CSE 390Z: Mathematics for Computation Workshop

Week 9 Workshop Solutions

0. Conceptual Review

(a) Regular expression rules: Basis: ϵ , a for $a \in \Sigma$ Recursive: If A, B are regular expressions, $(A \cup B), AB$, and A^* are regular expressions.

1. Regular Expressions Warmup

Consider the following Regular Expression (RegEx):

 $1(45 \cup 54)^*1$

List 5 strings accepted by the RegEx and 5 strings from $T := \{1, 4, 5\}^*$ rejected by the RegEx. Then, summarize this RegEx in your own words.

Rejected:

Solution:

Accepted:	
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• 1451	• 1
• 1541	• 1441
• 145541	■ 45
1454545451	14451
• 11	• 111

This RegEx accepts exactly those strings that start and end with a 1, and have zero or more pairs of 45 or 54 in the middle.

2. Context Free Grammars Warmup

Consider the following CFG which generates strings from the language V := $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}^*$

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{S} \rightarrow 0\mathbf{X}4 \\ \mathbf{X} \rightarrow 1\mathbf{X}3 \mid 2 \end{array}$$

List 5 strings generated by the CFG and 5 strings from V not generated by the CFG. Then, summarize this CFG in your own words.

Solution:

Accepted:

Rejected:

- 024
 01234
 0112334
 0244
- 011123334 011234
- 01111233334 10234

This CFG is all strings of the form $0 \ 1^m \ 2 \ 3^m \ 4$, where $m \ge 0$. That is, it's all strings made of one 0, followed by zero or more 1's, followed by a 2, followed by the same number of 3's as 1's, followed by one 4.

3. Constructing RegExs and CFGs

For each of the following, construct a regular expression and CFG for the specified language.

(a) Strings from the language $S := \{a\}^*$ with an even number of a's.

Solution:

$$(aa)^*$$

 $\mathbf{S} \to aa\mathbf{S}|\varepsilon$

(b) Strings from the language $S := \{a, b\}^*$ with an even number of a's.

Solution:

$$b^*(b^*ab^*ab^*)^*$$

 $\mathbf{S} \to bS|aSaS|\epsilon$

(c) Strings from the language $S:=\{a,b\}^*$ with odd length.

Solution:

 $(aa \cup ab \cup ba \cup bb)^*(a \cup b)$ $\mathbf{S} \to \mathbf{CS}|a|b$ $\mathbf{C} \to aa\mathbf{C}|ab\mathbf{C}|ba\mathbf{C}|bb\mathbf{C}|\varepsilon$

(d) (Challenge) Strings from the language $S := \{a, b\}^*$ with an even number of a's or an odd number of b's.

Solution:

$$b^*(b^*ab^*ab^*)^* \cup (a^* \cup a^*ba^*ba^*)^*b(a^* \cup a^*ba^*ba^*)^*$$

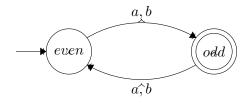
$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S} &\rightarrow \mathbf{E} | \mathbf{O} b \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{E} &\rightarrow \mathbf{E} \mathbf{E} | a \mathbf{E} a | b | \varepsilon \\ \mathbf{O} &\rightarrow \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O} | b \mathbf{O} b | a | \varepsilon \end{split}$$

4. Constructing DFAs

For each of the following, construct a DFA for the specified language.

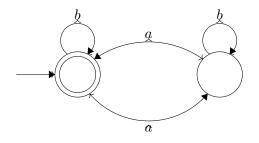
(a) Strings of a's and b's with odd length $(\Sigma = \{a, b\})$.

Solution:



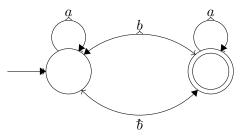
(b) Strings with an even number of a's ($\Sigma = \{a, b\}$).

Solution:



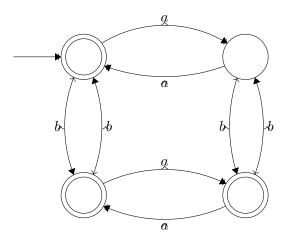
(c) Strings with an odd number of b's ($\Sigma = \{a, b\}$).

Solution:



(d) Strings with an even number of a's or an odd number of b's ($\Sigma = \{a, b\}$).

Solution:



5. Challenge: Constructing DFAs 2

Using the alphabet $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, define the language L as follows. If x is a string from $\Sigma *$ with characters x_0, \ldots, x_n , then $x \in L$ iff: for every i between 0 and n, if x_i is an odd digit, then $x_k > x_i$ for every k > i. For example, if one of the digits is a 3, ever digit after it must be a 4 or higher.

(a) List 3 strings in L and 3 strings from $\Sigma *$ not in L.

Solution:

Accepted:

- 145
- 135
- 12425
- **2004**
- 2034

Rejected:

- **3**21
- **•** 11
- **4**55
- **4**52
- **2010**

(b) Construct a regular expression for the language L.

Solution:

 $(0 \cup 2 \cup 4)^* (\varepsilon \cup 1)(2 \cup 4)^* (\varepsilon \cup 3) 4^* (\varepsilon \cup 5)$

⁽c) Construct a CFG for the language L.

Solution:

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S} &\rightarrow 0\mathbf{S}|2\mathbf{S}|4\mathbf{S}|\mathbf{A}\\ \mathbf{A} &\rightarrow 1\mathbf{B}|\mathbf{B}\\ \mathbf{B} &\rightarrow 2\mathbf{B}|4\mathbf{B}|\mathbf{C}\\ \mathbf{C} &\rightarrow 3\mathbf{D}|\mathbf{D}\\ \mathbf{D} &\rightarrow 4\mathbf{D}|\mathbf{E}\\ \mathbf{E} &\rightarrow 5|\varepsilon \end{split}$$

(d) Construct a DFA for the language L.

Solution:

