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- Therefore they don't need physical memory except for the parts that are actually used
 » see "Sparse Address Spaces" diagram
- Operating System manages these tables in its own address space

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» kernel address space

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Gack!

- Each process has a page table with 1 Million entries *big*
 - » no memory left to store the actual programs
- Each page table must be referenced for every address reference in a program - *slow* » no time left to do any useful work
- But wait, system designers are clever kids

Page Tables - speed problem

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- Use special memory cache for page table entries Translation Lookaside Buffer
- Each TLB entry contains
 - » address space ID number (part of the tag)
 - » virtual page number (rest of the tag)
 - » flags (read only, dirty, etc)
 - » associated physical page number (the data)
- TLB is a fully associative cache

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