

Section 09 – Discussion Topics

How is Software Engineering different from other classes and disciplines you have been exposed to?

- Holistic nature of the subject
- High level issues – beyond the technical ones, but at least as important
- Not many clear answers; mostly good practices

Students suggested the following differences:

- Increased student responsibilities for the project (from A to Z)
- Emphasis on the process (not the product)
- No theory / science, “squishy” material
- Working in large teams
- Scale of activities
- Potential applicability of projects
- No fixed base on top of which to build (i.e., the foundation keeps changing underneath you)

What aspects has this class *not* exposed you to that occur in “real world” software development environments?

- Changing requirements
- Real outside customers
- Working full-time on a major software project
- People leaving and joining the team partway into a project
- Monetary compensation

Students suggested the following aspects:

- Combination of products from other disciplines in order to reach the project goal (e.g., developing both hardware and software)
- Organization hierarchy and its consequences (hiring, firing, promotions, demotions, etc.)
- Different software markets and their broad requirements
- Working not from scratch

Do the above distinctions make it easier or harder to succeed in the industry?

- Solid, tried-out processes are all the more important when more unknowns enter the picture. Otherwise, there is a real chance of chaos.

Key lessons from the “Mastery” book:

- The importance of life-long learning
 - If you exchange \$1 with someone, each of you still has \$1. If you exchange an idea, each of you now has 2 ideas.
 - § “You can win, you can lose, or you can learn.” (V. Satir)
 - “Since you’ve paid the tuition, you might as well take the lesson.” (J. Weinberg)
- It’s okay to be a “fool” (i.e., to admit that you are not an expert)
 - Opens up your mind to new directions and possibilities
- The plateau metaphor
 - Spikes are rare, so learn to love the plateau
 - Faux promises: “instant success”, “fast relief”, “endless climax”, “immediate gratification”
- The goal is the experience and continual practice, not reaching perfection or some final stage.
 - “There’s no way to happiness; happiness is the way.”
 - “— Excuse me, how do I get to Carnegie Hall?” “— Practice!”
 - Mastery is a journey, not a state.
- The homeostasis phenomenon (biological and social)
 - It’s safer to stay where you are than to change; changing is risky.
- How do the above tie to software engineering?