## QuickCheck 05: Solutions

Due: 8:00 am on Thursday, Feb 06, 2020

QuickChecks must be scanned and submitted online via Gradescope. If you have a smartphone, you can follow these steps to scan using an app: https://www.gradescope.com/help#help-center-item-student-scanning. Otherwise, there are scanners located at various libraries on campus which can be found here: https://finance.uw.edu/c2/printing-copying/dawg-prints-copy-locations. Make sure that the gray border around the edge of this page is visible in your scanned document.

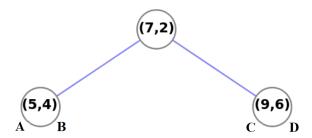
For parts (a) and (b), consider a hash table of size 10 using separate chaining with a hash function of h(x) = x.

## 1. Separate Chaining

Assume that each bucket is a linked list where new elements are added to the front of the list.
(a) Insert 5, 13, and 101 into the hash table. A following call of insert(3) will be placed at index:
(b) Insert 7, 17, and 27 into the hash table. Give the size of the bucket at index 7:
(c) True or False: We are guaranteed $\Theta(1)$ runtime with a hash table's find() $\bigcirc$ True $\bigcirc$ False
(d) Give the worst case $\Theta$ (.) run bound for contains() with a hash table of size $n$ .
Solution:
(a) 3
(b) 3
(c) False
(d) $\Theta(n)$

## 2. K-D Trees

For this question, use the following 2-D tree, where A corresponds to the left child of node (5,4) and B the right child. Similarly, C and D correspond to the left and right children of node (9,6) respectively.



- (a) Suppose we insert the point (8,1) into our tree. At what position will it be added?  $\bigcirc$  A  $\bigcirc$  B  $\bigcirc$  C  $\bigcirc$  D
- (b) Suppose we insert the point (4,7) into our tree. At what position will it be added?  $\bigcirc$  A  $\bigcirc$  B  $\bigcirc$  C  $\bigcirc$  D

**Solution:** 

- (a) C
- (b) B