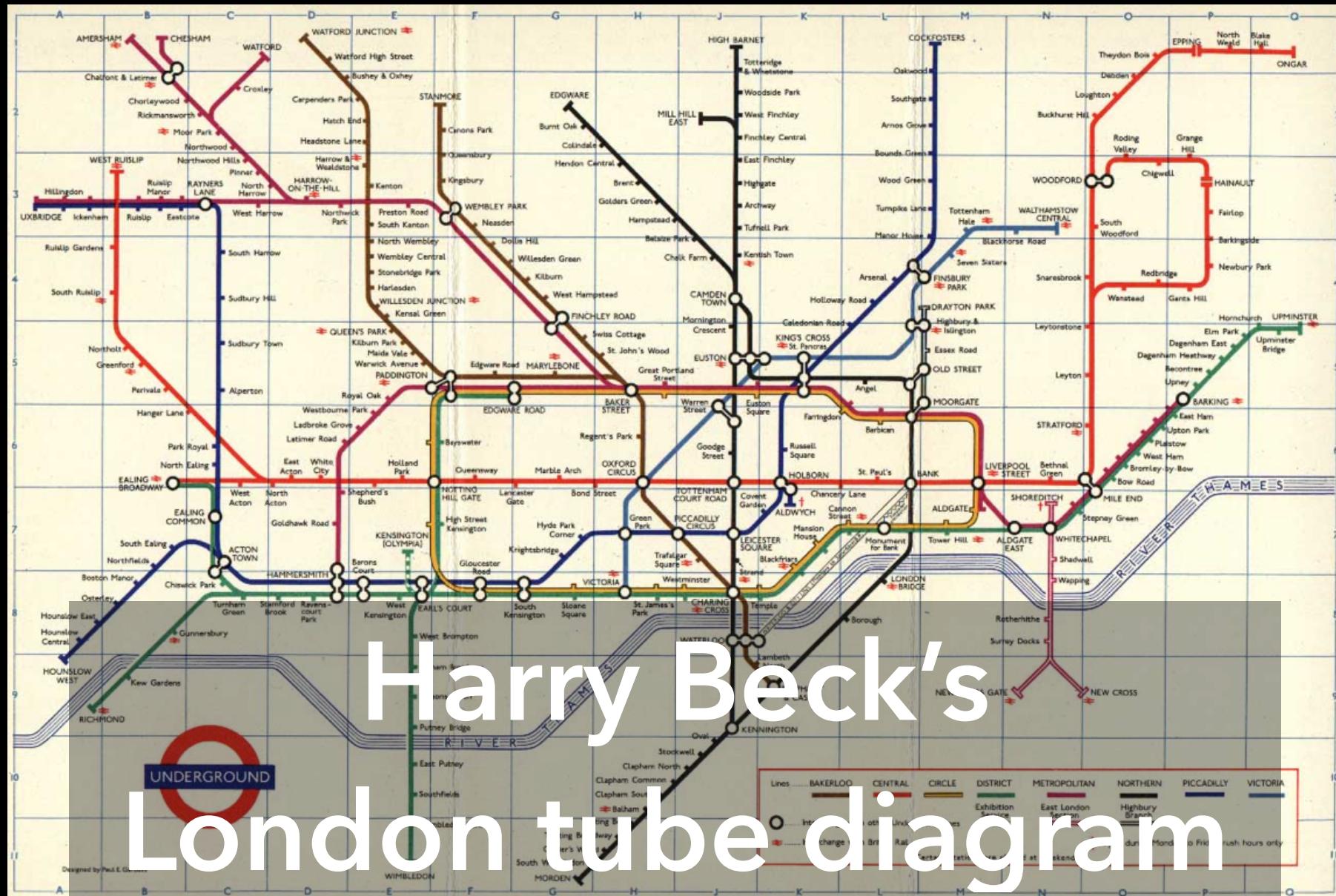
Most of the nation shifted to the right in Tuesday's vote,  
but not far enough to secure a win for Mitt Romney.



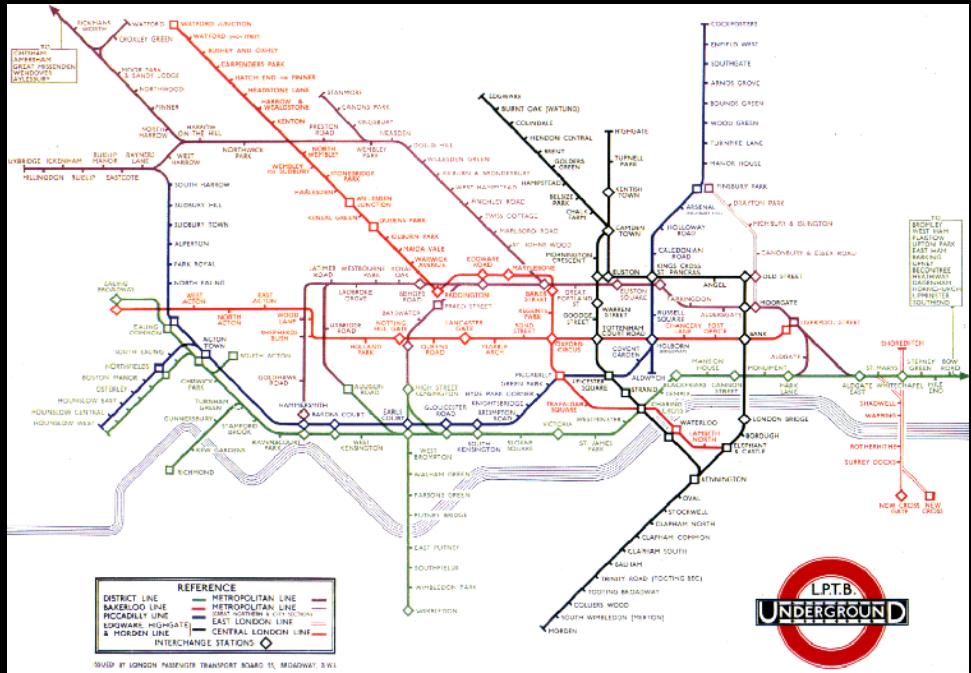
# Generalization



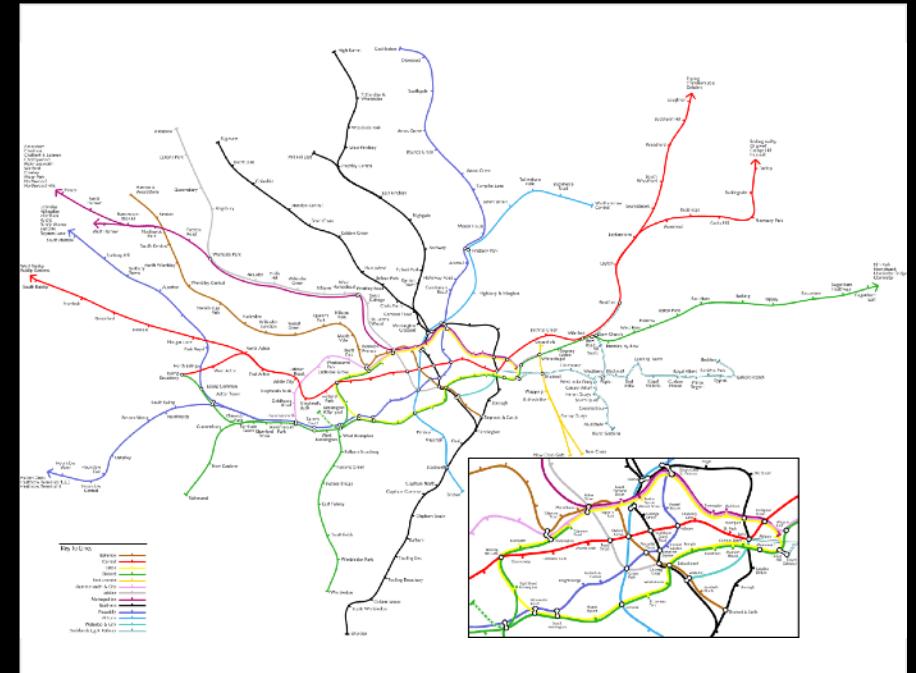
# 1864 British Coal Exports, Charles Minard



# Harry Beck's London tube diagram



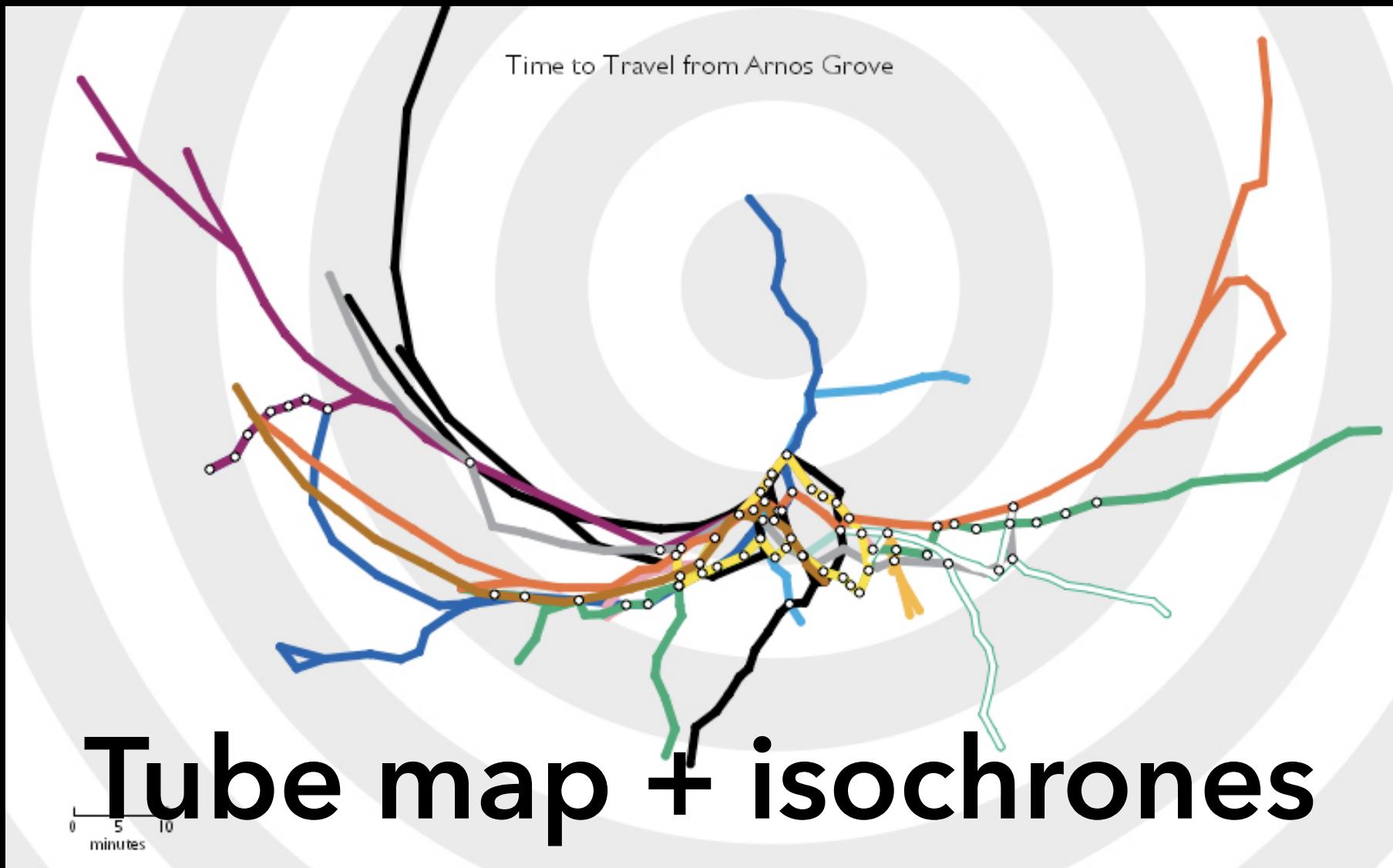
# London Underground [Beck 33]



## Geographic version of map

**Principle:** Straighten lines to emphasize stop sequence  
Technique used to emphasize/de-emphasize information





# Route Maps: Bellevue to Seattle



# Map Design via Optimization [Agrawala '01]

## Set of graphic elements

Roads, labels, cross-streets, ...

## Choose visual attributes

Position, orientation, size, ...

Distortions increase flexibility

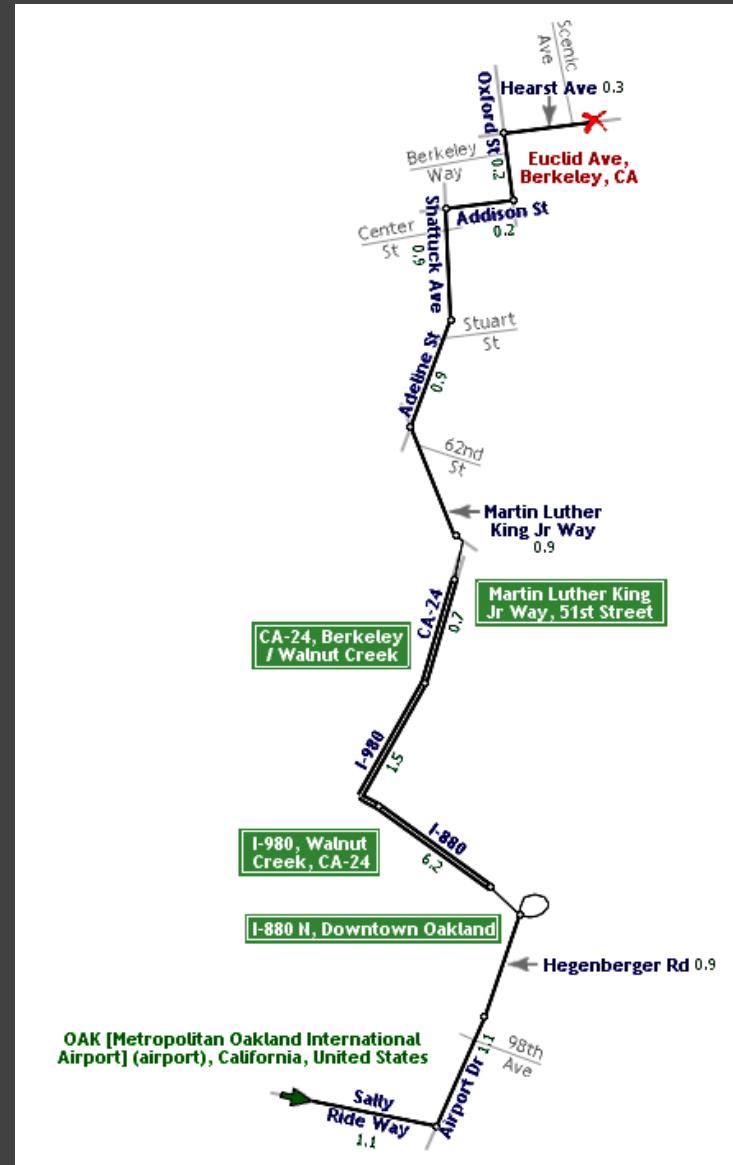
## Develop constraints based on design principles

## Simulated annealing

Perturb: Form a layout

Score: Evaluate quality

Minimize score



# Road Layout Constraints [Agrawala '01]

## Length

Ensure all roads visible

$$((L_{\min} - l(r_i)) / L_{\min})^2 * W_{\text{small}}$$

Maintain ordering by length

$$W_{\text{shuffle}}$$

## Orientation

Maintain original orientation

$$|a_{\text{curr}}(r_i) - a_{\text{orig}}(r_i)| * W_{\text{orient}}$$

## Topological errors

Prevent false

$$\min(d_{\text{origin}}, d_{\text{dest}}) * W_{\text{false}}$$

Prevent missing

$$d * W_{\text{missing}}$$

Ensure separation

$$\min(d_{\text{ext}}, E) * \text{Ext}$$

## Overall route shape

Maintain endpoint direction

$$|a_{\text{curr}}(v) - a_{\text{orig}}(v)| * W_{\text{enddir}}$$

Maintain endpoint distance

$$|d_{\text{curr}}(v) - d_{\text{orig}}(v)| * W_{\text{enddist}}$$

# Tools

# Software Tools

## Web Tools

**d3.geo**: projections, paths and more

**GeoJSON**: JSON format for geo data

**TopoJSON**: topology -> compressed GeoJSON

**Leaflet**: open-source, customizable map tile system

## Other

**PostGIS**: Postgres DB extensions for geo data

**Mapnik**: Render your own map tiles!

# Data Resources

**Natural Earth Data**

[naturalearthdata.com](http://naturalearthdata.com)

**OpenStreetMap**

[openstreetmap.org](http://openstreetmap.org)

**U.S. Government**

[nationalatlas.gov](http://nationalatlas.gov), [census.gov](http://census.gov), [usgs.gov](http://usgs.gov)

# Tutorials

Let's Make a Map!

<http://bost.ocks.org/mike/map/>

How to Infer Topology

<http://bost.ocks.org/mike/topology/>