## **CSE 390Z:** Mathematics for Computation Workshop

## QuickCheck: Structural Induction (due Monday, February 26)

Please submit a response to the following questions on Gradescope. We do not grade on accuracy, so please submit your best attempt. You may either typeset your responses or hand-write them. Note that hand-written solutions must be legible to be graded.

We have created **this template** if you choose to typeset with Latex. **This guide** has specific information about scanning and uploading pdf files to Gradescope.

## 0. How Many Ones?

The set  $\boldsymbol{T}$  is defined as follows:

- Base case:  $\epsilon \in T$
- Recursive Rules: If  $x \in T$ , then  $11x \in T$ If  $x \in T$  and  $y \in T$ , then  $x0y \in T$

Given the following recursively defined function

- numOnes( $\epsilon$ ) = 0
- $\operatorname{numOnes}(11x) = 2 + \operatorname{numOnes}(x)$
- numOnes(x0y) = numOnes(x) + numOnes(y)

Prove that for all strings n in T, numOnes(n) is even

Hint: In structural induction, the structure of your induction mirrors the recursive definition.

## 1. Video Solution

Watch this video on the solution after making an initial attempt. Then, answer the following questions.

- (a) What is one thing you took away from the video solution?
- (b) What topic from the quick check or lecture would you most like to review in workshop?