


CSE 440:
Introduction to HCI



05: The Design Diamond

April 9, 2024



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Overview

Course Status

Project Sequence

EXP Assignments

The Design Diamond

Examining a Design Process

Sketching and Prototypes

Some Evidence

Design Ideation

Notes on Form

2a – Prompted Ideation

Project Sequence

Assignment 2a: Project Ideation

Optional (EXP), Due Wednesday @ 8pm

Assignment 2b: Design Research Plan

Due Thursday @ 3pm

Crit & Prep in Section on Friday

Assignment 2c: Design Research Check-in

Due Monday @ 3pm!

Assignment 2b: Design Research Plan

Due Thursday @ 3pm

Two-page proposal of specific design research methods

Consult last Thursday's Lecture for tips on methods!

Detailed recruitment plan

More detail regarding primary proposed method

Make sure details are concrete enough for Crit!

At least one participant required for 2c, the following Monday

Assignment 2c: Design Research Check-in

Due Monday @ 3pm

One-page: summary of first participant, + plan for remaining

6 “Findings”:

Reflection on what did/didn't work

Plan for remaining participants

This is not science! Updating your research goals & methods is good!

EXP Check-in

So far: 3.5EXP Available

This week: 5EXP Up for grabs!

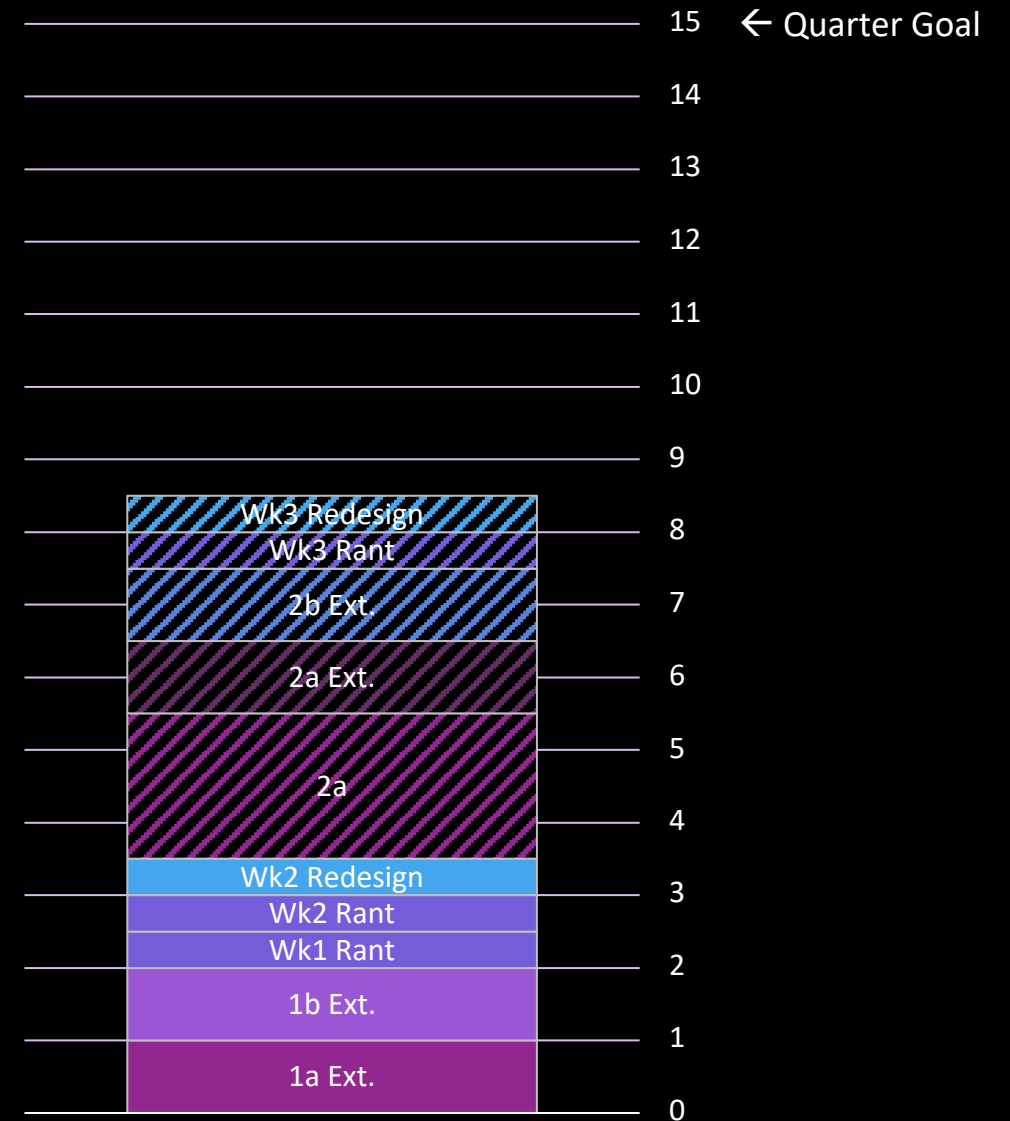
Completing 2a: 2EXP

2a Extension: 1EXP

2b Extension: 1EXP

Week 3 Rant: 0.5EXP

Week 3 Redesign: 0.5EXP



Rants & Redesigns

Slightly Shifting Timelines:

Week N's Prompts posted on Week N Tuesday

Submissions for Week N's Prompt accepted until Tuesday of Week N+2 (two weeks from posting)

Currently Available Prompts:

Rant #2: Self-Critique & The Ugly Baby *(due 4/16)*

Rant #3: Design of Everyday Things: The Good, The Bad, & The Baffling *(due 4/23)*

Redesign #2: Building Better Ideas / The Cutting Room Floor *(due 4/16)*

Redesign #3: The Unexplored Path *(due 4/23)*

Assignment 2a

Today: Prompted Ideation Activity

Optional Submission (2EXP):

Completed Ideation Activity

Answer Reflection Q's for EACH of the 5 categories

Extension Objective (1EXP):

Design Ideation Mad Libs

Whether you submit or not: Reflect on the Ideation Task when developing your Design Research focus!

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The Design Diamond

The Design Diamond & The Design Process

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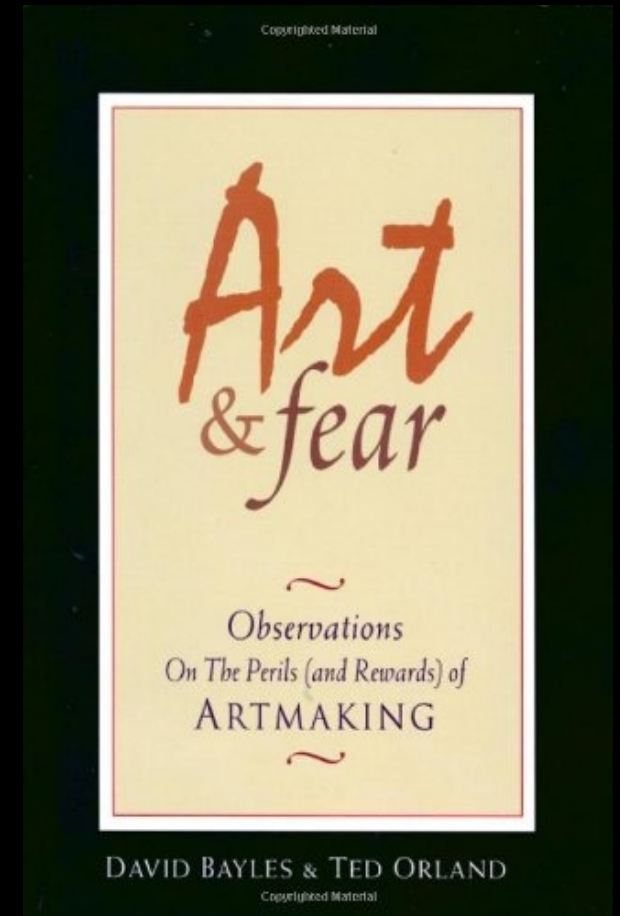
Design Ideation

Notes on Form

2a – Prompted Ideation

Quantity versus Quality

One class told they will be graded on quality,
another on quantity



Bayles and Orland, 2001

Quantity versus Quality

The quantity class produces better pots. Why?

Bayles and Orland, 2001

Quantity versus Quality

The quantity class produces better pots. Why?

“While the quantity group was busily churning out piles of work—and learning from their mistakes—the quality group had sat theorizing about perfection, and in the end had little more to show for their efforts than grandiose theories and a pile of dead clay”

Objectives

Be able to:

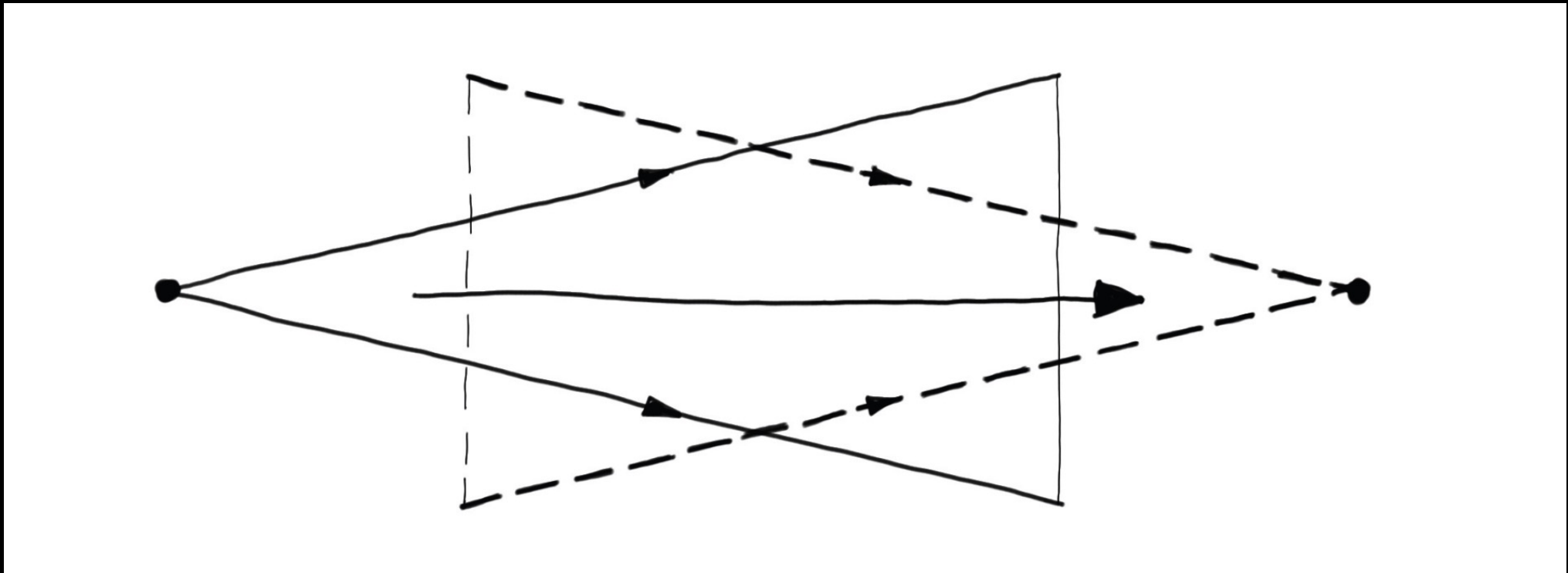
Describe an example iterative design process

Describe the design diamond model of design, its implications, and how it can break down

Describe properties of a sketch versus a prototype

Differentiate examples of sketches from prototypes

Design as Choice



Design as Choice

In the diamond, what are two openings for creativity?

Why is your design research so important?

Sketching in Design (2007)

“Design as Choice”

“the creativity that you bring to enumerating meaningfully distinct options from which to choose”



Sketching in Design (2007)

“Design as Choice”

“the creativity that you bring to defining the criteria, or heuristics, according to which you make your choices”



Design as Choice

In the diamond, what are two openings for creativity?

Palette of choices

Heuristics to choose

Why is your design research so important?

What you learn directly informs both of these, shaping everything you do this entire quarter

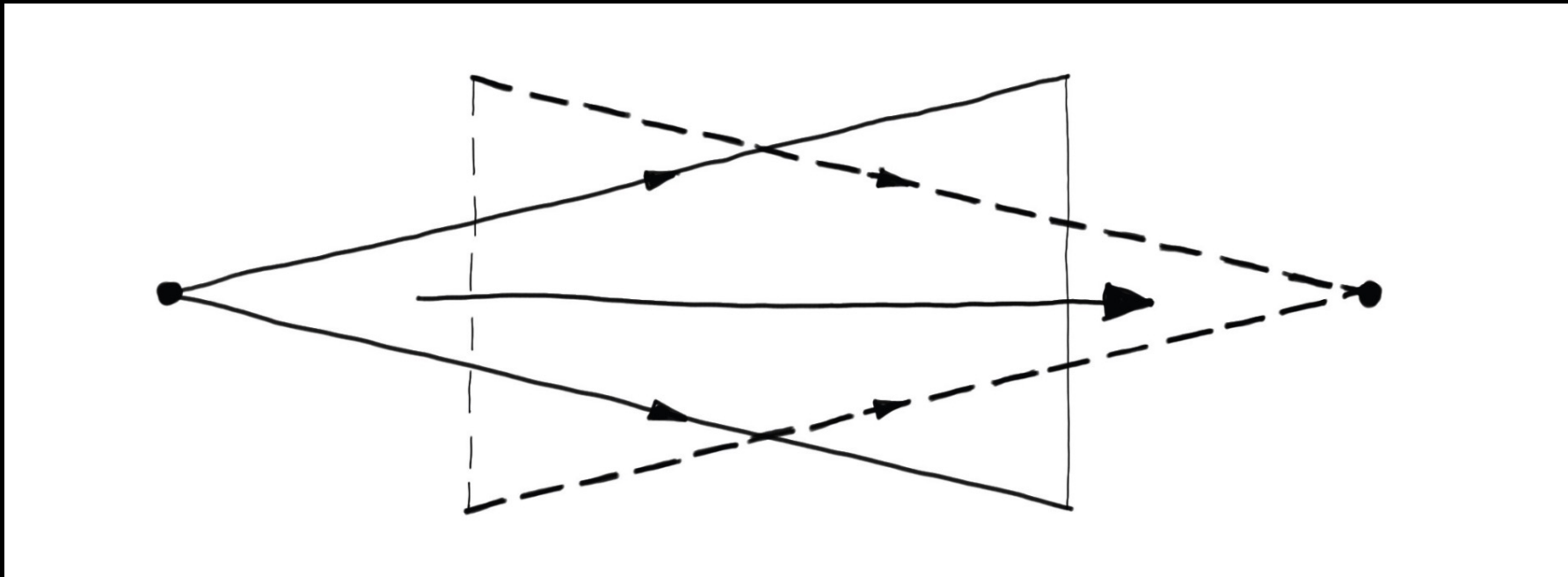
Design as Choice

Elaboration

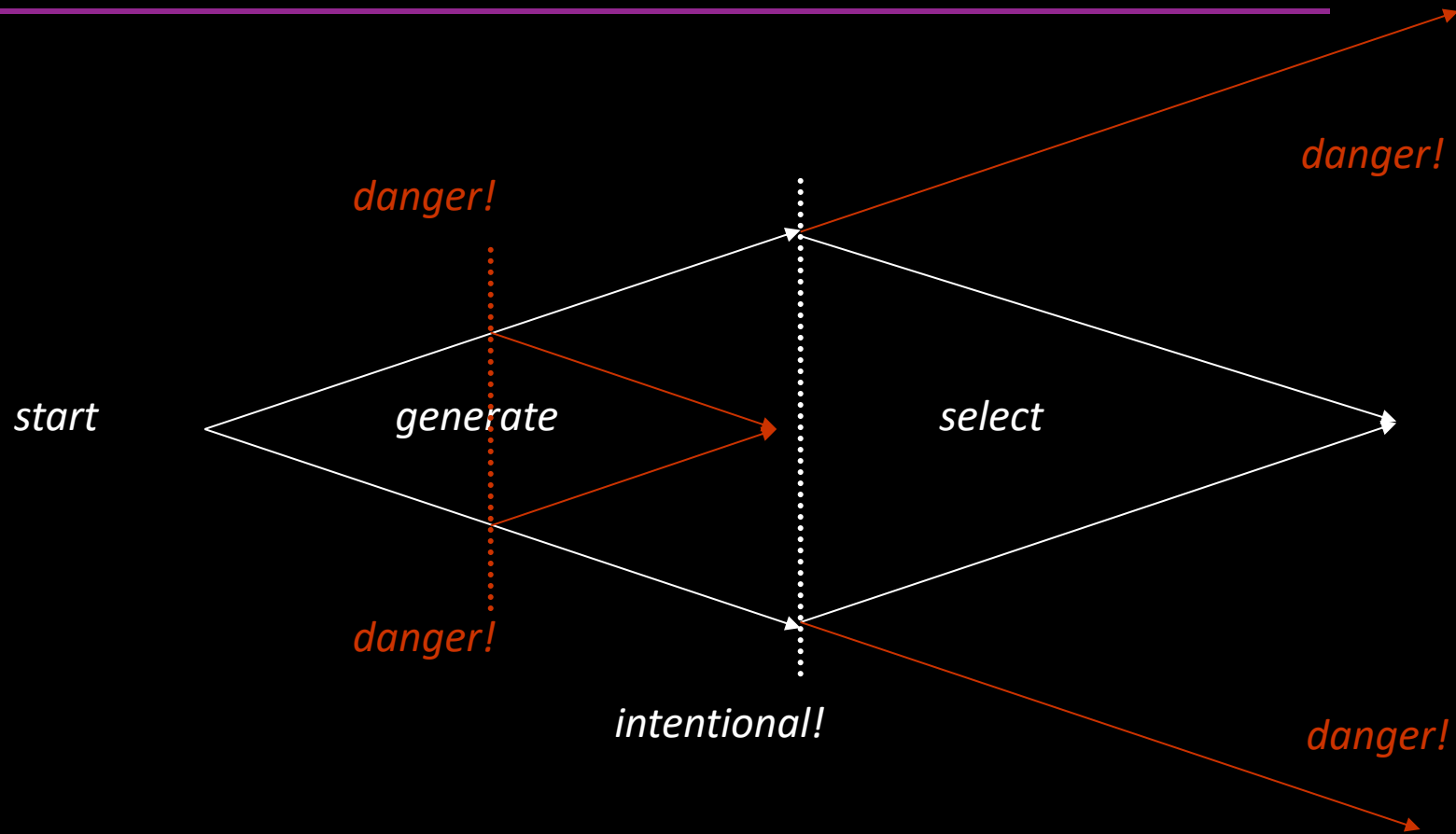
palette of choices

Reduction

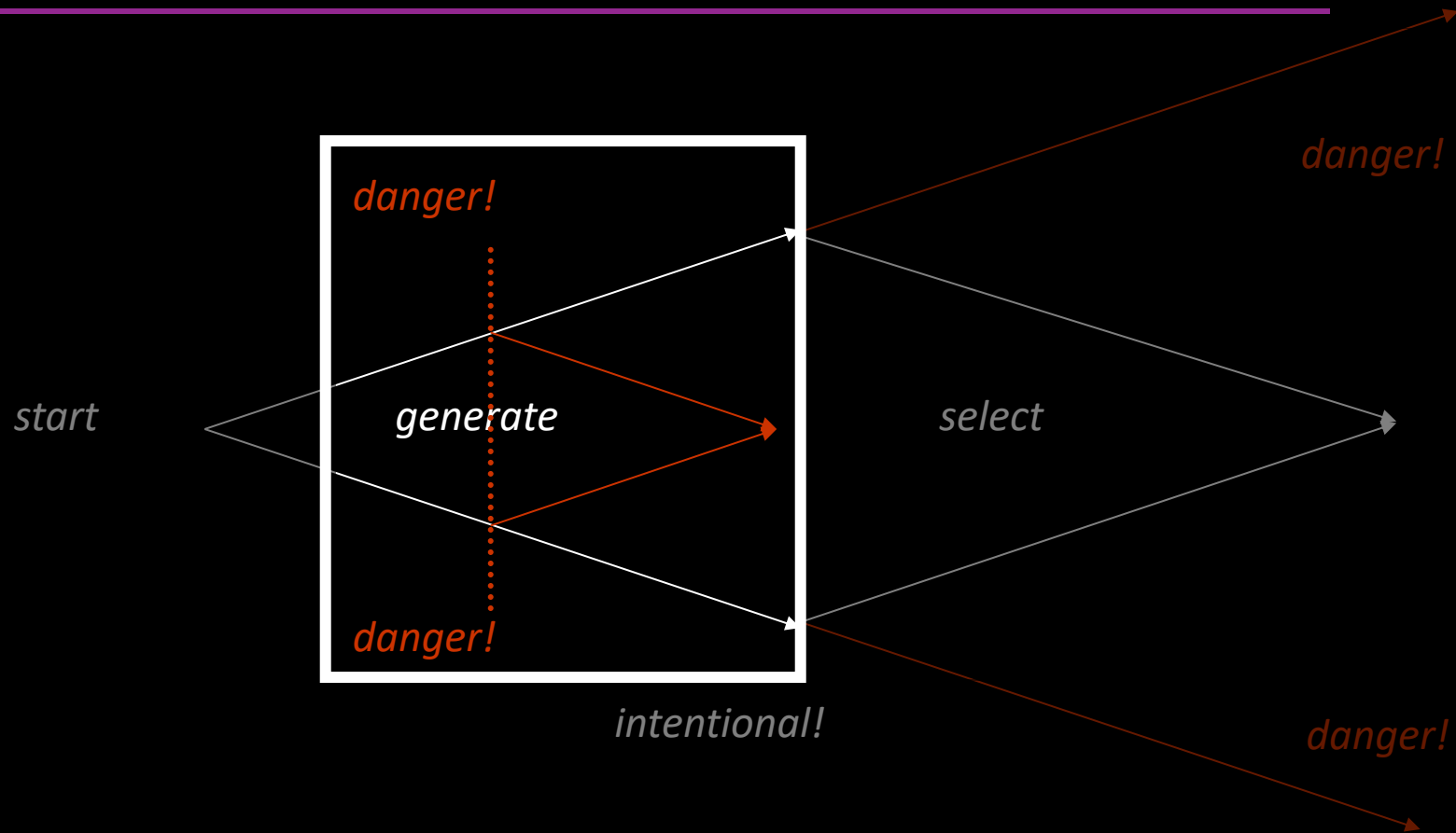
heuristics to choose



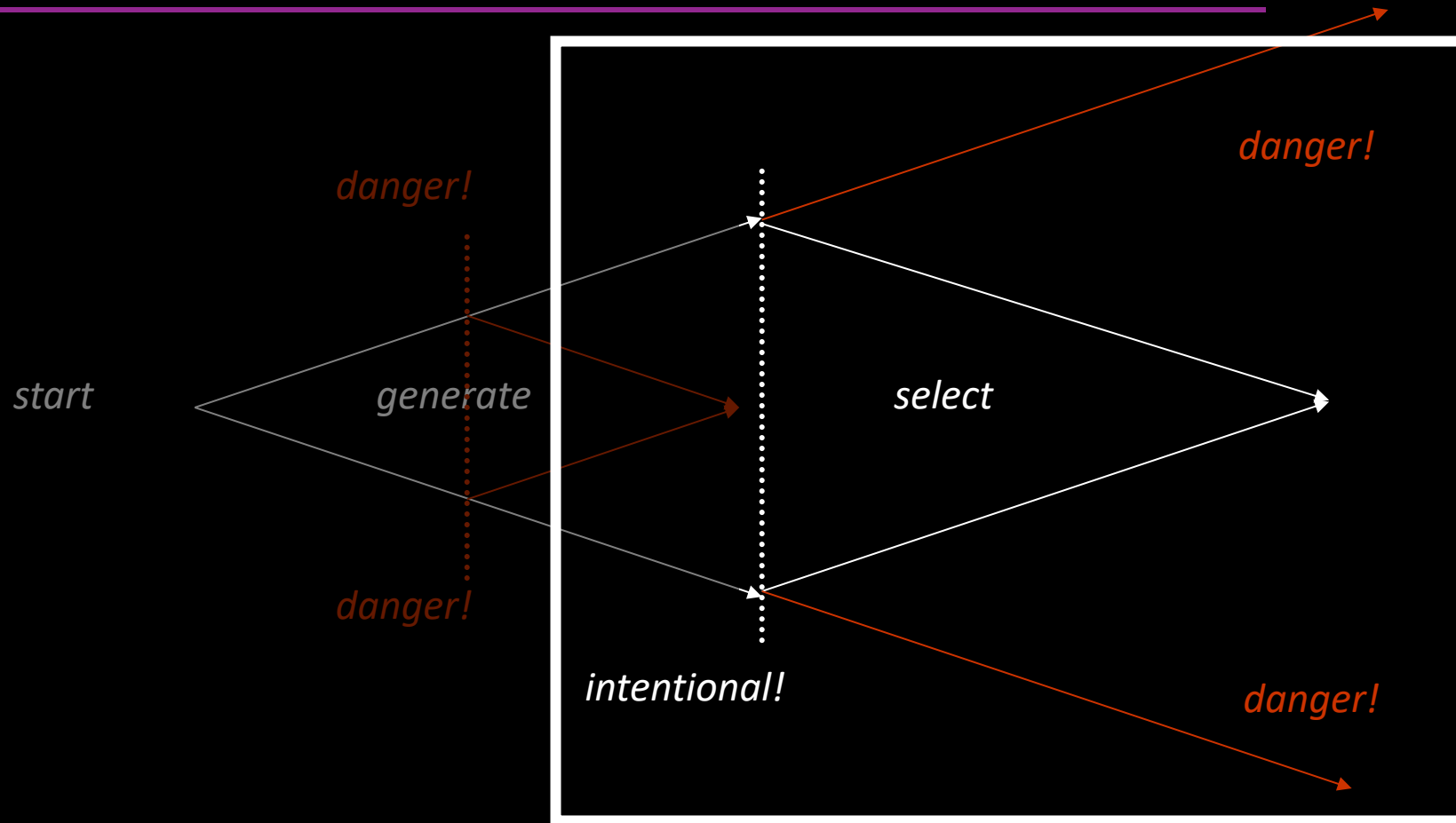
A Medium-Sized Diamond



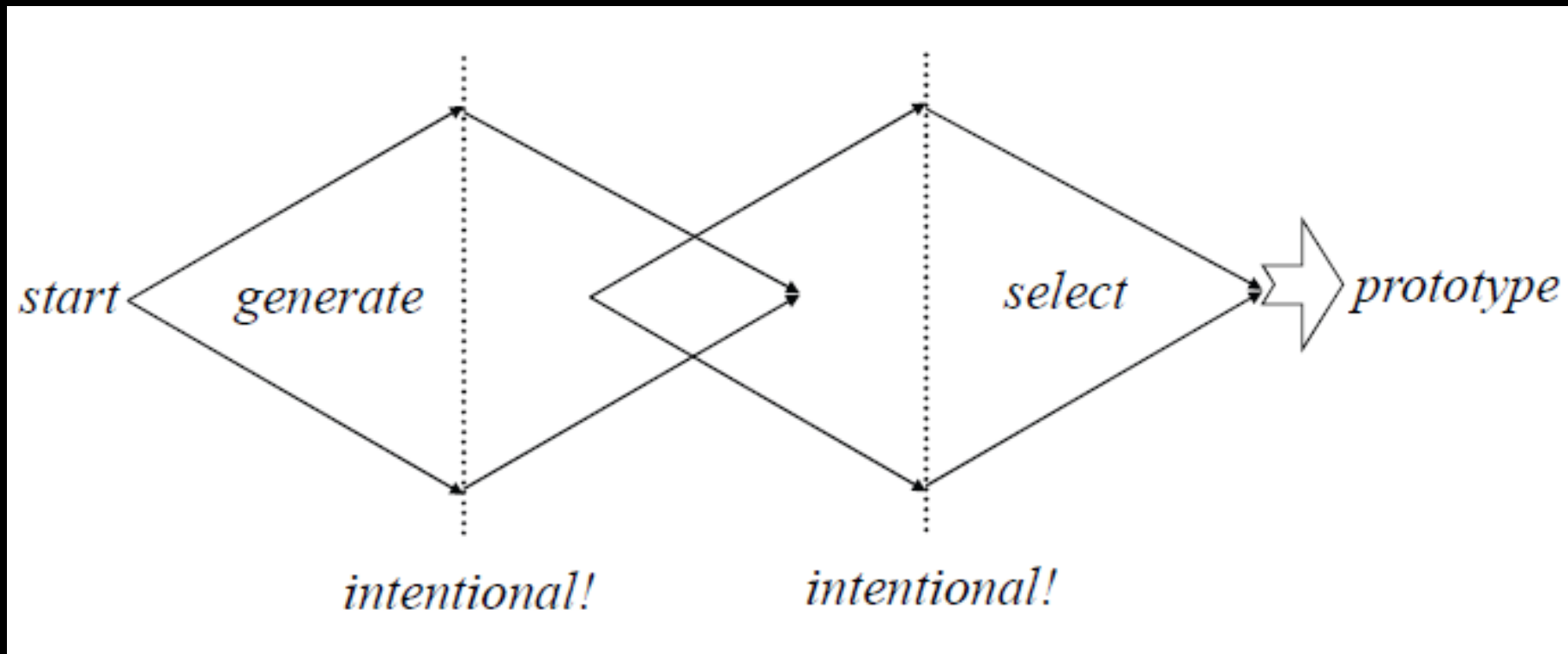
A Medium-Sized Diamond



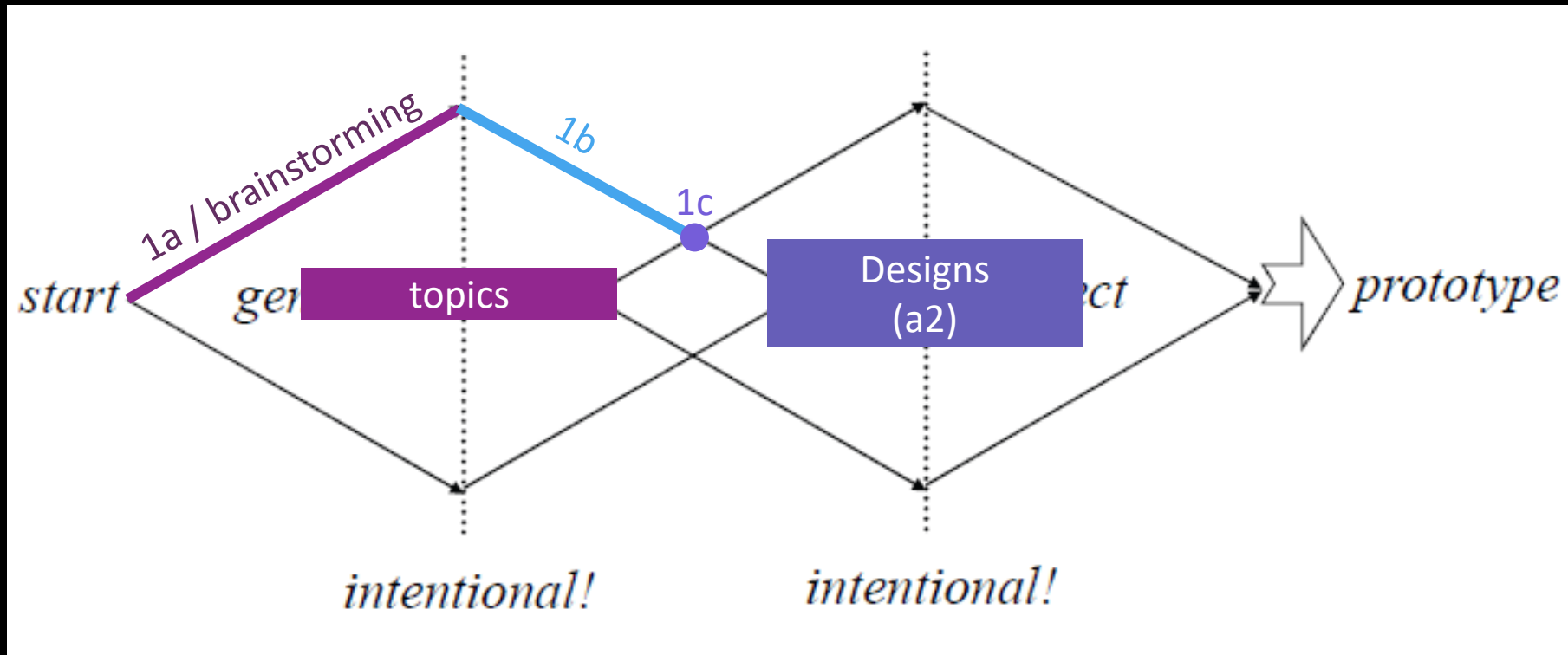
A Medium-Sized Diamond



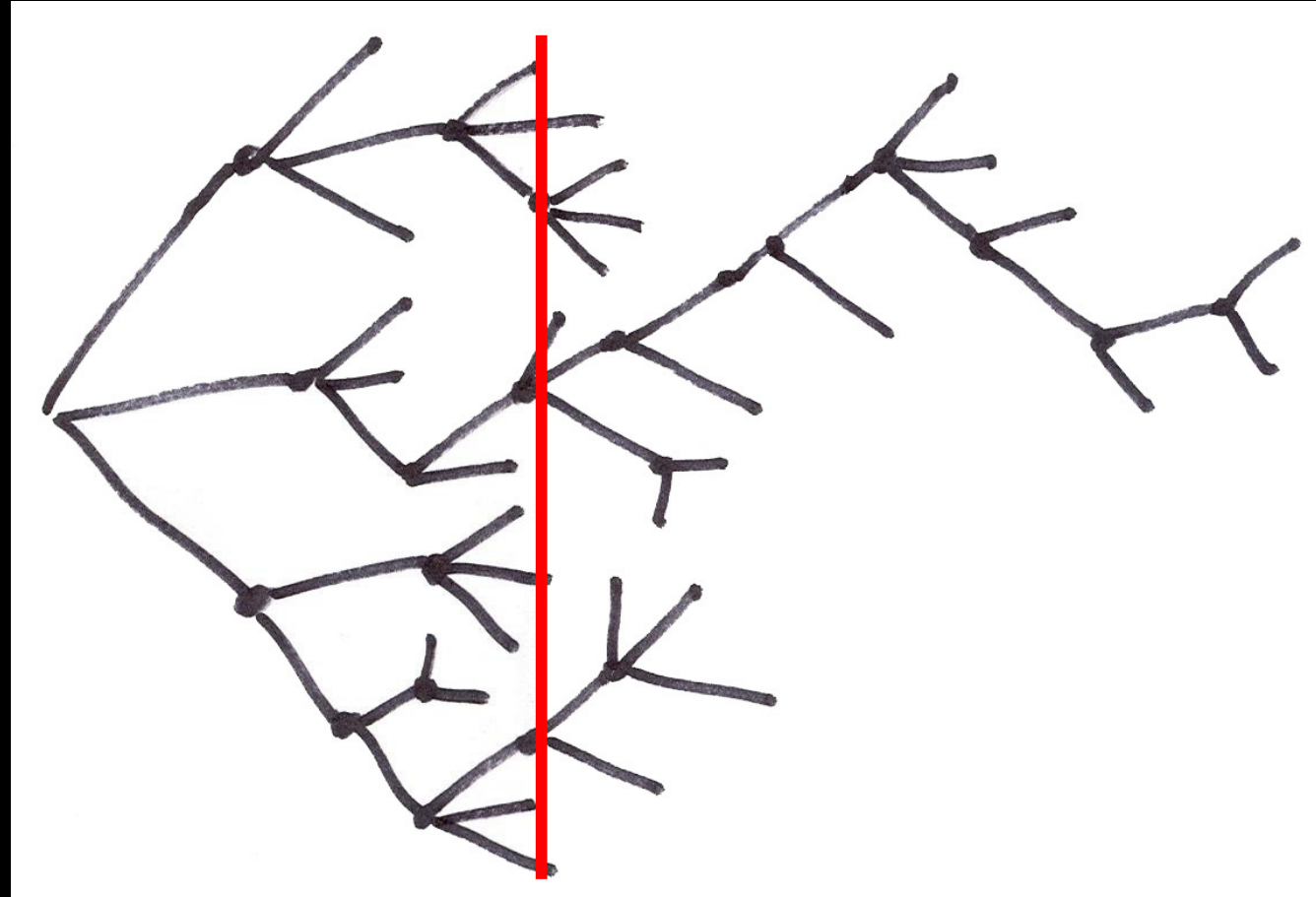
Idea Oscillation



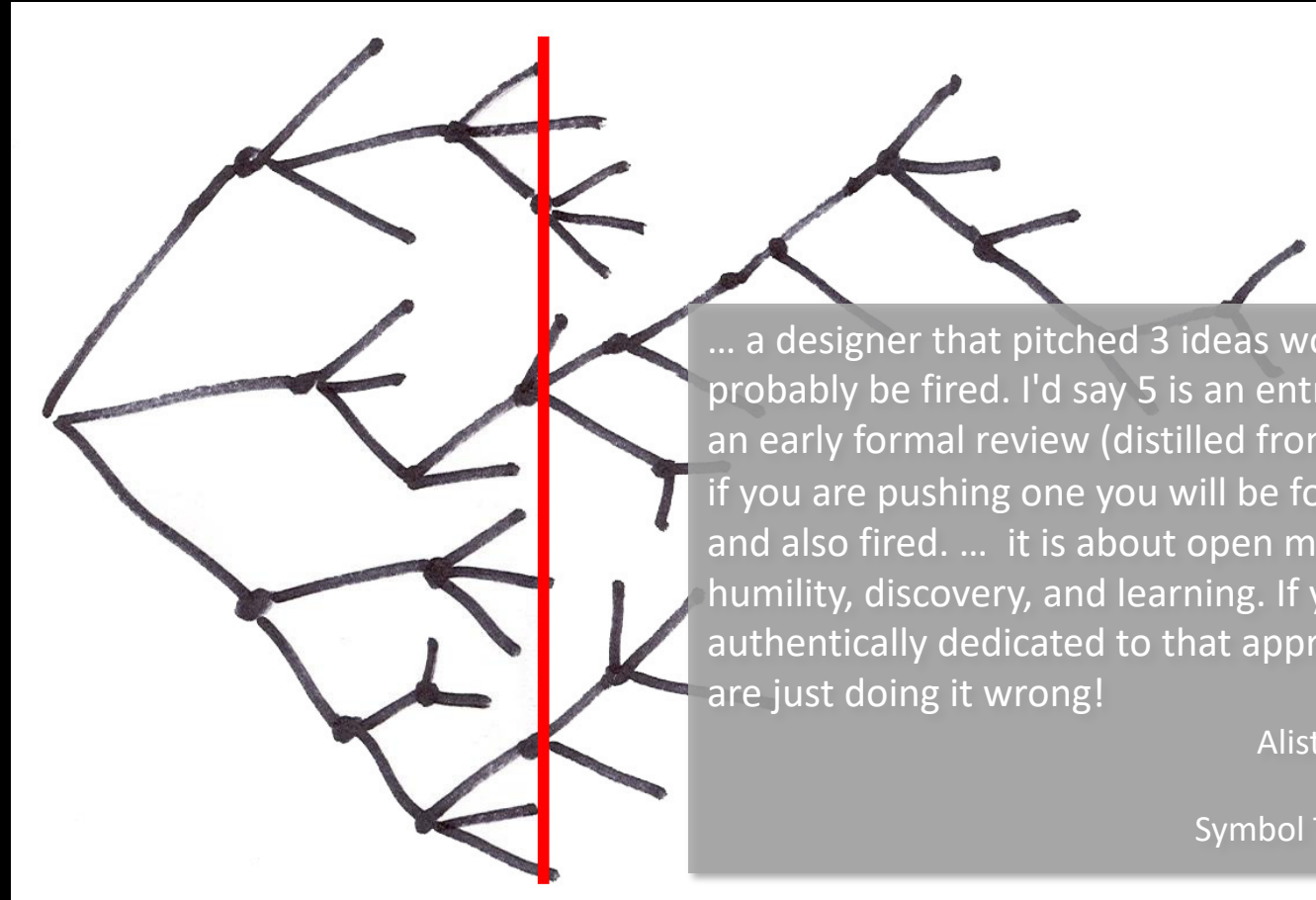
Idea Oscillation



Exploration of Alternatives



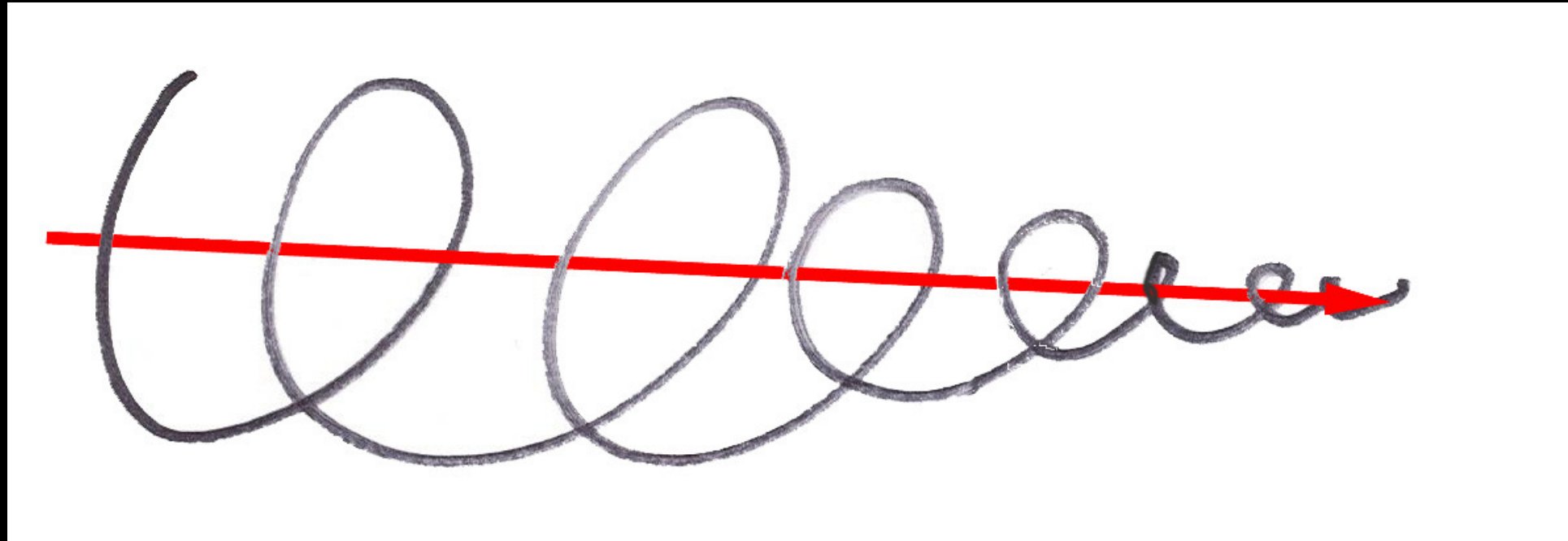
Exploration of Alternatives



... a designer that pitched 3 ideas would probably be fired. I'd say 5 is an entry point for an early formal review (distilled from 100's). ... if you are pushing one you will be found out, and also fired. ... it is about open mindedness, humility, discovery, and learning. If you aren't authentically dedicated to that approach you are just doing it wrong!

Alistair Hamilton
VP Design
Symbol Technologies

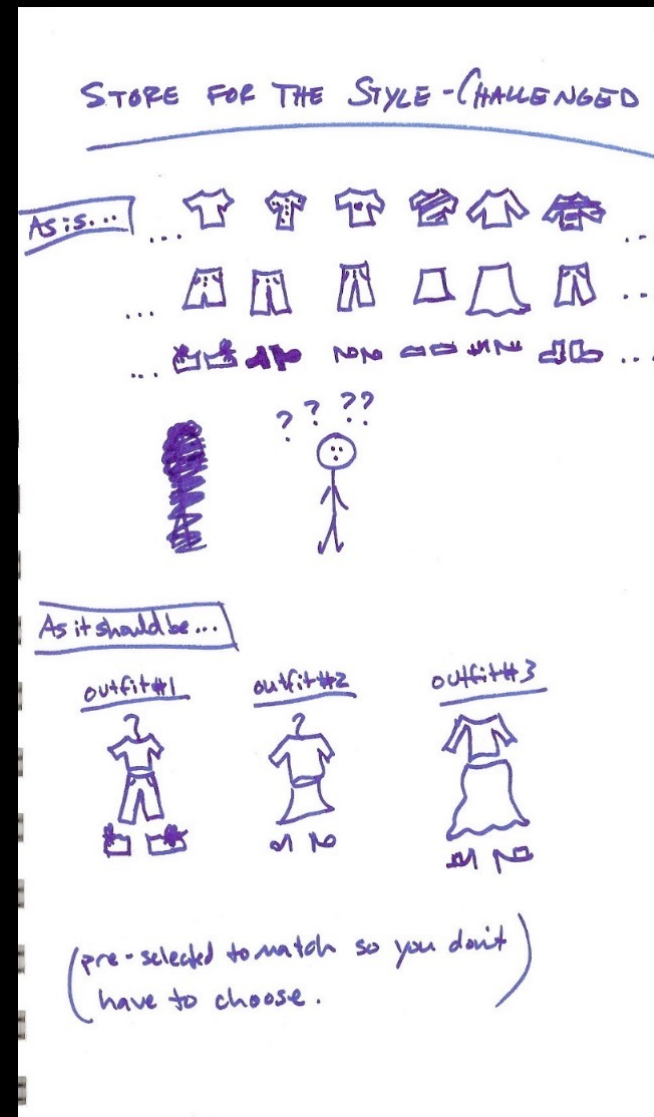
The Converging Path



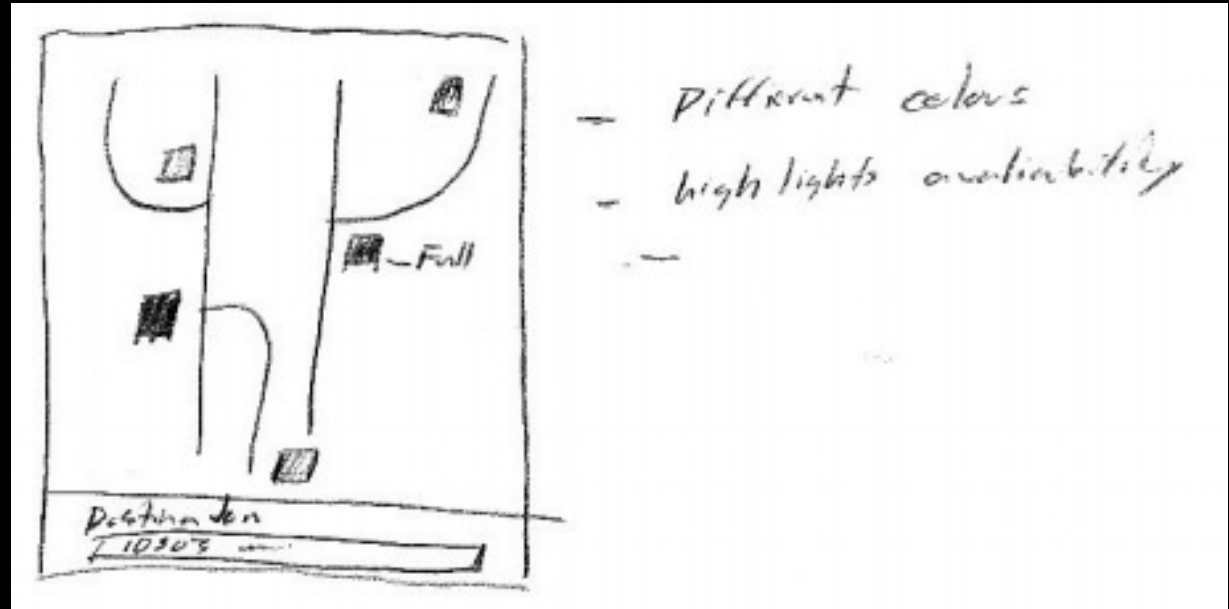
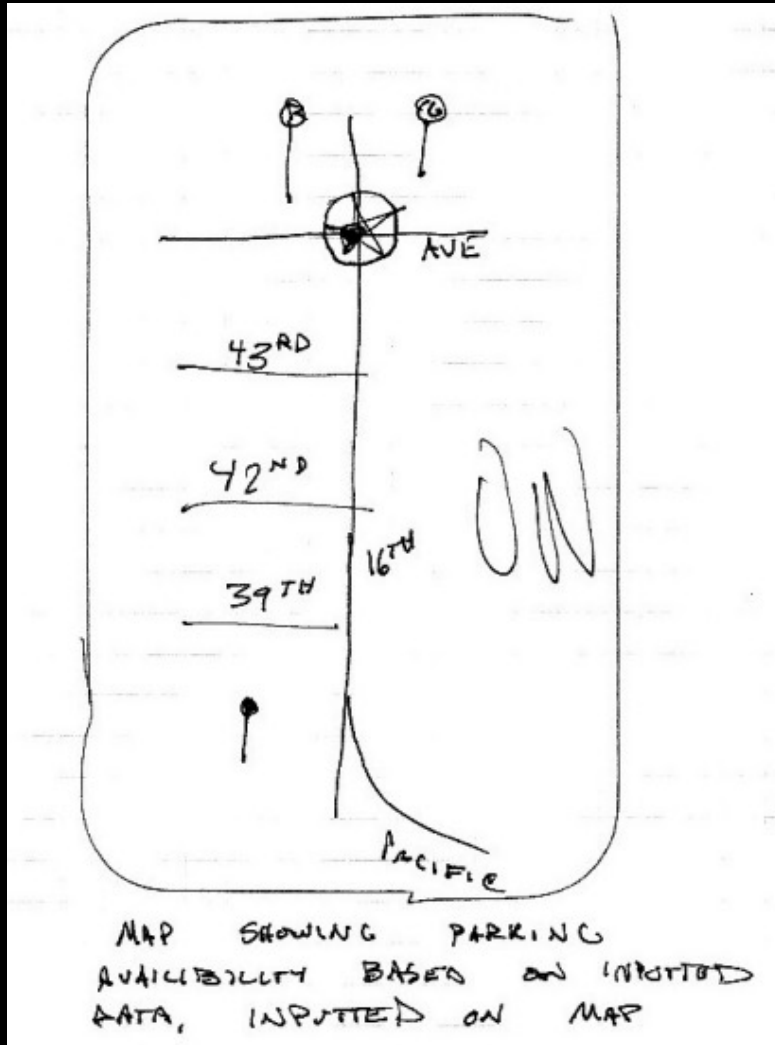
Sketching

A **process** that enables you to
think through ideas and
convey design ideas to others
very early in the design phase

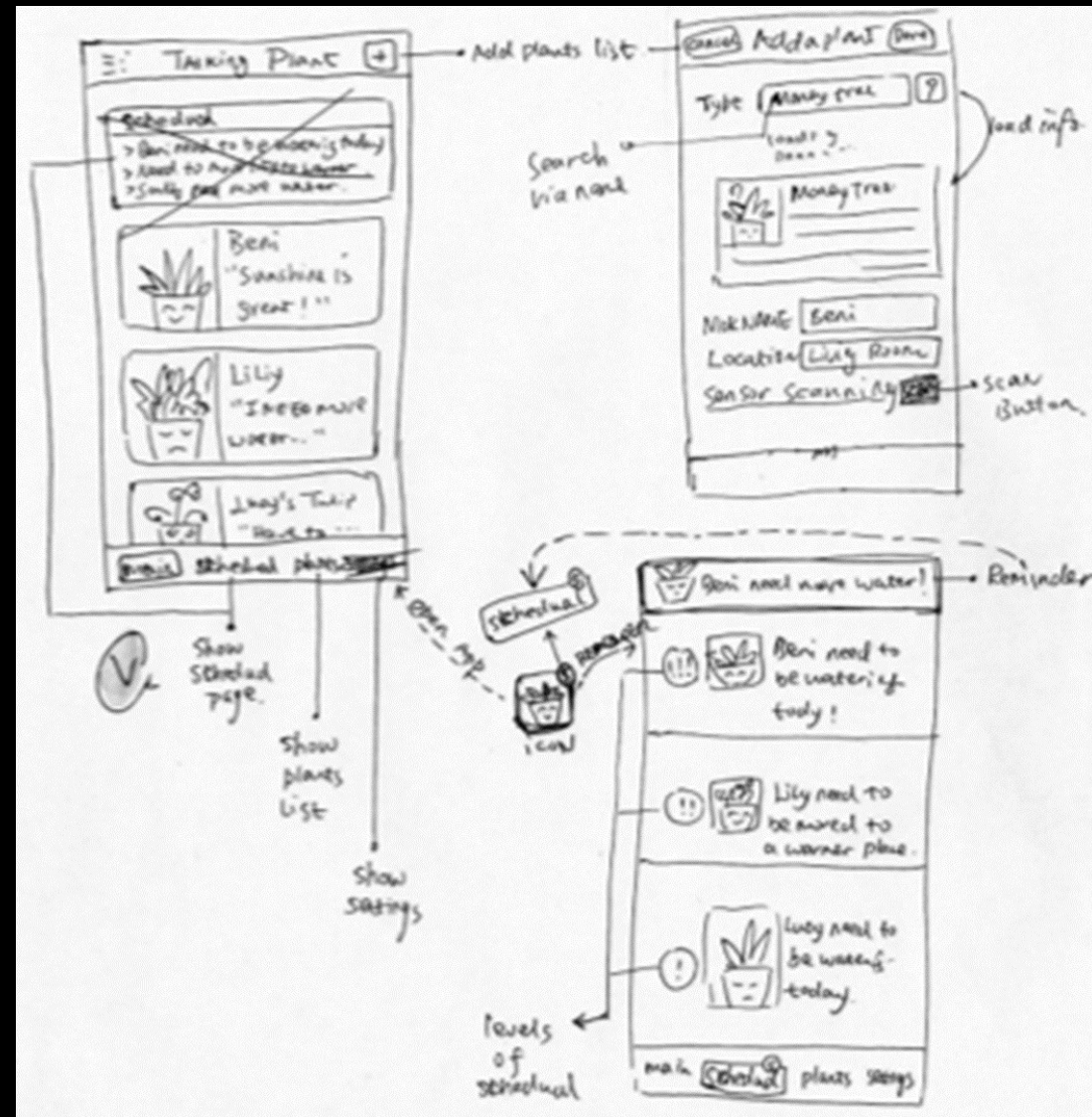
Sketching



Sketching

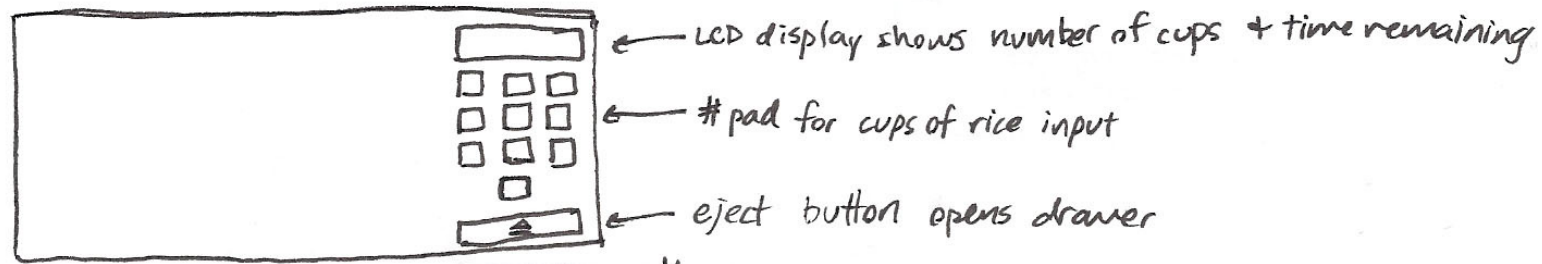


Sketching

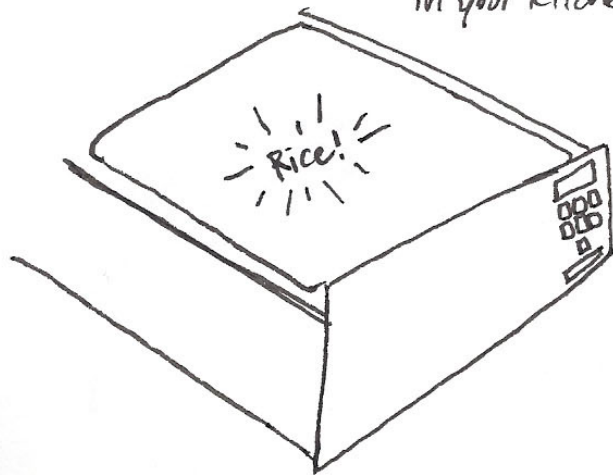


Sketching

UBIQUITOUS RICE COOKER

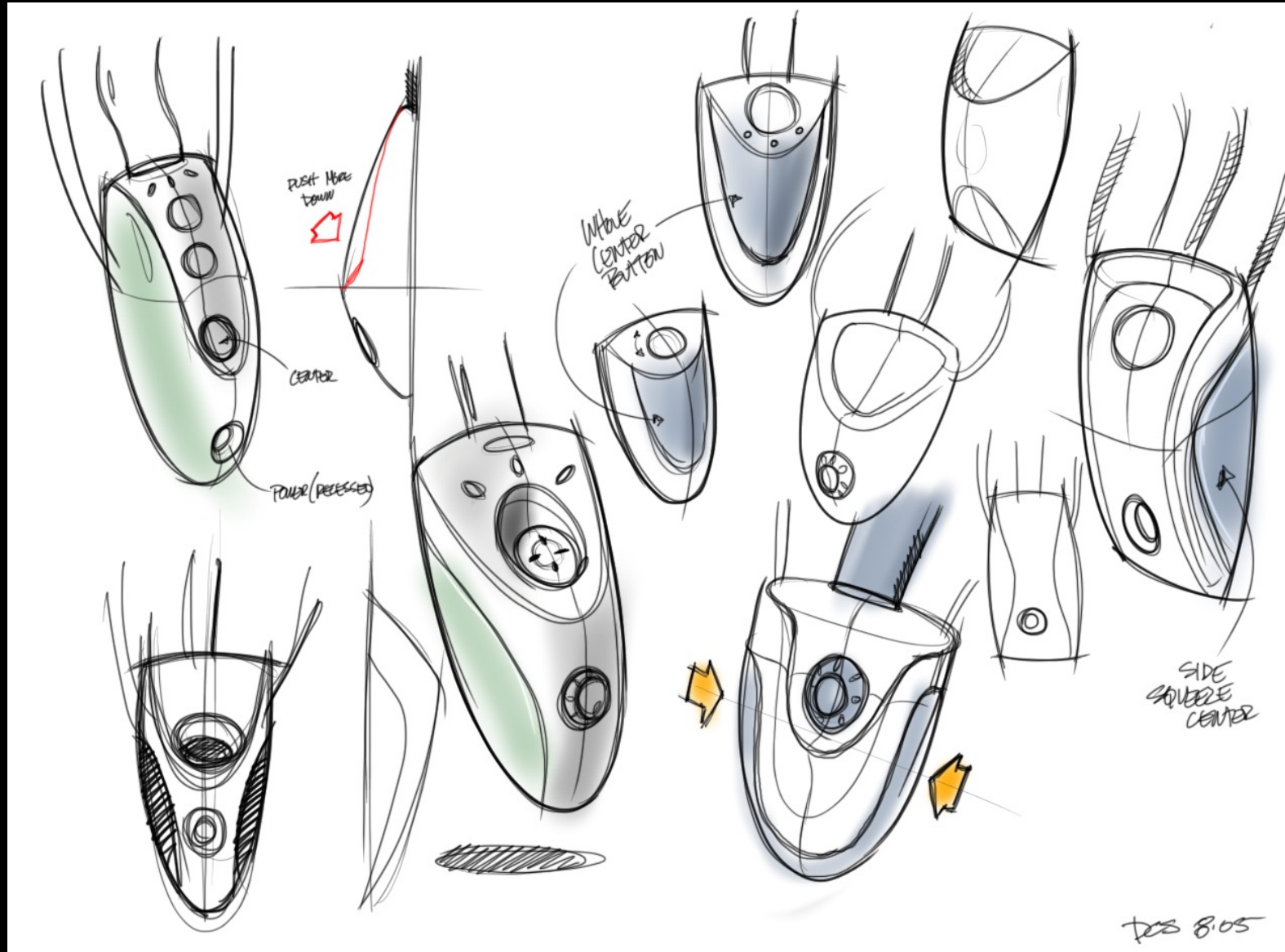


"Just another drawer"
in your kitchen



The uncooked rice is stored in a hidden reservoir.
Water is acquired through a hose attached to
your water source (similar to an espresso machine).

Quintessential Activity of Design



Sketching

A **process** that enables you to
think through ideas and
convey design ideas to others
very early in the design phase

Properties of Sketches

Quick

Timely

Inexpensive

Disposable

Plentiful

Clear Vocabulary

Distinct Gesture

Minimal Detail

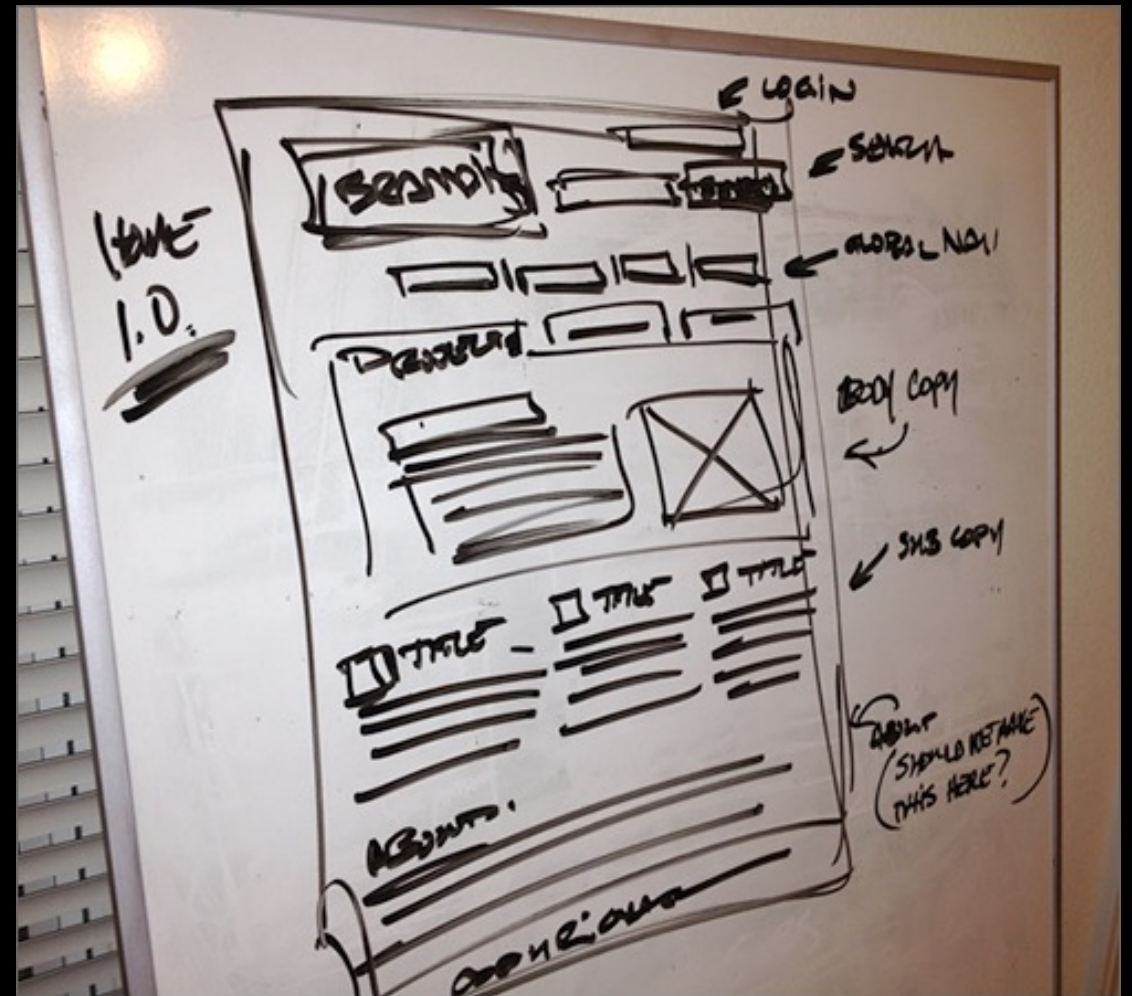
Appropriate Refinement

Suggest and Explore

Ambiguous

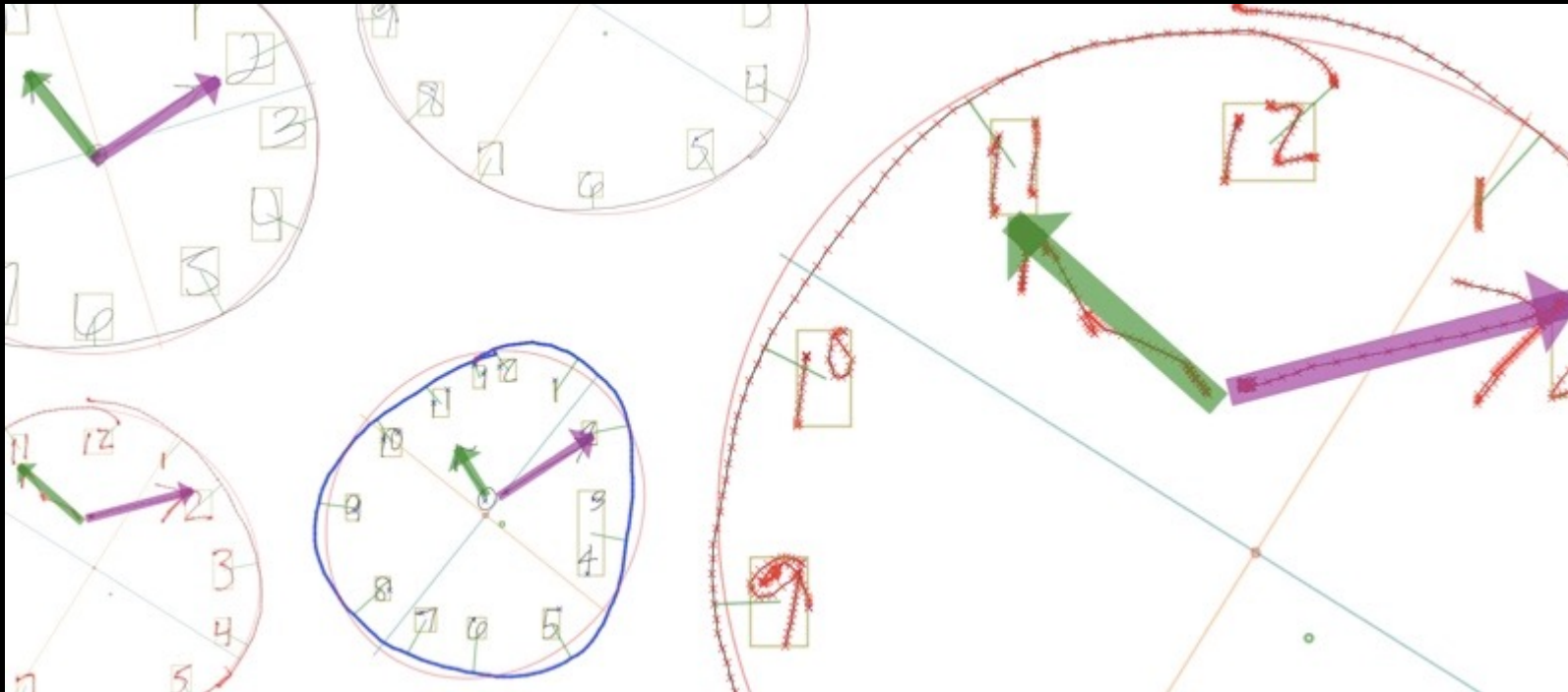
Quick

A sketch is quick to make,
or at least gives that impression



Timely

A sketch can be provided when needed



Inexpensive

Cost must not inhibit the ability to explore a concept, especially early in design



Disposable

If you cannot afford to throw it away,
then it is not a sketch

Investment is in the process,
not the physical sketch

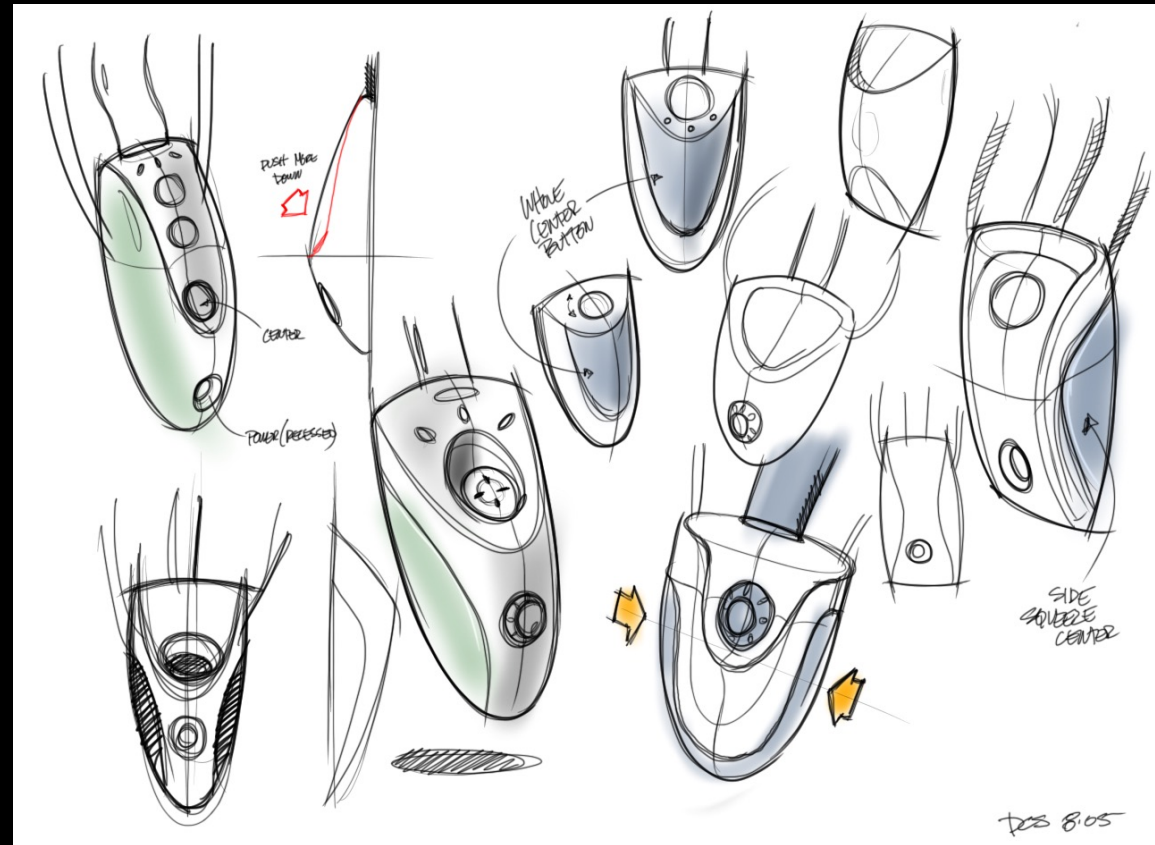
But they are not "worthless"



Plentiful

Sketches do not exist in isolation

Meaning and relevance is in the context of a collection or series

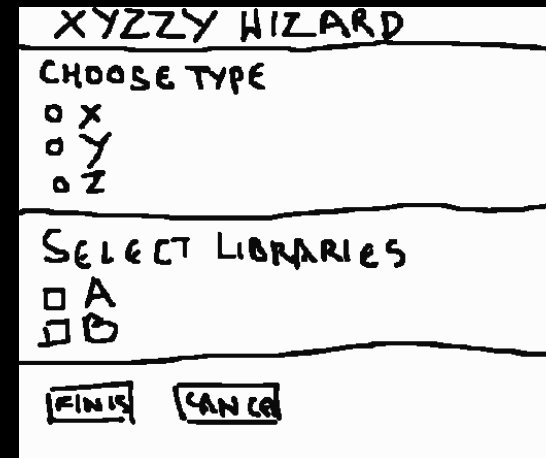


Clear Vocabulary

The way it is rendered makes it distinctive that it is a sketch (e.g., style, form, signals)

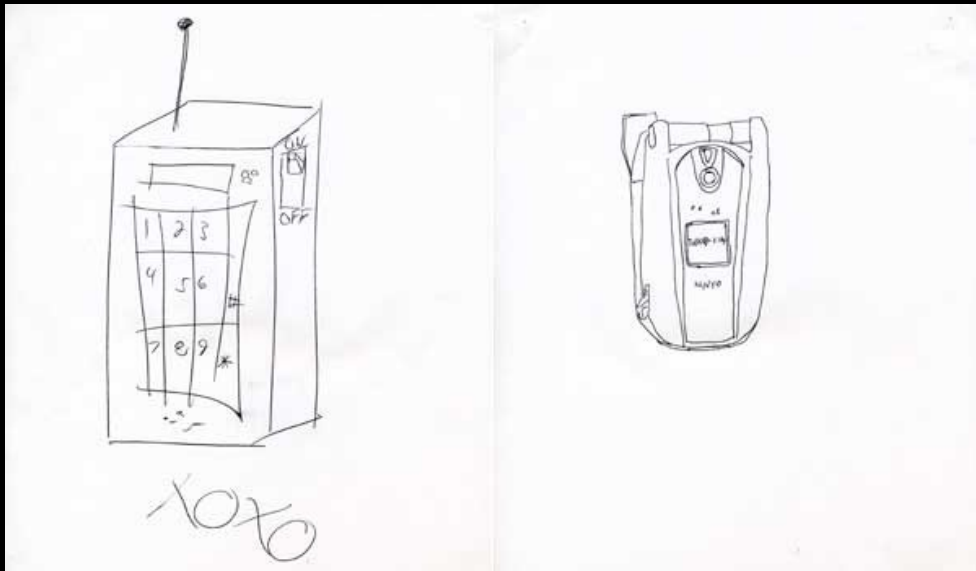
Could be how a line extends through endpoints

Physical sketches have their own vocabulary

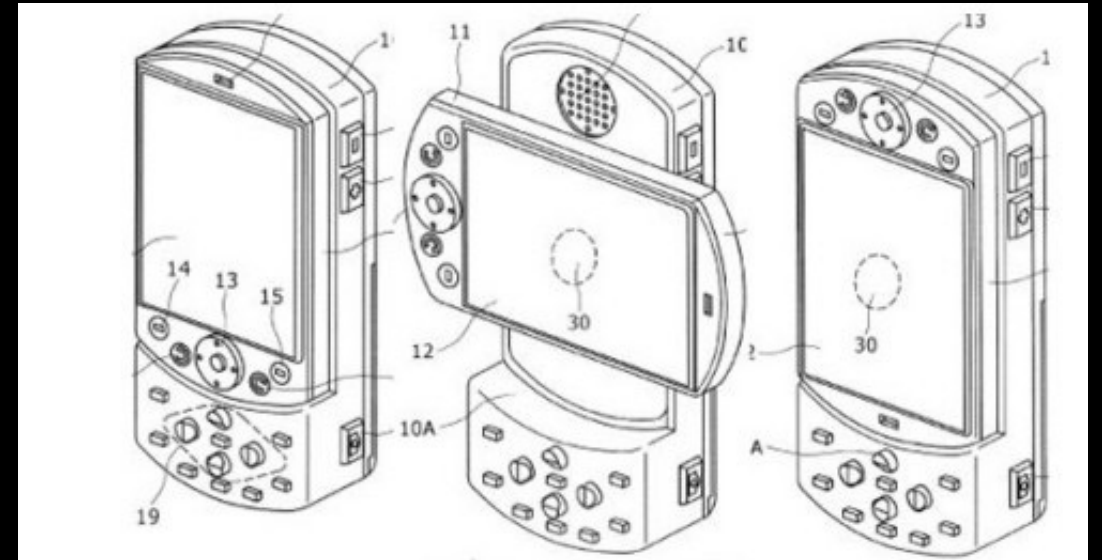


Distinct Gesture

Fluidity of sketches gives them a sense of openness and freedom
Opposite of engineering drawing, which is tight and precise

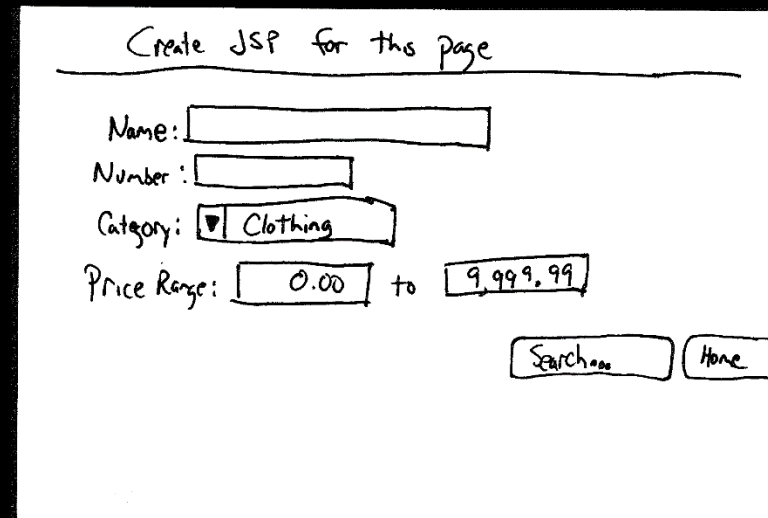
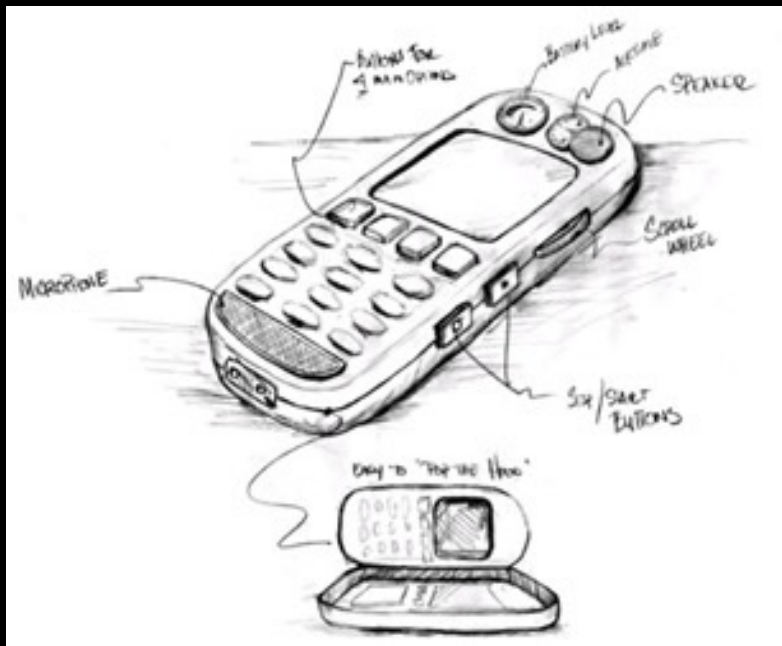


vs.



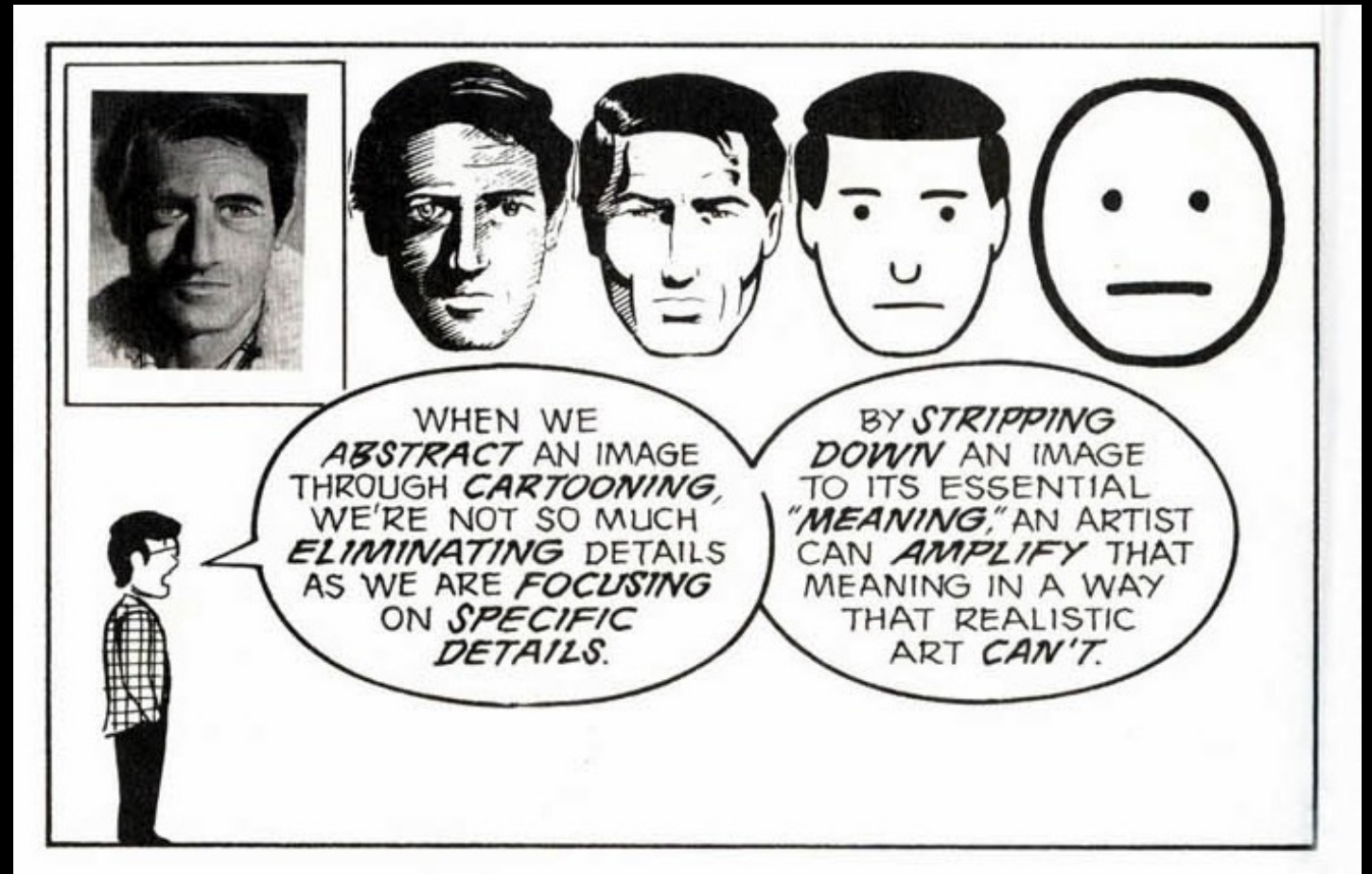
Minimal Detail

Include only what is required to render the intended purpose or concept



Minimal Detail

Include only what is required to render the intended purpose or concept

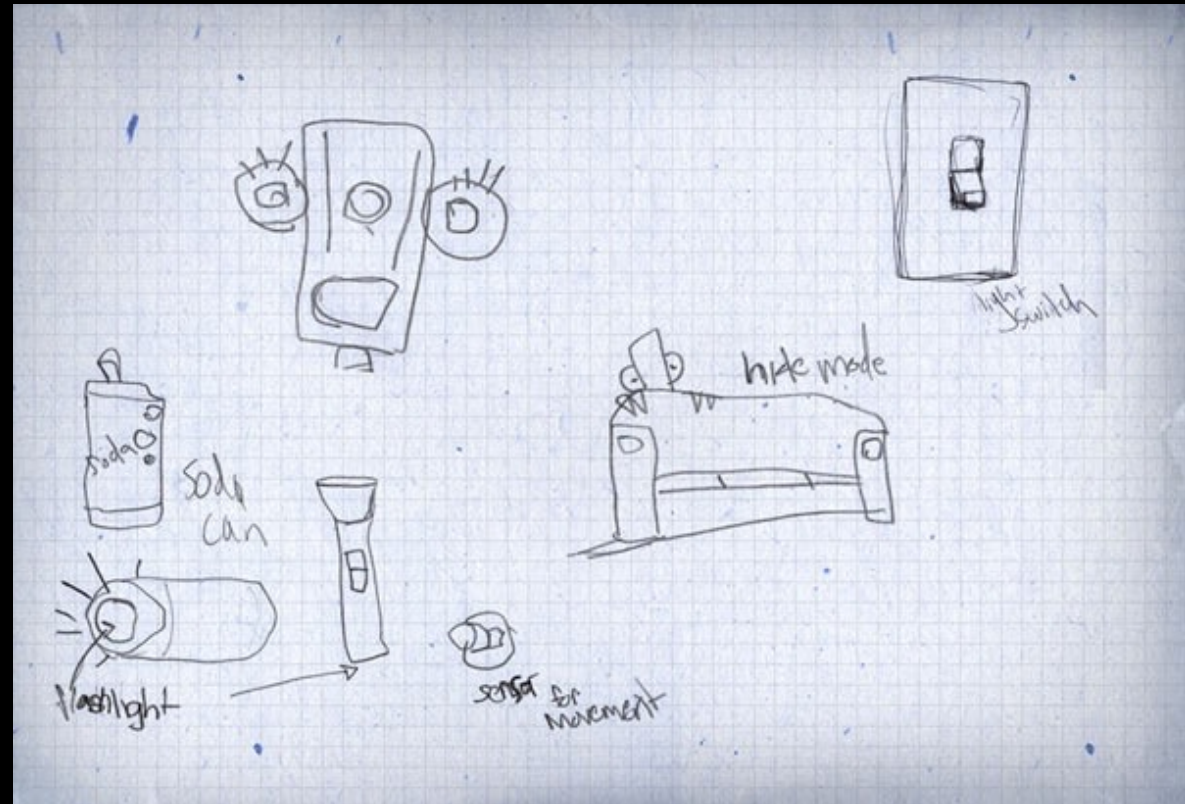


Appropriate Degree of Refinement

Make the sketch as refined as the idea

If you have a solid idea,
make the sketch look
more defined

If you have a hazy idea,
make the sketch look
rougher and less defined



Suggest and Explore Rather than Confirm

Sketch should act as a catalyst
to the desired and appropriate
behaviors, conversations, and interactions

Ambiguity

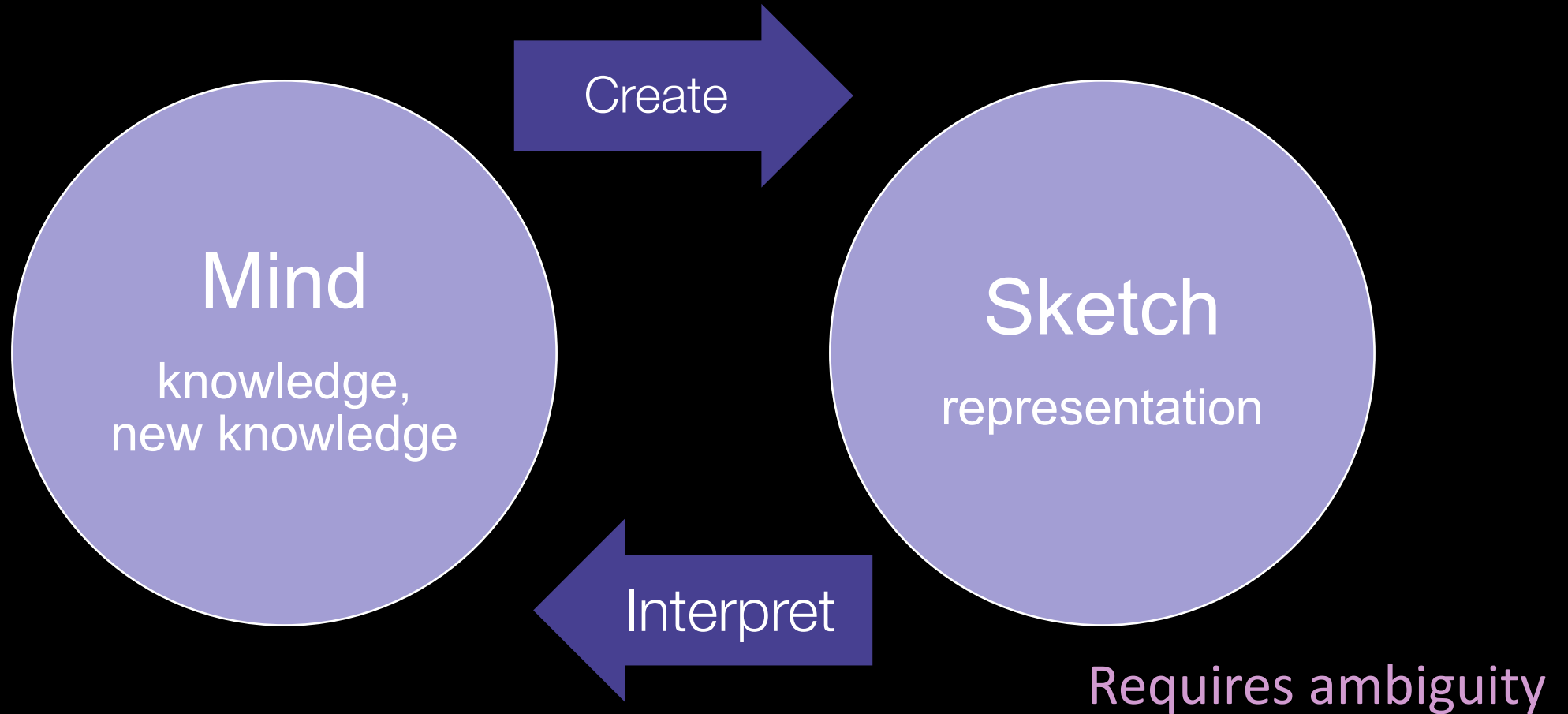
Intentionally ambiguous

Value comes from being able to be interpreted in different ways, even by the person who created them

Sketches have holes



Sketching as Conversation



Sketch vs. Prototype

| Sketch | Prototype |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Invite | Attend |
| Suggest | Describe |
| Explore | Refine |
| Question | Answer |
| Propose | Test |
| Provoke | Resolve |
| Tentative, noncommittal | Specific Depiction |

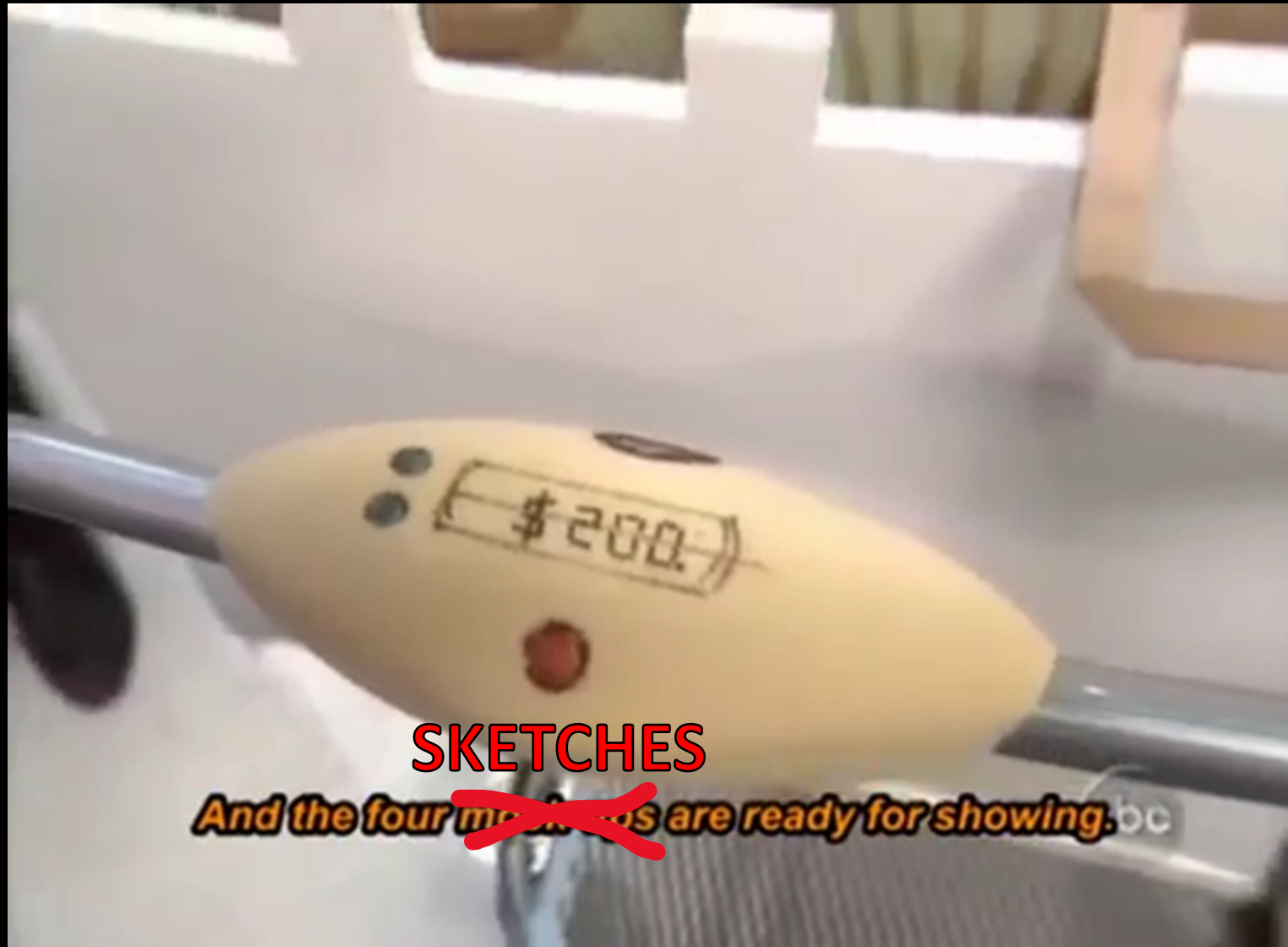
The primary differences are in the intent

ABC News and IDEO's Deep Dive



And the four mock-ups are ready for showing. [bc](http://www.bcbca.com)

ABC News and IDEO's Deep Dive



Sketching is Not Defined by Ink

Although sketching can often be done in ink,
these properties can be found in other forms

Those other forms are therefore sketches

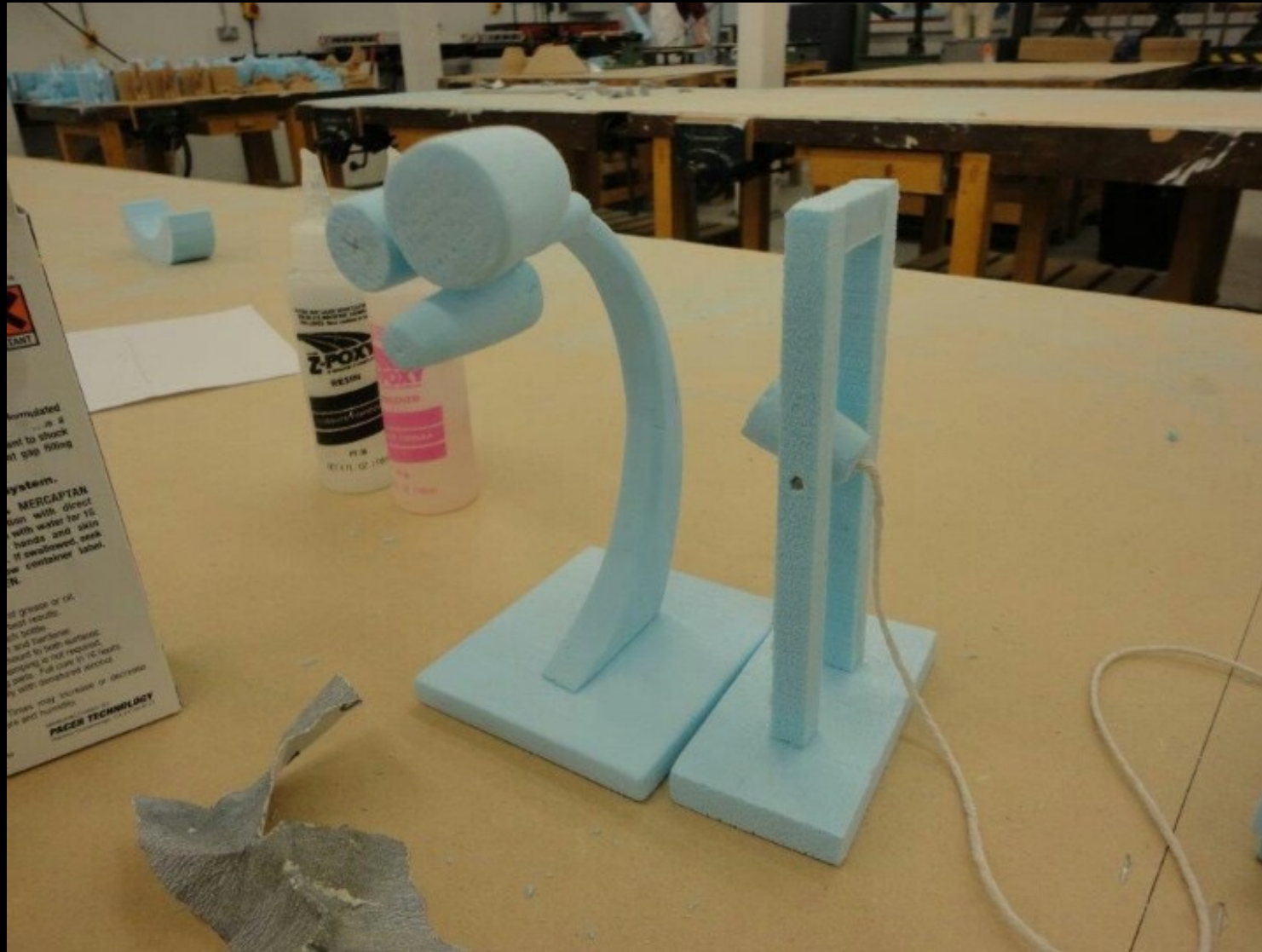
Sketching the Mouse



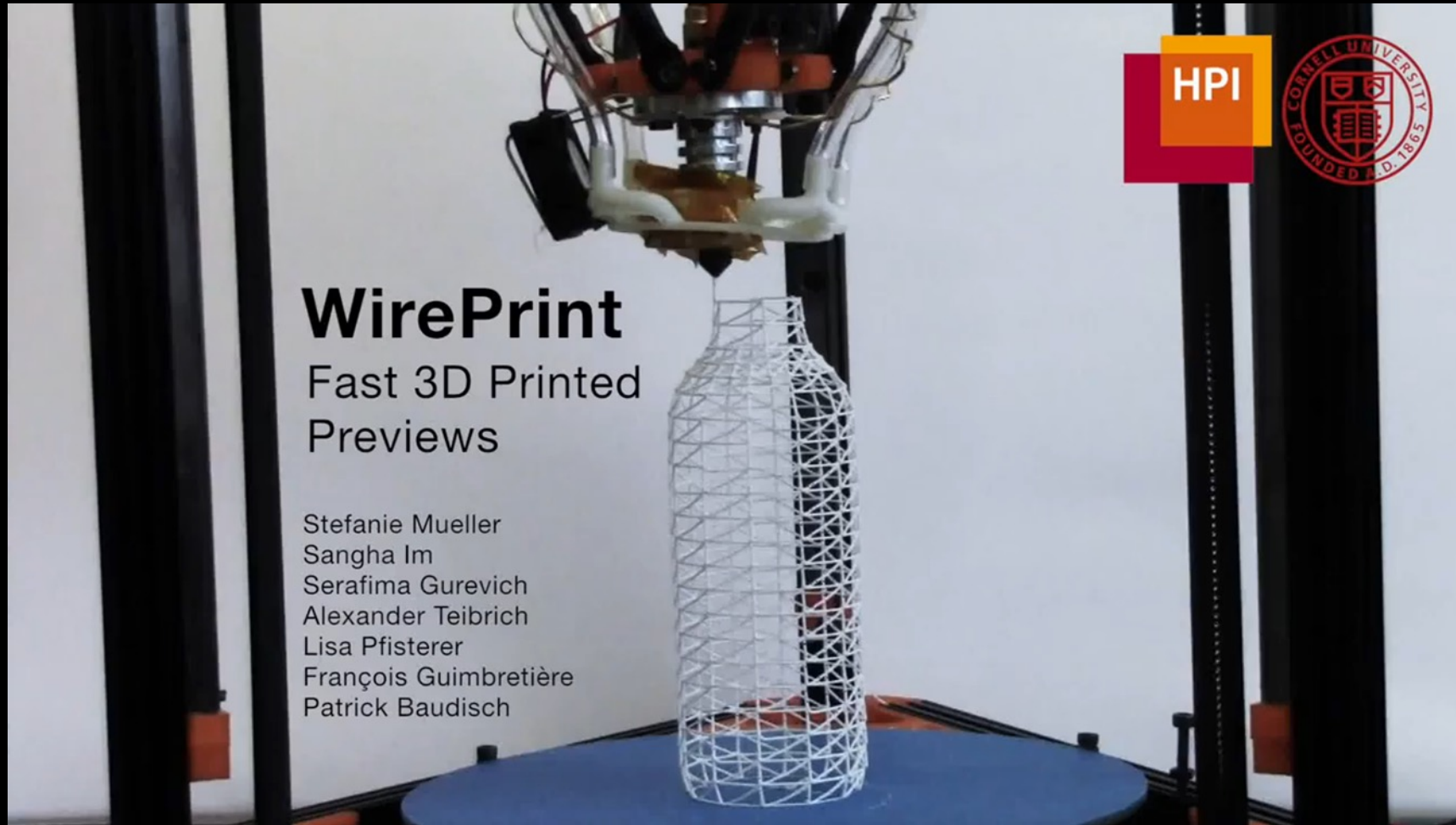
Sketching the Mouse



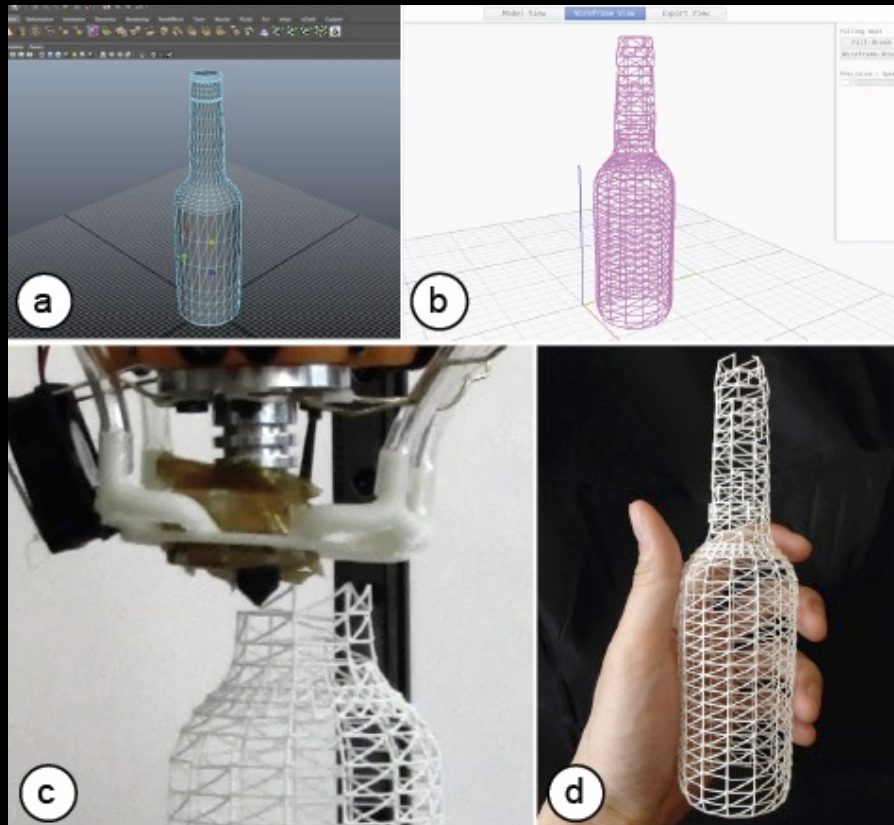
Physical Sketching



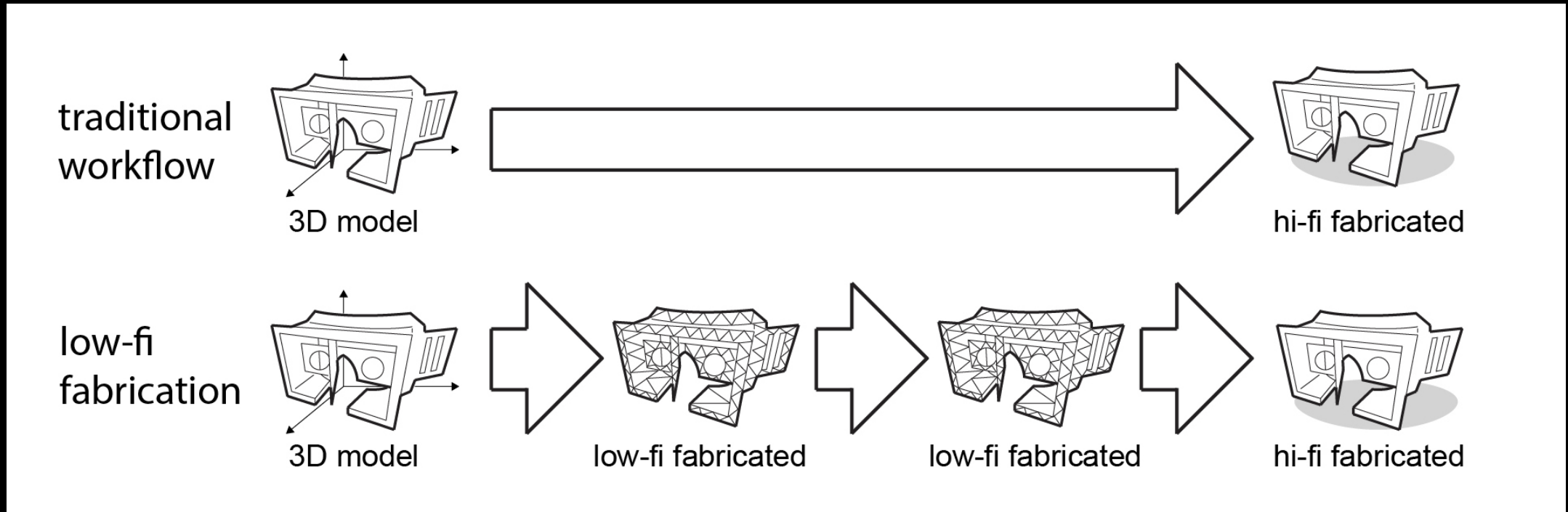
WirePrint (2014)



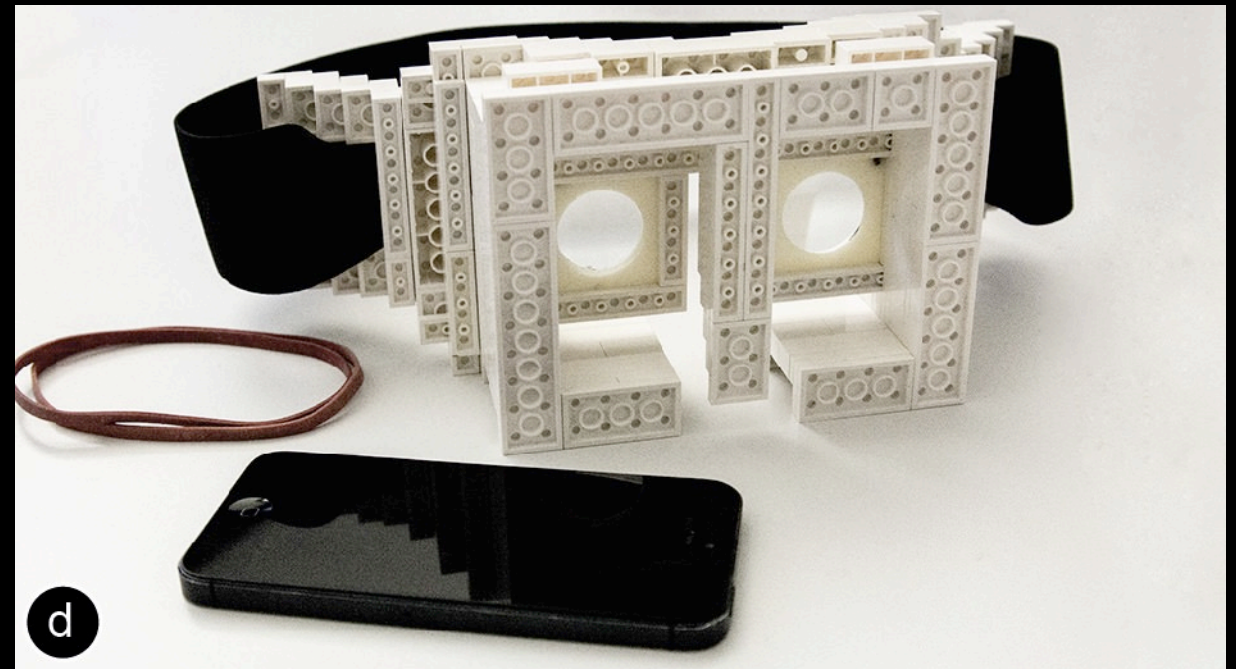
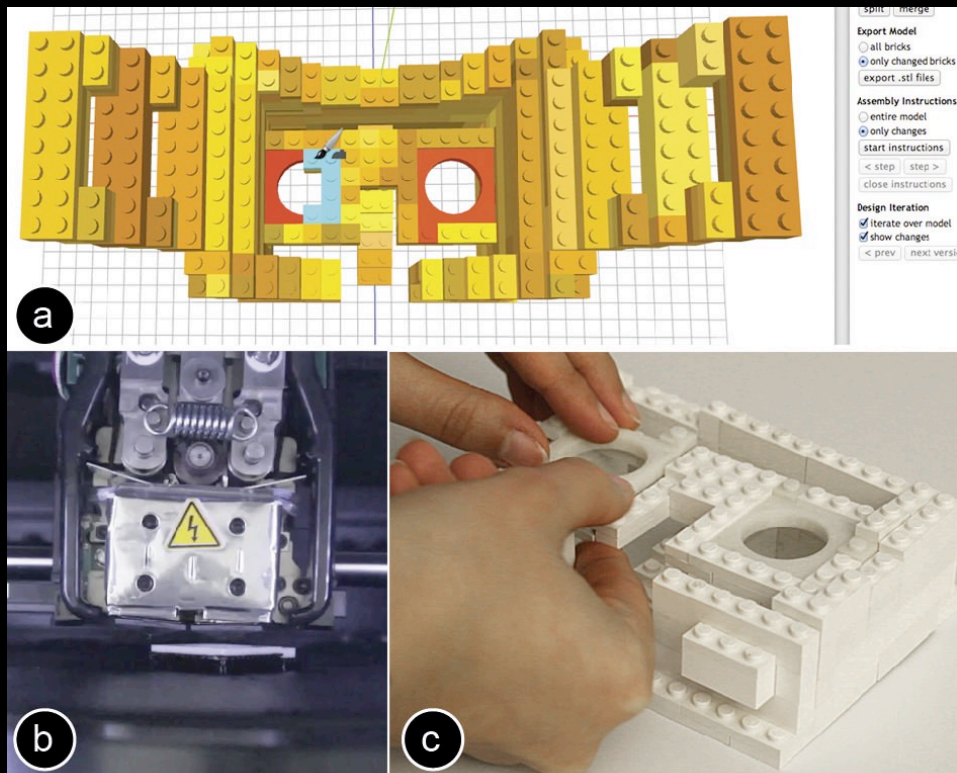
WirePrint (2014)



Physical Sketching



Physical Sketching



Critiquing Sketches is Important

Ideas are both good and bad

- Both are useful in design

- By making clear what is a bad design,
we can avoid actually implementing it

- Bad ideas help you justify your good ideas

Feedback can turn a good idea into a great idea

Sketching generates too many ideas to implement

*Time for everyone's
favorite game show...*

PROTOTYPE

PROTOTYPE

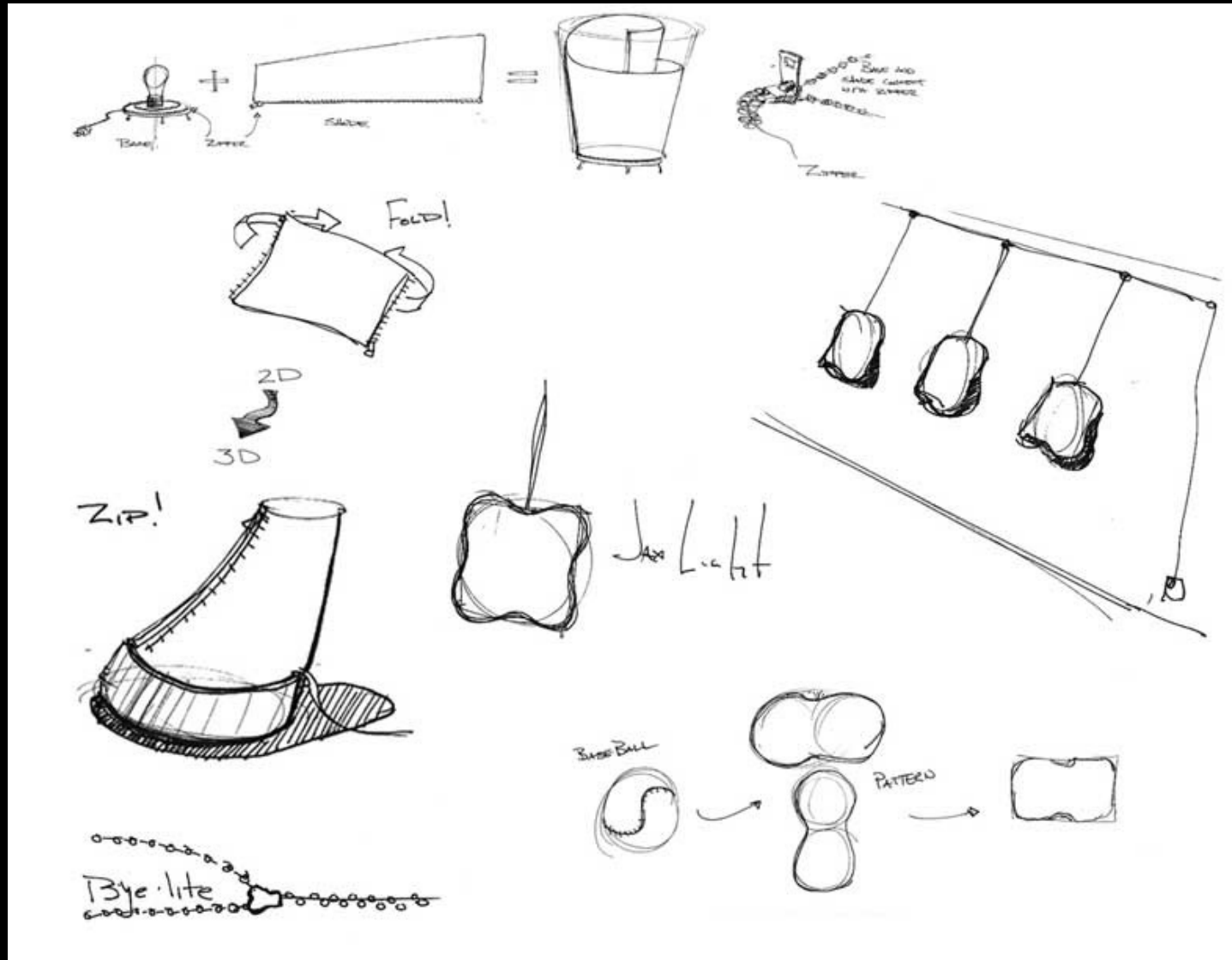
OR

PROTOTYPE

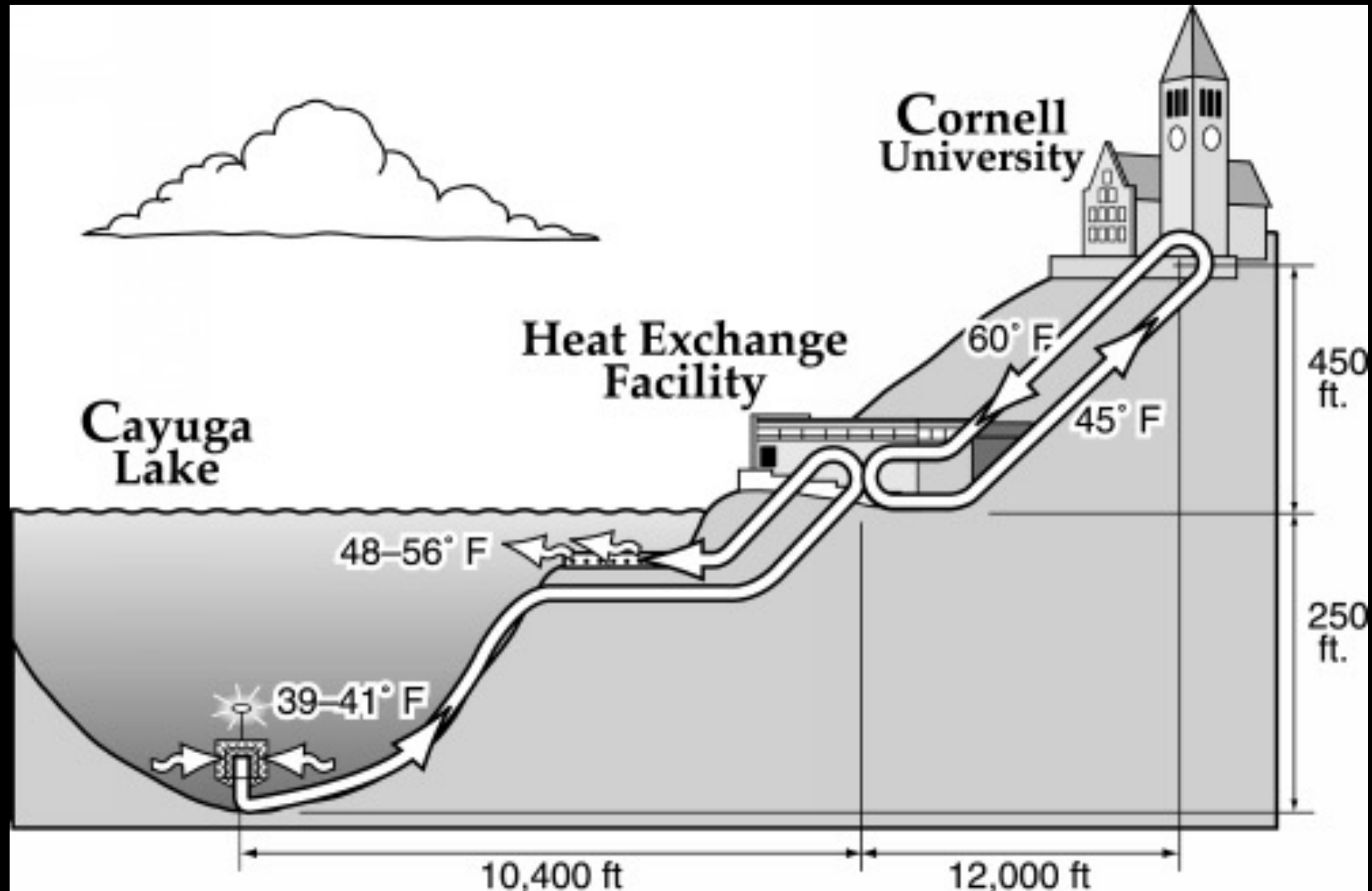
OR

SKETCH?????

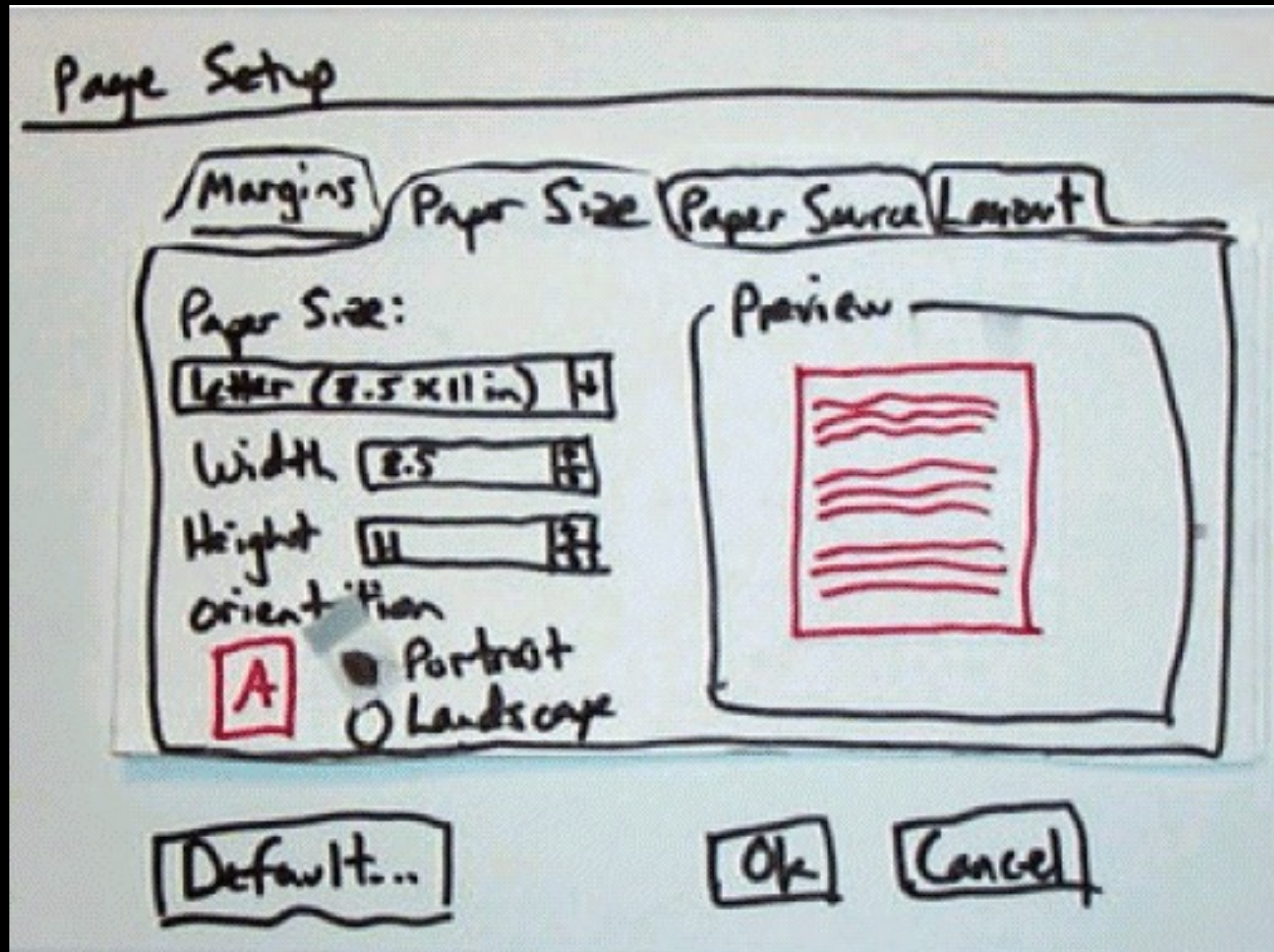
Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



CSE 440 – Introduction to HCI
Today: “The Design Diamond”

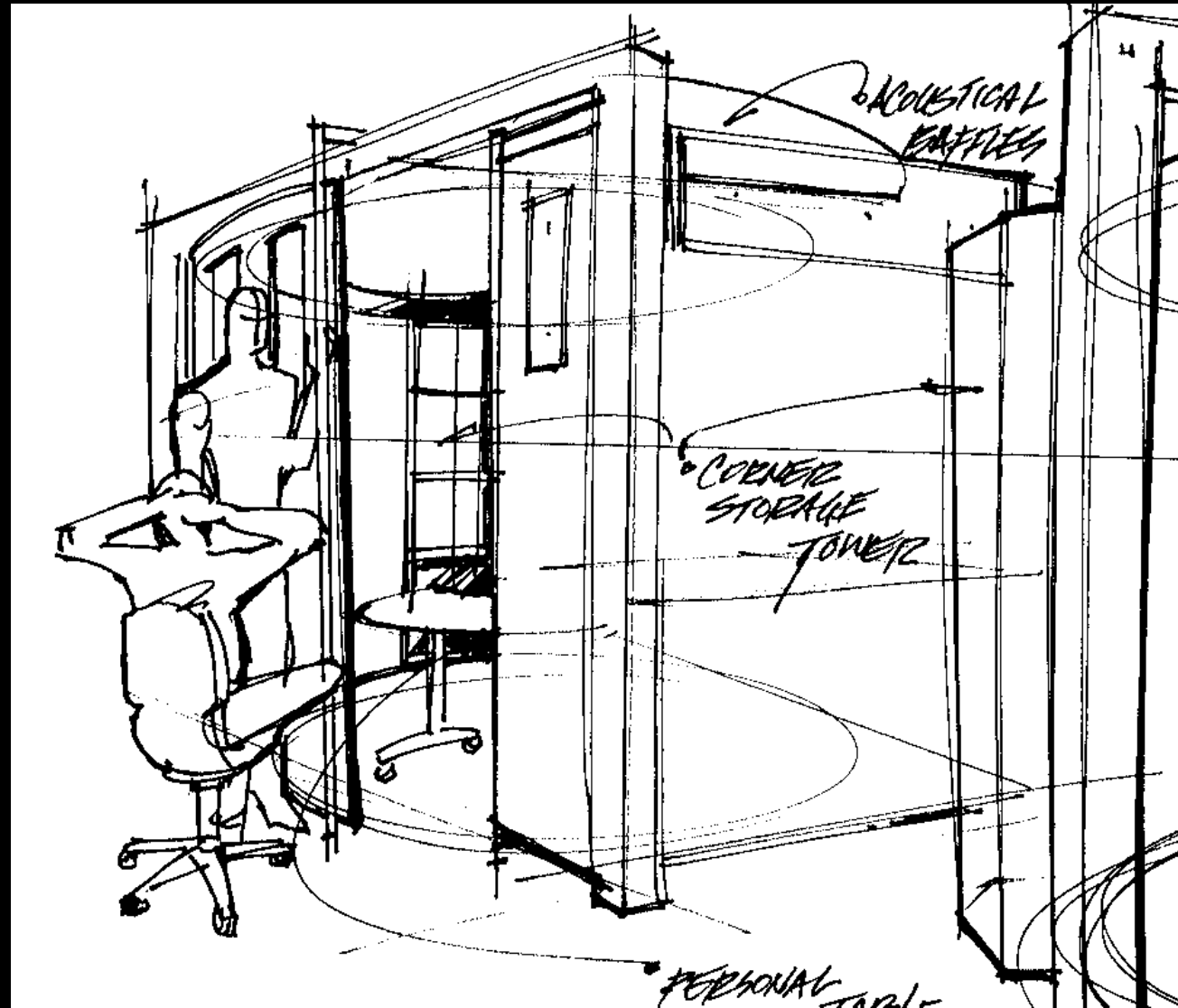
Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



Is this a sketch? Why or why not?



Sketching and the Design Diamond

The design diamond is fundamental
to understanding what you are doing here

Much of your education, including in CSE,
has taught you to focus on having the right answer

Here it matters what you do long before the end

Most ideas get thrown out, including yours

Better ideas are great criticism,
and frequently would never have come about otherwise

Some Evidence

Task:

Create a web banner ad for Ambidextrous magazine.



AMBIDEXTROUS

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about us

Ambidextrous illuminates the people and processes involved in design. It is a forum for the cross-disciplinary, cross-market community of people with an academic, professional and personal interest in design.

The magazine is written and staffed by an all-volunteer collective.

Google™ Custom Search

A note to our community

We know it's been a while and you've maybe wondered what has been going on with us. The global financial crisis, revolutions, *The New York Times* now charging online...a lot has happened. And with the downturn and the state of publishing, it has been tough. We fought as long as we could and unfortunately must now close *Ambidextrous*. The magazine has been a labor of love, but it has unfortunately not been organizationally and financially sustainable.

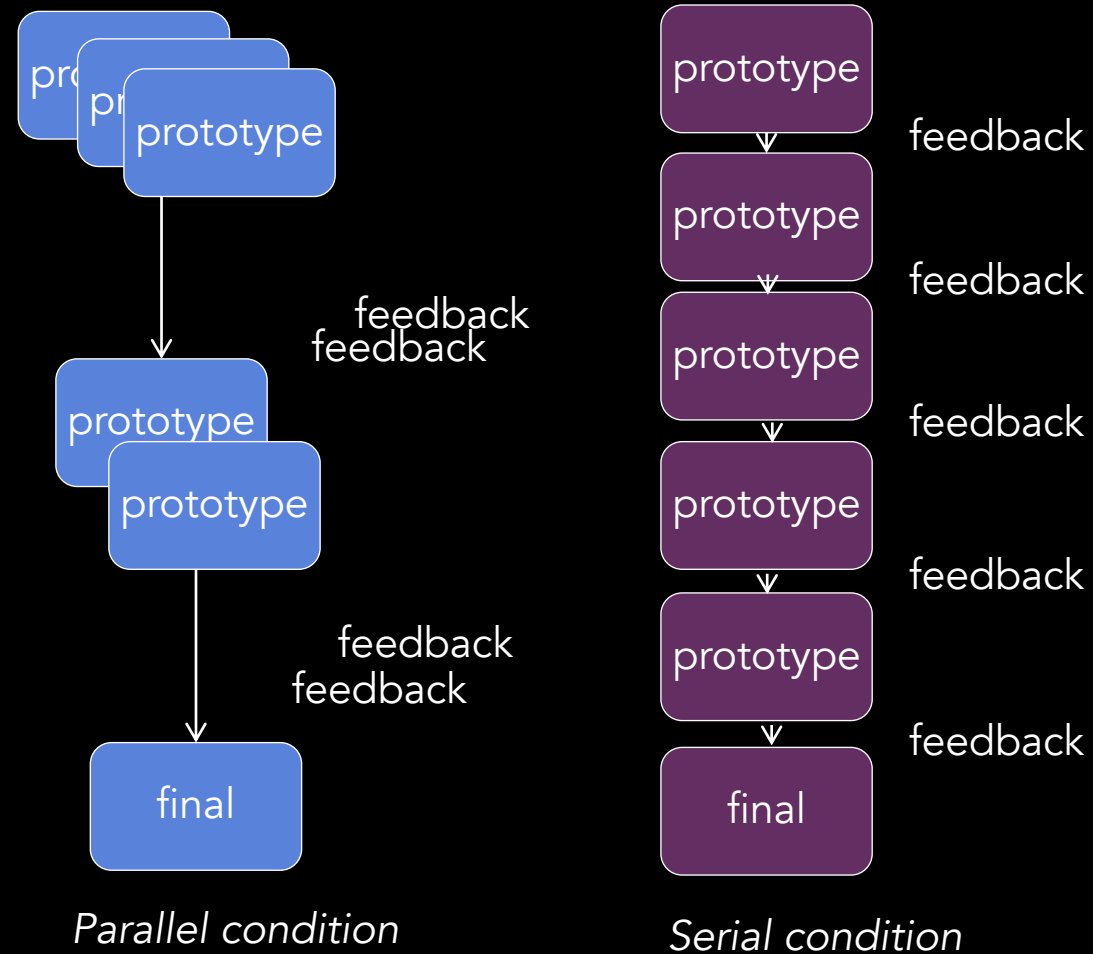
Since 2005, we've done our best to help designers share their stories and to build a movement around that. The process of making *Ambidextrous* has been so rewarding for us to take part in, and the best part has always been the people, our contributors and our subscribers. We would like to thank you so much for your support and for sharing your work, passions, and lives with us. It's been a joy and an honor.

As a movement, *Ambidextrous* will live on, and we should have conversations about what great next steps are for fostering intellectual discussion and sharing in the design community. It's the community that makes us hopeful and pushes us to find the next outlet, the next forum, the next thing for us to collaborate on. So keep in touch. Share your ideas. Let's meet again soon.

Until then,

–Wendy Ju & the Ambidextrous Editorial team

Feedback in Parallel or Serial



Procedure

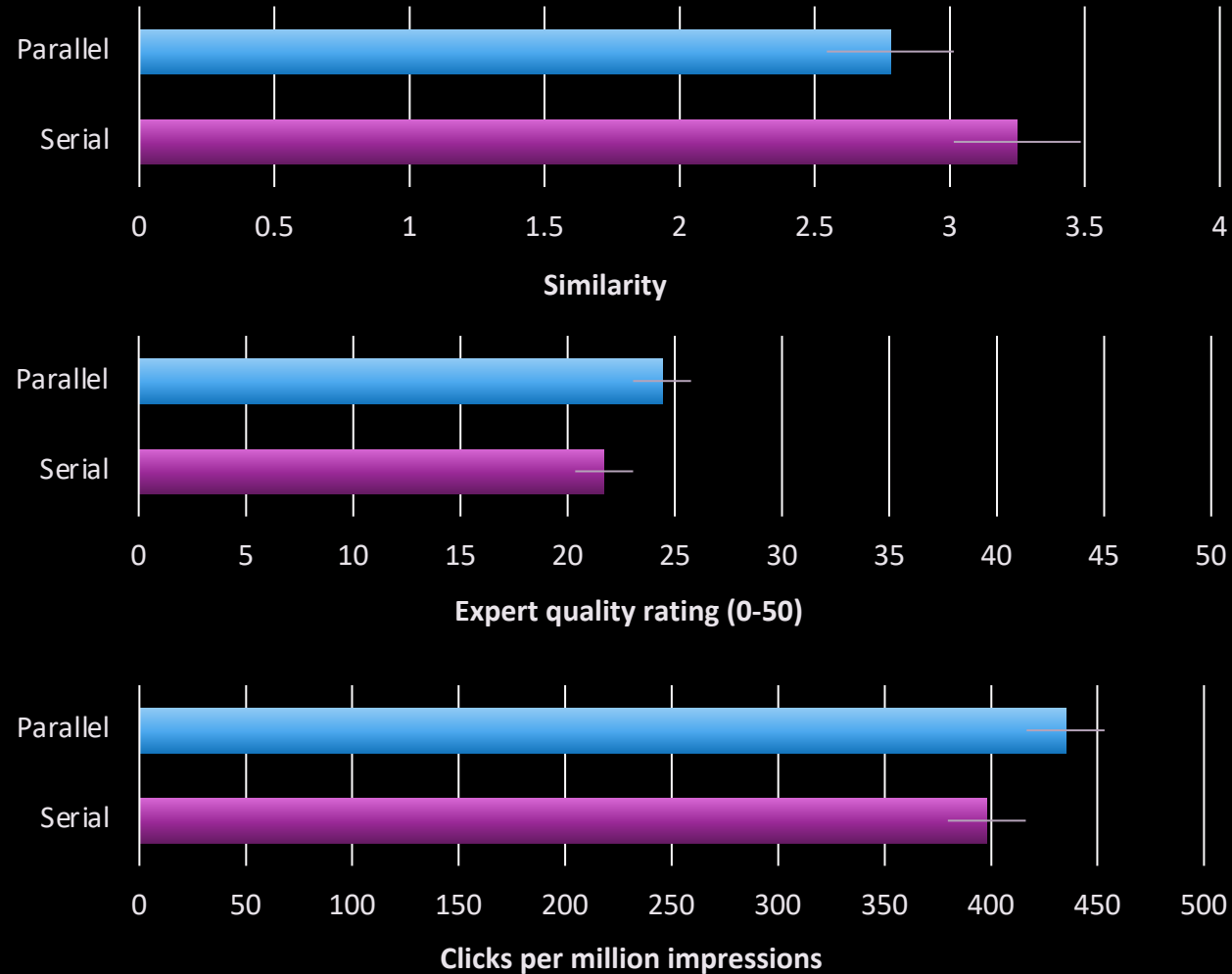
serial
prototyping
condition



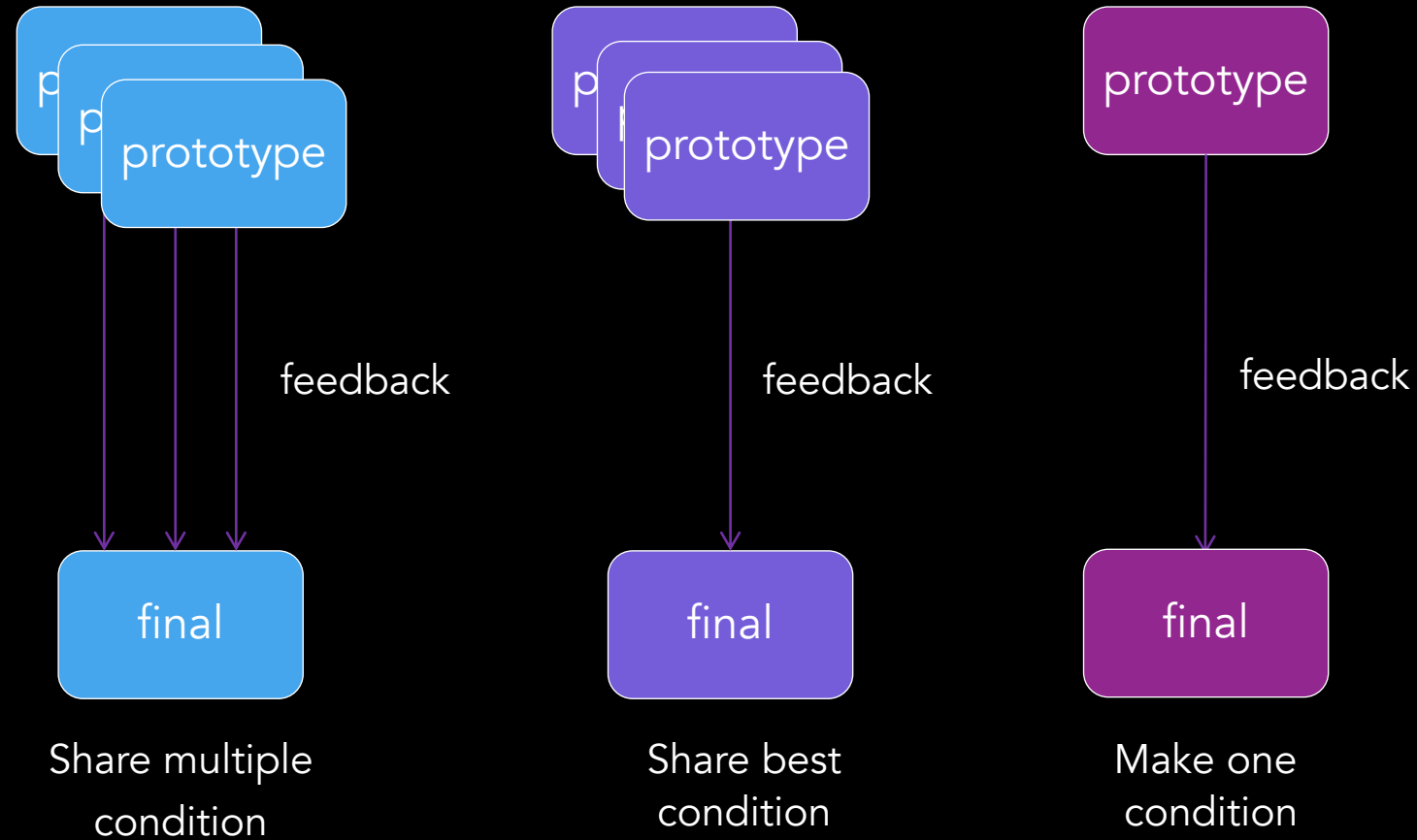
parallel
prototyping
condition



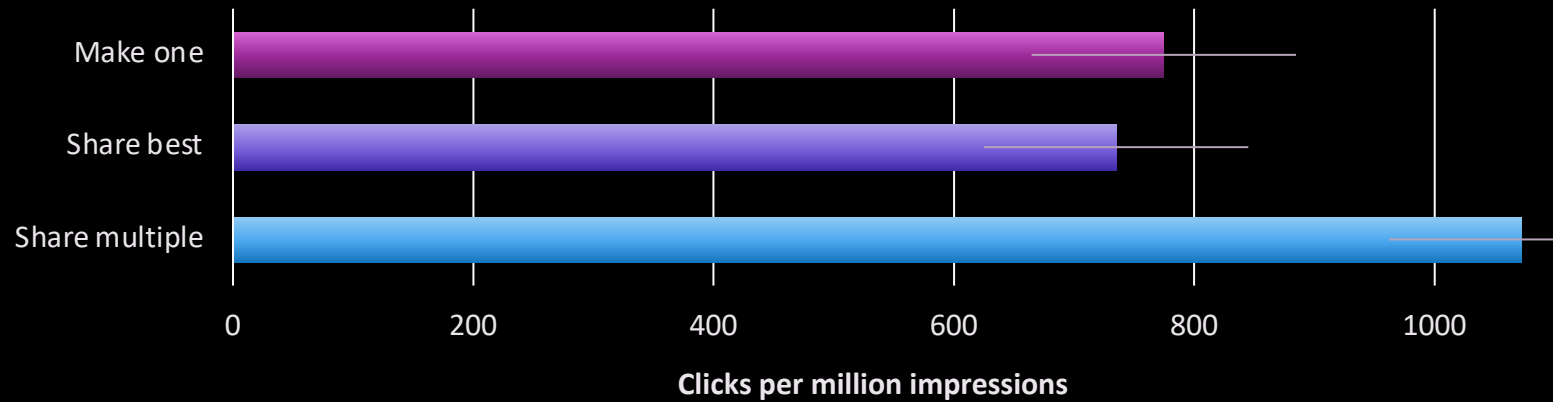
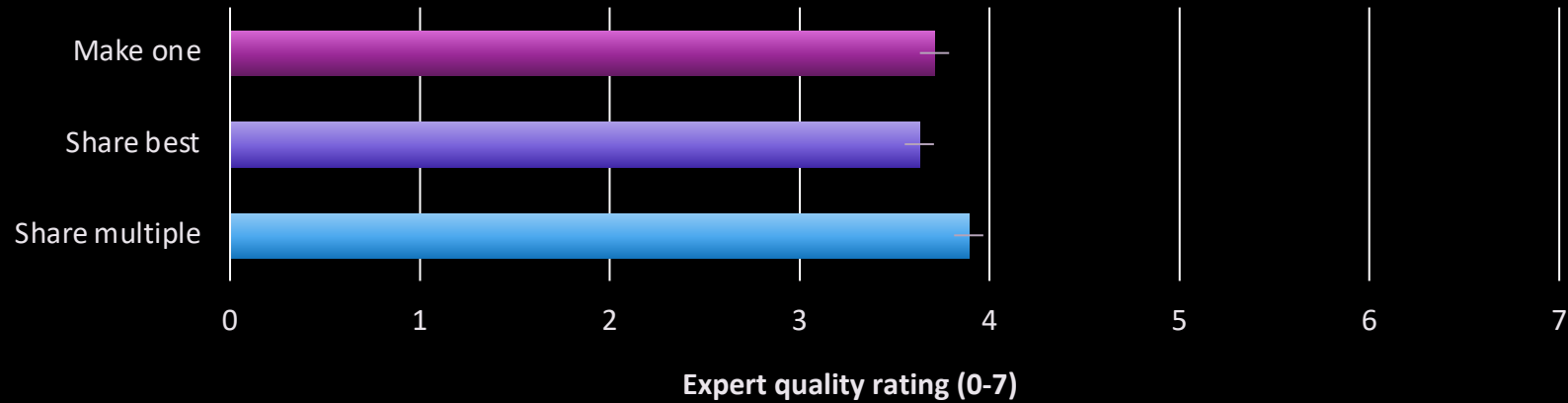
Parallel: more diverse, better, more clicks



Share one or share your best?



Share Multiple: better, more clicks



Some Evidence

Greater divergence in designs

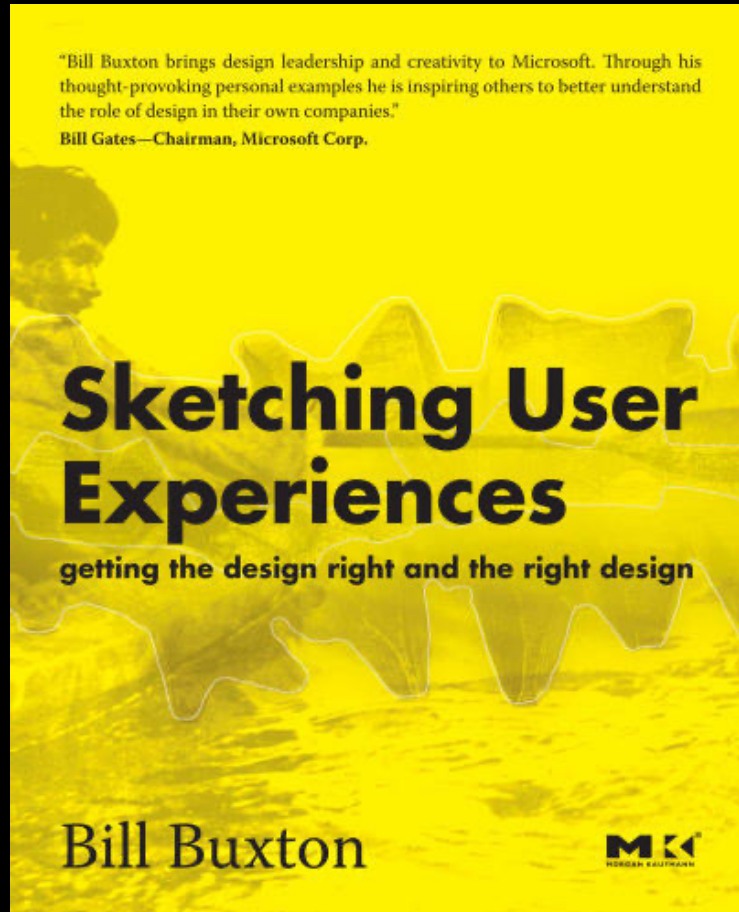
- Prevents sticking with the first idea
- Allows mashing ideas together

Alternatives facilitate feedback

- Enable comparison
- Can improve tone of critique

“Since parallel participants received feedback on multiple ideas simultaneously, they were more likely to read and analyze critique statements side-by-side. Direct comparison perhaps helped parallel participants better understand key design principles and led to more principled choices for subsequent prototypes.”

Additional Reading



Speaks to the C-Suite, to design as a process

For example, the iPod was not the overnight success that many imagine in hindsight

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[And now comes the part where
Jesse rants about Form.]

On Form

A gentle, loving note to computer scientists everywhere:

On Form

A gentle, loving note to computer scientists everywhere:

NOT EVERYTHING
NEEDS TO BE AN APP

Why I Hate Apps



Why I Hate Apps

There are too many of them

“I wish I had more apps on my phone!” – no one, ever

Why I Hate Apps

There are too many of them

They don't meaningfully engage with context

“You know how Facebook & Amazon can use your phone to figure out exactly what you're doing at any given moment and give you hyper-targeted content? Yeah, no, you're not gonna be able to do any of that. Maybe you can get permission to use location data, if you're lucky.”

Why I Hate Apps

There are too many of them

They don't meaningfully engage with context

There's no such thing as "lightweight" interaction

"It's so easy! You just take out your phone, get distracted by all the notifications you missed, respond to a couple texts, remember what you were going to do, look for where you put the app on your home screen, give up looking and just search for it instead, open it, find out it needs an update, go to the app store, click the download button, try to remember your AppleID login, get it right on the third attempt, wait for the app to download, and... hello? You still there?"

Why I Hate Apps

There are too many of them

They don't meaningfully engage with context

There's no such thing as "lightweight" interaction

They're deeply entangled with existing systems

"I'm trying to spend less time on my phone. Better download an app to help me track how much time I spend on my phone!"

On Form

When designing technology,
there are so many options for Form:

Wearables!

Tangibles!

IoT / Smart Devices!

Smart Environments!

Distributed Systems!

...and yeah, apps too, I GUESS

When designing technology, make sure you
pick the right tool for the job

Wearables

Pros:

- Actual opportunities for lightweight interaction
- Decent connection to context
- Meaningful opportunities for passive bio-sensing

Cons:

- “One More Device”
- Limitations on device interface/output
 - (...which is why these often use phone apps as fallback)

IoT / Smart Objects

Variation or extension of an existing object

Pros:

Leverage user's existing knowledge of a system
STRONG connection to context

Cons:

Constrained by all of the above

Tangibles

Computing device with a novel physical form

Pros:

So much freedom to design a new interaction

Cons:

Learning curve with novel devices

Distributed System

A combination of multiple components that act as one device

Pros:

Not limited by any one device's constraints

Cons:

Interaction is often confusing / steep learning curve

Smart Environment

Space that combines sensors & smart devices

Pros:

So much control over what happens in an interaction
There is so much data you can work with

Cons:

A lot of “suppose all these things exist and also work and also people don’t have a problem with them”

The part where Jesse admits there's *technically* nothing wrong with apps

Pros:

- Presumed “available” to most users
- SOME interesting data you can use
- Interaction is generally understood

Cons:

(see previous rant)

Which form is best for me?

It's all a bunch of tradeoffs!

Key takeaway: **be intentional in your choice of form**

If you don't have a reason for your form, you're probably missing out on a good form's features

Genuinely, an app will probably be the best choice for some of you.

But be prepared to explain WHY it's the best choice!!

2a: Design Ideation

Goal: generate 10 design ideas in each of the following categories

Forms: types of technology on which a design might be developed.


Data: types of data a design might track or utilize in some way.

Tasks: what a person might accomplish with a design.

Features: a specific capability a design might have.

Interaction scenarios: contexts where someone might interact with a design related to your proposal (e.g., physical environments, social settings, related activities they might be performing, etc.).

CSE 440:
Introduction to HCI



05: The Design Diamond

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