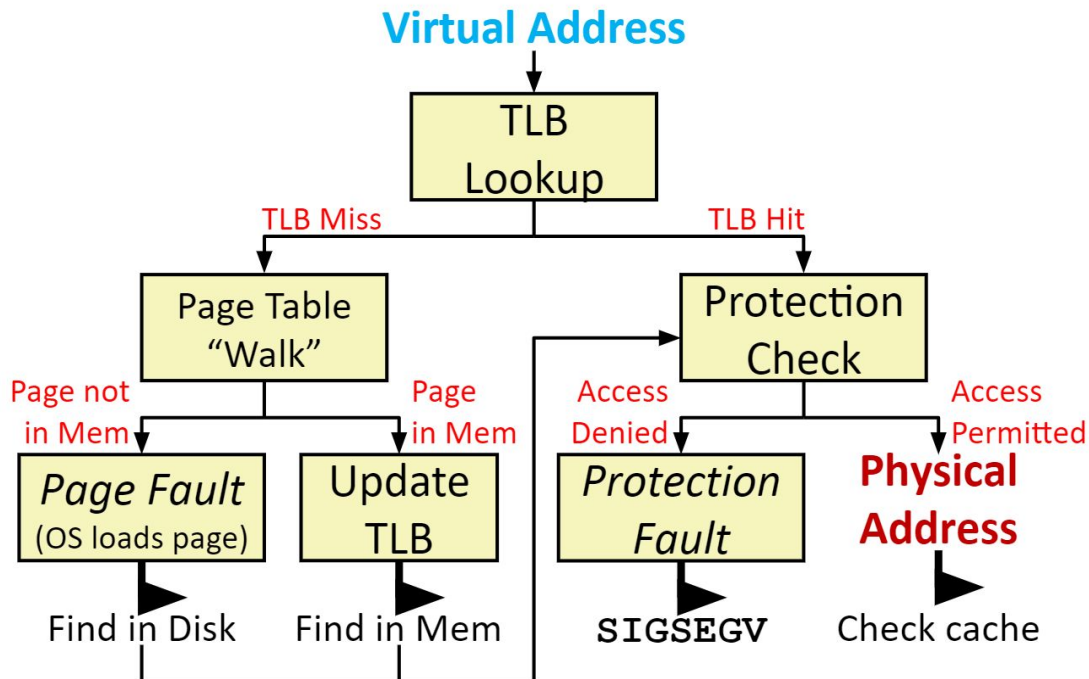


## CSE 351 Section 8 – Virtual Memory

Hi there! Welcome back to section, we're happy that you're here ☺

### Address Translation



### Address Translation Symbols

#### Basic Parameters:

$N = 2^n$       Number of addresses in virtual address space  
 $M = 2^m$       Number of addresses in physical address space  
 $P = 2^p$       Page size (bytes)

#### Components of Virtual Address (VA):

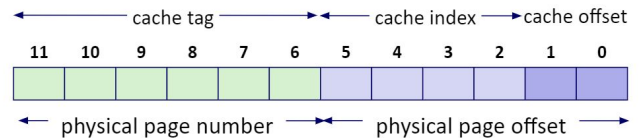
**VPO**    Virtual Page Offset  
**VPN**    Virtual Page Number  
**TLBI**    TLB Index  
**TLBT**    TLB Tag

#### Components of Physical Address (PA):

**PPO**    Physical Page Offset (Same as VPO)  
**PPN**    Physical Page Number

## A Small Example

Suppose we have a simple memory system with **14-bit** virtual addresses, **12-bit** physical addresses, and a page size of **64 bytes**. The TLB has **16 entries** in total and is **4-way set associative**. The cache is direct-mapped with **16 sets** and a block size of **4 bytes**.



Current State of Memory System:

**TLB:**

Set	Tag	PPN	V	Tag	PPN	V	Tag	PPN	V	Tag	PPN	V
0	03	—	0	09	0D	1	00	—	0	07	02	1
1	03	2D	1	02	—	0	04	—	0	0A	—	0
2	02	—	0	08	—	0	06	—	0	03	—	0
3	07	—	0	03	0D	1	0A	34	1	02	—	0

**Page table (partial):**

VPN	PPN	V	VPN	PPN	V
0	28	1	8	13	1
1	—	0	9	17	1
2	33	1	A	09	1
3	02	1	B	—	0
4	—	0	C	—	0
5	16	1	D	2D	1
6	—	0	E	—	0
7	—	0	F	0D	1

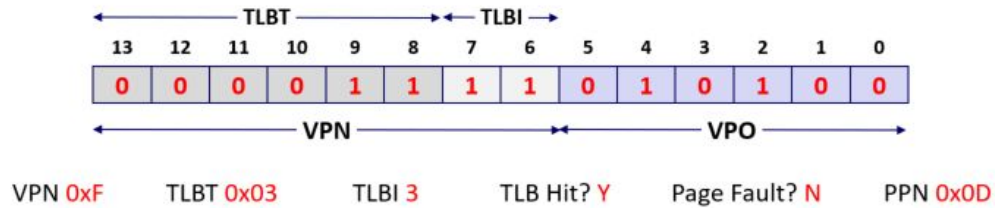
**Cache:**

Index	Tag	V	B0	B1	B2	B3	Index	Tag	V	B0	B1	B2	B3
0	19	1	99	11	23	11	8	24	1	3A	00	51	89
1	15	0	—	—	—	—	9	2D	0	—	—	—	—
2	1B	1	00	02	04	08	A	2D	1	93	15	DA	3B
3	36	0	—	—	—	—	B	0B	0	—	—	—	—
4	32	1	43	6D	8F	09	C	12	0	—	—	—	—
5	0D	1	36	72	F0	1D	D	16	1	04	96	34	15
6	31	0	—	—	—	—	E	13	1	83	77	1B	D3
7	16	1	11	C2	DF	03	F	14	0	—	—	—	—

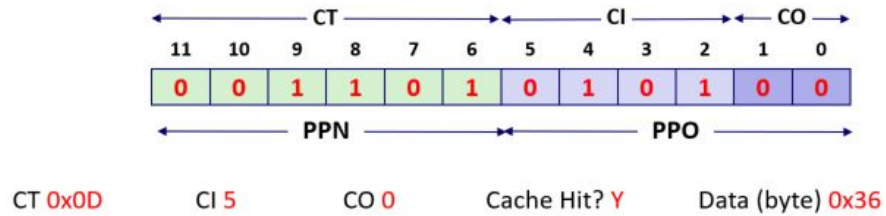
## Memory Requests

1.

Virtual Address: 0x03D4

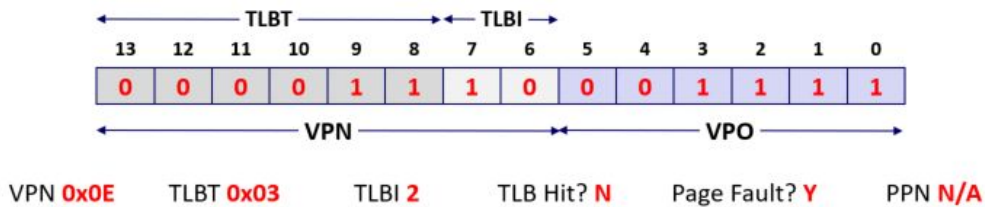


Physical Address:

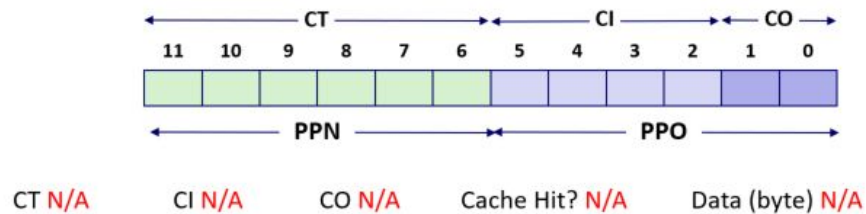


2.

Virtual Address: 0x038F

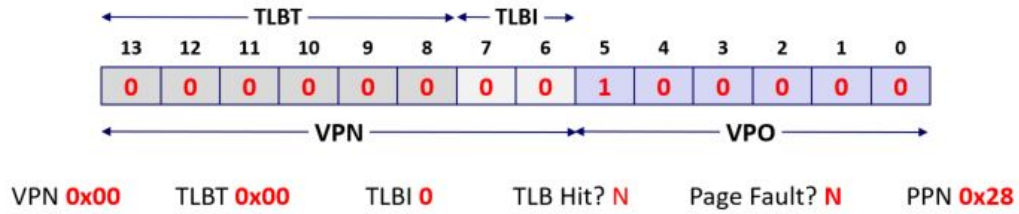


Physical Address:

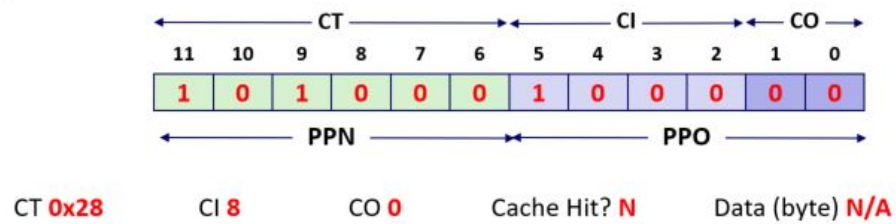


3.

Virtual Address: 0x0020

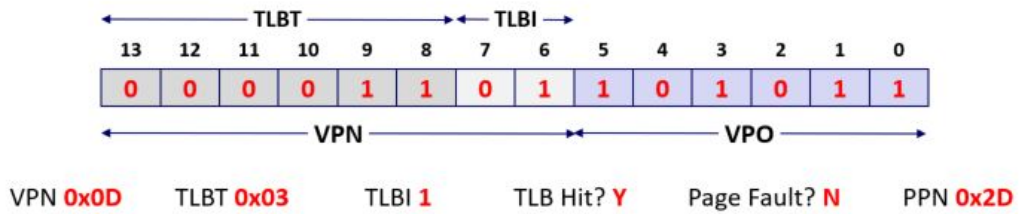


Physical Address:

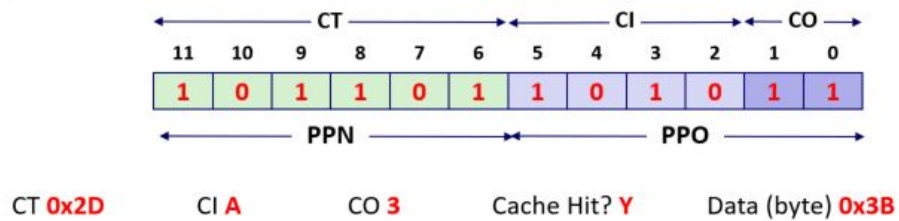


4.

Virtual Address: 0x036B



Physical Address:



## Virtual Memory Table

VA width (n)	PA width (m)	Page size (P)	VPN width	PPN width	Bits in PTE (assume V, D, R, W, X)
32	32	16 KiB	18	18	23
32	26	8 KiB	19	13	18
36	32	32 KiB	21	17	22
40	36	32 KiB	25	21	26
64	40	64 KiB	48	24	29

$$p = \log_2 P, \text{VPN width} = n - p, \text{PPN width} = m - p, \text{bits in PTE} = \text{PPN width} + 5$$

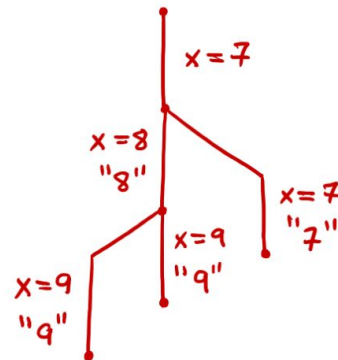
## Fork and Concurrency

Consider this code using Linux's fork:

```

int x = 7;
if( fork() ) {
    x++;
    printf(" %d ", x);
    fork();
    x++;
    printf(" %d ", x);
} else {
    printf(" %d ", x);
}

```



What are *all* the different possible outputs (i.e. order of things printed) for this code?

(Hint: there are four of them.)

7 8 9 9  
 8 7 9 9  
 8 9 7 9  
 8 9 9 7