Section 1: Regular Expressions

Symbol	Meaning	Example(s)
а	Literal character	a, any symbol in your alphabet Σ
ab	Concatenation of regex's (or literal	ab, (<i>abc</i>)(<i>def</i>)
	characters) a and b	
ε	Empty string	ε
a b	a or b	a, b
a*	0 or more a's	ε , a, aaaa, aaaaa
a+	1 or more a's	a, aaa, aaaaa
a?	0 or 1 a's	ε, α
[<i>a</i> - <i>z</i>]	1 character in range a - z : $(a \mid b \mid \mid z)$	a, b, c, d, e, f,, z
[skj]	1 of characters in bracket: $(s k j)$	s, k, j

Regular Expression Reference Table

1) Describe the meaning of each of the following regular expressions in English and give two different strings it can produce:

i) (1 | 0)* 0

Non-empty binary strings ending with 0

ii) ([A-Z][a-z]* | [0-9]+)

Nonempty sequence of letters with first letter upper case or sequence of base 10 digits

iii) (ε | 4?0+1* X 3+)
 Two strings that can be produced: 401 X 333 or empty string

2) Write a regular expression for each of the following specifications:

- i) All strings consisting of 0's and 1's (binary digits) with an even number of 0s $1^* (0 1^* 0 1^*)^*$
- camelCased variable name in Java, where the alphabet is upper and lower-cased letters without any numbers or underscores [a-z]+([A-Z][a-z]*)*
- iii) Non-empty binary strings where each 1 directly follows a 0 (challenge 1: only use symbols in table up until *; challenge 2: also avoid |.)
 Challenge 1: (0 | 01) (0 | 01)*

Challenge 2 (no or): 0 (0* (0 1))* 0*

Normal: (0+1?)+

Addendum: as noted in Thursday's sections, "Challenge 2" answer above is incorrect, since it omits "01". Removing the initial zero fixes that but allows ε . I don't see a solution that fixes both issues.