

Recurrence

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5	-6	3	6	-5	2	8	10
Recursive call is best value in this area					Current i	Will return to address these	

Need recursive answer to the left

Currently processing i

Recursive calls to the left are needed to know optimum from $1 \dots i$

Will move i to the right in our iterative algorithm

Longest Increasing Subsequence

$LIS(i, j)$ is "Number of elements of the maximum increasing subsequence from $0, \dots, i$ where every element of the sequence is at most $A[j]$ "

Need a recurrence

$$LIS(i, j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i < 0 \\ \mathbb{I}[A[i] \leq A[j]] & \text{if } i = 0 \\ LIS(i - 1, j) & \text{if } A[i] > A[j] \\ \max\{1 + LIS(i - 1, i), LIS(i - 1, j)\} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

If $A[i] > A[j]$ element i cannot be included in an increasing subsequence where every element is at most $A[j]$. So taking the largest among the first $i - 1$ suffices.

If $A[i] \leq A[j]$, then if we include i , we may include elements to the left only if they are less than $A[i]$ (since $A[i]$ will now be the last, and therefore largest, of elements $0 \dots i$). If we don't include i we want the maximum increasing subsequence among $0 \dots i - 1$.

LIS

$LIS(1,2)$ $A[1] \leq A[2]$ allowed to add:
 $1 + LIS(0,1)$ or $LIS(0,2)$

$$LIS(i,j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i < 0 \\ 1[A[i] \leq A[j]] & \text{if } i = 0 \\ LIS(i-1,j) & \text{if } A[i] > A[j] \\ \max\{1 + LIS(i-1,i), LIS(i-1,j)\} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

	0, 5	1, -6	2, 3	3, 6	4, -5	5, 2	6, 8	7, 10
0, 5	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
1, -6	1	1	1					
2, 3								
3, 6								
4, -5								
5, 2								
6, 8								
7, 10								

Vertex Cover

Vertex Cover

A set S of vertices is a vertex cover if for every edge (u, v) : u is in S , or v is in S , (or both)

Find the minimum vertex cover in a tree.

Give every **vertex** a weight, find the minimum weight vertex cover

