CSE417: Review

Larry Ruzzo
Winter 2009

Complexity, I

- Asymptotic Analysis
- Best/average/**worst** cases
- Upper/Lower Bounds
- Big O, Theta, Omega
- Analysis methods
  - loops
  - recurrence relations
  - common data structures, subroutines

Graph Algorithms

- Graphs
  - Representation (edge list/adjacency matrix)
  - Breadth/depth first search
  - Bipartitness/2-Colorability
  - DAGS and topological ordering

Design Paradigms

- Greedy
- Dynamic Programming
  - recursive solution, redundant subproblems, few
  - do all in careful order and tabulate
- Divide & Conquer
  - recursive solution
  - superlinear work
  - balanced subproblems

Examples

Greedy
- Interval Scheduling Problems
- Huffman Codes

Examples

Dynamic programming
- Fibonacci
- Making change/Stamps
- Weighted Interval Scheduling
- RNA

Divide & Conquer
- Merge sort
- Closest pair of points
- Integer multiplication (Karatsuba)

Complexity, II

P vs NP
- Big-O and poly vs exponential growth
- Definition of NP – hints/certificates and verifiers
- Example problems from slides, reading & hw
  - SAT, VertexCover, quadratic Diophantine equations, clique, independent set, TSP, Hamilton cycle, coloring, max cut
- $P \subseteq NP \subseteq Exp$
- Definition of (polynomial time) reduction
- SAT $\leq_p$ VertexCover example (how, why correct, why $\leq_p$, implications)
- Definition of NP-completeness
- 2x approximation to Euclidean TSP

Some Typical Questions

Give O( ) bound on 17n*(n-3+logn)

Give O( ) bound on some code `for i=1 to n {for j {…}}`

True/False: If X is $O(n^2)$, then it's rarely more than n^3 +14 steps.

Explain why a given greedy alg is/isn't correct

Give a run time recurrence for a recursive alg, or solve a simple one

Convert a simple recursive alg to a dynamic programming solution

Simulate any of the algs we've studied

Give an alg for problem X, maybe a variant of one we've studied, or prove it's in NP

Understand parts of correctness proof for an algorithm or reduction

Implications of NP-completeness