Section 1: Regular Expressions

Symbol	Meaning	Example(s)
а	Literal character	a, any symbol in your alphabet Σ
ab	Concatenation of regex's (or literal	ab, (<i>abc</i>)(<i>def</i>)
	characters) a and b	
Е	Empty string	ε
a b	a or b	<i>a</i> , <i>b</i>
a*	0 or more a's	ε, a, aaaa, aaaaa
a+	1 or more a's: aa*	a, aaa, aaaaa
a?	0 or 1 a's: (a ε)	<i>ε</i> , a
[<i>a</i> -z]	1 character in range a - z : $(a \mid b \mid \mid z)$	a, b, c, d, e, f,, z
[skj]	1 of characters in bracket: $(s \mid k \mid j)$	s, k, j

Regular Expression Reference Table

1) Describe the meaning of each of the following regular expressions in English and give two different strings it can produce:

i) (1 | 0)* 0

Non-empty strings of binary digits ending with 0 0, 10, 111100000, 01010

ii) ([A-Z][a-z]* | [0-9]+)

Sequence of letters starting with an upper-case A-Z followed by 0 or more lower-case letters, or non-empty sequence of decimal digits

A, Aa, Abczzz, 0, 3, 42, 17

iii) (ε | 4?0+1* X 3+)

Empty string or sequence of letters and digits made from the characters 0, 1, 4, X, and 3 that optionally begin with 4, contain at least one 0 followed by 1's followed by an X and ending in one or more 3's (i.e., it's hard to describe this collection of strings succinctly) ε, 0X3, 401X333, 40000111X333

2) Write a regular expression for each of the following specifications:

- All strings consisting of 0's and 1's (binary digits) with an even number of 0s 1* (0 1* 0 1*)*
- camelCase variable name in Java, where the alphabet is upper and lower-case letters with no digits or underscores [a-z]+([A-Z][a-z]*)*

Note: this solution allows multiple upper-case letters to appear adjacent to each other. Challenge: produce a solution that does not allow adjacent upper-case letters.

iii) Non-empty strings of binary digits where each 1 directly follows a 0 (challenge: only use symbols in table up until *)
Challenge: (0 | 01) (0 | 01)*
Normal: (0+1?)+