

# Quickcheck 02: Solutions

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Name:

**Definition: Dominated by**

A function  $f(n)$  is dominated by  $g(n)$  when...

- There exists two constants  $c > 0$  and  $n_0 > 0$ ...
- Such that for all values of  $n \geq n_0$ ...
- $f(n) \leq c \cdot g(n)$  is true.

Demonstrate that  $2n^3 - 3 + 9n^2 + \sqrt{n}$  is dominated by  $n^3$  by finding a  $c$  and  $n_0$ . Show your work.

**Solution:**

We'll go term by term in the first function.

$$2n^3 \leq 2 \cdot n^3 \text{ for all } n.$$

$$-3 \leq 0 \cdot n^3 \text{ for all } n.$$

$$9n^2 \leq 1 \cdot n^3 \text{ for all } n \geq 9$$

$$\sqrt{n} \leq 1 \cdot n^3 \text{ for all } n \geq 1 \text{ (since } n \geq 1 \text{ means } n^{2.5} \geq 1).$$

All inequalities are true as long as  $n \geq \max\{0, 0, 9, 1\} = 9$ . If all the inequalities are true we can sum them to get

$$2n^3 - 3 + 9n^2 + \sqrt{n} \leq (2 + 0 + 1 + 1)n^3 = 4n^3$$

for all  $n \geq 9$ .

Thus we take  $n_0 = 9$  and  $c = 4$ . This is not the only solution; many others are possible.