

Intro to Digital Design

L10: Wrap-up

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Teaching Assistants:

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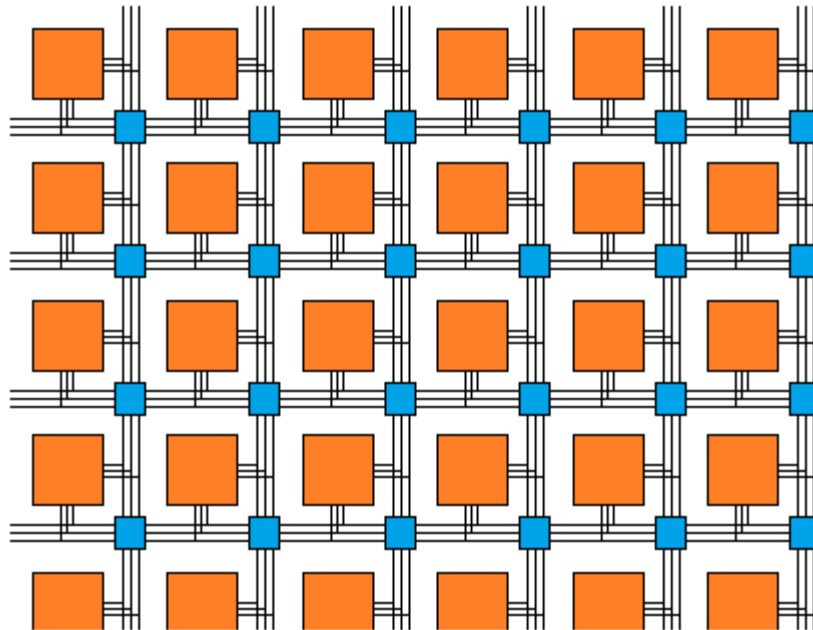
Kevin Hernandez

Aarjav Jain

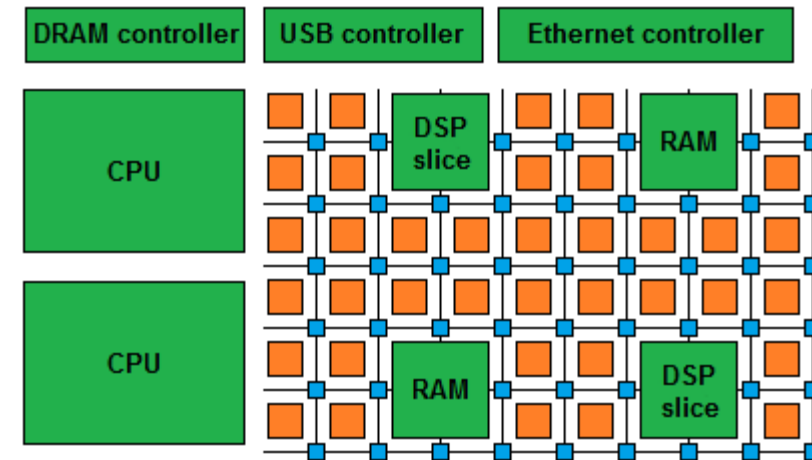
Packard Stephenson

The “SoC” in “DE1-SoC”

❖ “System on a Chip”

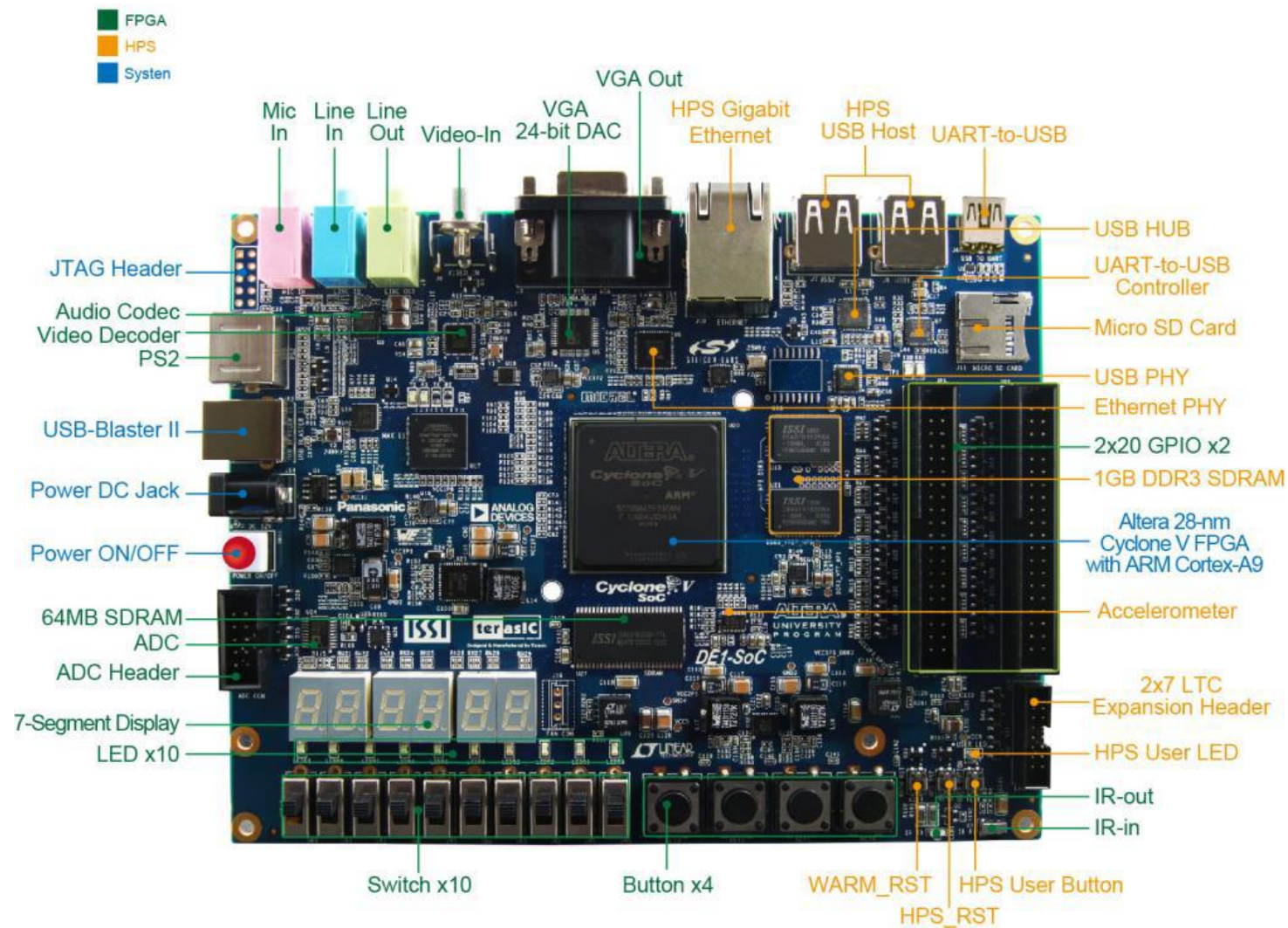


"Clean slate" FPGA: programmable **gates** and **routers**

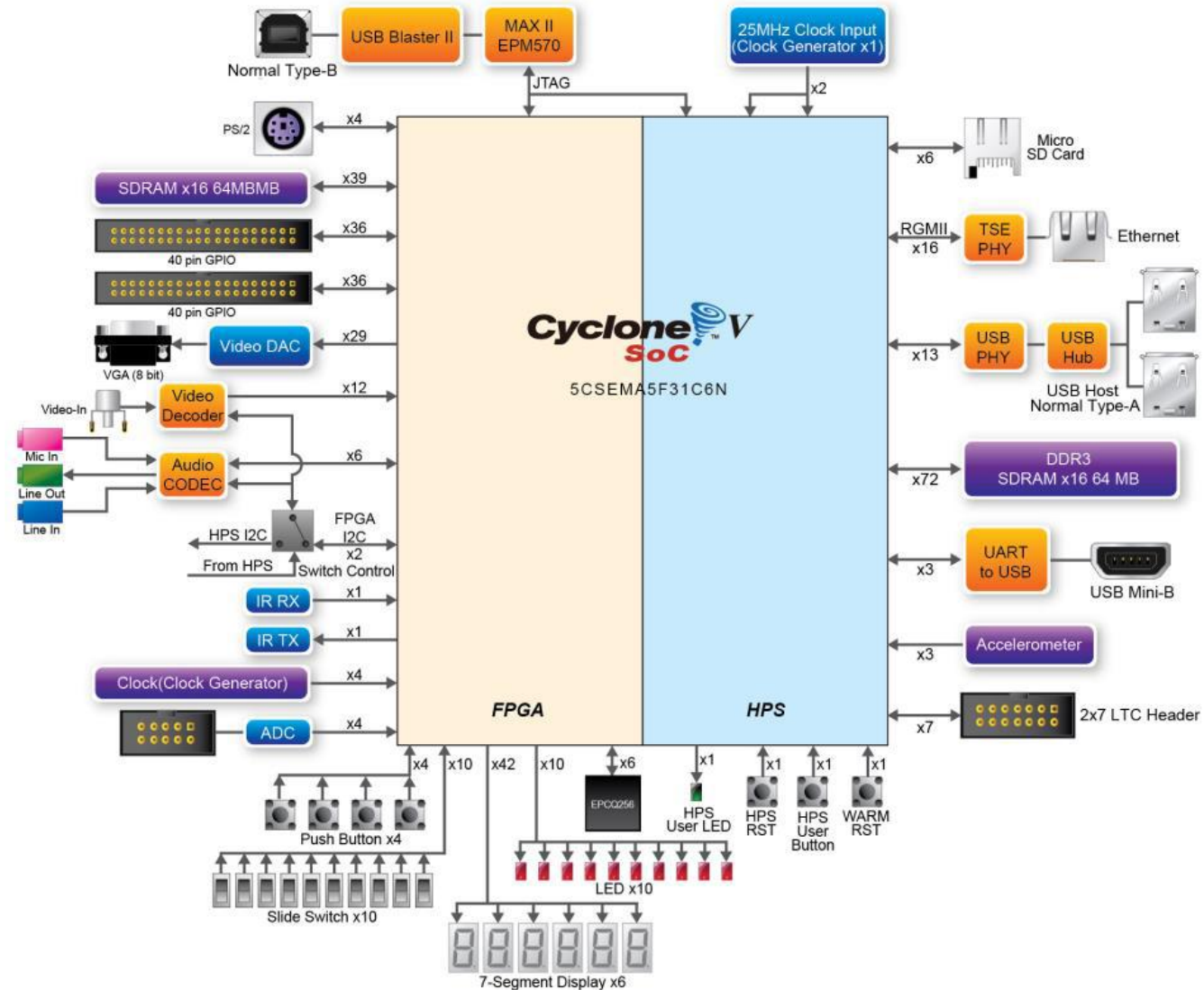


Modern FPGA: lots of **hard**, not-field-programmable gates

DE1-SoC Board



DE1-SoC Board



FPGAs vs. CPUs

- ❖ Individual CPUs designed to handle sequential instruction execution
 - Design and layout determined by architecture
 - Computations “limited” to instruction set
 - Powerful, but also requires things like OS

- ❖ FPGAs
 - Programmable, so specially-designed logic for application
 - But can be difficult to specify certain applications
 - Good for parallelizing computations
 - Can perform separate computations if separated via routing

Course Wrap-Up

- ❖ Combinational Logic
 - Karnaugh Maps
- ❖ Sequential Logic
 - Timing Considerations
- ❖ Finite State Machines
- ❖ Routing Elements
 - Multiplexor, Encoder, Decoder, Demultiplexor
- ❖ Computational Building Blocks
 - Adders, Registers, Shift Registers, Counters
- ❖ *SystemVerilog*

New Best Friends

❖ Multiplexors

- Logic – can implement arbitrary logic as LUTs
- Routing – select between many simultaneous computations

❖ Flip-flops

- Store information
 - registers, shift registers, counters, FSMs, RAM cells
- Synchronization of system
 - “Holds up” signals so feedback loops only iterate once per clock cycle
- Filter out circuit hazards and glitches
- Gotta watch out for metastability

Takeaways

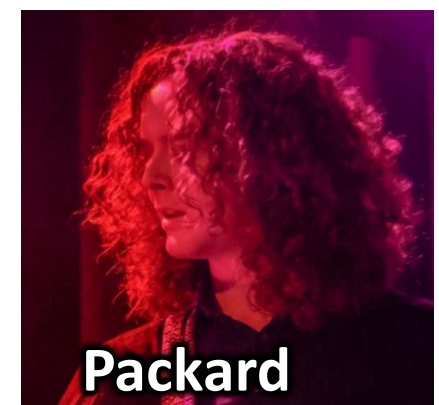
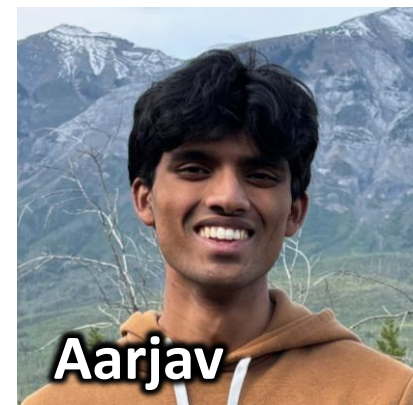
- ❖ Hardware design is all about computation in space rather than computation in time
- ❖ Modern EDA tools and design methods let us do a lot without needing to know much about actual circuitry
 - Verilog is a “high level” way to produce the “lowest level” of computing components!
 - Sufficient level of abstraction for many cases
- ❖ ... but it's a leaky abstraction, and the hardware details are important
 - Timing especially – synchronization, metastability
 - Design affects speed, power, size

Takeaways

- ❖ You now know how to design and implement complex digital circuits!
 - DE1-SoC (\$377): <http://www.terasic.com.tw/cgi-bin/page/archive.pl?Language=English&No=836>
- ❖ Future classes
 - EE 205/215 – details of electronics
 - EE/CSE 371 – digital design techniques and considerations (algorithms, communication, complexity)
 - EE/CSE 469 – computer architecture (CPU design)

Final Words

- ❖ Thank you for letting me share some of my favorite things in the world with you this quarter, it's been a privilege 🙏
- ❖ Let's give a round of applause to the **dream team**!



Course evals

- ❖ Due this **Sunday 6/7**
- ❖ Two anonymous forms:
 - An official course evaluation
 - TA evaluation form (fill out once per TA)
- ❖ Links to both forms:
<https://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse369/26sp/evals.html>

