

CSE 373: Queues

Chapter 3



Definition

Queue:

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Queue Operations

Main Operations:

Other Operations:

- normal creation/deletion operations
- again, generally no iteration operations

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Queue Example

```
Queue Q;
int frontval, newval;

Q.enqueue(1);
Q.enqueue(1);
for (i=2; i<n; i++) {
   frontval = Q.dequeue();
   newval = frontval + Q.front();
   Q.enqueue(newval);
}</pre>
```

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List-based Queue Implementation

- As with Stacks, Queues are a specialized List
 - enqueue() = insert() at a specific end of the list
 - dequeue() = remove() from the opposite end
- Thus, Lists could be used to implement the Queue ADT
 - Similar advantages and disadvantages as the Stack case

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Array-Based Queue Implementation

Naive approach:

enqueue() = insert at end of array

dequeue() = delete from front of array

4 2 3 7 11

Running Time:

enqueue():

dequeue():

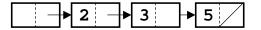
How could we improve this?

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Link-Based Queue Implementation

What are the challenges to making a link-based enqueue() and dequeue() efficient?



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Evaluating Queue Implementations

List-based Array-based Link-Based

Operations:

enqueue()

dequeue()

front()

isEmpty()

Space:

Other:

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Applications of Queues

Anything where "fairness" (FIFO) is required

- operating systems: printer queues, storing user input, servers, scheduling processes
- compilers (and in general): worklists
- graphics: queue of things to render
- applications: list of recently used files
- real-life: lines at fast-food restaurants, "waiting for next available operator" lists
- searching: "breadth-first" searches

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Introduction to Templates

The point:

- Lists, Stacks, and Queues are examples of ADTs that can store an arbitrary data type (e.g., List of integers, List of doubles, List of
 - (e.g., List of integers, List of doubles, List of strings)
- The implementation of these ADTs' operations is independent of the data type
 - (e.g., insert()/delete() didn't care which type of List)
- Templates support this separation of operation implementation and base type

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Using Templates

```
declaration:
           template <class Object>
           class List {
           private:
             ListNode<Object> *head;
             ListNode<Object> *tail;
           };
 use:
           List<int>
                        myIntList;
           List<double> myDblList;
           List<string> myStrList;
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```

Compiling Templates

```
#include "list.h"
 #ifndef _LIST_H_
 #define _LIST_H_
                           List<int> myIntList;
 template <class Object>
                           List<double> myDblList;
 class List {
 ... }
                           void main() {
 #include "list.cpp"
 #endif
                                               main.cpp
                    list.h
                                        My Project
Object List<Object>::Remove() {
                                       main.cpp
void List<Object>::Add(Object x) {
                                         (not list.cpp!!!)
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```