Addressing, Complete Example

CSE 410 - Computer Systems October 12, 2001

Readings and References

· Reading

 Sections 3.7 through 3.10, A.1 through A.4, Patterson and Hennessy, Computer Organization & Design
 note error in figure page 149, address 80012 repeated

• Other References

- Sun demo of QuickSort vs BubbleSort

<http://java.sun.com/applets/jdk/1.1/demo/SortDemo/example1.html>

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Beyond Numbers

- "Most computers today use 8-bit bytes to represent characters"
- How many characters can you represent in an 8-bit byte?
 - 256
- How many characters are needed to represent all the languages in the world?
 - a gazillion, approximately
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char

- American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII)
 - published in 1968
 - defines 7-bit character codes ...
 - which means only the first 128 characters
 - after that, it's all "extensions" and "code pages"
- ISO 8859-x
 - codify the extensions to 8 bits (256 characters)
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ISO 8859-x

- Each "language" defines the extended chars - Latin1 (West European), Latin2 (East
 - Latin1 (West European), Latin2 (East European), Latin3 (South European), Latin4 (North European), Cyrillic, Arabic, Greek, Hebrew, Latin5 (Turkish), Latin6 (Nordic)
 - $see \ http://czyborra.com/charsets/iso8859.html$
- How many languages are there?

- a gazillion, approximately

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Unicode Universal character encoding standard – http://www.unicode.org/ 16 bits should cover just about everything ... – "original goal was to use a single 16-bit

- encoding that provides code points for more than 65,000 characters"
- the Java char type is a 16-bit character
- How many characters are needed? ...
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strcpy compiled						
strcpy:						
	move	\$v1,\$a0	#	remember initial dst		
100p:						
	Ibu	\$v0,0(\$a1)	#	load a byte		
	sb	\$v0,0(\$a0)	#	store it		
	sll	\$v0,\$v0,24	#	toss the extra bytes		
	addu	\$a1,\$a1,1	#	src++		
	addu	\$a0,\$a0,1	#	dst++		
	bne	\$v0,\$zero,loop	#	loop if not done		
	move	\$v0,\$v1	#	return initial dst		







Address	sing	modes	
 Register Offset + Register	jr lw	\$ra \$t0,0(\$sp)	
ImmediatePC relative	addi bnez	\$t0,17 \$t0,100p	
Pseudodirect	jal	proc	
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- You're experts on compiling from source to assembly and hand crafted assembly
- Two parts to translating from assembly to machine language:
 - Instruction encoding (including translating pseudoinstructions)
 - Translating labels to addresses

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• Label translations go in the symbol table

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 Symbol Table
 Modula

 • Symbols are names of global variables or labels (including procedure entry points)
 • Small project

 • Symbol table associates symbols with their addresses in the object file
 • Small project

 • This allows files compiled separately to be linked
 • For larger procomplexity means (complexity means (complex) (complex) (complex) (complex) (complex (complex) (co



















QuickSort example

- QuickSort vs BubbleSort
 - don't ever use a bubble sort, many better sort routines are available as source or library files
- The example QuickSort.c is taken from the Java example on the Sun demo page
- I converted it to C and compiled with gcc

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 Helpful to review register usage, stack allocation, branching techniques
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