

## 16.55



#### CSE/STAT 416

Course Wrap Up

Hunter Schafer University of Washington Aug 19, 2019 0 </>

Slides borrowed from Emily Fox

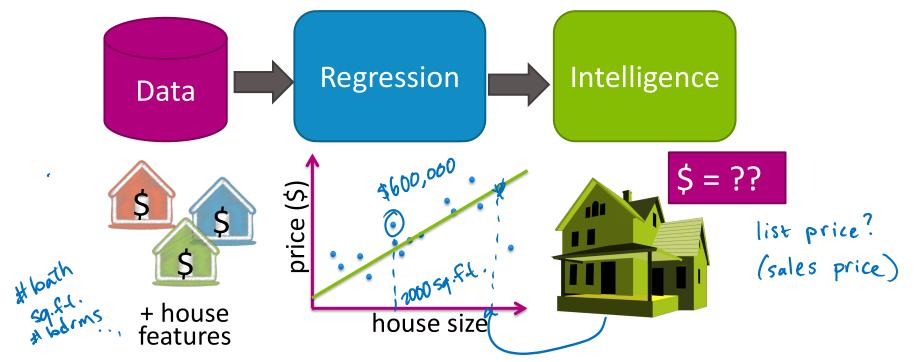
#### One Slide

- Regression
- Overfitting
- Training, test, and generalization error
- Bias-Variance tradeoff
- Ridge, LASSO
- Cross validation
- Gradient descent
- Classification
- Logistic regression
- Decision trees
- Boosting
- Precision and recall
- Nearest-neighbor retrieval, regression, and classification
- Kernel regression
- Locality sensitive hashing
- Dimensionality reduction, PCA

- k-means clustering
- Hierarchical clustering
- Unsupervised v. supervised learning
- Recommender systems
- Matrix factorization
- Coordinate descent
- Neural networks
- Convolutional neural networks
- Transfer learning for deep learning



### Case Study 1: Predicting house prices



# Regression $\mathfrak{F}_{i} = \mathfrak{F}(\mathbf{x}_{i})^{+} \mathcal{E}_{i}$ $\mathfrak{G}_{i} = \mathfrak{F}(\mathbf{x}_{i})^{+}$ Case study: Predicting house prices

- Linear regression
- Regularization: Ridge (L2), Lasso (L1)

Including many features:

- Square feet
- # bathrooms
- # bedrooms
- Lot size

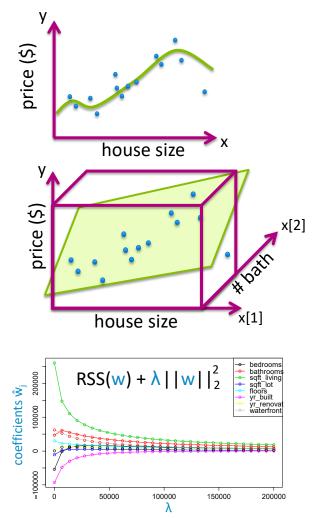
- ...

Models

- Year built



LASSO => Sparse



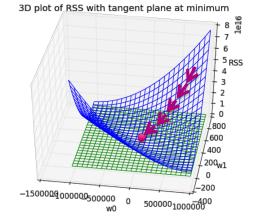
#### Regression Case study: Predicting house prices

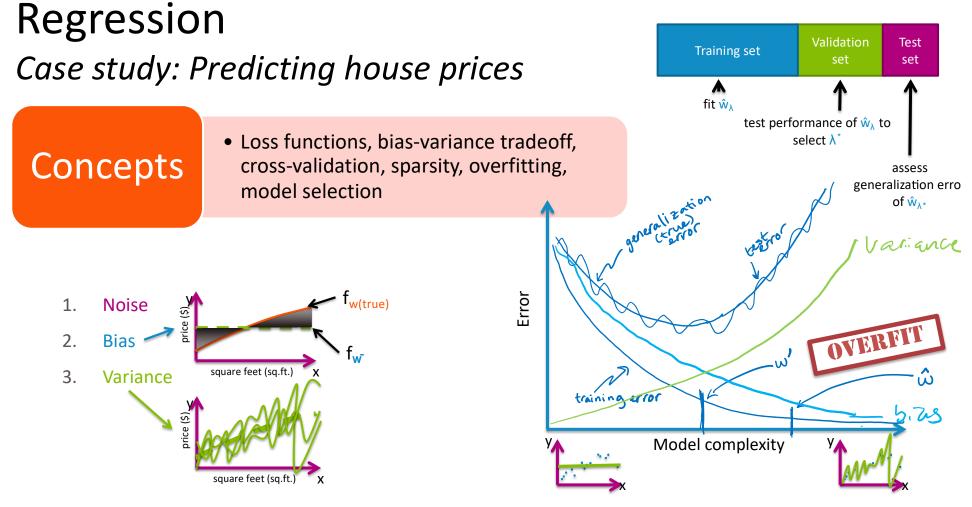
$$RSS(\omega) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (\omega^{T}h(x_{i}) - y_{i})^{2}$$

Algorithms

• Gradient descent

$$RSS(w_0, w_1) = (\$_{house 1} - [w_0 + w_1 \text{sq.ft.}_{house 1}])^2 + (\$_{house 2} - [w_0 + w_1 \text{sq.ft.}_{house 2}])^2 + (\$_{house 3} - [w_0 + w_1 \text{sq.ft.}_{house 3}])^2 + \dots [include all houses]$$



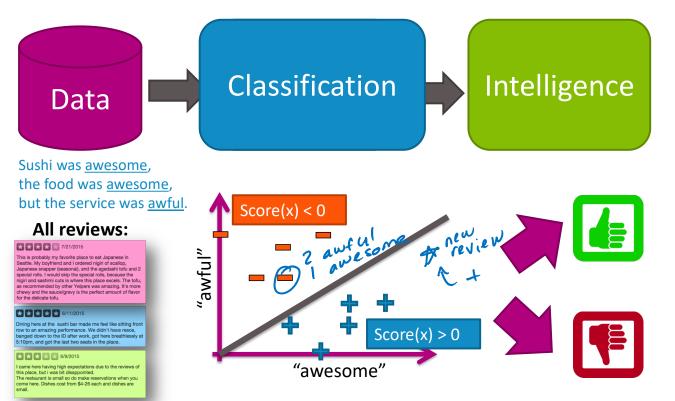


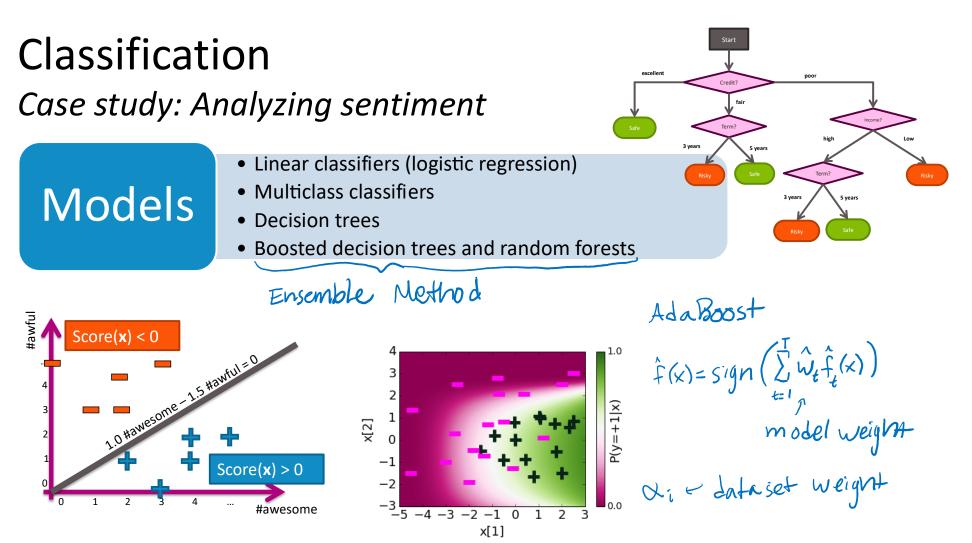
STAT/CSE 416: Intro to Machine Learning

## Case Study 2: Sentiment analysis

stars / +/-

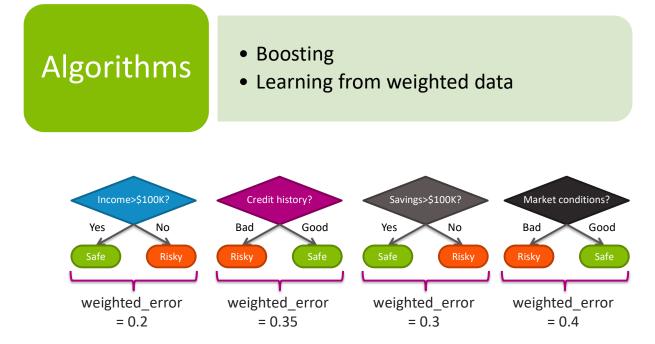
ra

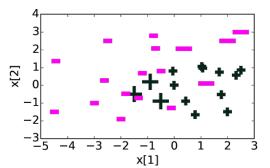




STAT/CSE 416: Intro to Machine Learning

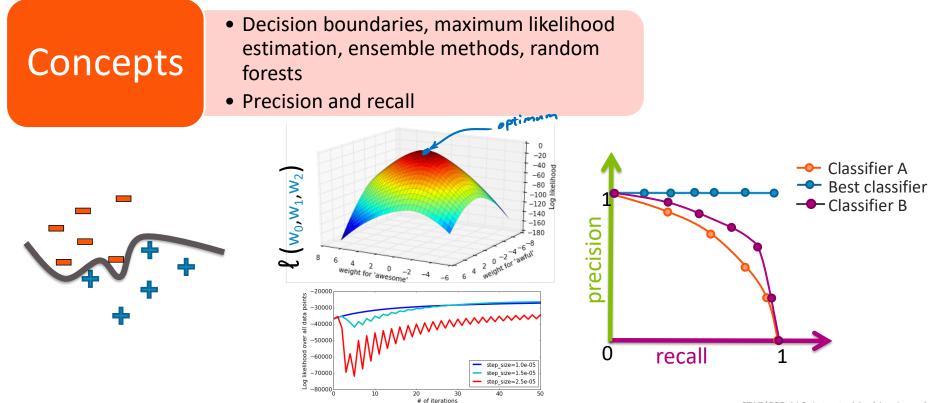
## Classification Case study: Analyzing sentiment



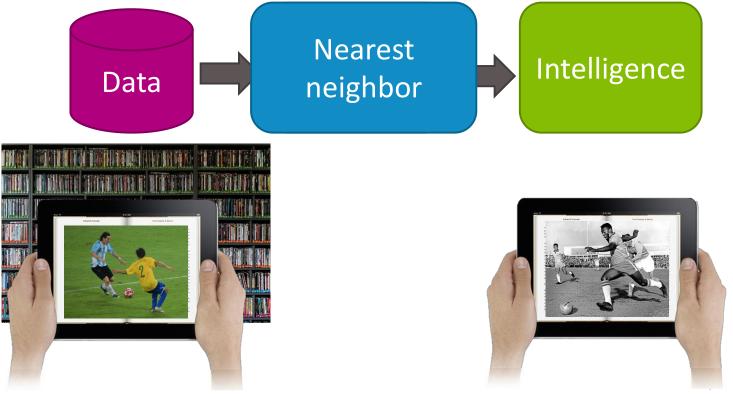


## Classification Case study: Analyzing sentiment

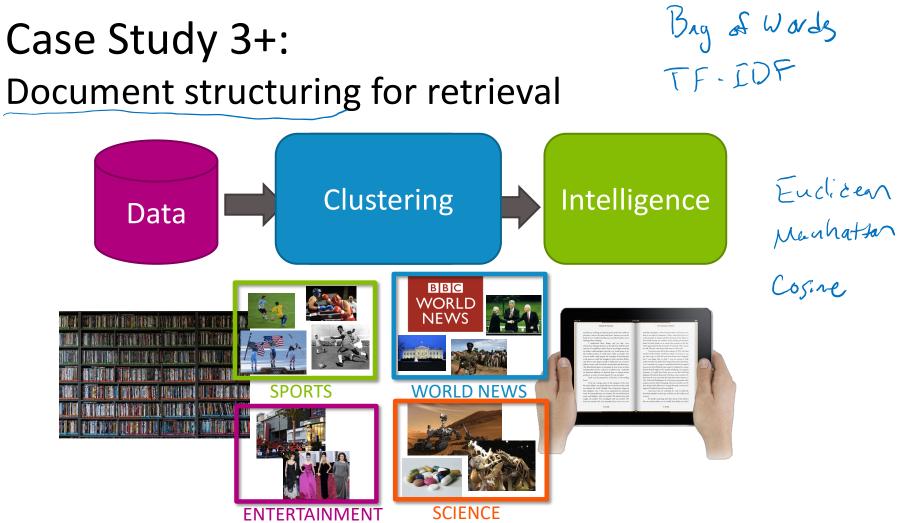
Accwacy is class imbelance



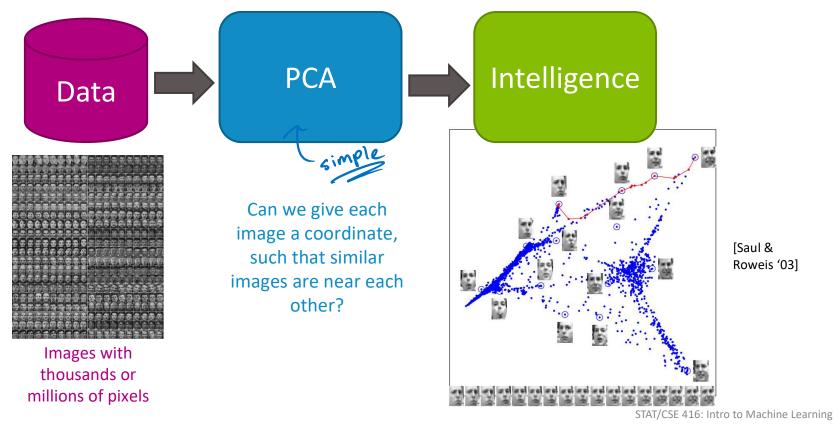
## Case Study 3: Document retrieval

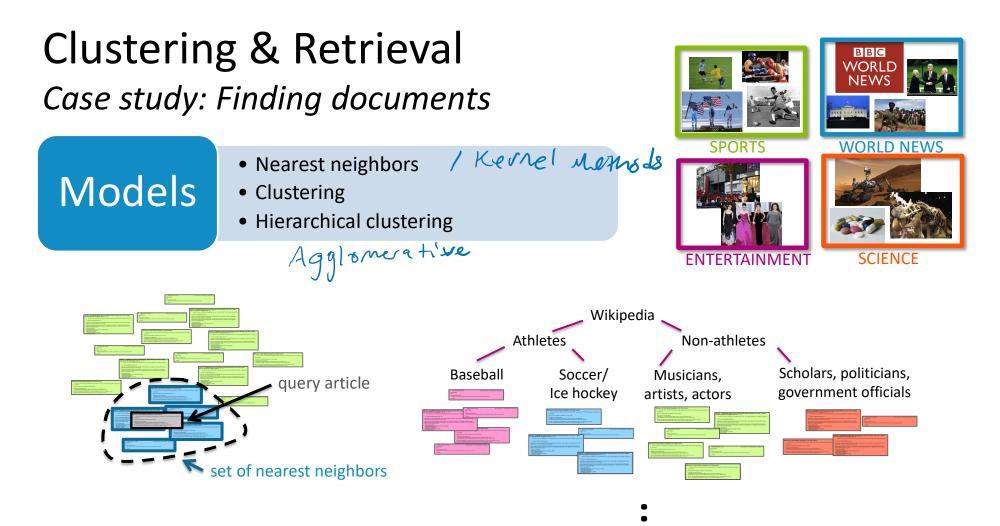


416: Intro to Machine Learning



## Case Study 3++: Dimensionality reduction





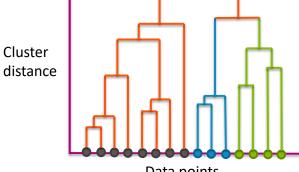
## Clustering & Retrieval Case study: Finding documents



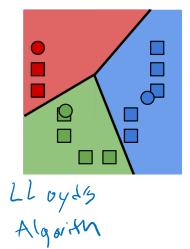
Locality-sensitive hashing (LSH)NN regression and classification

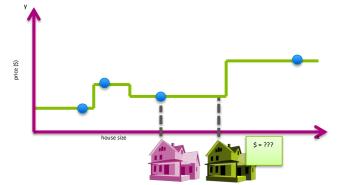
• k-means , K-means ++

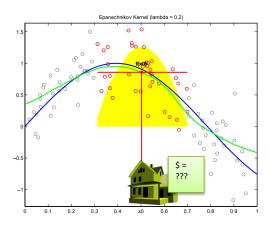
- Kernel regression
- Agglomerative and divisive clustering
- PCA

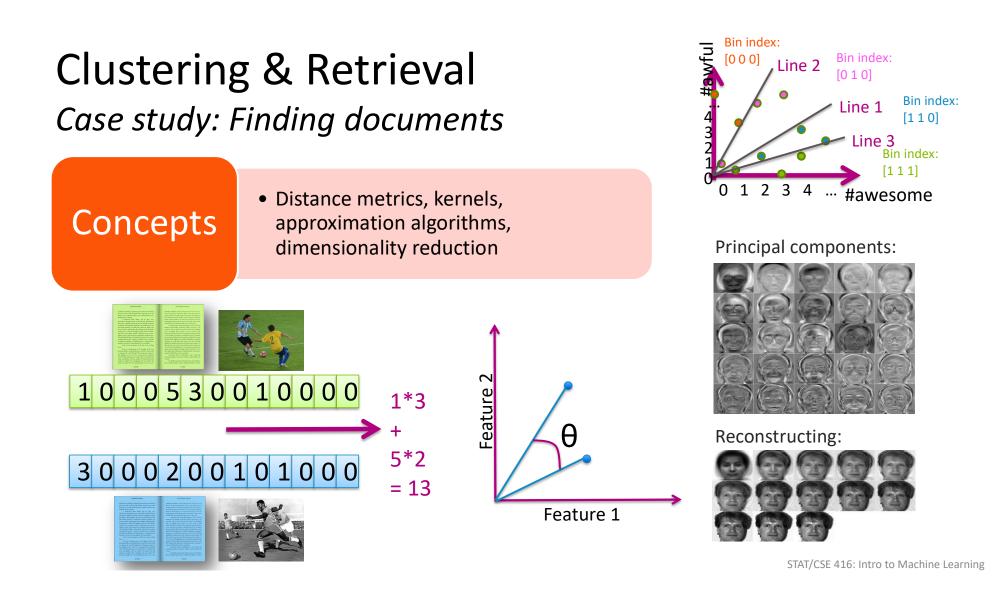


Data points

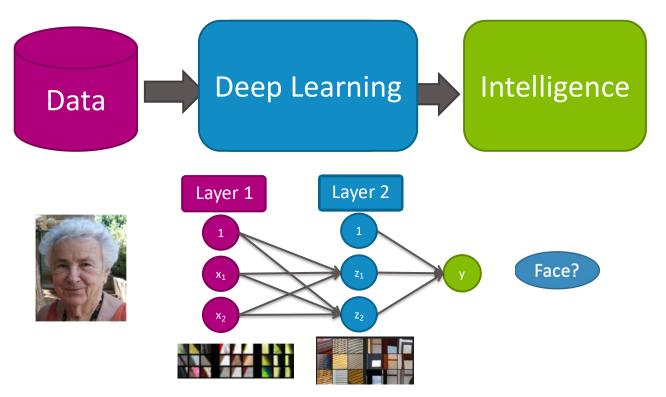


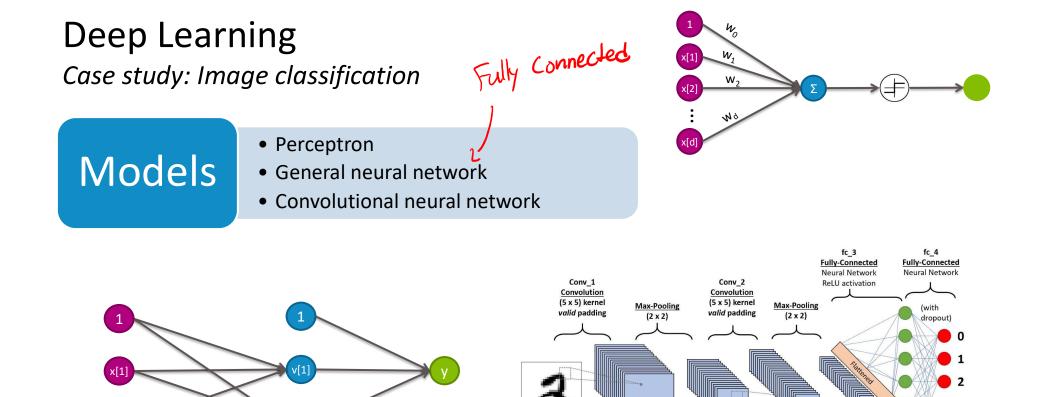






## Case Study 4: Image classification





INPUT

(28 x 28 x 1)

STAT/CSE 416: Intro to Machine Learning

n3 units

9

OUTPUT

n2 channels

(4 x 4 x n2)

n2 channels

(8 x 8 x n2)

n1 channels

(12 x 12 x n1)

n1 channels

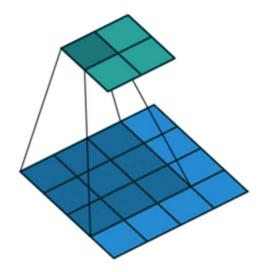
(24 x 24 x n1)

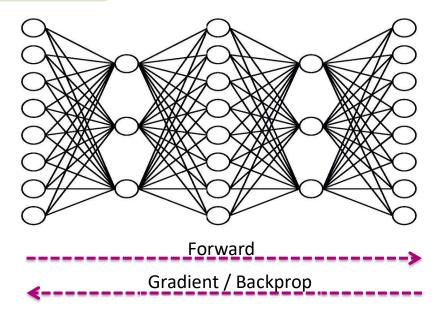
#### **Deep Learning**

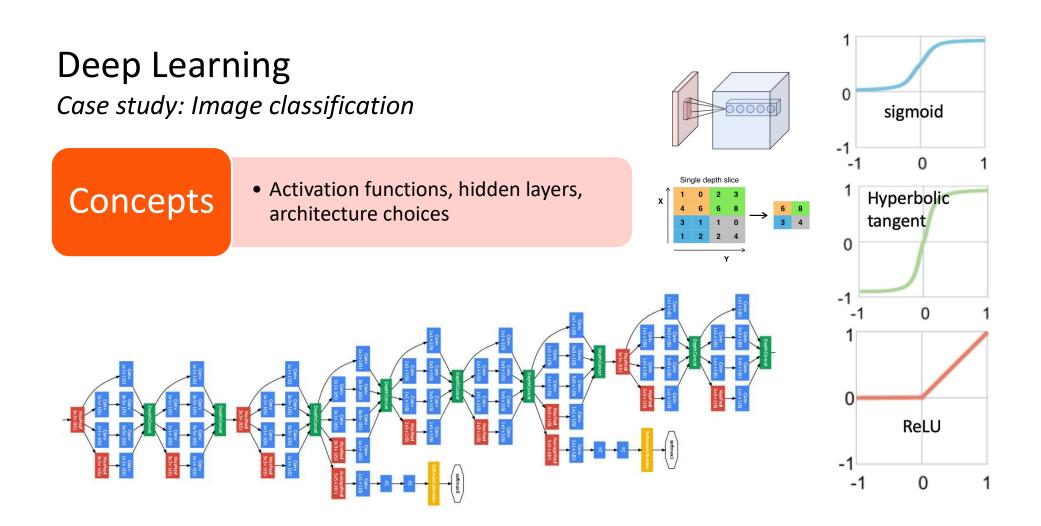
Case study: Image classification

Algorithms

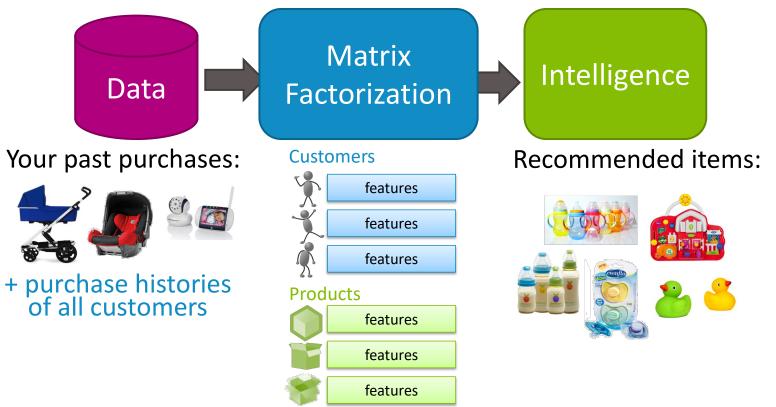
- Convolutions
- Backpropagation (high level only)





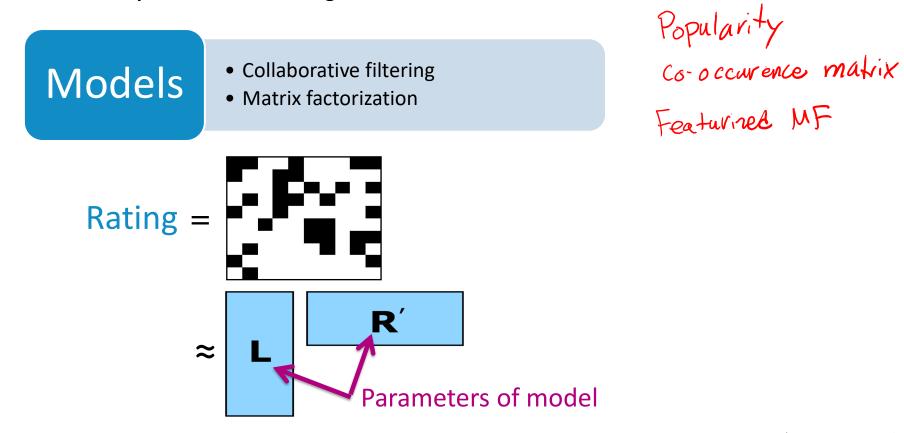


## Case Study 5: Product recommendation



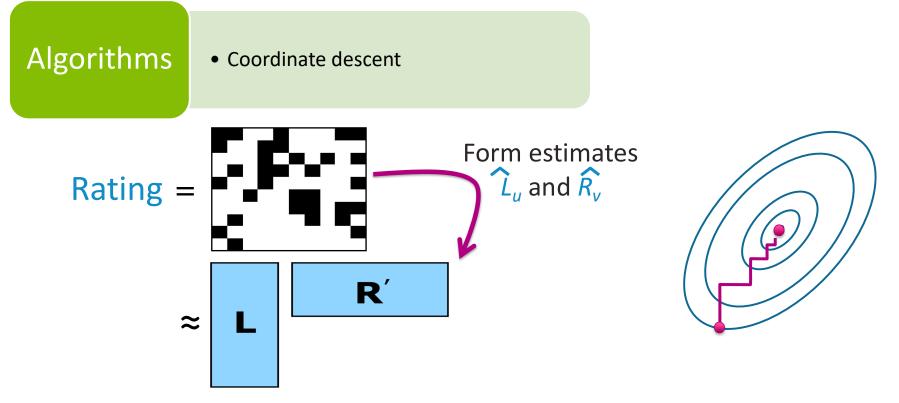
#### **Recommender Systems & Matrix Factorization**

Case study: Recommending Products



#### **Recommender Systems & Matrix Factorization**

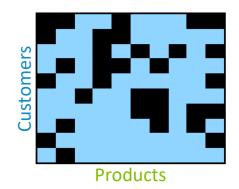
Case study: Recommending Products



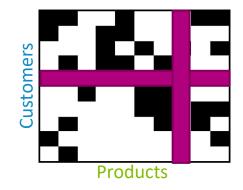
#### **Recommender Systems & Matrix Factorization**

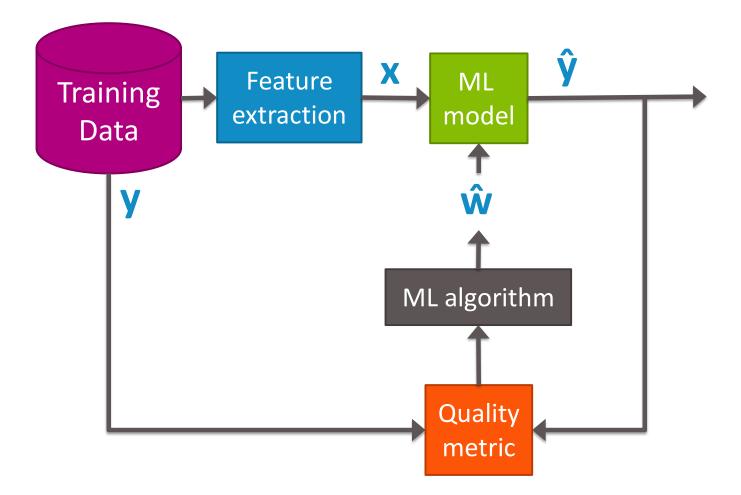
Case study: Recommending Products

 Matrix completion, cold-start problem



Concepts





#### Big Picture

Improving the performance at some task through experience!

 Before you start any learning task, remember fundamental questions that will impact how you go about solving it

What is the learning problem?

What model?

With what optimization algorithm?

How will you evaluate the model?

From what experience?

What loss function are you optimizing?

Are there any guarantees?

#### Congrats on finishing CSE/STAT 416! Thanks for the hard work!

