

Approximation Ratio

For a minimization problem (find the shortest/smallest/least/etc.)

If $OPT(I)$ is the value of the best solution for input I , and $ALG(I)$ is the value that your algorithm finds, then ALG is an α approximation algorithm if for every I ,

$$\alpha \cdot OPT(G) \geq ALG(G)$$

i.e. you're always within an α factor of the real best.

Usually use big- \mathcal{O} notation on the ratio.

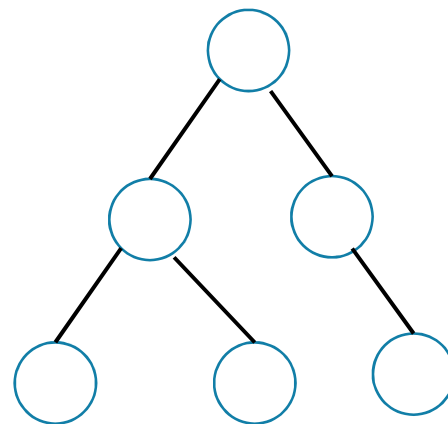
Vertex Cover

Vertex Cover

A set S of vertices is a vertex cover if for every edge (u, v) : u is in S , or v is in S , (or both)

Find the minimum vertex cover in a graph.

We're picking a set of **vertices** so that the **vertices** cover every edge.



Finding an approximation for Vertex Cover

Here's Idea 2

```
While (G still has edges)
    Choose any edge (u,v)
    Add u to VC, and v to VC
    Delete u v and any edges touching them
EndWhile
```

Why? At least one of u, v is in the vertex cover. We know we're not getting the exact optimal, so...don't try. At least one of the two was a good decision.

Run the greedy algorithm

Let $U = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$

$S = \{ \{1,2,3\}, \{2,4\}, \{6,8\}, \{3,5,7\}, \{5,7,8\}, \{2,5,6\}, \{4\} \}$