

## Dynamic Programming Process

1. Define the object you're looking for
2. Write a recurrence to say how to find it
3. Design a memoization structure
4. Write an iterative algorithm

## Example

What's the distance between `babyyodas` and `tastysoda`?

B	A	B		Y	Y	O	D	A	S
sub		sub	ins		sub				del
T	A	S	T	Y	S	O	D	A	

Distance: 5, one point for each colored box

Quick Checks – can you explain these?

If  $x$  has length  $n$  and  $y$  has length  $m$ , the edit distance is at most  $\max(x, y)$

The distance from  $x$  to  $y$  is the same as from  $y$  to  $x$  (i.e. transforming  $x$  to  $y$  and  $y$  to  $x$  are the same)

## Edit Distance

B	A	B	Y
T	A	S	

Gold entry will be min of:

1 + delete

1 + insert

1 + sub

OPT(i,j)	0	B, 1	A, 2	B, 3	Y, 4	Y, 5	O, 6	D, 7	A, 8	S, 9
0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
T 1	1									
A 2	2									
S 3	3									
T 4	4									
Y 5	5									
S 6	6									
O 7	7									
D 8	8									
A 9	9									

## Longest Increasing Subsequence

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5	-6	3	6	-5	2	8	10

Longest set of (not necessarily consecutive) elements that are increasing

5 is optimal for the array above

(indices 1,2,3,6,7; elements -6,3,6,8,10)

For simplicity – assume all array elements are distinct.