

CSE 369 SystemVerilog Quick Reference Sheet

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Signal Basics

```
logic var1;           // single-bit wire/value
logic [7:0] var2;    // 8-bit packed array (bus)
4'b1101   // 4-bit constant (equivalently: 4'd13, 4'hD)
{expr1, ..., exprN} // concatenation
{6{expr}}          // replication

parameter [1:0] S_idle = 2'd0; // named parameter
enum {S_0, S_1} state;       // enumerated state variable
```

Basic Operators

```
~, &, |, ^, ~&, ~|, ~^ // Boolean operators
!, &&, ||, == // logical operators
assign out = expr; // continuous assignment
cond ? true_expr : false_expr // ternary operator
```

“Control Flow”

```
begin // start of code block, '{' in C/Java
  <code>
end // end of code block, '}' in C/Java
if, else, for, while // syntax similar to C/Java
case (state) // case has no fallthrough
  2'd0: <code> // constant specified
  S_1: <code> // named value specified
  default: <code> // catch-all case
endcase
repeat (num) <statement>; // repeat num times
```

Procedural Blocks

```
always_comb begin // for combinational logic
  var1 = var2 | var3; // blocking assign (=)
end

always_ff @(posedge clk) begin // for sequential logic
  var1 <= var2 | var3; // non-blocking assign (<=)
end

initial // starts at beginning of simulation
```

Module Definition

```
// separate port list and declarations
module calculate (in1, in2, out1);
  input logic in1;
  input logic [3:0] in2;
  output logic out1;
  <code>
endmodule

// combined port list and declarations
module calculate (input logic in1,
                  input logic [3:0] in2,
                  output logic out1);
  <code>
endmodule

module calculate_testbench (); // no ports for
  <testbench code> // testbenches
endmodule
```

Module Instantiation

```
logic sig1, sig2; // by position (discouraged)
calculate c1 (sig1, sig2);

logic in1, out1; // implicitly by name
calculate c2 (.in1, .out1);

logic sig1, sig2; // explicitly by name
calculate c3 (.in1(sig1), .out1(sig2));

logic in1, sig1, out1; // match all remaining by name
calculate c4 (*.);
calculate c5 (.in1(sig1), *.);
```

Module Parameterization

```
module calc #(parameter width=4) // parameter list
  ( <port list> );
  <code>
endmodule

calc #(8) c6 (*.); // positional param
calc #(.width(8)) c7 (*.); // explicit param
```

Testbench Timing Controls

```
// Note: oftentimes <statement> is empty
#10 <statement>;      // wait 10 time units
#(num) <statement>;   // wait num time units
// wait until next rising edge of clock
@(posedge clk) <statement>;
```

Testbench Simulated Clock

```
logic clk;
parameter CLOCK_PERIOD = 10; // arbitrary choice
initial begin
    clk <= 0;
    forever #(CLOCK_PERIOD/2) clk <= ~clk;
end
```

System Tasks for Simulation

```
// outputs once when encountered (+newline)
$display(<format string>, ...);

// outputs once when encountered (no newline)
$write(<format string>, ...);

// outputs anytime one of its signal changes (+newline)
$monitor(<format string>, ...);

// returns current time (in time format)
$time

// interrupts simulation (for examination)
$stop;
```

Format String Escape Sequences

```
"%0b %0h %0d"    // binary, hex, decimal
"%1.2f %1.2e"    // real (decimal), real (scientific)
"%c %s"          // ASCII character, string
"%0t"             // time format
```

Generate Statement

```
genvar i;
generate
    for (i = 0; i < 16; i++) begin : label1
        // structures to be generated go here, including
        // modules, always blocks, and assign statements.
        module1 m1 (.in(arr[i]), .out(outArr[i]));
        always_ff @(posedge clk)
            <code>
    end
endgenerate
```