

Outline

- Your questions
- Description of the property of the property
- Testing in the project lifecycle
- n Analyzing scenarios using inference diagrams
- _n Mistakes to avoid



Your Questions

- _n On class?
- n On project?
- n On homework?
- n On material we've discussed?
- n Other?



Next Milestone -Preliminary Release

Deliverables:

- n Application sources and binaries n One-step build for all sources
- Latest spec & design documents
- Keep it short! Consider the feedback I gave in the informal discussions about what is and isn't important for customers / devs
- Release notes
- Detailed instructions on how to run a (small) demo of your app
- Known issues with prioritization
- n Automated (unit and acceptance) tests
- n Up-to-date schedule
 - Including what has been done and what remains to be done

Issues to consider:

Who is your audience – customers or developers? What do they expect from a preliminary release? What defines success?



In Contrast with Final Release Deliverables...

All of the above plus:

- _n Separate distributions for customers and developers
- Separate user and technical documentation
- Latest test plan
- Automated tests (unit, acceptance, etc.) that have wider coverage
- Known issues with priorities, expressed using Bugzilla tasks/tickets
 - Using some other professional bug tracking system is okay too
- n CVS & Bugzilla "snapshots"



CSE403 Section 6:

Testing in the Project Lifecycle

Bonus: Common Mistakes to Avoid Bonus: Influence Diagrams

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Testing (recap)

Testing helps to establish if

because

Testing begins (when?)

because __

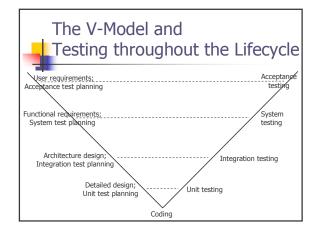


Testing (recap)

- How much does each dollar invested in early defect tracking save the project later on?
 - _n (A) \$0.25
 - _n (B) \$1.00
 - _n (C) \$7.00
 - _n (D) \$50.00

Answer: \$3 - \$10

Mhat does that imply for how much emphasis you need to put on testing?





Why Test?

- More stress you feel => less testing you do "Testing takes precious time."
- Less testing => more bugs left in your code
- n More bugs => more stress

_n How do we break this positive feedback loop?



Availability of food and health care

Survival rate of children Number of children in family

Affluence relationship to

Family funds

Bright job

Student's focus on education

Likelihood for success in studies



Test-Driven (a.k.a. Test-First) Development

Why does it work?

- n The sooner a defect is found, the cheaper it is.
- Less stressful programming experience
 - Not putting off the biggest unknown till last
- n Predictable quality at all times. Product can ship on a short notice without stress.
- Increased quality of programmers' work; increased respect from others
- n Customers have higher confidence in product.



Testing-related:

- Not creating a testing framework from the start

 - Much harder to integrate later on

 You'd be playing a catch-up game, which creates a significant disincentive and feels like wasting time.
 - Tests should be written at the same time that you write the code, ideally even <u>before</u> you write the code

 Tests then serve as post-conditions

 - Psychologically advantageous
- No automated tests => it's hard to make any claim about code quality
 - You may have overlooked something.
- You can't convince anyone else.
- Not having a version to play with (and test) until late For games this is critical - you need time before the final release for hallway testing.



Mistakes to Watch Out for Now



Scheduling-related:

- Not leaving enough "safety net" time before major releases in case something unexpected happens It often does happen in the most inopportune moment.
- Leaving too few resources (people) for a critical task that can't be delayed

Communication-related:

- Failing to submit key required components (e.g., documentation, tests, etc.)
 Submitting code without clear instructions about how to run it if one starts from scratch
- Not having a backup person who knows how to put together deliverables and submit



New Concepts

- One-step build
 - Very effective together with automated tests
 - n Requires a "toolsmith", but can be simplified and done once or twice a day, starting it manually
- n Code / module invariants
 - Repeated / regression testing checks if the invariants in the code still hold
- n Test-first programming
 - Reduces stress and may increase code quality



Favorite Related Quotes

- "Doing things right is not as important as doing the right things." (Drucker's Dictum)
- "Verification == Did we build the product right?
 Validation == Did we build the right product?" (Barry Boehm)
- "Doing things at the last minute is much more expensive than just before the last minute." (Randy Pausch)
- "If you haven't got time to do it right, you don't have "Good judgement comes from experience. Experience comes from bad judgement."
 "Failing to plan is planning to fail."

- "Work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion." (Parkinson's Law, 1957)



One-minute Feedback

- What one or two ideas discussed today captured your attention and thinking the most?
- List any ideas / concepts that you would like to hear more about. Be specific.