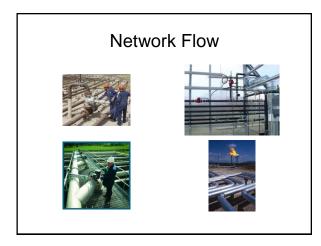
CSE 421 Algorithms

Lecture 21 Network Flow, Part 1

Announcements

- · Sample finals posted
- No questions planned on NPcompleteness

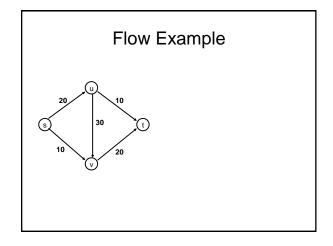


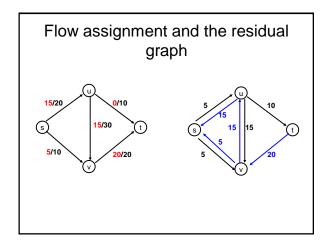
Outline

- Network flow definitions
- Flow examples
- Augmenting Paths
- Residual Graph
- Ford Fulkerson Algorithm
- Cuts
- Maxflow-MinCut Theorem

Network Flow Definitions

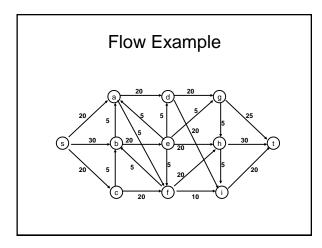
- · Capacity
- · Source, Sink
- Capacity Condition
- Conservation Condition
- · Value of a flow

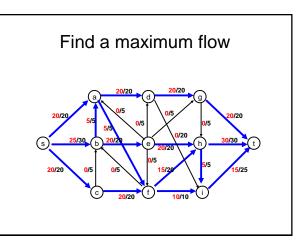


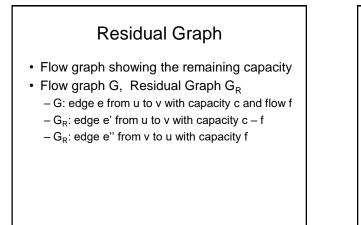


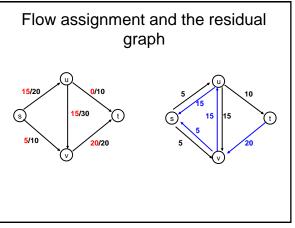
Network Flow Definitions

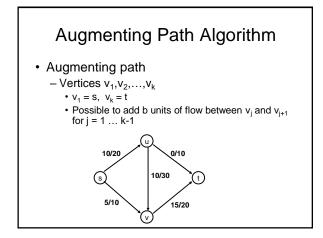
- Flowgraph: Directed graph with distinguished vertices s (source) and t (sink)
- Capacities on the edges, c(e) >= 0
- Problem, assign flows f(e) to the edges such that:
 - 0 <= f(e) <= c(e)
 - Flow is conserved at vertices other than s and t
 Flow conservation: flow going into a vertex equals the flow going out
 - The flow leaving the source is a large as possible

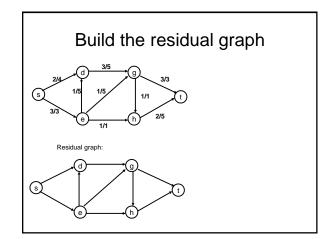


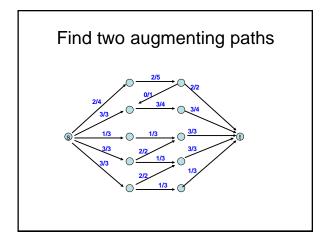


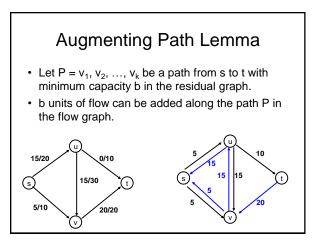












Proof

- · Add b units of flow along the path P
- What do we need to verify to show we have a valid flow after we do this?

Ford-Fulkerson Algorithm (1956)

while not done

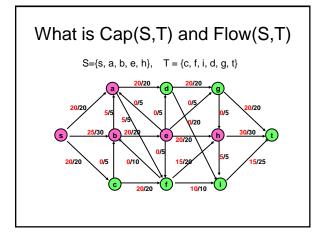
 $\label{eq:Generalized} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Construct residual graph } G_R \\ \mbox{Find an s-t path P in } G_R \mbox{ with capacity } b > 0 \\ \mbox{Add b units along in } G \end{array}$

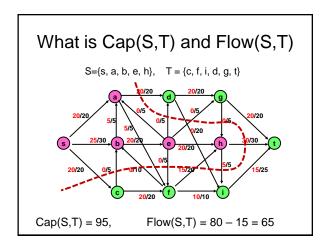
If the sum of the capacities of edges leaving S is at most C, then the algorithm takes at most C iterations

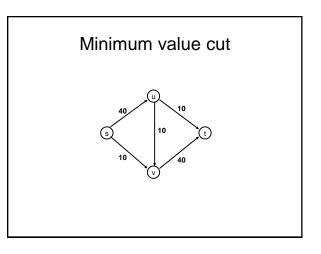
Cuts in a graph

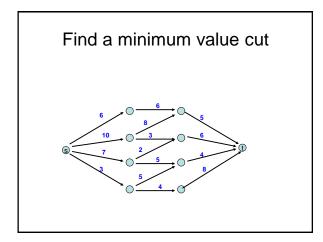
- Cut: Partition of V into disjoint sets S, T with s in S and t in T.
- Cap(S,T): sum of the capacities of edges from S to T
- Flow(S,T): net flow out of S

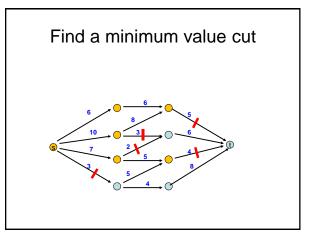
 Sum of flows out of S minus sum of flows into S
- Flow(S,T) <= Cap(S,T)

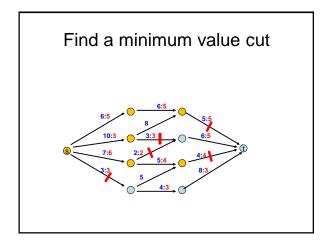






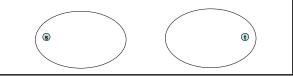


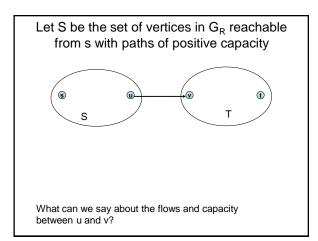




MaxFlow – MinCut Theorem

- There exists a flow which has the same value of the minimum cut
- Proof: Consider a flow where the residual graph has no s-t path with positive capacity
- Let S be the set of vertices in G_R reachable from s with paths of positive capacity





Max Flow - Min Cut Theorem

- Ford-Fulkerson algorithm finds a flow where the residual graph is disconnected, hence FF finds a maximum flow.
- If we want to find a minimum cut, we begin by looking for a maximum flow.